

## **OVERVIEW**

The International Organization for Migration (IOM) in Pakistan collects data on the outflows of Afghans at the Torkham (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa), Badini, Bahramcha and Chaman (Balochistan) border crossing points (BCPs) to better understand the movements of Afghans returning to Afghanistan. The data presented below is harmonised with those from the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), who also cover Ghulam Khan (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa).

On 26 September 2023, the Ministry of Interior in Pakistan announced its decision to enact its "Illegal Foreigners' Repatriation Plan (IFRP)". Between 1 and 15 June 2024, 22,167 Afghan nationals returned to Afghanistan, including 18,367 through the Torkham BCP, 3,439 through the Chaman BCP, 361 through the Ghulam Khan BCP, while no Afghan nationals returned through the Badini and Bahramcha BCPs. In addition, border authorities deported 404 individuals due to a lack of valid documentation. Since 1 January 2024, IOM identified 141,089 returns at the four BCPs.

## **HIGHLIGHTS**

- During this reporting period (1 15 June 2024), DTM teams have observed a slight increase of four per cent in returns compared to the last two weeks of May 2024.
- The number of returns during this reporting period continues to surpass the weekly return figures recorded since January 2024
- Cumulatively, from 15 September 2023, 631,980 individuals have returned to Afghanistan. Twenty-two per cent (141,089 individuals) of this total have returned since 1 January 2024.
- In terms of reasons for outflows, during the current reporting period, 90 per cent of the surveyed returnee families indicated they are moving back to Afghanistan due to fear of arrest.
- During the reporting period, one per cent of the overall flow could be considered vulnerable persons.
- The average cost of travel was higher from the border to the point of destination (PKR 45,649 or USD 164) compared to the point of origin to the border (PKR 41,851 or USD 151).

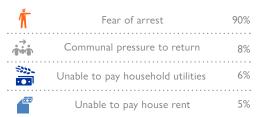
## AFGHAN NATIONALS RETURNED TO AFGHANISTAN BETWEEN 1 AND 15 JUNE 2024

# (N = 22,167)

**DOCUMENTATION TYPE** 



## REASONS FOR OUTFLOW (TOP 4)\* (Multiple answers, N = 469, can exceed 100%)



#### AGE AND GENDER\* (N = 21,806)

2,610 (12%)

Male Female 49% 51% 60+ 237 (1%) 205 (1%) 3,910 (18%) 18 - 594,003 (18%) 4,005 (18%) 5 - 174,914 (23%)

## REASONS FOR DESTINATION (TOP 4)\*

1,922 (9%)

(Multiple answers, N = 469, can exceed 100%)



### **VULNERABILITY TYPE1\***

(N = 21,806)

• -	43%
5	Elderly (60+)











#### **AVERAGE COST OF TRAVELLING\*** (N = 469)



Total average travelling cost PKR 87,500 or USD 315

WEEKLY TRENDS (LAST FOUR WEEKS)

Origin to border PKR 41,851 or USD 151 PKR 45,649 or USD 164

Border to destination

Exchange rates are PKR 278 to USD 1 according to the UN Operational Rates of Exchange on 15 June 2024.

#### **RETURN TREND** - Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (Torkham and Ghulam Khan) - Balochistan (Badini, Bahramcha and Chaman)



10,719 10 497 8,072 5,168 2.092 1,688 2.965 8 - 1523 - 311 - 716 - 22May May June June

An asterisk means the visual only applies to ACC holders and undocumented Afghans returning through Torkham, Badini, Bahramcha and Chaman, excluding deportees and data collected by UNHCR.

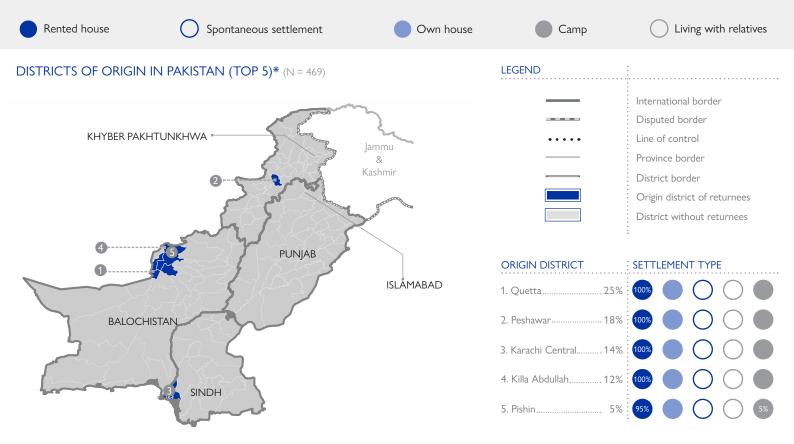
Other include: other special cases, persons with drug addiction, mentally ill and divorced (female).

As of 15 September 2023, IOM and UNHCR have harmonized their flow monitoring data, therefore, data prior to 15 September 2023 does not include PoR holders.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The number represented on the graph covers the period until 15 June 2024.

# DTM PAKISTAN BI-WEEKLY FLOW MONITORING OF AFGHAN RETURNEES DATA COLLECTION PERIOD: 1 – 15 JUNE 2024

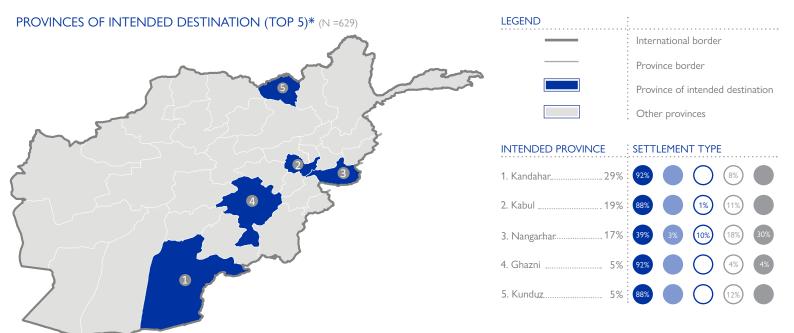




Note:

This map and the following legends focus on the top 5 districts of origin in Pakistan during the reporting period from 1 – 15 June 2024.

Dotted line represents approximately the line of control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties. The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM or United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.



Note:

This map and the following legends focus on the top 5 provinces of intended destination in Afghanistan during the reporting period from 1 – 15 June 2024 Disclaimer:

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