

 **2,258** Individuals Affected
  **356** Damaged Shelters
  **1** Affected Location
  **87** Casualties
  **Movement Triggers:**

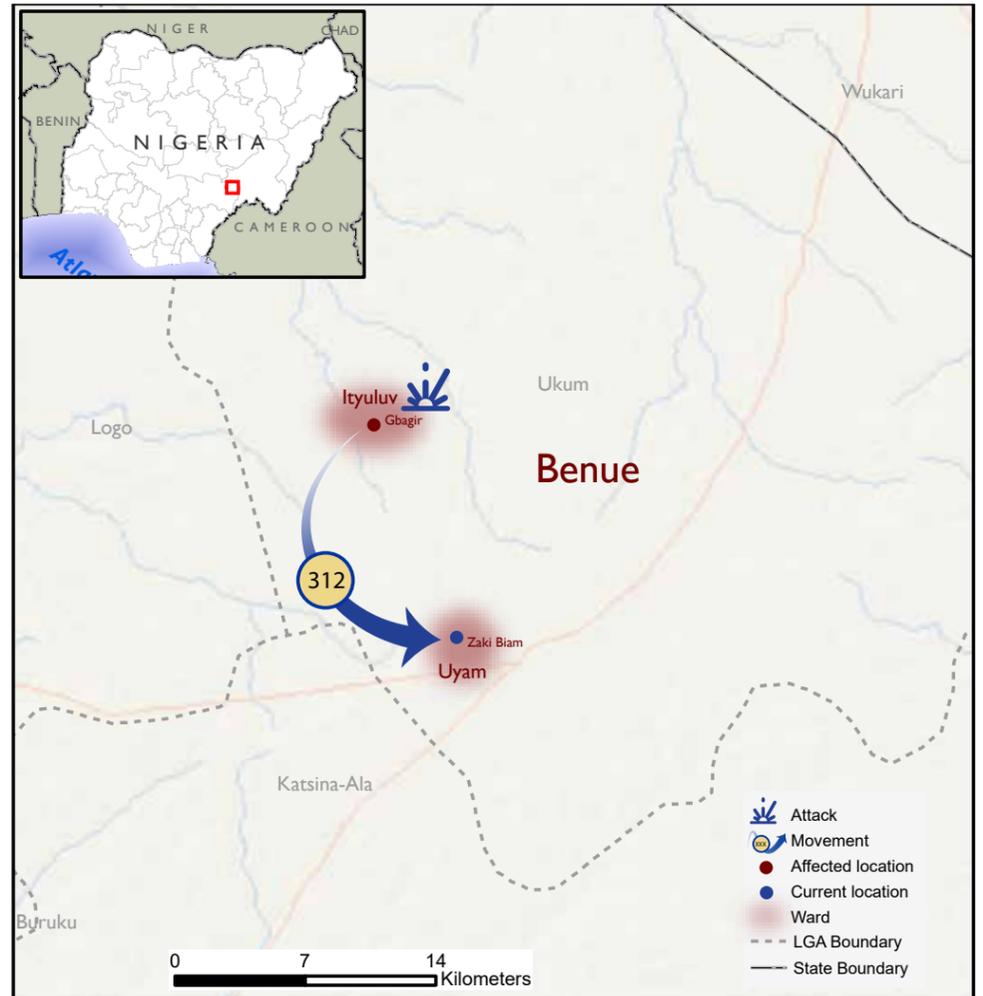

Event Overview

On 05 March 2024, armed bandits attacked the community of Gbagir in Ityuluv ward of Ukum LGA in Benue State. The attack damaged and destroyed 356 shelters and the belongings of numerous households in the communities. There were reports of 46 injuries and 41 fatalities. The attacks affected 2,258 individuals in 356 households. The affected individuals included 1,111 children, 617 women and 530 men.

Of all the needs identified, food and shelter were the most prevalent. Other needs included non-food items (NFI) and health services.

Following these events, DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) field staff conducted rapid assessments to inform the humanitarian community and Government/partners, and to enable a targeted response.

Nigeria's North-central and North-west zones are afflicted with a multi-dimensional crisis. Long-standing tensions between ethnic and religious groups often result in attacks and banditry or hirabah. These attacks involve kidnapping and grand larceny along major highways by criminal groups. During the past years, the crisis accelerated and has resulted in widespread displacement across the North-central and North-western regions.



Map 1. Showing locations affected by the attacks

This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

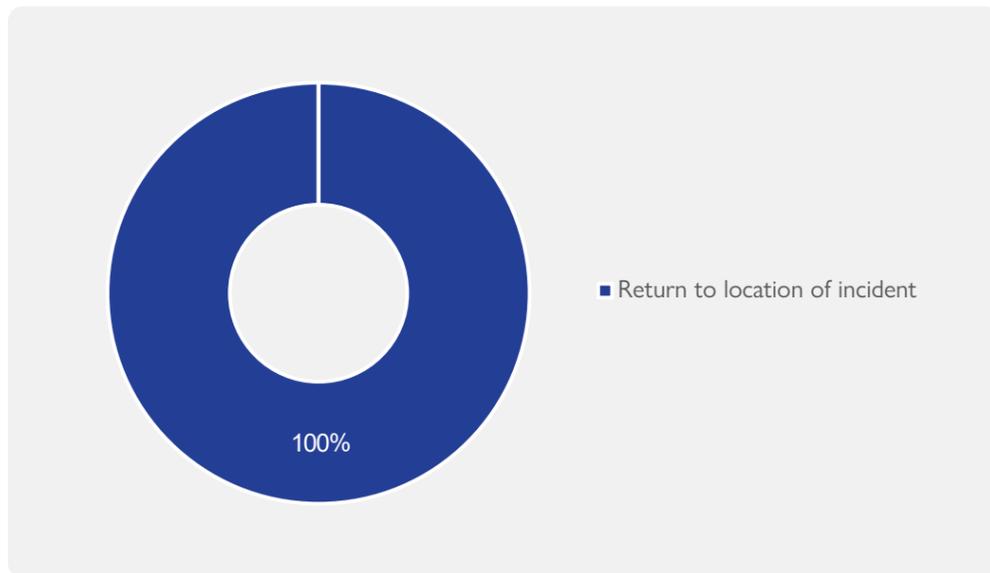


Fig. 1. Future intentions



Fig. 2. Most needed assistance

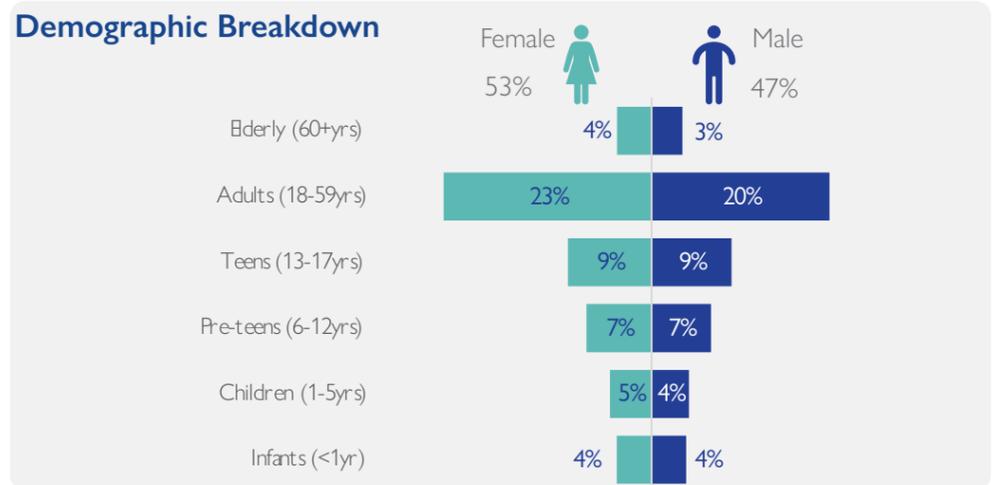


Fig. 3. Gender breakdown of affected population

LGA	Ward	Number of Affected Household	Number of Affected Individuals			Casualty	Number of Partially Damaged Shelters	Number of fully Damaged Shelters
			Male	Female	Total			
Ukum	Ityuluv	356	994	1,264	2,258	87	300	56
Total		356	994	1,264	2,258	87	300	56

Methodology: Crises and emergencies require the humanitarian community to act urgently. As a subcomponent of DTM's mobility tracking, flash reports utilise direct observation and a broad network of key informants to monitor sudden displacement resulting from events like natural disasters or attacks and collect information on the number, profile, and immediate needs of affected populations. In the initial 24 - 48 hours after an incident, DTM Nigeria activates a rapid assessment to document the event, urgent needs of affected individuals, demographic information, and impact. If displacement occurs, DTM Nigeria issues an Early Warning Flash/Incident report within 72 hours, notifying partners and stakeholders.

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