

465

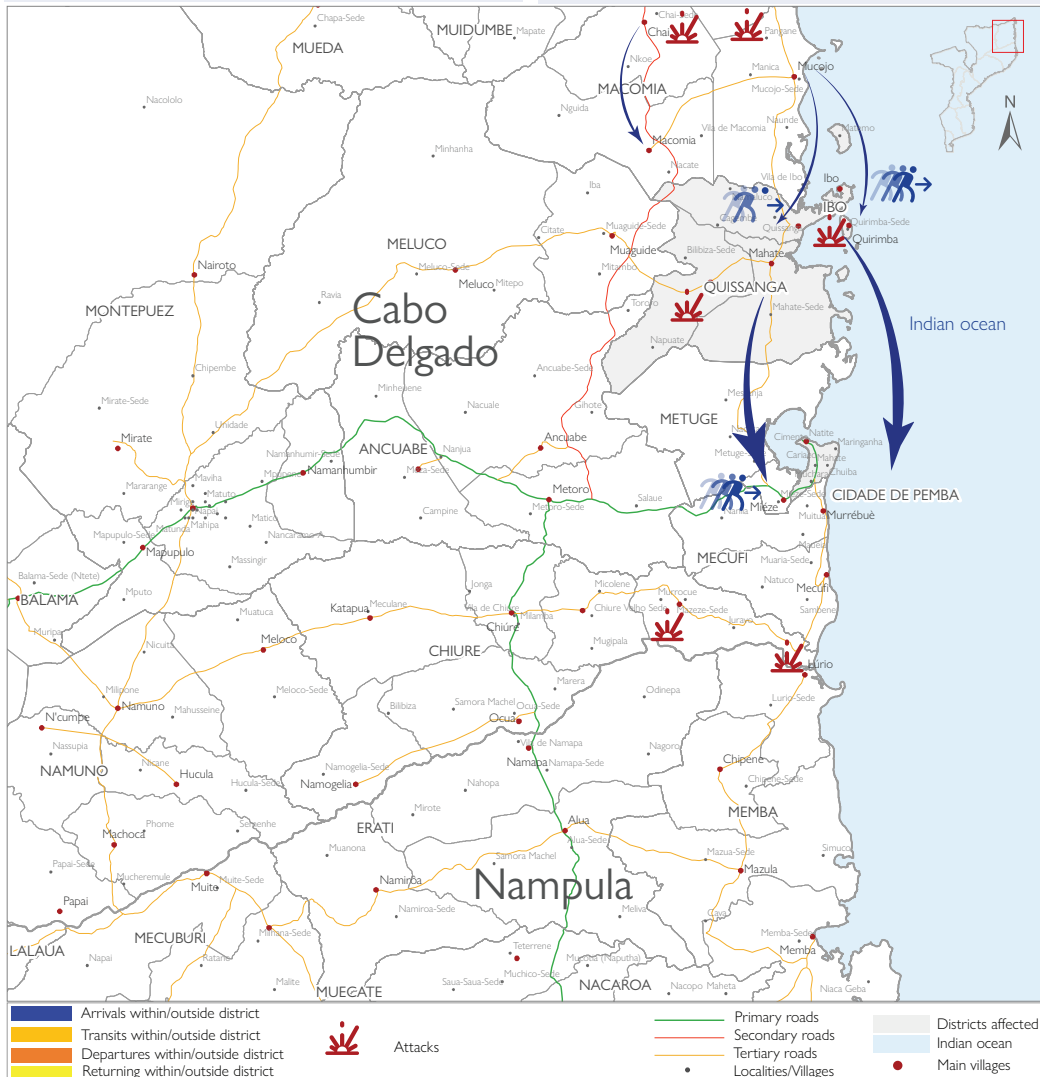
Cumulative number of displaced individuals
(08 February - 22 March 2024)

189

Cumulative number of displaced families
(08 February - 22 March 2024)

Nature of trigger:
Conflicts/Attacks,
Fear of attacks

Mode of transportation:
Boat/canoe, Bus, walking



The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

Between 08 February and 22 March 2024, sporadic attacks and fear of attacks by Non-state Armed Groups in Quissanga and Ibo triggered the cumulative displacement of 465 individuals (corresponding to 189 families). [For more see Emergency Tracking Online Dashboard].

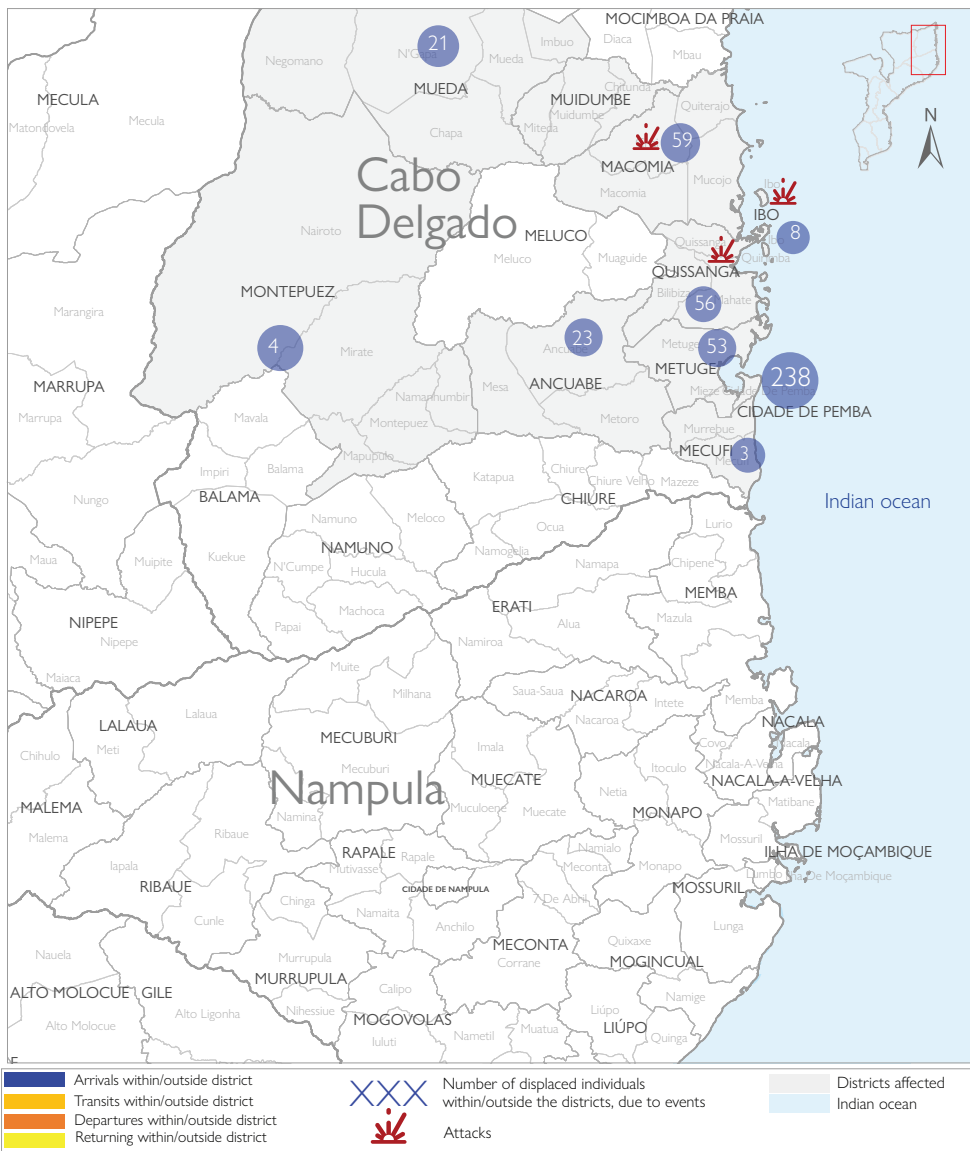
Quissanga attack | 327 Individuals displaced
(08 February - March 2024)

Within the reporting period, attacks and the fear of attacks by Non-State Armed Groups in Quissanga (Tandanhague) led to the displacement of 327 individuals. The affected families have sought refuge in displacement sites and host communities in Bilibiza, Cidade de Pemba (Paquitequete), Macomia (Nanga A, Nanga B) and Ibo (Vila do Ibo).

Additionally, 43 individuals within 18 families have been recorded in Macomia (Nanga B) Center. In Mueda 9 families with 21 individuals have taken refuge resettlement site of Nandimba, and in Quissanga 1 family with 4 individuals have taken refuge in displacement site of Bilibiza.

Ibo attack | 84 Individuals displaced
(08 February - 22 March 2024)

Within the reporting period, attacks and the fear of attacks by Non-State Armed Groups in Ibo (Quirimba and Vila do Ibo) led to the displacement of 84 individuals. The affected families have sought refuge in displacement sites and host communities in Ancuabe, Cidade de Pemba, Macomia and Montepuez. Within displacement sites, 1 family with 4 individuals have taken refuge in a displacement centre of Nanjua (Ancuabe) and another family with 4 individuals have taken refuge in displacement centre of Nacaca (Montepuez).

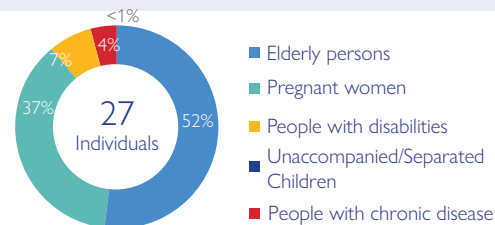


Owing to prevailing security concerns in the region reported by displaced families, intentions on duration of their stay in current locations of displacement sites and host communities remains uncertain. The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) - Movement Alert is to collect information on large and sudden population movements, providing humanitarian response partners with data on IDPs to support effective humanitarian response. Information is collected through key informants' interviews or direct observation. This alert provides basic information on displacements, and additional information can be shared upon request.

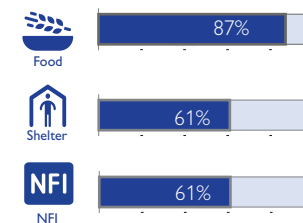
DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE



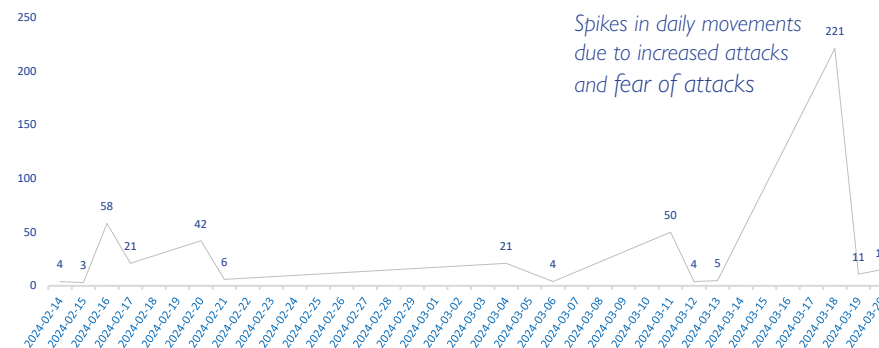
VULNERABILITIES



URGENT NEEDS



TREND: DISPLACED INDIVIDUALS



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MOVEMENT FLOW: (Postos of departure and posto of destination)

