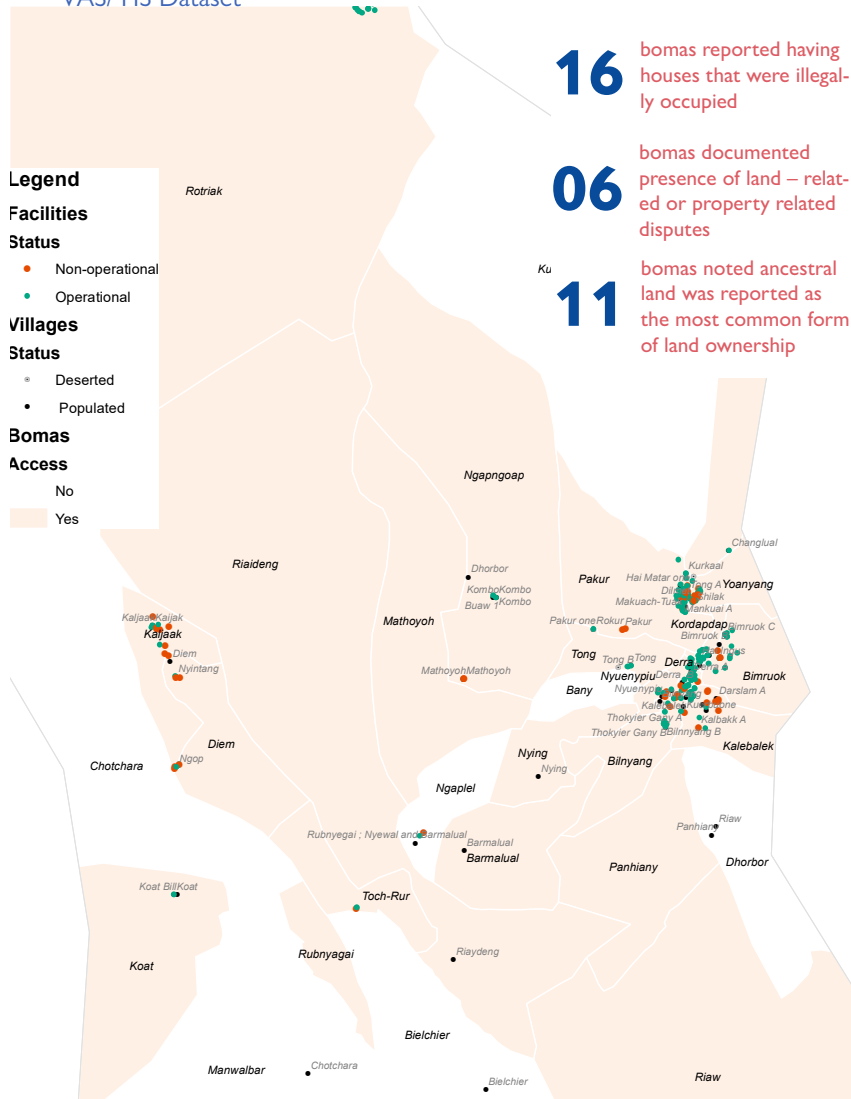


# RUBKONA

# Village Assessment Survey

Preliminary findings.  
VAS/ FIS Dataset

Period: 14<sup>th</sup> Sept to 3<sup>rd</sup> October 2023



**16** bomas reported having houses that were illegally occupied

**06** bomas documented presence of land – related or property related disputes

**11** bomas noted ancestral land was reported as the most common form of land ownership

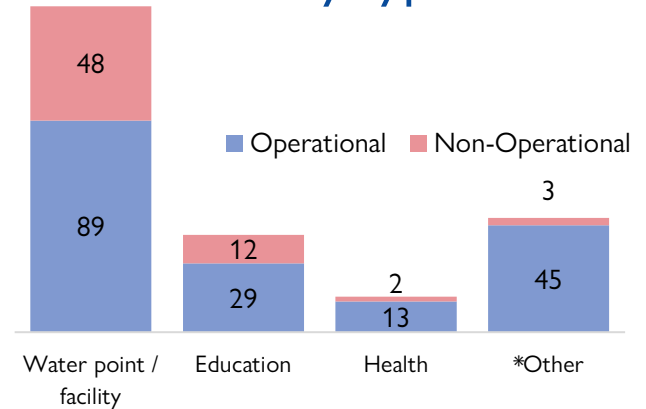
**176**

**Operational facilities**

**65**

**Non-Operational facilities**

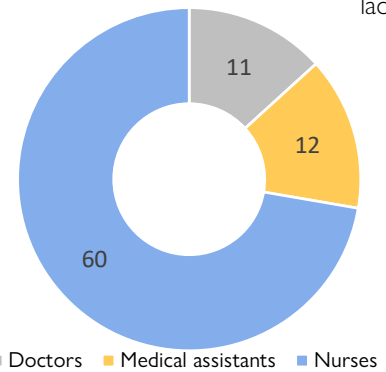
## Facility type



\*Other includes: markets, religious building, transport and administrative facilities

## Staff working at the health facilities

Out of the 27 assessed Bomas, there are 13 functioning health facilities and only one hospital. 16 of these Bomas lack any health facilities.



## Annual Student Enrollment

100% enrolled in primary and secondary education.

**16,129** MALE

**12,670** FEMALE



29 operational education facilities



Between September 14 and October 3, 2023, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) conducted a Village Assessment Survey (VAS) in Rubkona County, Unity State. The survey aimed to support planning for transition and recovery programs by mapping the availability of basic needs, services, and infrastructures. The VAS data collection was successfully completed in nine payams (Bentiu, Budang,

Dhor Bor, Kaljak, Ngop, Nhialdiu, Panhiany, Rubkona, Wathjak) and twenty-seven Bomas within Rubkona County. However, 14 bomas were not accessible due to road inaccessibility caused by flooding, these included Chotchara, Mathiang, Bielchier, Chuor, Manwalbar, Ngopthoan, Thiet, Tochluak, Tongedol, Waak, Bany, Kuerthoah, Ngaplel, and Dhorbor

A total of 12 educational facilities in various Bomas are currently non-operational due to infrastructure damage. Bomas found without any educational facilities include Kordapdap, Nyuenypiu, Panhiany, Riaw, Riaideng, Chanlual, Nyaromne, Barmalual, Luor and Nying.