DISPLACEMENT
TRACKING MATRIX

07 March 2024



7,093
Individuals
Affected



35
Damaged
Shelters



5Affected
Locations



213
Casualties

Movement Triggers:



Event Overview

On 03 March 2024, armed bandits attacked the communities of Kanwa, Kadamasa, Takurawa, Marmaru and Bako Gebe in Zurmi ward of Zurmi LGA in Zamfara State. The attacks damaged and destroyed 35 shelters and the belongings of numerous households in the communities. There were reports of 21 injuries and no fatalities were reported. The attacks affected 7,093 individuals in 1,012 households. The affected individuals included 3,973 children, 2,038 women and 1,082 men.

Of all the needs identified, food, shelter and non-food items were the most prevalent.

Following these events, DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) field staff conducted rapid assessments to inform the humanitarian community and Government/partners, and to enable a targeted response.

Nigeria's North-central and North-west zones are afflicted with a multi-dimensional crisis. Long-standing tensions between ethnic and religious groups often result in attacks and banditry or hirabah. These attacks involve kidnapping and grand larceny along major highways by criminal groups. During the past years, the crisis accelerated and has resulted in widespread displacement across the North-central and North-western regions.

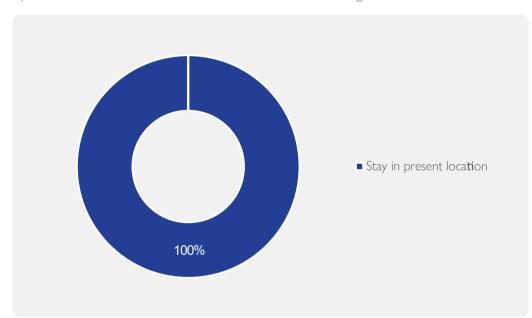
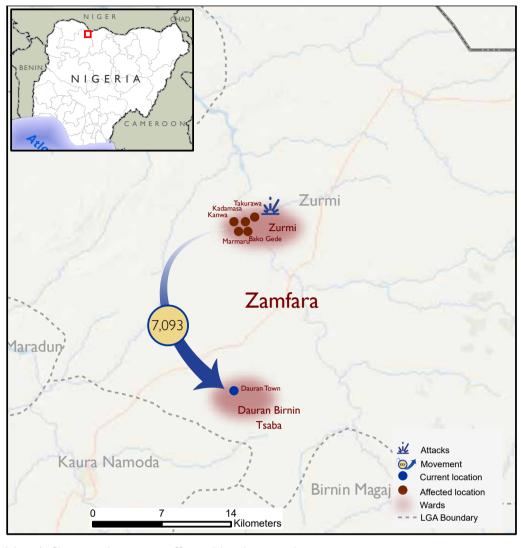


Fig. 1. Future intentions



Fig. 2. Most needed assistance



Map 1. Showing locations affected by the attacks

This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

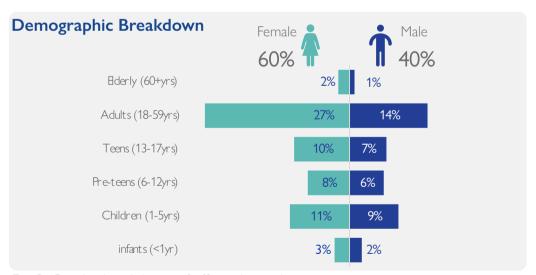


Fig. 3. Gender breakdown of affected population

LGA	Ward	Number of Affected Household	Number of Affected Individuals				Number of Partially	Number of
			Male	Female	Total	Casualty	Damaged Shelters	Damaged Shelters
Zurmi	Zurmi	1,012	2,810	4,283	7,093	213	21	14
Total		1,012	2,810	4,283	7,093	213	21	14

Methodology: Crises and emergencies require the humanitarian community to act urgently. As a subcomponent of DTM's mobility tracking, flash reports utilise direct observation and a broad network of key informants to monitor sudden displacement resulting from events like natural disasters or attacks and collect information on the number, profile, and immediate needs of affected populations. In the initial 24 - 48 hours after an incident, DTM Nigeria activates a rapid assessment to document the event, urgent needs of affected individuals, demographic information, and impact. If displacement occurs, DTM Nigeria issues an Early Warning Flash/Incident report within 72 hours, notifying partners and stakeholders.

Disclaimer: The opinions expressed in the report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the International Organization for Migration (IOM). The designations employed and the presentation of material throughout the report do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or its authorities, or concerning its frontiers or boundaries.

When quoting, paraphrasing, or in any other way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) of the International Organization for Migration (IOM), February 2024."





