

WEEKLY DISPLACEMENT SNAPSHOT (22)

5 March 2024

Displacement Data Reporting Date: 28 February 2024

Mixed Cross-Border Movement Reporting Date: 3 March 2024



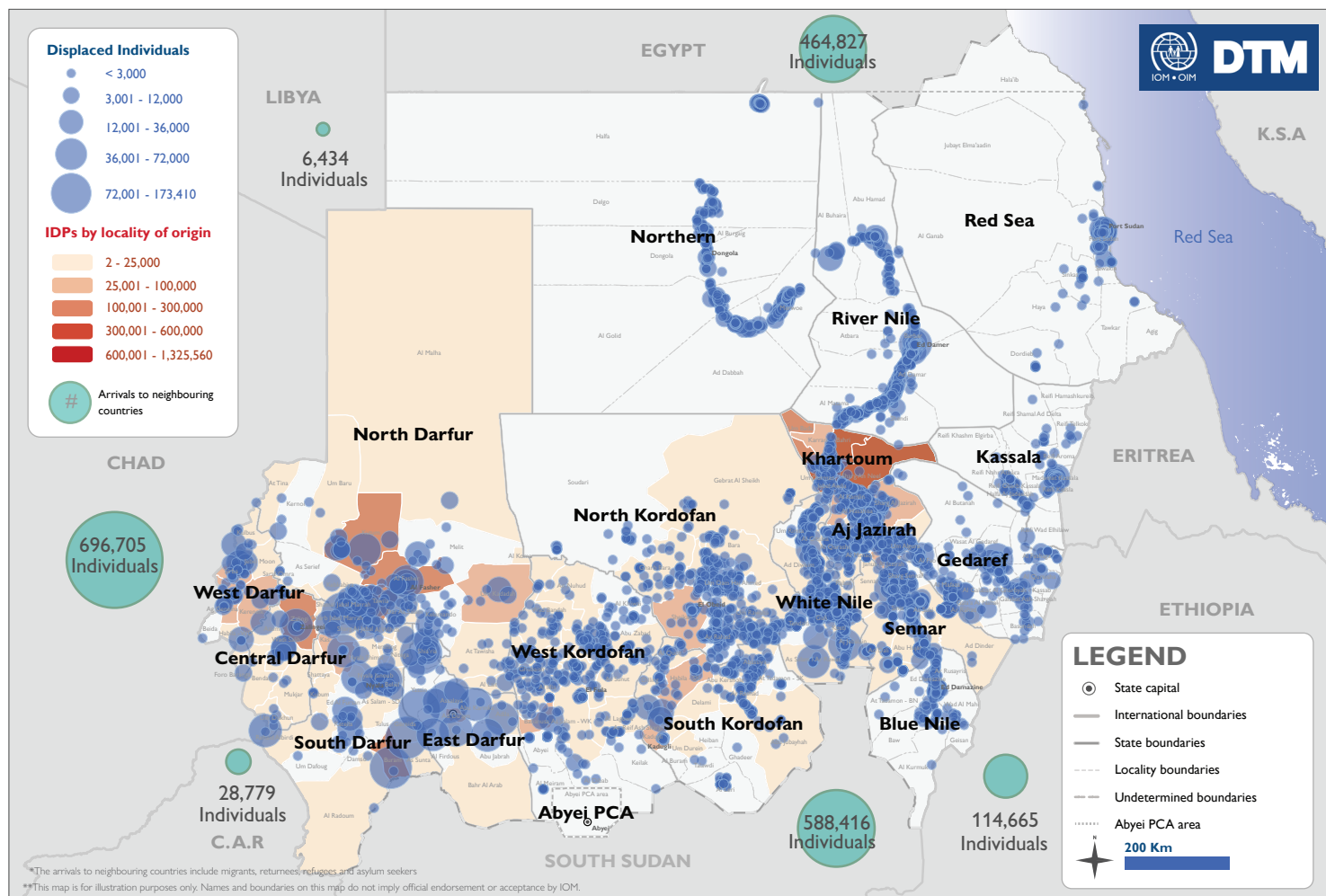
Overview

Since 15 April 2023, on-going armed clashes between the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF) have led to widespread displacement. As a result of these clashes, DTM Sudan estimated that 6,397,698 individuals (1,275,146 households) were internally displaced, representing an increase of 71,282 individuals (14,086 households) since DTM Sudan's Monthly Displacement Overview (06). The internally displaced persons (IDP) caseload was observed in 6,890 locations across all of Sudan's 18 states.* The highest proportions of IDPs were observed across South Darfur (12%), River Nile (11%), and East Darfur (10%).

Field teams reported that the IDPs were originally displaced from twelve states. As reported, 56 per cent of IDPs were displaced from Khartoum state, followed by South Darfur (15%), North Darfur (9%), Aj Jazirah (8%), Central Darfur (5%), West Darfur (4%), South Kordofan (2%), East Darfur (1%), West Kordofan (1%), North Kordofan (1%), Sennar (<1%), and White Nile (<1%).

DTM Sudan also estimated that approximately 2 per cent of the IDP caseload were non-Sudanese nationals.**

In addition to the internal displacement, the conflict in Sudan has caused the Mixed Cross-Border Movements of 1,899,826 individuals into neighbouring countries namely Egypt, Libya, Chad, Central African Republic, South Sudan and Ethiopia. Sixty-three per cent of arrivals tracked in those countries were Sudanese nationals and 37 per cent estimated foreign nationals and returnees. The majority of arrivals were reported in Chad (37%), South Sudan (31%), and Egypt (25%).*** This product provides a brief snapshot of the ongoing displacement across Sudan, post-15 April 2023. For more granular information on the humanitarian and displacement context, please see [DTM Sudan's Monthly Displacement Overview 06](#).



Map 1: Displacement across Sudan and into neighbouring countries since 15 April 2023.

*The data from many locations has been gathered with the co-ordination of the Humanitarian Aid Commission.

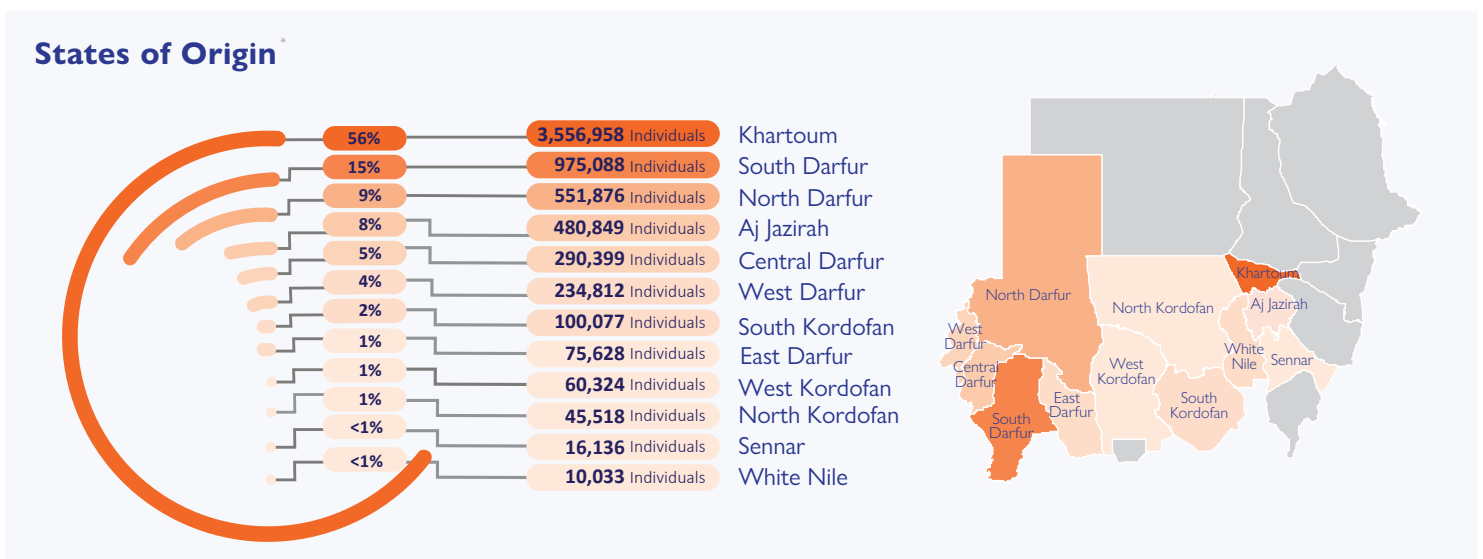
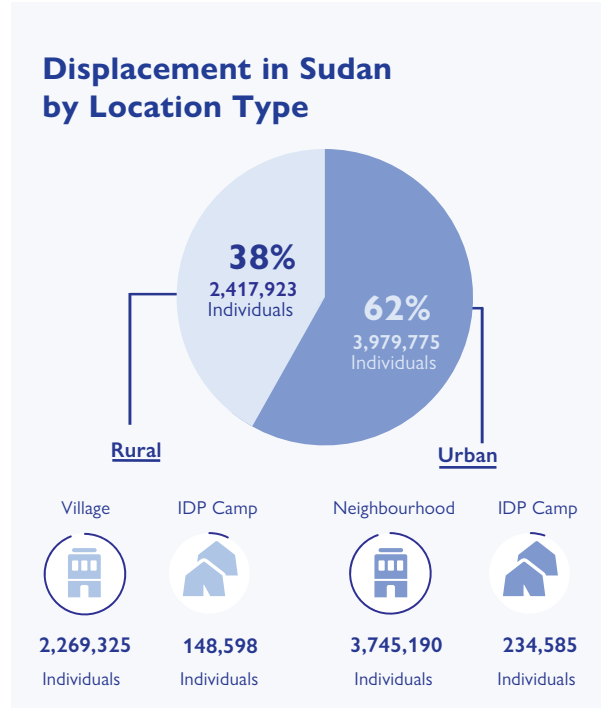
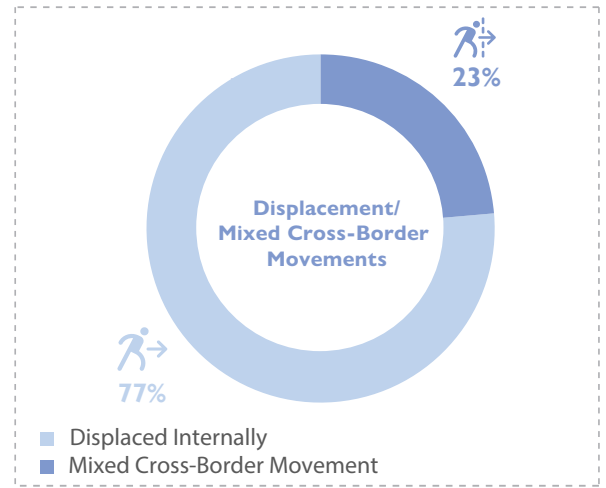
**Field teams collect information on the displacement of foreign nationals in Sudan regardless of whether those individuals have sought international protection or not.

***Due to the ongoing operational limitations, DTM is currently unable to distinguish between those who sought asylum and are registered as refugee and those who are not.

Due to widespread internet and telecommunication outages, data for Aj Jazirah were last updated on 21 February 2024. Field teams were unable to submit the data for reporting until 03 March 2024.

States of Displacement	MDO 06 29 Feb 2024	Snapshot 22 5 Mar 2024	Difference	% Total IDPs*	Number of locations
Aj Jazirah	347,449	344,846	-2,603 ↓	5%	1,492
Blue Nile	134,010	134,238	228 ↑	2%	133
Central Darfur	420,340	425,765	5,425 ↑	7%	35
East Darfur	661,530	663,380	1,850 ↑	10%	30
Gedaref	405,873	409,428	3,555 ↑	6%	310
Kassala	179,993	184,913	4,920 ↑	3%	239
Khartoum	46,523	49,169	2,646 ↑	1%	220
North Darfur	470,467	509,522	39,055 ↑	8%	123
North Kordofan	148,444	149,349	905 ↑	2%	537
Northern	403,020	402,307	-713 ↓	6%	347
Red Sea	249,555	249,863	308 ↑	4%	228
River Nile	711,488	718,997	7,509 ↑	11%	925
Sennar	434,707	445,383	10,676 ↑	7%	375
South Darfur	740,793	741,703	910 ↑	12%	63
South Kordofan	161,178	161,337	159 ↑	3%	358
West Darfur	168,995	169,420	425 ↑	3%	55
West Kordofan	136,700	137,050	350 ↑	2%	535
White Nile	505,351	501,028	-4,323 ↓	8%	887
Total	6,326,416	6,397,698	71,282	100%	6,892

Table 1: Overview of displacement by state



Disclaimer: DTM Sudan is a suite of methodological tools which aims to track and monitor displacement. DTM collects primary data, with a focus on providing best estimates for support of the wider humanitarian community. DTM Sudan notes that military clashes remain continuous in many areas across Sudan. As such, DTM is currently collecting data through a dual combination of face-to-face and remote interviews with key informants across its network. Data on flows into neighbouring countries is based on available information from DTM flow monitoring networks and secondary sources. Figures should be treated as preliminary findings only and are subject to change via future verification exercises. Percentages across the report may not equal 100 per cent due to rounding.

*The total category may not add to 100 per cent due to rounding.
 Due to widespread internet and telecommunication outages, data for Aj Jazirah were last updated on 21 February 2024. Field teams were unable to submit the data for reporting until 03 March 2024.

Shelter Categories (by households)*

States	Camps	Host Communities	Rented Accommodations	Improvised / Critical Shelters	Schools or Other Public Buildings	Open Area Informal Settlements
Aj Jazirah 68,069	-	85% 57,652	1% 499	-	14% 9,401	1% 567
Blue Nile 26,836	-	64% 17,170	33% 8,894	-	1% 222	2% 550
Central Darfur 85,153	14% 12,231	34% 29,322	-	4% 3,000	17% 14,265	31% 26,335
East Darfur 132,656	2% 2,892	79% 105,361	2% 2,426	2% 3,000	13% 17,378	1% 1,599
Gedaref 81,200	<1% 80	73% 58,935	16% 12,704	<1% 210	11% 8,742	1% 529
Kassala 37,301	-	71% 26,443	18% 6,555	-	11% 4,053	1% 250
Khartoum 9,848	-	80% 7,902	19% 1,869	-	1% 77	-
North Darfur 101,843	18% 18,356	47% 47,922	<1% 368	2% 1,764	11% 11,436	22% 21,997
North Kordofan 29,293	-	94% 27,396	<1% 142	1% 174	4% 1,252	1% 329
Northern 80,000	-	84% 67,518	8% 6,046	-	8% 6,431	<1% 5
Red Sea 50,010	-	51% 25,514	34% 16,838	3% 1,268	8% 4,001	5% 2,389
River Nile 143,116	-	77% 110,141	17% 23,618	<1% 6	6% 9,173	<1% 178
Sennar 89,029	-	84% 75,040	5% 4,389	-	3% 2,915	8% 6,685
South Darfur 148,340	18% 26,376	39% 58,338	-	4% 6,096	34% 50,355	5% 7,175
South Kordofan 31,884	-	62% 19,914	<1% 137	-	12% 3,940	25% 7,893
West Darfur 33,884	-	61% 20,737	-	3% 850	35% 11,826	1% 471
West Kordofan 27,003	-	87% 23,497	1% 377	-	10% 2,787	1% 342
White Nile 99,681	17% 16,782	64% 63,677	7% 7,156	-	9% 9,265	3% 2,801
TOTAL	6% 76,717	66% 842,479	7% 91,968	1% 16,368	13% 167,519	6% 80,095

Total Households: 1,275,146

*The total category may not add to 100 per cent due to rounding.

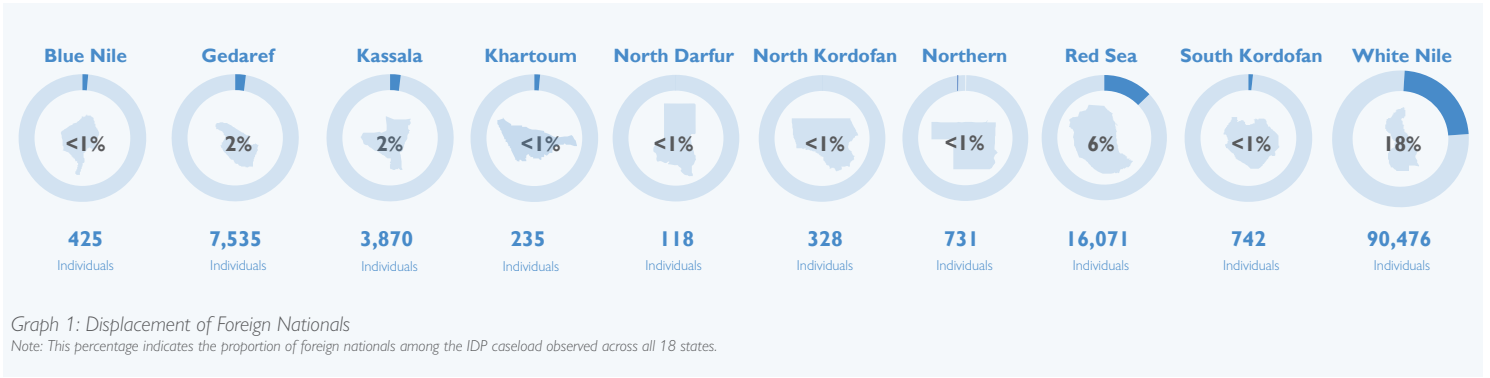
Due to widespread internet and telecommunication outages, data for Aj Jazirah were last updated on 21 February 2024. Field teams were unable to submit the data for reporting until 03 March 2024.

Displacement of Foreign Nationals within Sudan


 **120,531** individuals \rightarrow 2%*

From the total reported IDP caseload, field teams indicated that 120,531 individuals were foreign nationals (approximately 2% of total IDPs across Sudan). Most foreign nationals (90,476 IDPs) were located in White Nile state – where they constituted 18 per cent of the IDP caseload in that state. By comparison, foreign nationals constituted smaller proportions of the

observed caseload in descending: Red Sea (6%), Kassala (2%), Gedaref (2%), Khartoum (<1%), South Kordofan (<1%), Blue Nile (<1%), North Kordofan (<1%), Northern (<1%), and North Darfur (<1%).

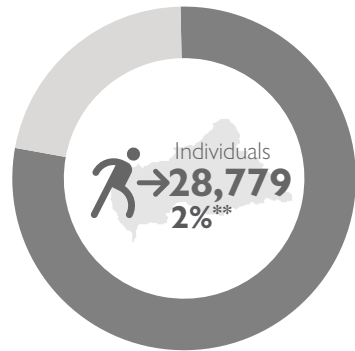


Mixed Cross-Border Movement

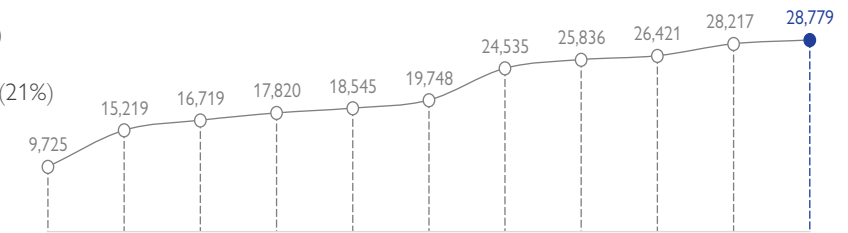
 **1,899,826** Mixed Cross-Border Movement

Since the onset of the conflict on 15 April 2023, DTM has noted substantial mixed cross-border movements involving both Sudanese and foreign nationals (including returnees). Field teams reported that these movements have proved challenging for communities. Security concerns, such as military clashes, or the breakdown in law and order in many areas, as well as steep fuel and transportation costs, and environmental events (such as flooding during the rainy season) have all impacted options for both domestic and cross-border travel.

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC



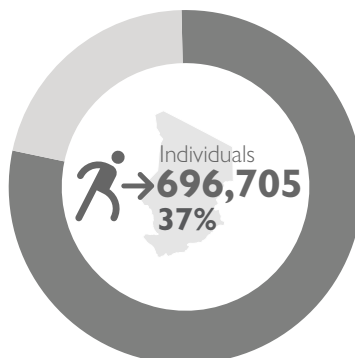
- Sudanese nationals (79%)
- Non-Sudanese nationals (21%)



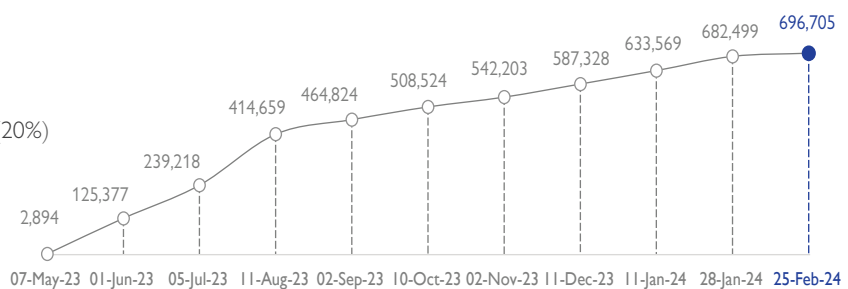
Source: IOM, UNHCR, National Commission for Refugees (CNR)

Graph 2: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Central African Republic

CHAD***



- Sudanese nationals (80%)
- Non-Sudanese nationals (20%)



Source: IOM, UNHCR

Graph 3: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Chad

*This percentage indicates the proportion of foreign nationals observed across all 18 states.

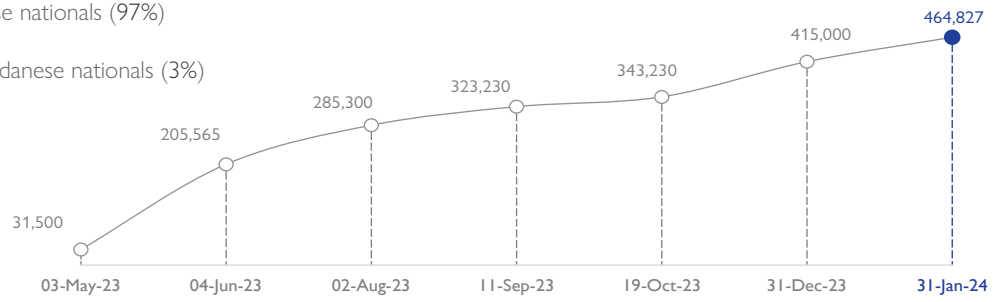
**The per cent values represent the proportion of the total mixed cross-border movements recorded during this period.

***For more information on Mixed-Cross Border Movement to Chad, please visit [DTM Chad website](https://dtm.iom.int/sudan).

EGYPT*

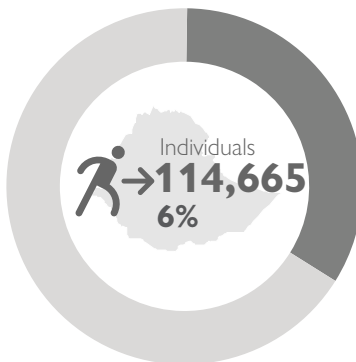


Source: Egypt Ministry of Foreign Affairs

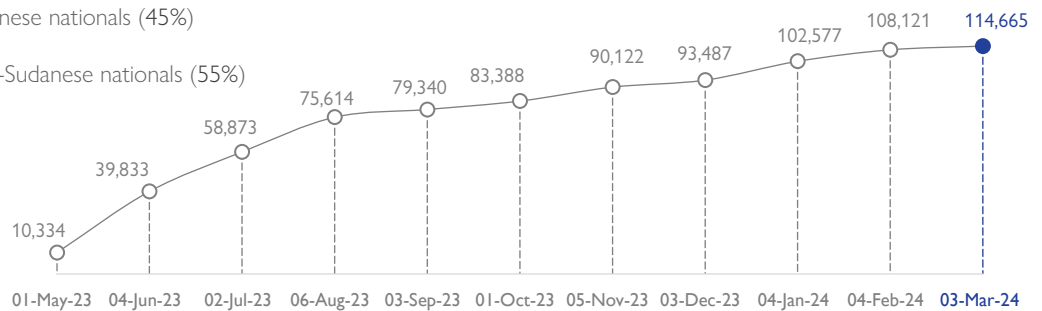


Graph 4: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Egypt

ETHIOPIA**

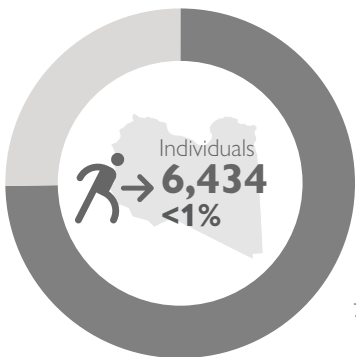


Source: IOM Ethiopia

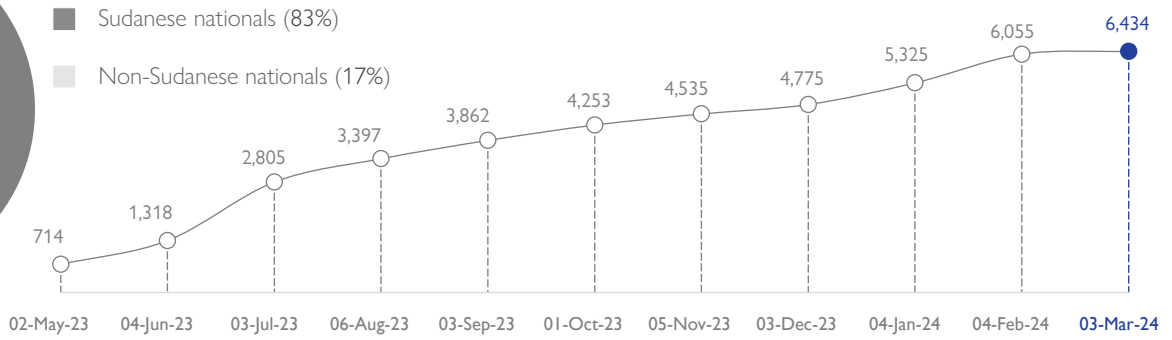


Graph 5: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Ethiopia

LIBYA

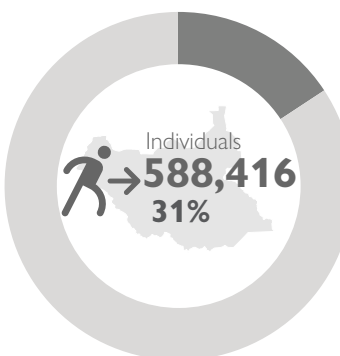


Source: IOM Libya

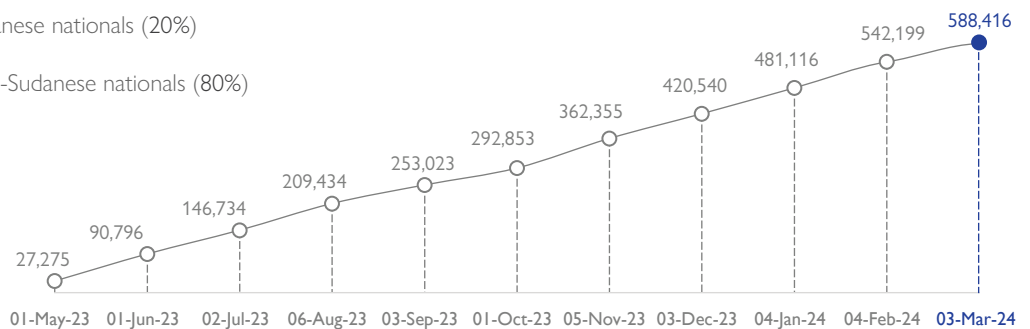


Graph 6: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Libya

SOUTH SUDAN***



Source: IOM, UNHCR



Graph 7: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into South Sudan

*Due to the ongoing operational limitations, DTM is currently unable to distinguish between those who sought asylum and are registered as refugee and those who are not. According to the last available update from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs as of 31 January 2024.

** For more information on Mixed-Cross Border Movement to Ethiopia, please visit [Population Movement from Sudan to the East and Horn of Africa Dashboard](#)

*** For more information on Mixed-Cross Border Movement to South Sudan, please visit [Population Movement from Sudan to South Sudan Dashboard](#).

Disclaimer

All remaining figures for cross-border movement have been provided by DTM country focal points. Data is collected through DTM field teams, partners and national authorities. The data collection is based on DTM's flow monitoring and mobility tracking methodology.

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