



EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 86 | 26 September – 2 October 2018

Movements Arrivals:

Arrivals:
1,800 individuals
Departures:
682 individuals

New Arrival Screening by Nutrition Partners

199 Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition

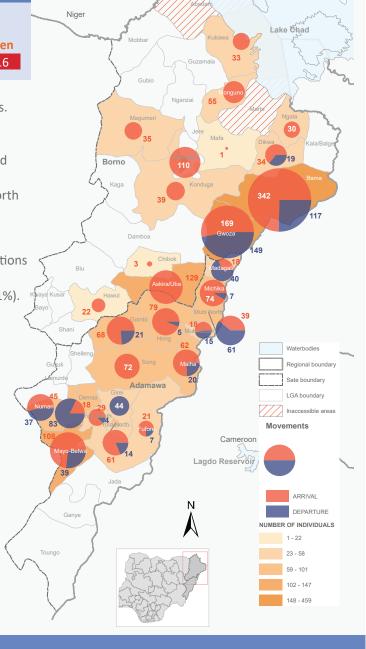
MUAC category of screened children

Green: 159 Yellow: 24 Red: 16

Within the period of 26 September – 2 October 2018, a total of 2,482 movements were recorded, including 1,800 arrivals and 682 departures. These movements occurred at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Chibok, Dikwa, Gwoza, Hawul, Konduga, Kukawa, Mafa, Magumeri, Maiduguri, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno state, and locations in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Mubi-North, Mubi-South, Numan, Song, Yola-North and Yola-South LGAs of Adamawa state.

Assessments identified the following main triggers of movements: voluntary relocation (24%), poor living conditions (17%), military operations (15%), improved security (14%), ongoing conflict (12%), fear of attacks (11%), farming activities (3%), flooding (3%) and involuntary relocation (1%).

Number of individuals by movement triggers Voluntary Relocation **Poor Living Conditions** 414 Military Operation 363 Improved Security **Ongoing Conflict** Fear Of Attack Farming Flooding Involuntary Relocation ARRIVAL DFPARTURE Affected population IDPs 10% **RETURNEES**



Summary of major movements

BAMA: 342 arrivals and 117 departures were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno state. These include 254 arrivals at GSSSS Camp from Dipchari ward of Bama (169 individuals) and Konduga (85 individuals), 56 arrivals at Banki Camp from surrounding wards, 32 arrivals at GGSS Camp from Dipchari ward of Bama, and 117 departures from GSSSS Camp for Pulka ward of Gwoza LGA. The main movement triggers include voluntary relocation, poor living conditions and military operations.

GWOZA: 169 arrivals and 149 departures were recorded at Gwoza LGA of Borno state. These include 116 arrivals at the Transit Camp in Gwoza from Dipchari ward of Bama LGA, 35 arrivals at GSS Camp from Madagali LGA of Adamawa state, 18 arrivals at GSSSS Camp from Hambagda ward of Gwoza and 149 departures from the Transit Camp for Kirawa ward of Gwoza. The main movement triggers include military operations, poor living conditions and ongoing conflict.

MAYO-BELWA: 108 individuals arrived at Mayo-Belwa LGA from Bille community in Demsa LGA of Adamawa state due to fear of attacks in the area and 39 individuals departed Mayo-Belwa for nearby wards.

ASKIRA/UBA: 129 arrivals were recorded at Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. These include 49 arrivals from Maiduguri, 10 arrivals from nearby villages, 32 arrivals from Madagali LGA of Adamawa state, 11 arrivals from Hong LGA of Adamawa, 20 arrivals from Anambra state and 7 arrivals from Jigawa state.

MAIDUGURI: 110 arrivals were recorded in Maiduguri LGA of Borno state. These include 89 arrivals at Bakkasi Camp from Guzamala LGA and 21 arrivals at Mocolis Camp from Ngala LGA.

New Arrival Malnutrition Screening Summary (children 6-59 months)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid upper arm circumference (MUAC) and signs of Oedema was conducted by Sector partners for 199 children. Of the 199 children screened, the MUAC reading for 16 children (15 from inaccessible areas and 1 from an accessible area) was in the Red category, 24 were in the Yellow category and 159 were measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in any of the 5 LGAs where screening was conducted.

This result also covers 10 children from neighbouring countries (5 screened at Bama and 5 screened at Ngala) who were screened with readings in the Green category.

	MUAC Categories								
LGA	Green (≥12.5 cm)		Yellow (11.5 cm - 12.5 cm)		Red (<11.5 cm)		Total		
	In-Accessible	Accessible	In-Accessible	Accessible	In-Accessible	Accessible			
Bama	39	29	8	1	3	0	80		
Dikwa	5	0	0	0	1	0	6		
Gwoza	32	18	8	0	8	1	67		
Kukawa	0	5	0	0	0	0	5		
Monguno	0	20	0	5	0	0	25		
Ngala	4	7	1	1	3	0	16		
Total	80	79	17	7	15	1	199		
	Nourished		Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)		Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)				

All children found with severe acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment.

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival/departure - only movements with more than 25 persons are listed below

Tracking location			Arriving from/Departing to			Movement Details	
State	LGA	Ward	State	LGA	Ward	Arrival	Departure
	MAYO-BELWA	MAYO-BELWA	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	BILLE	103	-
				MAYO-BELWA	MAYO FARANG	-	38
	DEMSA	DEMSA	ADAMAWA	MAYO-BELWA	MAYO FARANG	-	58
				YOLA NORTH	JAMBUTU	-	25
	GIREI	GIREI	BORNO	GWOZA	GWOZA TOWN GADAMAYO	-	30
	GOMBI	GOMBI	YOBE	GUJBA	BUNIYADI NORTH	27	-
	MADAGALI	MADAGALI	BORNO	Askira/Uba	KOPA / MULTHAFU	-	32
	MAIHA	MAIHA	ADAMAWA	MAIHA	SORAU 'A'	35	-
	NUMAN	NUMAN	ADAMAWA	NUMAN	BOLKI	-	25
	SONG	SONG	ADAMAWA	SONG	SONG GARI	45	-
	YOLA NORTH	YOLA NORTH	ADAMAWA	NUMAN	NUMAN II	27	-
	BAMA	BAMA	BORNO	BAMA	BUDUWA / BULA CHIRABE	29	-
					DIPCHARI / JERE / DAR-JAMAL / KOTEMBE	201	-
					KUMSHE /NDUGUNO	27	-
				GWOZA	PULKA/BOKKO	-	117
				KONDUGA	DALORI / WANORI	85	-
	GWOZA	GWOZA	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	SHELMI / SUKUR/ VAPURA	34	-
			BORNO	BAMA	DIPCHARI / JERE / DAR-JAMAL / KOTEMBE	96	-
				GWOZA	KIRAWA/JIMINI	-	149
	ASKIRA/UBA	ASKIRA/UBA	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	K/WURO NGAYANDI	32	-
			BORNO	MAIDUGURI	BOLORI I	49	-
	MAIDUGURI	MAIDUGURI	BORNO	GUZAMALA	GUDUMBALI EAST	89	-
	KONDUGA	KONDUGA	BORNO	KONDUGA	AUNO / CHABBOL	39	-
	KUKAWA	KUKAWA	BORNO	KUKAWA	KUKAWA	33	-
	MAGUMERI	MAGUMERI	BORNO	MAGUMERI	TITIWA	35	-
	MONGUNO	MONGUNO	BORNO	KUKAWA	KEKENO	28	-

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

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