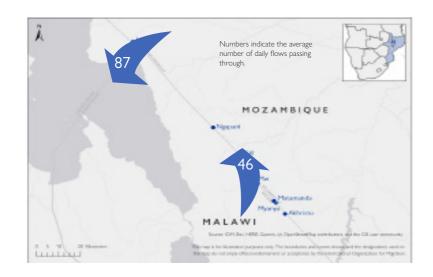
FLOW MONITORING REGISTRY REPORT

MALAWI (MANGOCHI) – MOZAMBIQUE | JANUARY 2024

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX

OVERVIEW

Over the reporting period, a total of 2,938 cross-border movements were observed at the Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs). The average daily number flows was 134. Mozambique (65%), Malawi (35%), Kenya (<1%) and United Republic of Tanzania (<1%) were the main countries of departure, while Malawi (60%), Mozambique (40%), Somalia (<1%) and Ethiopia (<1%) were the main countries of intended destination of individuals passing through the different FMPs. Out of 2,938 individuals observed, 67 per cent were males and 33 per cent were females. There were 40 women who were visibly pregnant. Boys and girls (males and females below 18) made up 16 per cent of individuals observed. Of the 477 children observed, 3 were unaccompanied boys and 0 were unaccompanied girls. However, this information is based on direct observation and self-reporting, and therefore is likely under-reported.



DAILY OBSERVATIONS FROM 1 – 31 JANUARY 2024

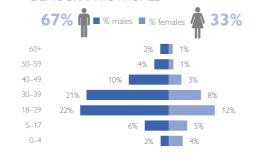


KEY FINDINGS





DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE



VULNERABLE GROUPS



MODES OF TRANSPORTATION

Bicycle	Foot Mo	torbike	Car	Truck	Bus
50	外	₽ Ja	←		
38%	28%	25%	9%	<1%	<1%

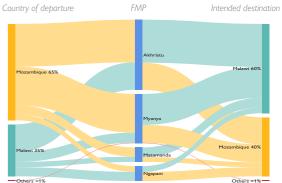
DECLARED NATIONALITIES



FLOW DIRECTION



AREAS OF ORIGIN AND INTENDED DESTINATIONS



Others include Kenya, South Africa, United Republic of Tanzania and Zimbabwe for countries of departure, and Ethiopia, Kerva. Somalia, South Africa and Zambia for countries of destination.

REASONS FOR MOVEMENT				
	Reasons for Movement	Total	Flows to Malawi	Flows to Mozambique
	Short-term local move- ment (<6 months)	79%	68%	32%
	Family reunification (>6 months)	18%	55%	45%
	Long-term economic migration (>6 months)	8%	59%	41%
	Seasonal migration	1%	59%	41%
	Tourism	1%	94%	6%
	Forced movement due to conflict	<1%	100%	<1%
	Returns	<1%	67%	33%
	Forced movement due to disasters	<1%	100%	<1%

Please note that multiple answers were possible for this question. Also, Other Reasons for Movement were recorded, but excluded from the visual to fit the report (please refer to the dataset for full list)

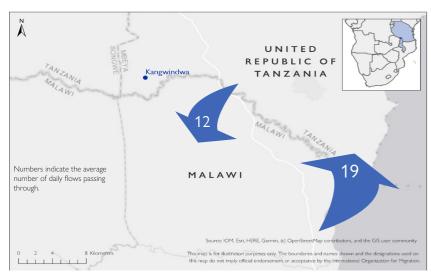
FLOW MONITORING REGISTRY REPORT

MALAWI (KARONGA) – UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA | JANUARY 2024



OVERVIEW

Over the reporting period, a total of 687 cross-border movements were observed at the Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs). The average daily number flows was 31. This represented a 121 per cent increase compared to December during which individual movements were 14 observed on a daily basis. Malawi (61%), United Republic of Tanzania (32%), Burundi (6%) and Democratic Republic of the Congo (<1%) were the main countries of departure, while United Republic of Tanzania (61%), Malawi (38%), Mozambique (1%) and Burundi (<1%) were the main countries of intended destination of individuals passing through the different FMPs. Out of 687 individuals observed, 68 per cent were males and 32 per cent were females. There was 1 woman who was visibly pregnant. Boys and girls (males and females below 18) made up 14 per cent of individuals observed. Of the 96 children observed, 28 were unaccompanied boys and 6 were unaccompanied girls. However, this information is based on direct observation and self-reporting, and therefore is likely under-reported.



DAILY OBSERVATIONS FROM 1 – 31 IANUARY 2024

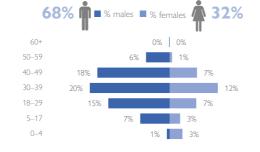


KEY FINDINGS





DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE



VULNERABLE GROUPS



MODES OF TRANSPORTATION

Foot	Motorbike	Boat	Bicycle	Car	Bus
‡ 43%	29%	11%	5 5 8%	6%	4%

DECLARED NATIONALITIES

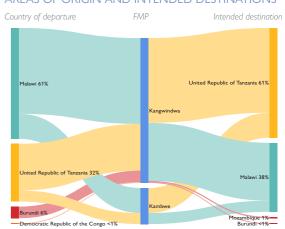


FLOW DIRECTION



Flows to Malawi 39%

AREAS OF ORIGIN AND INTENDED DESTINATIONS



DEACONIC EOD MOVEMENIT

REASONS FOR MOVEMENT				
Reasons for Movement	Total	Flows to Malawi	Flows to United Republic of Tanzania	
Short-term local movement (<6 months)	78%	32%	68%	
Long-term economic migration (>6 months)	14%	54%	46%	
Family reunification (>6 months)	13%	49%	51%	
Forced movement due to conflict	6%	100%	<1%	
Seasonal migration	1%	100%	<1%	

Please note that multiple answers were possible for this question. Also, Other Reasons for Movement were recorded, but excluded from the visual to fit the report, (please refer to the dataset for full list)

FLOW MONITORING REGISTRY REPORT



METHODOLOGY

Flow Monitoring is a data collection activity which seeks to gather key information on mobility and migrant profiles. It begins by identifying zones in which large mobility flows occur and highlighting the characteristics and journeys of travellers in these zones. DTM teams, with the support of local authorities and partners, identify strategic points of transit, where Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs) are set up. At each FMP, DTM conducts two main activities: Flow Monitoring Registry (FMR) and Flow Monitoring Surveys (FMS). This report focuses on FMR data only. The FMR collects data at FMPs through direct observation and interviews with key informants, including staff working at transit stations, border patrol officers, local authorities, bus or taxi drivers and travellers themselves. The FMR gathers data on the number of travellers crossing FMPs, as well as the provenance, next destination, vulnerabilities and means of transport of travellers. At each FMP, data is collected by a team of enumerators. Data collection is carried out daily, between 8:00 am and 5:00 pm. Enumerators collect data via a mobile data collection form to ensure data integrity and quality. This report is an overview of the data collected from 1 to 31 January 2024.

Flow Monitoring Point: Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs) are points set up by IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix in high mobility areas in each country covered (near borders or main travel routes).

LIMITATIONS

Data collected in the framework of Flow Monitoring activities are the result of direct observations and interviews conducted at FMPs between 8:00 am and 5:00 pm. The data are not representative of all migration flows in the border area, and, because they only reflect the situation of observed or surveyed individuals, cannot be generalized. Temporal coverage of the data collection exercises is also limited to a specific time window. While data is collected daily, Flow Monitoring activities do not capture all flows transiting through FMPs. Data on vulnerability is based on direct observation and self-reporting. Therefore, the findings should be understood as mainly indicative.

Data collected for these exercises should be understood as estimations only. IOM does not make any warranties or representations as to the appropriateness, quality, reliability, timeliness, accuracy or completeness of the data included in this report.

On occasions demographic percentages do not sum to 100 per cent due to rounding in calculations, as it also occurs when breaking down the relative flows of different nationalities through a border crossing. Disclaimer:

The opinions expressed in the report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the International Organization (IOM). The designations employed and the presentation of material throughout the report do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or of its authorities, or concerning its frontiers or boundaries. IOM is committed to the principle that humane and orderly migration benefits migrants and society. As an intergovernmental organization, IOM acts with its partners in the international community to: assist in the meeting of operational challenges of migration; advance understanding of migration issues; encourage social and economic development through migration; and uphold the human dignity and well-being of migrants.

The maps displayed in this report are for illustration purposes only. The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

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