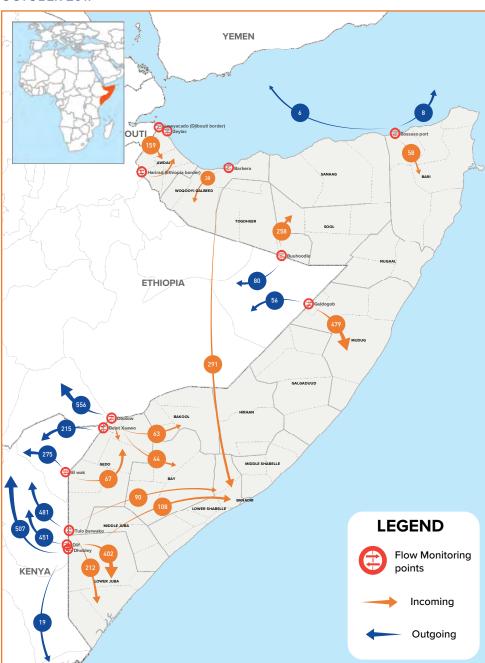
# **SOMALIA**

## **CROSS BORDER MOVEMENTS**

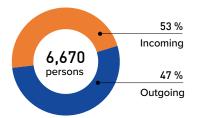
### OCTOBER 2017





DTM monitors population movement at 12 border crossing locations between Somalia and neighbouring countries. Cross-border movements remained at similar levels until September 2017, when an increase was observed across Somalia due to droughts and conflicts. In October, a total of 6,670 cross border movements were recorded, mainly in four flow monitoring points (FMP): Dhobley (Lower Juba), Tulo Burwako (Lower Juba), Diif (Lower Juba) and Doolow (Gedo). Individuals were almost equally identified as entering (53%) and exiting (47%) Somalia.

#### **TYPE OF FLOW**



#### **AGE/SEX DISTRIBUTION**

	Children 0 - 17	Adults 18+	Total
İ	26%	24%	50%
•	24%	26%	50%

#### **VULNERABILITIES**

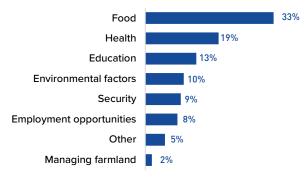
472	Special legal and protection needs	<b>7</b> %
Ťr	Single parent	6%
Ť	Woman at risk	5%
*	Serious medical condition	4%
•	Pregnant	3%
Ŷì	Child or adolescent at risk	2%
ñ	Elder person at risk	2%
Ė	Disabled person	1%
₩'n	Unaccompanied or separated child	1%

A total of 2,099 vulnerabilities has been reported in October 2017. Vulnerabilities maybe overlapping, hence individuals may have more then one vulnerability

#### **MODES OF TRANSPORT**

Bus/Truck	Other	Boat	Foot	Air
	A		À	4
74%	18%	<b>7</b> %	0%	0%

#### **REASONS FOR MOVEMENT**





FOR MORE INFORMATION iomsomaliadtm@iom.int http://www.globaldtm.info/somalia Dataset is available here







<sup>\*</sup> The percentages are calculated on the total number of persons observed for