

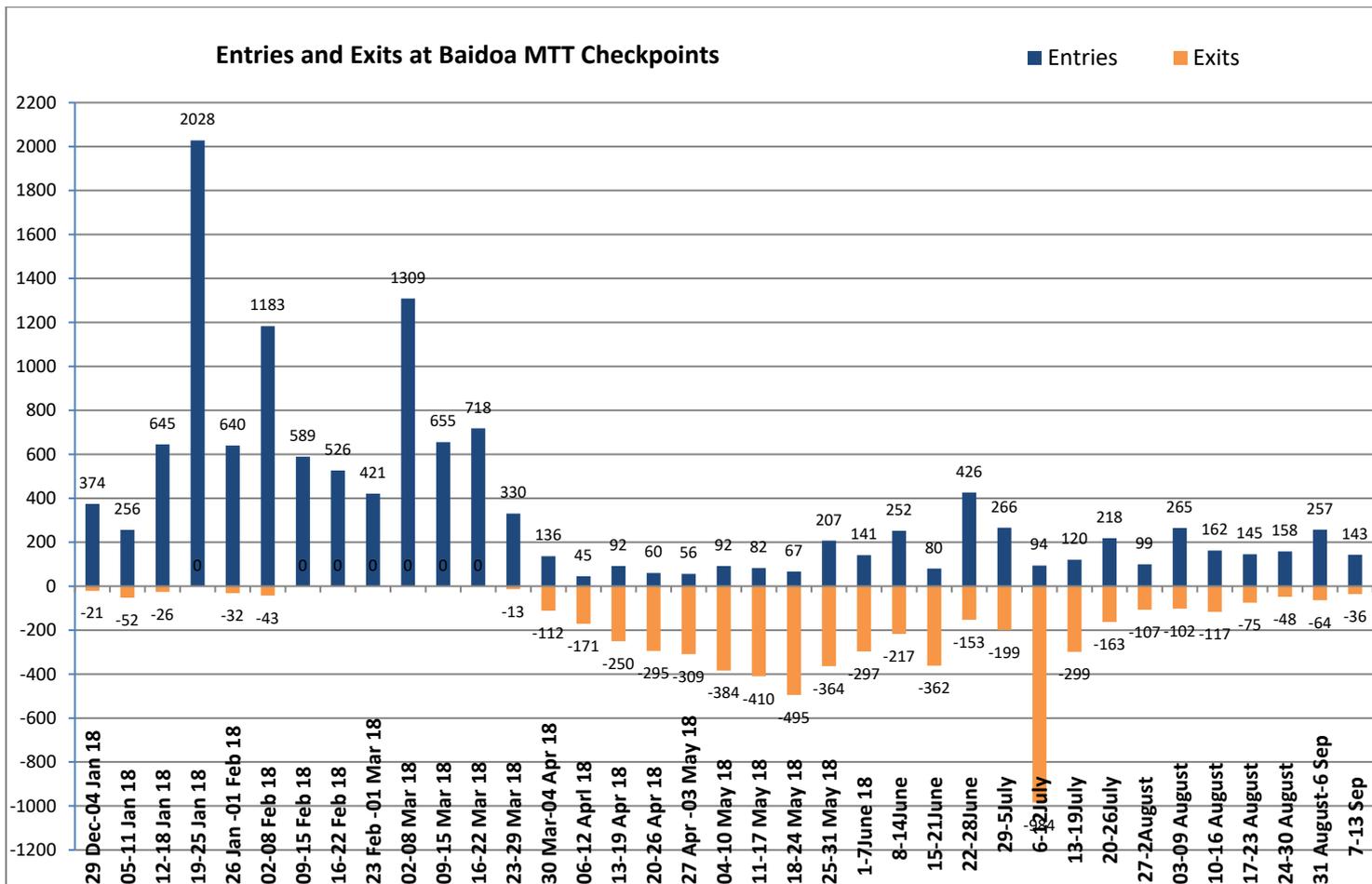


## KEY MESSAGES

- This reporting week, a total of 143 entries and 36 exits recorded at the MTT checkpoints in Baidoa. The exits reported were the lowest since March this year similarly, the entries reported also slightly went down since the first week of Aug 2018.
- The major pull factor for displacement into the IDP sites as follows: Shortage of food (58%), insecurity (22%), uncomfortable living conditions (8%), joining the rest of the family (7%), seek healthcare facilities (5%).
- The new arrivals came from the districts of Qansax Dheere (37%), Baidoa district (28%), Diinsoor district (13%), Rab Dhuure district (9%), Wajid District (9%) and 5% from Dadaab Kenya. They said that they intended to move into the IDP sites of Abaq Haluul (10%), Banow (8%), Doolow2 (8%), Hafata (8%), Buur Edoy (6%), Elbay2 (5%), Rojo (5%), ADC4 (5%), Aljiziira (5%), Awo Asharo 2 (5%), Bakal Gaduud (5%), Buula Barde (5%), Buula Liir (5%), Kaamir (4%), Buula Usley 3 (4%), Hassan Muumin (4%), Fanoole (4%), Hanaano1 (4%), Alla Tuug (3%) and finally Buula Nuuri 1 (2%).
- 31% of those leaving reported their reason for exit is to rejoin the rest of the families, manage their farms (28%), seeking education opportunities (22%) and seeking better services (19%). Those exiting were from the IDPs sites of Dolow2 (28%), Buur Edoy (22%), Hassan Muumin (22%) Rojo (19%), Sedex Buurow (9%). 42% of the exits reported to be going to Dadaab, Kenya, 31% going back to Xudur district and 28% of the exits were returning to Baidoa district. 58% of the families said they intend to return to the IDP sites in the future.



MTT enumerator interviews IDPs arriving in Baidoa last week. © Ahmed Ali, IOM Somalia 2018



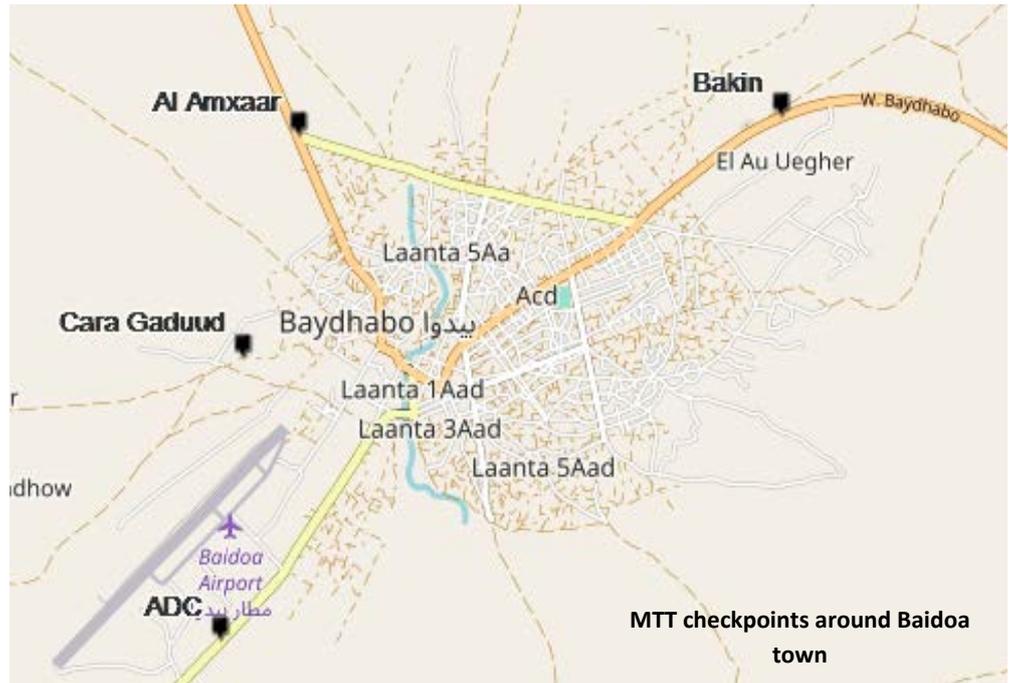
## METHODOLOGY

Movement Trend Tracking (MTT) is a movement monitoring exercise that tracks people who are moving in or out of sites on a semi-permanent or permanent basis. MTT aims to gauge the pulse of movements in and out of sites in Baidoa.

MTT figures should not be considered official updates to the population figures of the sites. Rather, the data represents the intentions of IDPs and points towards general trends in their movements.

In Baidoa, IOM enumerators are positioned at the 4 main checkpoints in and out of town (shown on the map on the right) from 6:30am until 5:30pm, 7 days a week.

From these checkpoints, the teams identify people who are moving in or out of Baidoa with luggage. Interviews are done with the individual or the head of household.



MTT aims to complement existing information management products on displacements and movements in Baidoa, by providing site level specific data on population movements on a regular basis, to assist agencies operating in sites and settlements with key information on: demographics of movement, area of origin, area of return/onward movement, reasons for movement and movement trends over time.



IOM MTT enumerators identifying IDPs exiting from IDP sites and conducting interviews with the heads of household. © Ahmed Ali. IOM Somalia 2018