

ETT Report: No. 357 | 04 — 10 December 2023

NUMBER OF NEW ARRIVALS **NEW ARRIVALS SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS**

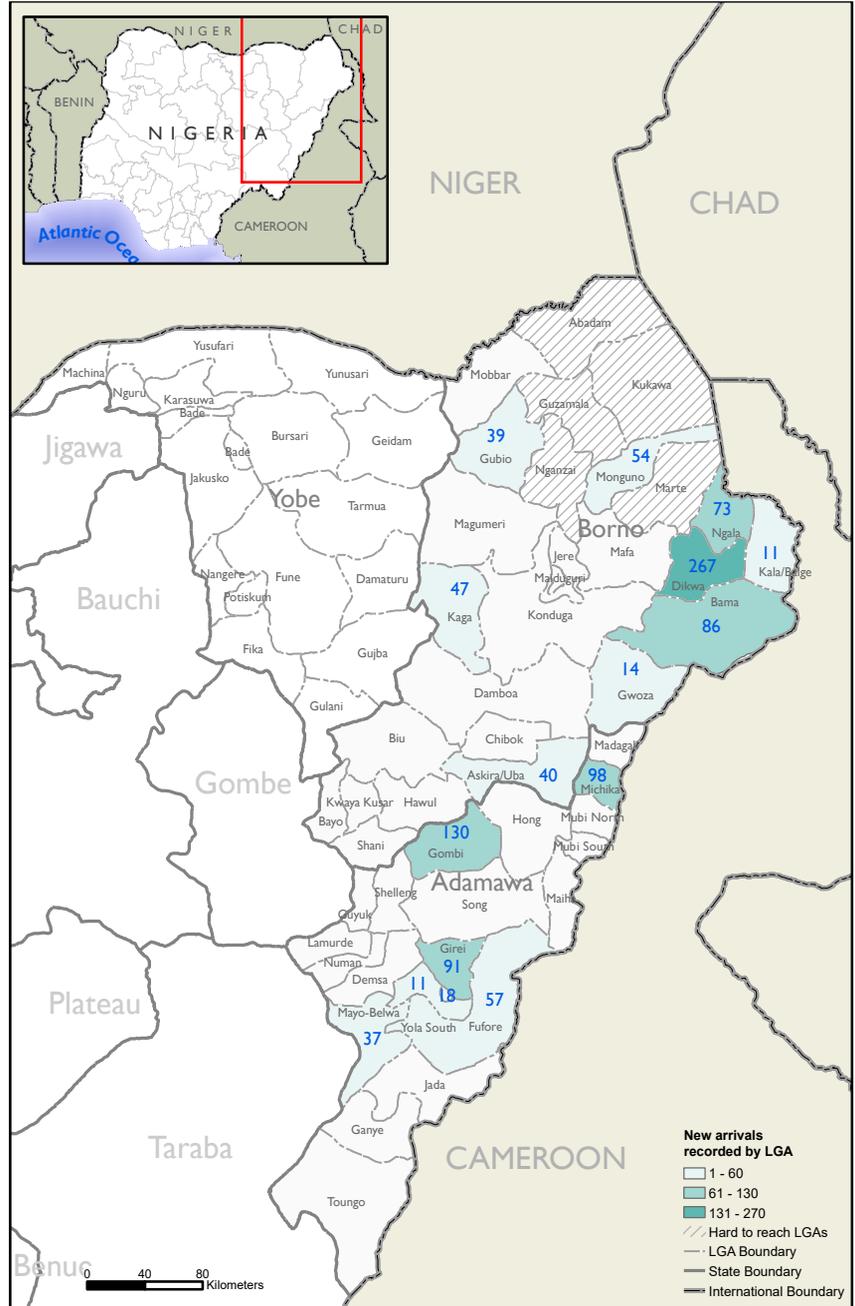
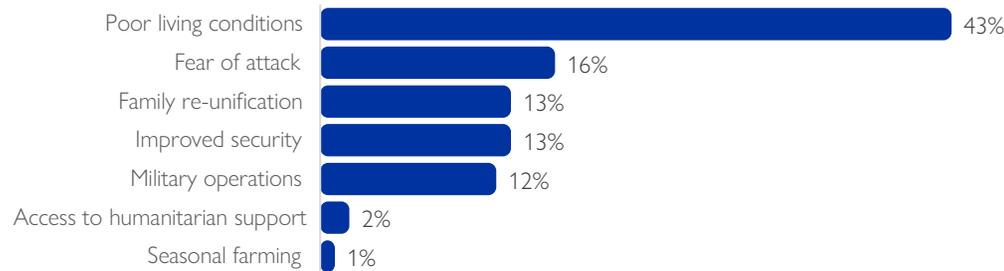


The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a sub-component of the mobility tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilizes direct observations and a broad network of key informants to capture the best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

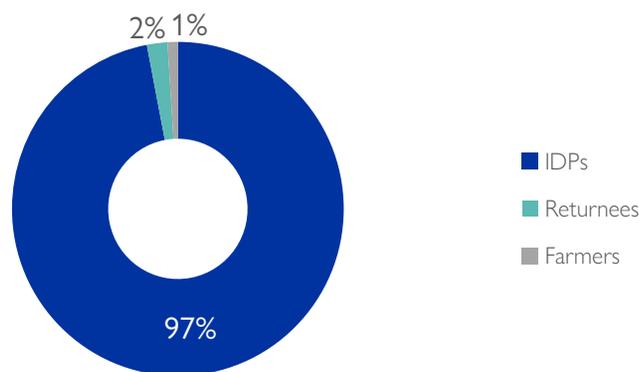
Between 04 and 10 December 2023, a total of 1,073 new arrivals were recorded at locations in Adamawa and Borno states. The new arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Dikwa, Gubio, Gwoza, Kaga, Kala/Balge, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected Borno State and in Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: poor living conditions (457 individuals or 43%), fear of attack (177 individuals or 16%), family re-unification (142 individuals or 13%), improved security (135 individuals or 13%), military operations (133 individuals or 12%), access to humanitarian support (19 individuals or 2%) and seasonal farming (10 individuals or 1%).

SUMMARY OF THE NEW ARRIVALS

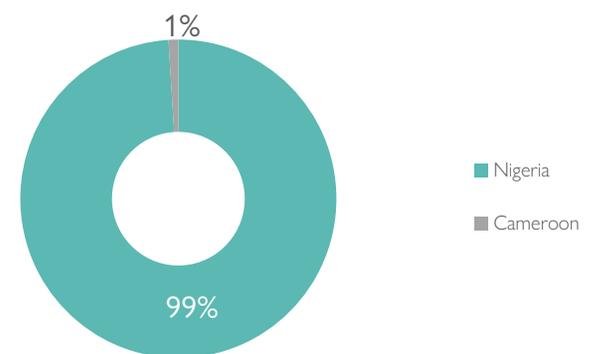


Percentage of individuals by movement trigger



Arriving population

Map of the new arrivals registered[§]



Country of departure of the arriving population

LGAs OF MAJOR NEW ARRIVALS

Dikwa: Two hundred and sixty-seven (267) new arrivals were recorded in Dikwa LGA of Borno State. All arrived from hard-to-reach/inaccessible locations (Ngudoram, Sogoma/Afuye and Ufaye/Gujile wards) in Dikwa LGA of Borno State. All movements were triggered by poor living conditions.

Gombi: One hundred and thirty (130) new arrivals were recorded in Gombi LGA of Adamawa State. All arrived from Wamdeo/Giwi ward in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. All movements were triggered by fear of attack.

Michika: Ninety-eight (98) new arrivals were recorded in Michika LGA of Adamawa State. Thirty-six per cent were movements from Jera Bonyo ward in Girei LGA, 25 per cent were movements from Bole Yolde Pate ward in Yola South LGA, 17 per cent were movements from Demsa ward in Demsa LGA in Adamawa State and 22 per cent were movements from Husara/Tampul ward in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. All movements were triggered by improved security.

Girei: Ninety-one (91) new arrivals were recorded in Girei LGA of Adamawa State. Thirty-seven per cent were movements from Ribadu ward in Fufore LGA, 34 per cent arrived from Limawa ward in Yola North LGA and 29 per cent arrived from Makama B ward in Yola South LGA of Adamawa State. All movements were triggered by poor living conditions.

Bama: Eighty-six (86) new arrivals were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno State. All arrived from hard-to-reach/inaccessible locations (Dipchari/Jere/Dar-Jamal/Kotembe, Mbuliya/Goniri/Siraja and Yabiri Kura/Yabiri Gana/Chongolo wards) in Bama LGA of Borno State. All movements were triggered by military operations.

Ngala: Seventy-three (73) new arrivals were recorded in Ngala LGA of Borno State. All arrived from Auno/Chobbol ward in Konduga LGA of Borno State. All movements were triggered by family re-unification.

[§]This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by International Organization for Migration.

[§]New arrivals registered by LGA.

Table 1. Details of new arrivals by location.

Arrival location			Movement location			Number of individuals
State	LGA	Ward	State	LGA	Ward	
Adamawa	Fufore	Pariya	Adamawa	Song	Song Waje	31
				Yola South	Adarawo	26
	Girei	Damare	Adamawa	Yola North	Limawa	31
				Yola South	Makama 'B'	26
	Gombi	Guyaku	Borno	Fufore	Ribadu	34
				Askira/Uba	Wamdeo/Giwi	130
	Mayo - Belwa	Mayo - Belwa	Taraba	Zing	Zing Ai	21
		Mayo Farang				16
	Michika	Jigalambu	Borno	Askira/Uba	Husara/Tampul	22
		Michika I	Adamawa	Demsa	Demsa	17
		Minkisi/ Wuro Ngiki		Girei	Jera Bonyo	35
	Yola North	Jambutu	Adamawa	Yola South	Bole Yolde Pate	24
		Limawa		Demsa	Dilli	8
	Yola South	Ngurore	Adamawa	Numan	Numan I	10
Madagali				Madagali	11	
Borno	Askira/Uba	Askira East	Bauchi	Bauchi	Birshi/Miri	5
		Chul / Rumirgo	Adamawa	Girei	Girei I	12
		Lassa		Ganye	Gamu	15
		Zadawa/Hausari	Borno	Damboa	Mulgwai/Kopchi	8
	Bama	Shehuri/Hausari/Mairi	Borno	Bama	Dipchari/Jere/Dar-Jamal/Kotembe	16
					Mbuliya/Goniri/Siraja	39
					Yabiri Kura/Yabiri Gana/Chongolo	31
	Dikwa	Dikwa Central	Borno	Dikwa	Ngudoram	128
					Sogoma/Afuye	28
					Ufaye/Gujile	111
	Gubio	Gubio I	Borno	Mobbar	Layi	39
	Gwoza	Gwoza Wakane/Bulabulin	Borno	Gwoza	Gawa/Agapalwa	5
		Pulka/Bokko			Johode/Chikide/Kughum	9
	Kaga	Benisheikh	Borno	Kaga	Borgozo	47
Kala Balge	Rann A	Cameroon	Marwa	Kusuri	11	
Monguno	Monguno	Borno	Kukawa	Alagarno	54	
Ngala	Ngala	Borno	Konduga	Auno/Chabbol	73	

MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY OF THE NEW ARRIVALS (CHILDREN 6 — 59 MONTHS)

Between 04 and 10 December 2023, an exhaustive nutrition screening using Mid-Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 163 children of 6-59 months. Of the 163 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 10 children were recorded in the red category, 25 children in the yellow category and 128 children in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the seven LGAs assessed.

Among the 163 children screened, 25 arrived from neighbouring countries (25 in Mobbar); of all the 25 children measured; 18 were in green, seven were in yellow and none in red. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted in the treatment programme.

Please note, the data presented above are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

LGA	Breakdown of MUAC reading by category						Total
	Green (≥12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	22	0	5	0	4	0	31
Dikwa	0	57	0	10	0	6	73
Gwoza	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
Kala Balge	0	1	0	2	0	0	3
Mobbar	0	18	0	7	0	0	25
Monguno	11	0	1	0	0	0	12
Ngala	0	15	0	0	0	0	15
Total	37	91	6	19	4	6	163

■ Nourished
 ■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)
 ■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

LIMITATIONS

The Energy Tracking Tool (ETT) figures reported are not cumulative of all the affected persons thus far, but rather provide a snapshot of the current displacement situation on the date indicated. The data and information reported on this dashboard are related solely to the movements caused by the above listed triggers between 04 - 10 December.

When quoting, paraphrasing, or in any way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) of the International Organization for Migration, Nigeria Mission, December 2023".

For more information or to report an alert, please contact: DTM Nigeria: iomnigeriadtm@iom.int : <https://dtm.iom.int/nigeria>