



(234) DAYS
From the start of the conflict

5,340,863 Displaced Individuals ↑ 47,241

1,063,273 IDP households ↑ 9,561

1,437,874 Mixed Cross-Border Movement ↑ 19,619

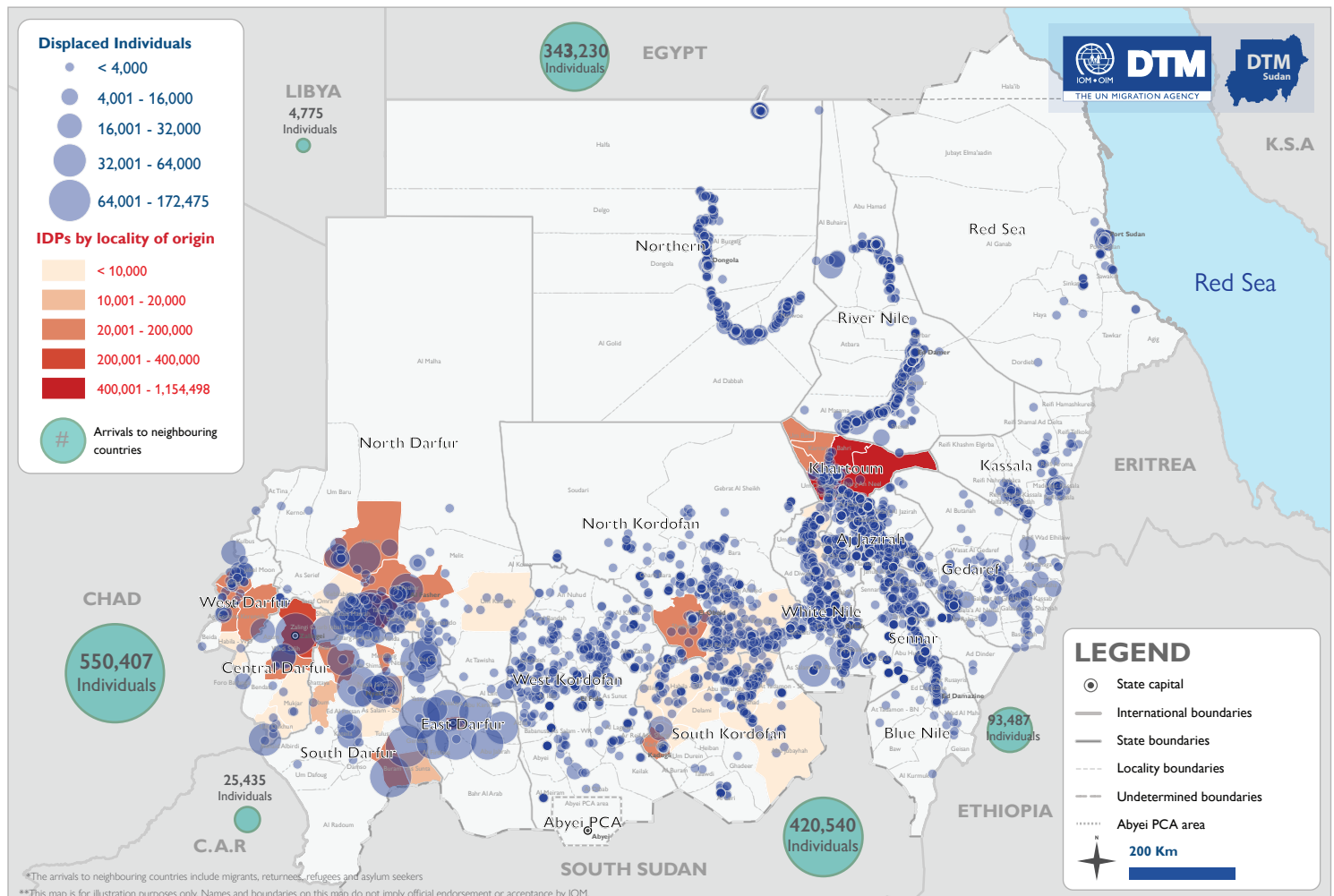
Overview

From 15 April 2023, armed clashes erupted between the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF). As a result of the military clashes, DTM Sudan estimates that 5,340,863 Individuals (1,063,273 Households) have been recently internally displaced. The IDP caseload has been observed in 5,742 locations across all of Sudan's 18 states.*

The highest proportions of IDPs have been observed across South Darfur (12.83%), River Nile (11.46%), East Darfur (11.29%), Aj Jazirah (8.84%), and North Darfur (8.19%). Field teams reported that the IDPs observed were originally displaced from ten states. The majority (3,459,935, 64.79%) were reportedly displaced from Khartoum state; followed by South Darfur (16.14%), North Darfur (8.73%), Central Darfur (4.37%), West Darfur (3.52%), East Darfur (1.20%), South Kordofan (0.66%), North Kordofan (0.54%), White Nile (0.04%), and Aj Jazirah (0.01%).

DTM Sudan also estimates that approximately 2.27% of the IDP caseload are non-Sudanese nationals.**

In addition to the internal displacement, the conflict in Sudan has caused the Mixed Cross-Border Movements of 1,437,874 individuals into neighbouring countries namely Egypt, Libya, Chad, Central African Republic, South Sudan and Ethiopia. 63% of arrivals tracked in those countries were Sudanese nationals and 37% estimated foreign nationals and returnees. The majority of arrivals were reported in Chad (38.3%), South Sudan (29.2%), and Egypt (23.9%).*** For more granular information on the humanitarian and displacement context, please see DTM Sudan's [DTM's Monthly Displacement Overview 03](#).

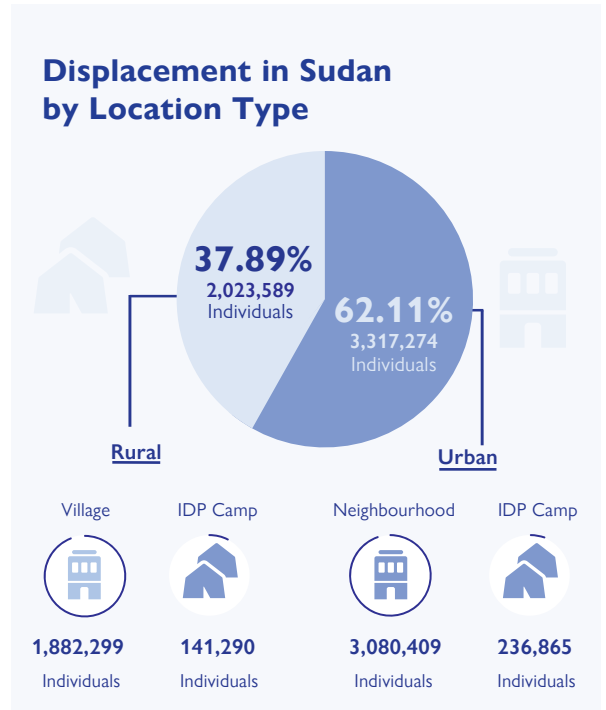
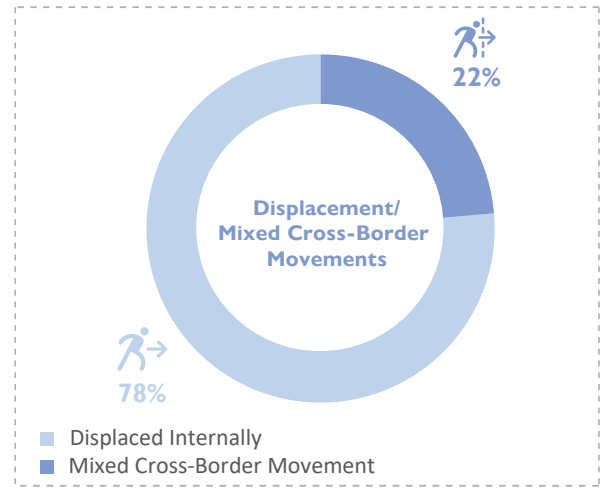


Map 1: Displacement across Sudan and into neighbouring countries since 15 April 2023.

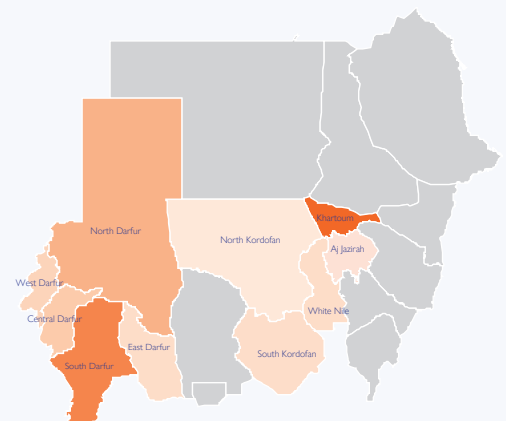
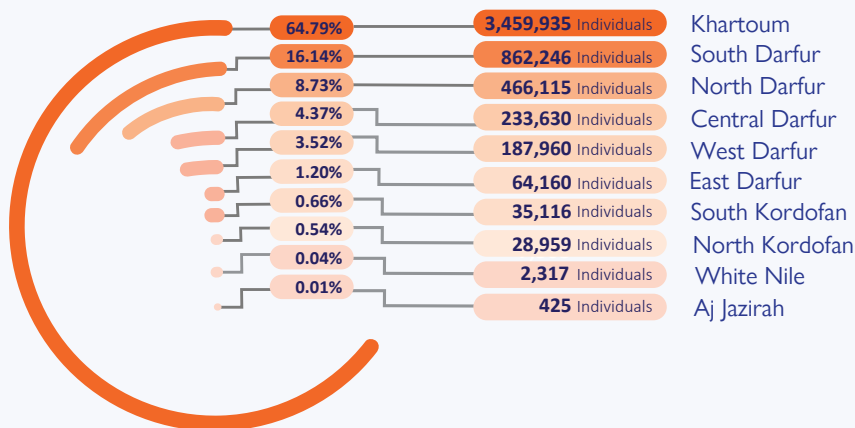
*The data from many locations has been gathered with the co-ordination of the Humanitarian Aid Commission.
 **Field teams collect information on the displacement of foreign nationals in Sudan regardless of whether those individuals have sought international protection or not. Due to the ongoing operational limitations, DTM is currently unable to distinguish between those who have sought asylum and are registered as refugee and those who are not.
 ***According to the last available update from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs as of 19 October 2023.

States of Displacement	MDO 03 1-Dec-2023	Snapshot12 05-Dec-2023	Difference	% Total IDPs	Number of locations
Aj Jazirah	445,565	472,384	26,819 ↑	8.84%	1,331
Blue Nile	56,682	57,137	455 ↑	1.07%	93
Central Darfur	354,795	355,090	295 ↑	6.65%	20
East Darfur	602,455	603,205	750 ↑	11.29%	20
Gedaref	275,286	278,216	2,930 ↑	5.21%	235
Kassala	115,857	118,607	2,750 ↑	2.22%	149
Khartoum	41,538	39,188	2,350 ↓	0.73%	103
North Darfur	430,048	437,538	7,490 ↑	8.19%	101
North Kordofan	119,734	120,767	1,033 ↑	2.26%	447
Northern	353,203	357,159	3,956 ↑	6.69%	321
Red Sea	129,785	124,265	5,520 ↓	2.33%	114
River Nile	611,892	612,093	201 ↑	11.46%	702
Sennar	348,979	348,599	380 ↓	6.53%	325
South Darfur	680,523	684,923	4,400 ↑	12.83%	39
South Kordofan	101,971	101,903	68 ↓	1.91%	346
West Darfur	120,640	121,110	470 ↑	2.27%	34
West Kordofan	74,122	74,904	782 ↑	1.40%	479
White Nile	430,547	433,775	3,228 ↑	8.12%	883
Total	5,293,622	5,340,863	47,241	100.00%	5,742

Table 1: Overview of displacement by state



States of Origin



Disclaimer: DTM Sudan is a suite of methodological tools which aims to track and monitor displacement. DTM collects primary data, with a focus on providing best estimates for support of the wider humanitarian community. DTM Sudan notes that military clashes remain continuous in many areas across Sudan. As such, DTM is currently collecting data through a dual combination of face-to-face and remote interviews with key informants across its network. Data on flows into neighbouring countries is based on available information from DTM flow monitoring networks and secondary sources. Figures should be treated as preliminary findings only and are subject to change via future verification exercises.

Shelter Categories (by households)

States	Camps	Host Communities	Rented Accommodations	Improvised / Critical Shelters	Schools or Other Public Buildings	Open Area Informal Settlements
Aj Jazirah 91,729	-	65.63% 60,203	5.19% 4,759	0.07% 65	27.11% 24,865	2.00% 1,837
Blue Nile 11,419	-	65.50% 7,480	34.50% 3,939	-	-	-
Central Darfur 71,018	20.46% 14,527	33.73% 23,954	-	1.24% 880	10.70% 7,600	33.87% 24,057
East Darfur 120,621	0.37% 444	85.57% 103,213	2.01% 2,426	2.49% 3,000	8.27% 9,978	1.29% 1,560
Gedaref 55,417	2.63% 1,457	71.37% 39,553	21.32% 11,816	-	4.67% 2,588	0.01% 3
Kassala 23,731	-	74.62% 17,709	22.37% 5,308	-	1.81% 430	1.20% 284
Khartoum 7,830	-	67.97% 5,322	27.92% 2,186	-	4.11% 322	-
North Darfur 87,477	20.35% 17,807	42.58% 37,245	0.30% 263	2.02% 1,764	9.79% 8,567	24.96% 21,831
North Kordofan 23,642	-	93.77% 22,169	0.41% 96	0.63% 149	4.65% 1,100	0.54% 128
Northern 71,951	-	85.18% 61,291	6.35% 4,569	-	8.47% 6,091	-
Red Sea 24,866	-	50.24% 12,496	32.89% 8,178	2.15% 534	11.80% 2,933	2.92% 725
River Nile 122,162	-	75.65% 92,421	17.13% 20,923	0.21% 261	5.75% 7,022	1.26% 1,535
Sennar 69,622	-	78.16% 54,417	18.78% 13,070	-	2.19% 1,528	0.87% 607
South Darfur 136,983	17.97% 24,614	39.21% 53,706	-	2.25% 3,080	35.44% 48,545	5.13% 7,038
South Kordofan 19,851	-	91.12% 18,089	0.47% 93	-	6.02% 1,195	2.39% 474
West Darfur 24,222	-	48.66% 11,787	-	1.24% 300	45.55% 11,034	4.55% 1,101
West Kordofan 14,753	-	97.43% 14,374	1.08% 160	-	0.69% 101	0.80% 118
White Nile 85,979	19.52% 16,782	60.31% 51,855	8.99% 7,728	-	10.32% 8,872	0.86% 742
GRAND TOTAL	7.11% 75,631	64.65% 687,284	8.04% 85,514	0.94% 10,033	13.43% 142,771	5.83% 62,040

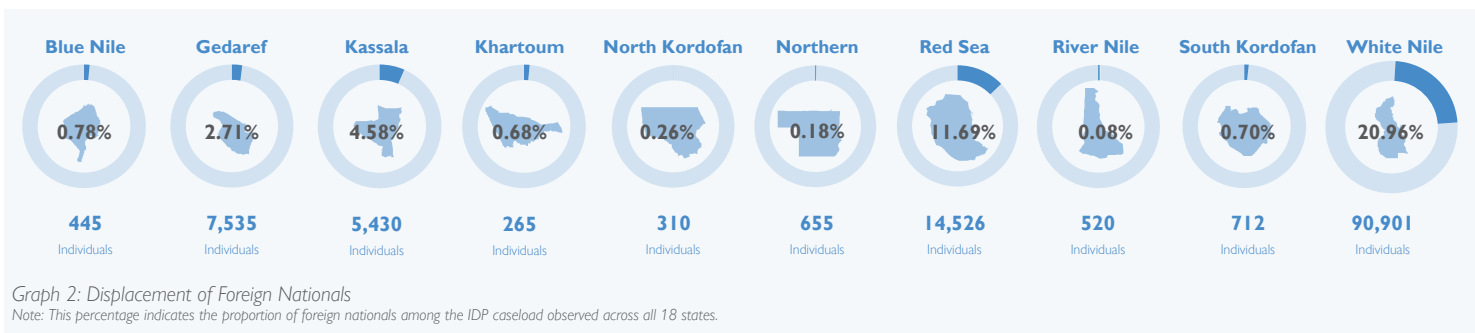
Total Households: 1,063,273

Displacement of Foreign Nationals within Sudan


 **121,299** **2.27%**¹
individuals

From the total reported IDP caseload, field teams indicated that 121,299 individuals are foreign nationals (approximately 2.27% of total IDPs across Sudan). These individuals are located across the following locations, in descending order of the number of foreign nationals: White Nile, Red Sea, Gedaref, Kassala, South Kordofan, Northern, River Nile, Blue Nile, North Kordofan, and Khartoum.

DTM estimates that the IDP caseload in the remaining states are all Sudanese nationals. The majority of foreign nationals (90,901 IDPs) are located in White Nile state – where they constitute 20.96% of the IDP caseload in that state. In comparison, foreign nationals constitute smaller proportions of the observed caseload in Red Sea (11.69%), Kassala (4.58%), Gedaref (2.71%), Blue Nile (0.78%), South Kordofan (0.70%), Khartoum (0.68%), North Kordofan (0.26%), Northern (0.18%), and River Nile (0.08%).

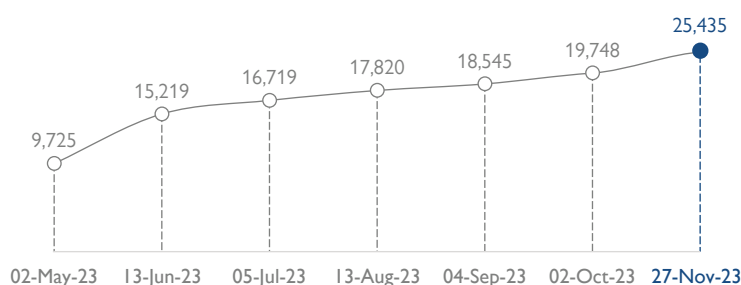
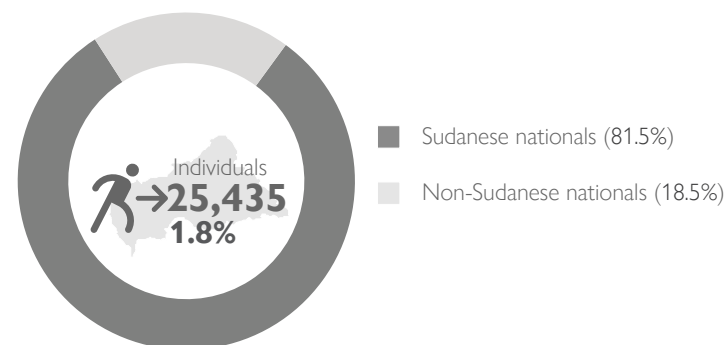


Mixed Cross-Border Movement

 **1,437,874**
Mixed Cross-Border Movement

Since the onset of the conflict on April 15, 2023, DTM has noted substantial mixed cross-border movements involving both Sudanese and foreign nationals (including returnees). Field teams report that such these movements have proved challenging for communities to undertake. Security concerns, such as the both the direct implication of military clashes or following the breakdown in law and order in many areas, as well as steep fuel and transportation costs, and environmental events (for example flooding during the 2023 rainy season) have all impacted options for travel domestically and into neighbouring countries.

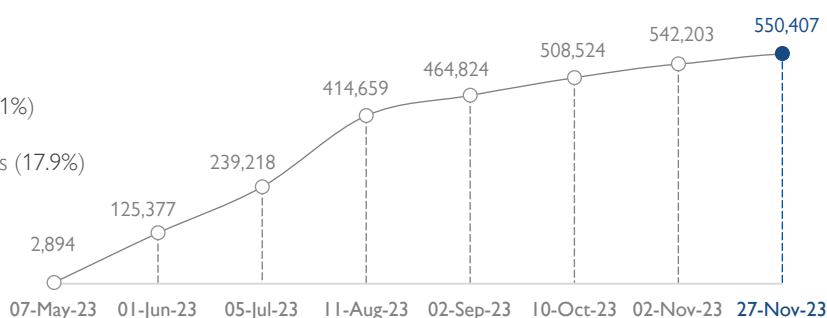
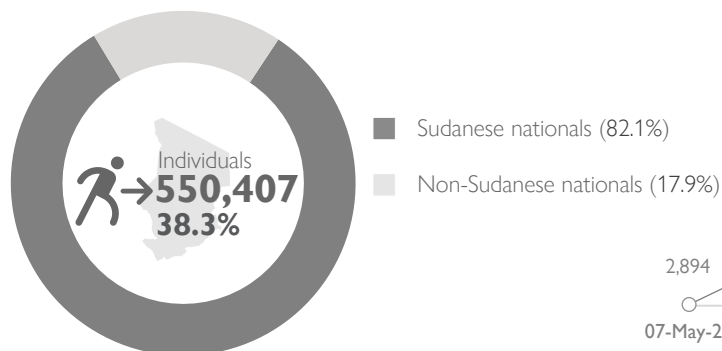
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC



Source: IOM, UNHCR, National Commission for Refugees (CNR)

Graph 3: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Central African Republic

CHAD²



Source: IOM, UNHCR

Graph 4: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Chad

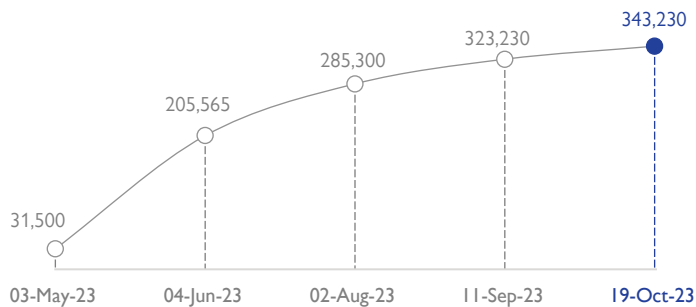
1. This percentage indicates the proportion of foreign nationals observed across all 18 states.

2. For more information on Mixed Cross Border Movement to Chad, please visit [DTM Chad website](https://dtm.iom.int/sudan).

EGYPT¹

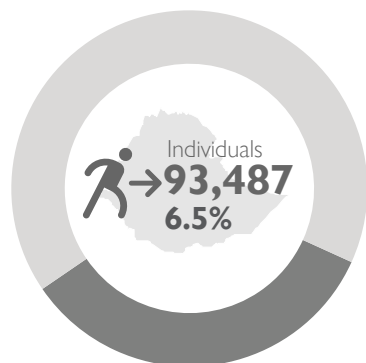


Source: Ministry of Foreign Affairs

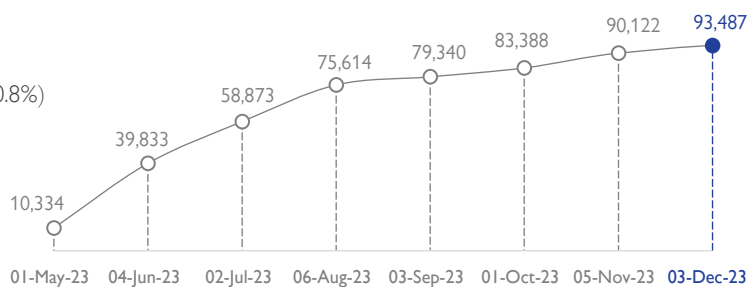


Graph 5: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Egypt

ETHIOPIA²

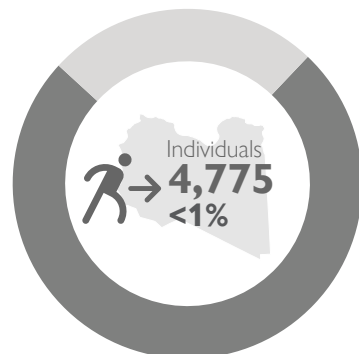


Source: IOM

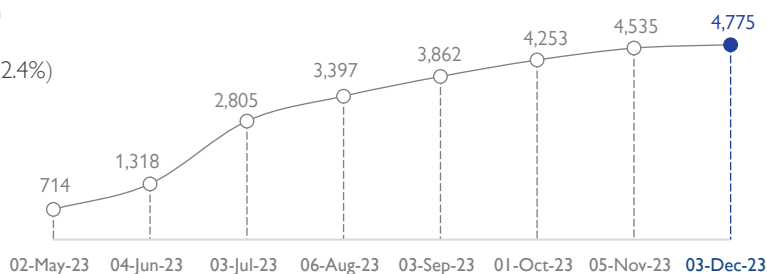


Graph 6: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Ethiopia

LIBYA



Source: IOM

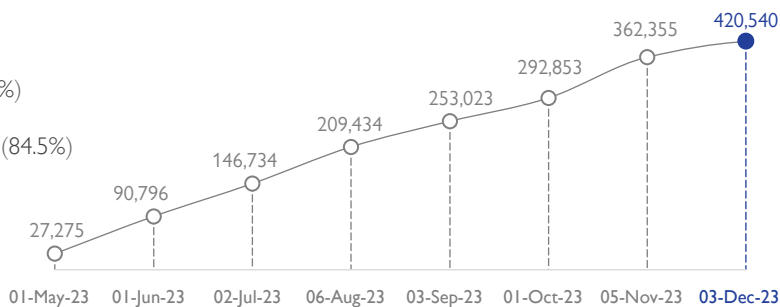


Graph 7: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Libya

SOUTH SUDAN³



Source: IOM, UNHCR



Graph 8: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into South Sudan

1. According to the last available update from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs as of 19 October 2023

2. For more information on Mixed-Cross Border Movement to Ethiopia, please visit [Population Movement from Sudan to the East and Horn of Africa Dashboard](#).

3. For more information on Mixed-Cross Border Movement to South Sudan, please visit [Population Movement from Sudan to South Sudan Dashboard](#).



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Disclaimer

The figures for Egypt have been provided by the Egyptian Foreign Ministry. All remaining figures for cross-border movement has been provided by DTM country focal points. Data is collected through DTM field teams , partners and national authorities. The data collection is based on DTM's flow monitoring and event tracking methodology.

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