YEMEN IDP DASHBOARD | REPORTING PERIOD: 19 TO 25 NOVEMBER 2023



IOM Yemen DTM's Rapid Displacement Tracking (RDT) tool collects data on estimated numbers of households forced to flee on a daily basis from their locations of habitual residence or displacement, allowing for regular reporting of new displacements<sup>1</sup> in terms of estimated numbers, causes of displacement, geography and needs. It also tracks IDP returnees who returned to their location of habitual residence.

Between 19 and 25 November 2023, IOM Yemen DTM tracked 42 households (HHs) (252 individuals)<sup>2</sup> who experienced displacement at least once.

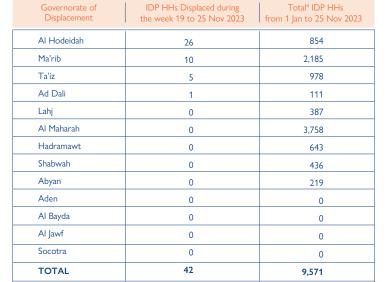
Safety and security concerns as a result of the conflict were the main reason for displacement, accounting for 83 per cent (35 HHs) of the total followed by economic reasons related to conflict, accounting for 17 per cent (7 HHs).

From 1 January to 25 November 2023, IOM Yemen DTM tracked 9,571 households<sup>3</sup> (57,426 Individuals) who experienced displacement at least once.

Displacement in Yemen refers to the 13 governorates where IOM DTM's team has access, namely: Abyan, Ad Dali', Aden, Al Bayda, Al Hodeidah, Al Jawf, Al Maharah, Hadramawt, Lahj, Ma'rib, Shabwah, Socotra, Ta'iz.

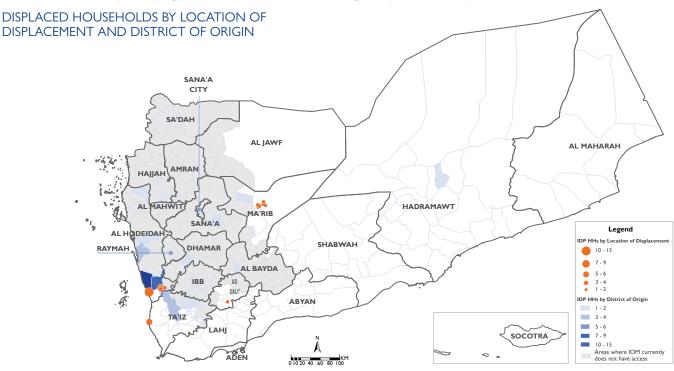
2. IOM DTM estimates that one household represents six individuals.

3. Please note that further additions to previous reporting periods can be reflected in cumulative totals without being individually addressed in narrative reports.

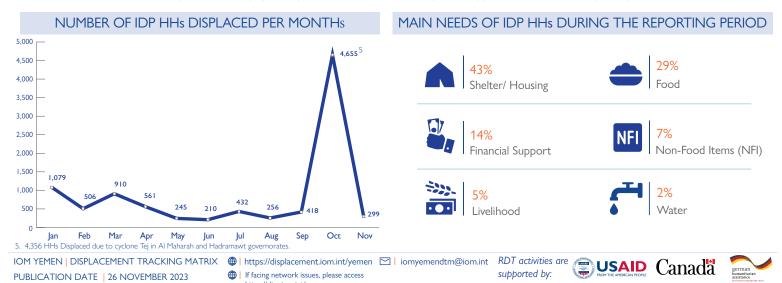


Returnee HHs

4. New arrivals recorded by IOM DTM within the reporting period. This does not necessarily represent the exact total increase of HHs due to an unknown number of instances of multiple displacements and/or return



Disclaimer: This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.



https://dtm.iom.int/yemen