

## **EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)**

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

### ETT Report: No. 75 | 10 - 17 July 2018

# Movements

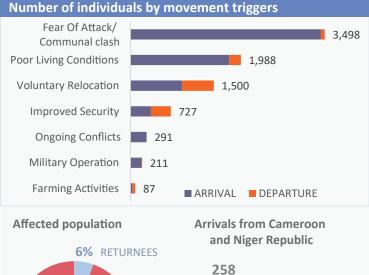
Arrivals:
7,035 individuals
Departures:
1,267 individuals

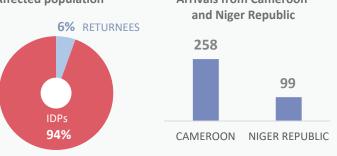
**New Arrival Screening by Nutrition Partners** 

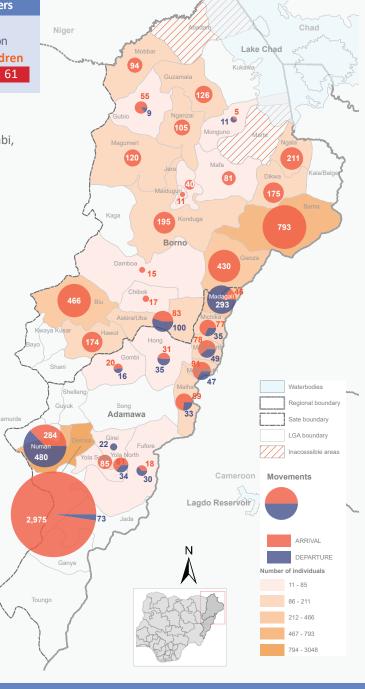
Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition MUAC Category of screened children Green: 219 Yellow: 94 Red: 61

Within the period of 10 – 17 July 2018, a total of 8,302 movements were recorded, including 7,035 arrivals and 1,267 departures at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Chibok, Damboa, Demsa, Dikwa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Gubio, Guzamala, Gwoza, Hawul, Hong, Jere, Konduga, Madagali, Mafa, Magumeri, Maiduguri, Maiha, Michika, Mobbar, Monguno, Mubi-North, Mubi-South, Ngala, Nganzai, Numan, Yola-North And Yola-South Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Adamawa and Borno States.

Assessments identified the following main triggers of movements: fear of attacks/communal clash (42%), poor living conditions (24%), voluntary relocation (18%), improved security (9%), ongoing conflict (3%), military operations (3%) and farming activities (1%).







### **Summary of major movements**

**DEMSA:** 2,975 arrivals and 73 departures were recorded in Demsa LGA of Adamawa State. These include 1,562 arrivals at Borrong ward of Demsa from surrounding wards (Luru, Tikka and Sabon Pegi); 1,400 arrivals at Kpasham ward of Demsa LGA from Lau in Taraba State; 13 arrivals at Nassarawo ward of Demsa from Borrong ward of Demsa; and 73 individuals who left Borrong/Kpasham wards of Demsa for Yola-South/Yola-North LGAs. Movements in these areas were due to fear of attacks and ongoing communal clash involving farmers and nomadic herdsmen in the region, which has since escalated with the rainy/farming season.

**BAMA:** 793 arrivals were recorded in Gwoza LGA of Borno State. These include 597 arrivals at GSSSS Camp and 196 arrivals at Banki Camp from surrounding wards. The main movement triggers include poor living conditions and voluntary relocation.

**NUMAN:** 284 arrivals and 480 departures were recorded at Numan LGA of Adamawa State. The arrivals include 134 individuals from Lau LGA of Taraba State, 78 individuals from Demsa LGA, 68 individuals from Bolki/Bare ward of Numan LGA and 4 individuals from Yola-South LGA. The arrivals were due to fear of attacks and ongoing communal clash in Demsa LGA and its surroundings, however, 480 individuals subsequently left Numan LGA to return to Demsa after the panic subsided.

**BIU:** 466 arrivals were recorded at Yawi ward of Biu LGA in Borno State. These include 246 arrivals from Damboa and 204 arrivals from Buratai ward of Biu LGA. The movements were voluntary.

#### New Arrival Malnutrition Screening Summary (children 6-59 months)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by UNICEF staff for 374 children of 6-59 months. Of the 374 children screened, the MUAC reading for 61 children were in the Red category, 94 were in the Yellow category and 219 were measured in the Green category.

Out of the total number of children screened, 255 were from inaccessible areas, 64 were from accessible areas and the rest from neighboring countries (including 49 from Cameroon & 6 from Niger Republic).

The results also indicate that the proportion of children with severe acute malnutrition (MUAC red) is slightly higher among children coming from inaccessible areas compared to those coming from accessible areas or neighbouring countries. All children found with severe acute malnutrition have been admitted in the treatment programme. Please note, these are not assessment/surveillance results and should not be used as such.

	Green	Yellow	Red	
LGA	(≥12.5cm)	(11.5 cm - 12.5cm)	(<11.5cm)/Oedema	Total
Bama	101	40	23	164
Dikwa	13	6	10	29
Gubio	0	1	0	1
Gwoza	58	31	16	105
Mafa	0	2	4	6
Mobbar	31	8	0	39
Ngala	16	6	8	30
Total	219	94	61	374

	Green	Yellow	Red	
Area	(≥12.5cm)	(11.5 cm - 12.5cm)	(<11.5cm)/Oedema	Total
In-Accessible	152	60	43	255
Neighboring Countries	31	16	8	55
Accessible	36	18	10	64
Total	219	94	61	374
Properly nourished	Moderate (MAM)	e Acute Malnutrition	Severe Acute (SAM)	Malnutrition

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival/departure - only movements with more than 40 persons are listed below

	Trackir	ng location		Arriving from/Depart	rting to	Moveme	nt Details
State	LGA	Ward	State	LGA	Ward	Arrival	Departure
MUBI S	DEMSA	BORRONG	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	LURU	1,530	-
		KPASHAM	TARABA	LAU	MAYOLOPE	1,400	-
	MADAGALI	MADAGALI	BORNO	GWOZA	BULABULIN/WAKANE	-	255
	MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	BORNO	GWOZA	BULABULIN/WAKANE	-	47
	NUMAN	GAMADIO	ADAMAWA	NUMAN	BOLKI	52	-
		INBURU	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	TIKKA	-	465
		NUMAN	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	KPASHAM	51	-
		SABON PEGE	TARABA	LAU	MAYOLOPE	134	-
	YOLA SOUTH	BOLE/YILDE PATI	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	BORONG	80	-
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	MUSSA	BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	UBA	-	48
	BAMA	BUDUWA	BORNO	BAMA	KOTEA KUMSHE	45	-
					KUMSHE, ANDARA	67	-
		SHEHURI	BORNO	BAMA	DARAJAMAL	335	-
					SOYE	235	-
	BIU	YAWI	BORNO	BIU	BURATAI	204	-
				DAMBOA	MARGHI	246	-
	DIKWA	DIKWA CENTRAL	BORNO	DIKWA	AFUYE	55	-
				NGALA	WARSHELE	43	-
	GUZAMALA	GOWURAM	BORNO	GUZAMALA	KINGARWA	53	-
		MAIRARI	BORNO	MONGUNO	MONGUNO	43	-
	GWOZA	BULABULIN/WAKANE	BORNO	GWOZA	WALA/WARABE/DURE	40	-
		PULKA/BOKKO	BORNO	BAMA	BUDUWA	84	-
				GWOZA	CHIKIDE	40	-
KC M M M			CAMEROON	MARWA (CAMEROON)	KIRAWA	107	-
	HAWUL	GEIME DOMCHABA	BORNO	DAMBOA	AJIKIN	63	-
		KOYA BURA	YOBE	GEIDAM	KALGERI	45	-
		KWAJAFFA HARRANG	ADAMAWA	MUBI SOUTH	GASHIKA	42	-
	KONDUGA	MAILARI/GAMBARI	BORNO	KONDUGA	DALWA	91	-
	MAFA	MAFA	BORNO	MAFA	GAWA	75	-
	MAGUMERI	GAJIGANNA 1	BORNO	KONDUGA	AUNO	48	-
	MOBBAR	DAMASAK	NIGER REPUBLIC	DIFFA (NIGER REPUBLIC)	SHETTIMARI	94	-
	NGALA	NGALA	CAMEROON	MARWA (CAMEROON)	WARO	116	-
	NGANZAI	GAJIRAM	BORNO	NGANZAI	ALARGE	48	-

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

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