

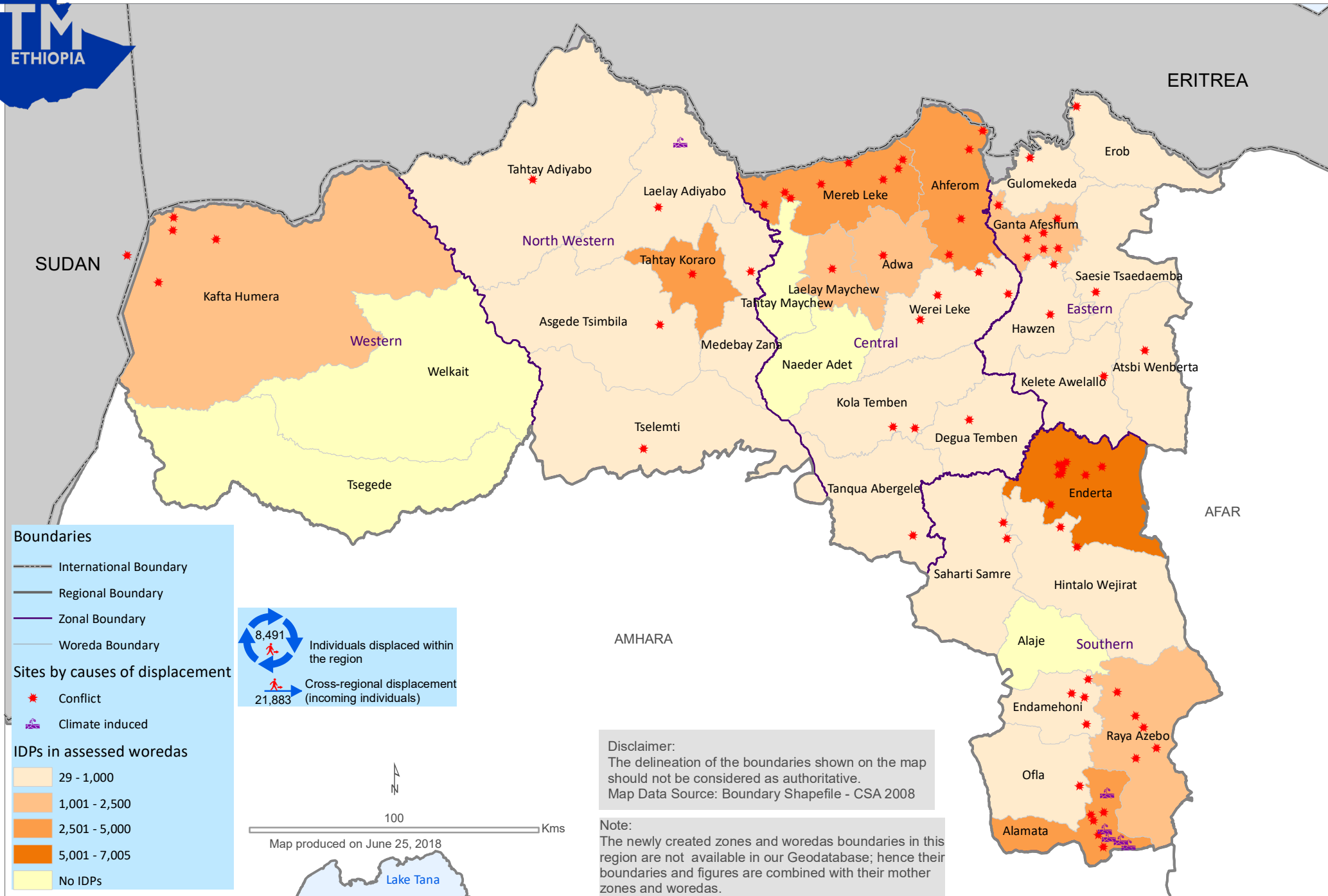


**DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY, ETHIOPIA**  
**ROUND 11: MAY/JUNE 2018**  
*Summary of key findings*  
**DATE OF PUBLICATION: 15 JULY 2018**



Funded by  
European Union  
Humanitarian Aid

# DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY, ETHIOPIA ROUND 11: MAY/JUNE 2018



**Boundaries**

- International Boundary
- Regional Boundary
- Zonal Boundary
- Woreda Boundary

**Sites by causes of displacement**

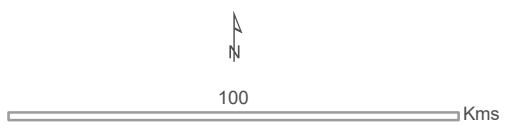
- Conflict
- Climate induced

**IDPs in assessed woredas**

- 29 - 1,000
- 1,001 - 2,500
- 2,501 - 5,000
- 5,001 - 7,005
- No IDPs

8,491  
Individuals displaced within the region

21,883  
Cross-regional displacement (incoming individuals)



**Disclaimer:**  
The delineation of the boundaries shown on the map should not be considered as authoritative.  
Map Data Source: Boundary Shapefile - CSA 2008

**Note:**  
The newly created zones and woredas boundaries in this region are not available in our Geodatabase; hence their boundaries and figures are combined with their mother zones and woredas.



## DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY REGION ETHIOPIA ROUND 11: MAY - JUNE 2018

### TIGRAY REGION - KEY FINDINGS

**LOCATION AND CAUSE OF DISPLACEMENT:** 30,374 displaced individuals comprising 10,994 households in 81 displacement sites were identified in Tigray region. These figures represent an increase of 262 in the total individuals (+0.87%) an increase of 102 households (+0.94%) and an increase of 3 sites (+3.85%) since round 10 (March/April 2018). 9.88% sites opened in 2017 and 18.52% opened in 2018. Conflict was the primary cause of displacement for an estimated 95% of the displaced population.

**DEMOGRAPHICS:** 46% of displaced individuals were female and 54% were male. 46% were younger than 18 years old. 4% were over 60 years old.

**SHELTER:** 1 sites reported that over 25% of households were living in shelters that were below regional and cultural standards.

**WASH:** None of the identified sites meet SPHERE standards of access to over 15 liters of water per person per day. 24 (30%) displacement sites reported having no latrines.

**FOOD, NUTRITION AND LIVELIHOODS:** 8 (10%) sites, representing 1324 individuals, reported no access to food. 91% of sites reported that IDPs did not have access to income generating activities.

**HEALTH:** Malaria was the primary health concern in this round of data collection with 27 sites reporting this.

**EDUCATION:** In 9% of sites 50% or less of the children on site are attending formal primary school. Formal primary school education is available at 79 sites. Alternative basic education (ABE) is available at 0 sites.

**COMMUNICATION:** 57% of sites reported that Authorities were IDPs primary source of information followed by Local Leader at 42% of sites. Figure 1 shows IDP numbers disaggregated by cause over time.

### TIGRAY REGION IN CONTEXT

*During this reporting period, conflict incidents relating to the Ethio-Eritrea border conflict were reported in Mereb Leke, Ahferom and Gulomekeda Woredas. Key informants and site management agency officials claimed that there was a gunfire exchange between the two armies which affected the security of the communities. There were also reports of kidnappings within the IDP youth community possibly perpetrated by rebel fighters and armed forces from Eritrea. In addition to incidents relating to the border conflict, Mekelle, Southern, North western and Eastern Zones hosted the highest number of IDPs displaced due to social tensions.*

*Southern Zone, in particular Raya Alamata Woreda, was heavily affected by both seasonal and flash floods during this round of data collection. Drought was also a driver of displacement in this round, affecting the North-Western Zone. It was reported that in Laelay Adiyabo Woreda located adjacent to the border of Eritrea, individuals were displaced to the Mereb River with their livestock in search a viable water source.*

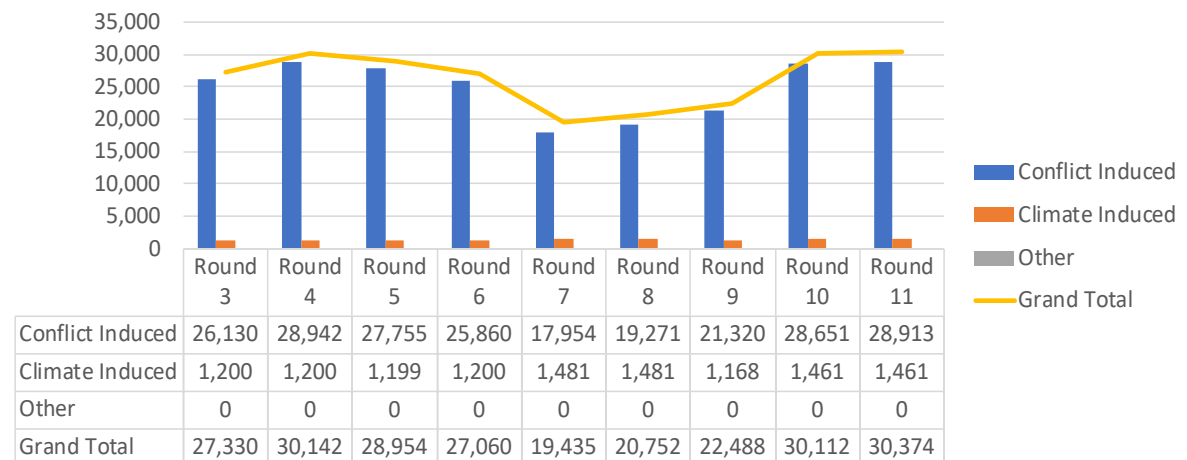


Figure 1: IDPs by cause of displacement by round



## DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY REGION ETHIOPIA ROUND 11: MAY - JUNE 2018

### MOBILITY TRENDS AND CAUSE OF DISPLACEMENT

At 53 of the 81 sites new IDP arrivals were recorded in 2018 while at 6 sites the last new arrivals were observed in 2017. 18.52% of all sites identified opened in 2018 while 9.88% opened between January and December 2017. 71.60% of sites opened before 2017.

Figure 2 shows the number of IDPs displaced by zone and cause of displacement. Figure 3 shows the distribution of IDPs by driver of displacement and time of displacement.

27.95% of IDPs in the region are internally displaced from the region, within the region. Of the IDPs displaced within the region, 27.95% were displaced within their zone of origin.

4.00% (1,216) of IDPs had reportedly been previously displaced. IDPs from 3 (4%) sites were leaving the site. Of these, IDPs from 0 sites were going to the nearest village and IDPs from 0 sites intended to return to their place of origin.

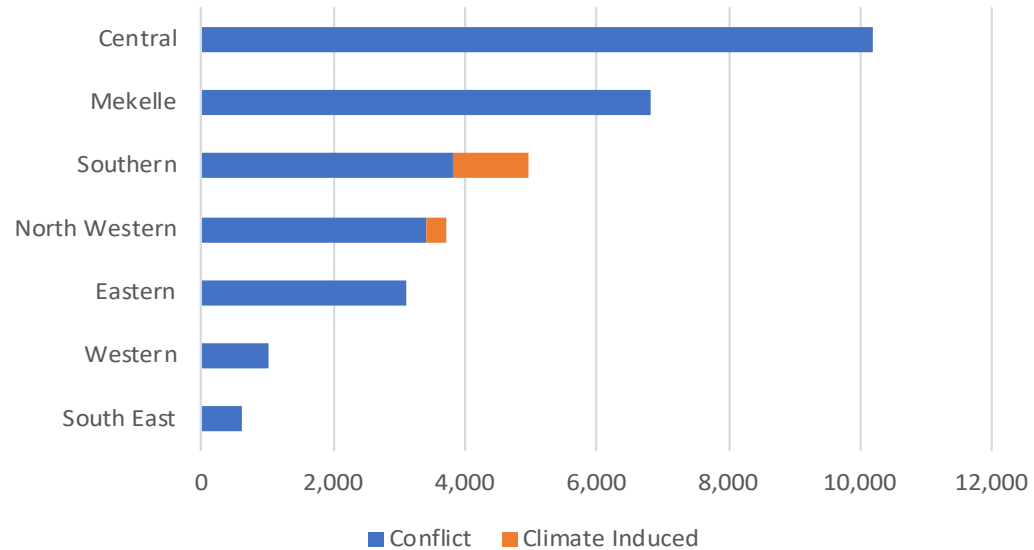


Figure 2: IDPs displaced by zone and cause of displacement

	In 2018	In 2017	Before 2017
Conflict	1,365	1,013	26,535
Natural Disaster	293	445	723

Figure 3: Distribution of IDPs by cause of displacement and time of displacement



# DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY REGION ETHIOPIA

## ROUND 11: MAY - JUNE 2018

### DURABLE SOLUTIONS, VOULNERABILITIES AND DEMOGRAPHICS

At 96.30% of sites IDPs foresaw a resolution to their displacement, while IDPs at 2.47% of sites did not. At the remaining sites key informants either did not know (1.23%), or were not asked the question in a previous round.

At 85.19% of sites IDPs prefer reintegration as a durable solution to their displacement while 14.81% of sites reported that IDPs prefer relocation.

Figure 4 shows the percentage of sites reporting various obstacles to returns, while figure 5 shows the support IDPs need to return or reintegrate.

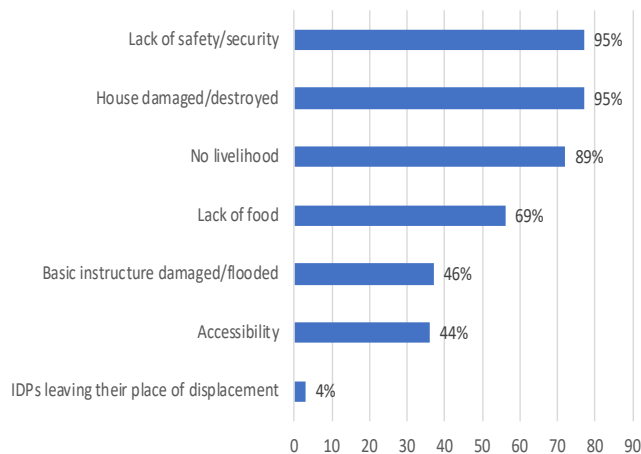


Figure 4: % Sites reporting obstacles to return

The demographic breakdown is shown in figure 6. Individuals with specific vulnerabilities were also reported at displacement sites and are represented in figure 7.

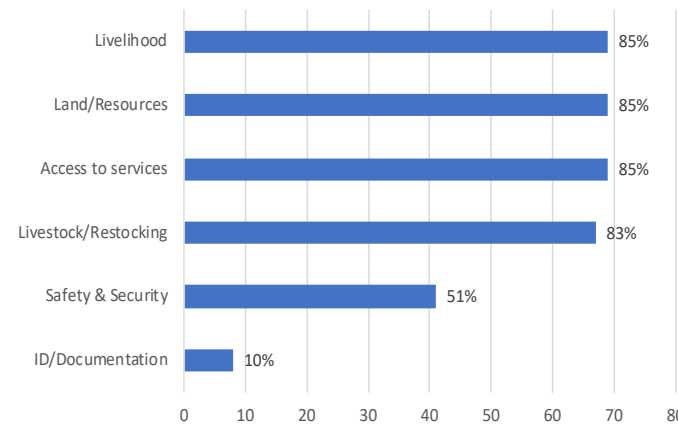


Figure 5: % Sites by support needed to return or reintegrate

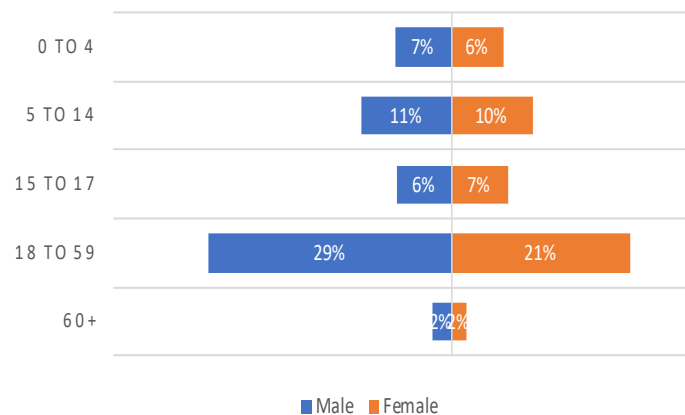


Figure 6: Demographic breakdown

Vulnerabilities	Individuals
Breastfeeding Mothers #	1,252
Child headed Households	7
Elderly headed Households	513
Elderly Persons without care givers	202
Members of ethnic minorities #	0
Members of religious minorities #	0
Orphaned Children	102
Persons w/ Chronic Diseases/Serious Medical Conditions	292
Persons w/ Disabilities # over 18	261
Persons w/ Disabilities # under 18	102
Pregnant girls # under 18	11
Pregnant Women # over 18	521
Separated Children	85
Single-female headed Households	1,062
Single-male headed Households	2,155
Unaccompanied Children	5
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>6,570</b>

Figure 7: Voulnerable populations



## DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY REGION ETHIOPIA

### ROUND 11: MAY - JUNE 2018

#### Round 10 - 11 Comparison Table

INCREASE	NEW
DECREASE	UNCOVERED/CLOSED
NO CHANGE	

Zone	Woreda	Displacement Reason	Round 10			% change in estimated # of HHs	Round 11		
			HHs	Individuals	Sites		HHs	Individuals	Sites
Central	Abiyadi	Conflict	275	522	1	NO CHANGE	275	527	1
Central	Adwa	Conflict	669	1,176	1	+4.19%	697	1,215	1
Central	Ahferom	Conflict	683	3,892	4	+0.29%	685	3,894	4
Central	Axum	Conflict	734	1,517	1	+0.95%	741	1,526	1
Central	Kola Temben	Conflict	51	70	1	NO CHANGE	51	70	1
Central	Mereb Leke	Conflict	576	2,664	8	+0.35%	578	2,645	8
Central	Tanqua Abergele	Conflict	30	55	1	NO CHANGE	30	55	1
Central	Werei Leke	Conflict	117	265	4	+4.27%	122	251	4
<b>Central Total</b>			<b>3,135</b>	<b>10,161</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>+1.40%</b>	<b>3,179</b>	<b>10,183</b>	<b>21</b>
Eastern	Adigrat Town	Conflict	549	893	1	NO CHANGE	549	893	1
Eastern	Atsbi Wenberta	Conflict	-	-	-	NO CHANGE	20	29	1
Eastern	Erob	Conflict	30	138	1	NO CHANGE	30	138	1
Eastern	Ganta Afeshum	Conflict	506	652	6	NO CHANGE	506	657	6
Eastern	Gulomekeda	Conflict	126	544	1	NO CHANGE	126	544	1
Eastern	Hawzen	Conflict	355	477	2	+1.13%	359	489	2
Eastern	Saesie Tsaedaemba	Conflict	22	44	1	NO CHANGE	22	44	1
Eastern	Wukro Town	Conflict	117	294	1	+1.71%	119	298	1
<b>Eastern Total</b>			<b>1,705</b>	<b>3,042</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>+1.52%</b>	<b>1,731</b>	<b>3,092</b>	<b>14</b>



## DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY REGION ETHIOPIA

### ROUND 11: MAY - JUNE 2018

Zone	Woreda	Displacement Reason	Round 10			% change in estimated # of HHs	Round 11		
			HHs	Individuals	Sites		HHs	Individuals	Sites
Mekelle	Ayder Sub City	Conflict	271	749	1	NO CHANGE	271	749	1
Mekelle	Hadnet Sub City	Conflict	222	490	1	NO CHANGE	222	490	1
Mekelle	Hawelti Sub City	Conflict	545	1,654	1	NO CHANGE	545	1,654	1
Mekelle	Kedamay Weyane Sub City	Conflict	323	541	1	NO CHANGE	323	541	1
Mekelle	Quiha Subcity	Conflict	96	296	1	NO CHANGE	96	296	1
Mekelle	Semen Sub City	Conflict	689	2,604	1	NO CHANGE	689	2,604	1
<b>Mekelle Total</b>			<b>2,284</b>	<b>6,818</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>NO CHANGE</b>	<b>2,284</b>	<b>6,818</b>	<b>7</b>
North Western	Asgede Tsimbila	Conflict	150	202	1	+2.00%	153	210	1
North Western	Laelay Adiyabo	Climate Induced	100	293	1	NO CHANGE	100	293	1
North Western	Laelay Adiyabo	Conflict	69	113	1	NO CHANGE	69	113	1
North Western	Medebay Zana	Conflict	37	57	1	+5.41%	39	58	1
North Western	Sheraro Town	Conflict	42	85	1	+7.14%	45	85	1
North Western	Shire Endaselasie	Conflict	707	2,687	1	NO CHANGE	707	2,687	1
North Western	Tselemti	Conflict	164	308	1	-12.20%	144	261	1
<b>North Western Total</b>			<b>1,269</b>	<b>3,745</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>-0.95%</b>	<b>1,257</b>	<b>3,707</b>	<b>7</b>
South East	Degua Temben	Conflict	35	62	1	NO CHANGE	35	62	1
South East	Enderta	Conflict	25	104	1	+84.00%	46	187	2
South East	Hintalo Wejirat	Conflict	94	264	2	NO CHANGE	94	264	2
South East	Saharti Samre	Conflict	47	83	2	NO CHANGE	47	83	2
<b>South East Total</b>			<b>201</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>+10.45%</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>596</b>	<b>7</b>



## DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY REGION ETHIOPIA

### ROUND 11: MAY - JUNE 2018

Zone	Woreda	Displacement Reason	Round 10			% change in estimated # of HHs	Round 11		
			HHs	Individuals	Sites		HHs	Individuals	Sites
Southern	Endamehoni	Conflict	42	141	2	+83.33%	77	234	3
Southern	Korem Town	Conflict	53	119	1	NO CHANGE	53	109	1
Southern	Maychew	Conflict	114	292	1	NO CHANGE	114	292	1
Southern	Raya Alamata	Climate Induced	327	1,168	5	NO CHANGE	327	1,168	5
Southern	Raya Alamata	Conflict	318	1,054	4	NO CHANGE	318	1,038	4
Southern	Raya Azebo	Conflict	316	960	5	+20.89%	382	1,420	5
<b>Southern Total</b>			<b>1,532</b>	<b>4,825</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>+1.50%</b>	<b>1,555</b>	<b>4,970</b>	<b>20</b>
Western	Kafta Humera	Conflict	285	399	4	NO CHANGE	285	399	4
Western	Setit Humera	Conflict	481	609	1	NO CHANGE	481	609	1
<b>Western Total</b>			<b>766</b>	<b>1,008</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>NO CHANGE</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>1,008</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Climate Induced Sum</b>			<b>427</b>	<b>1,461</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>NO CHANGE</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>1,461</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Conflict Sum</b>			<b>10,465</b>	<b>28,651</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>+0.97%</b>	<b>10,567</b>	<b>28,913</b>	<b>75</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>			<b>10,892</b>	<b>30,112</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>+0.94%</b>	<b>10,994</b>	<b>30,374</b>	<b>81</b>





## DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) TIGRAY REGION ETHIOPIA

### ROUND 11: MAY - JUNE 2018

#### ABOUT DTM

##### DTM GLOBAL

The Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) is a system to track and monitor displacement and population mobility. It is designed to regularly and systematically capture, process and disseminate information to provide a better understanding of the movements and evolving needs of displaced populations, whether on site or en route. More information is available at [www.globaldtm.info](http://www.globaldtm.info).

##### DTM IN ETHIOPIA

In Ethiopia, data is collected at zone, woreda and site level. Since September 2016, eleven rounds of assessments have been completed. The DTM programme is implemented in close collaboration with the National Disaster Risk Management Commission, regional, zonal and woreda counterparts and DTMs implementing partner, the Danish Refugee Council (DRC).

##### METHODOLOGY

IOM's DTM team composed of enumerators from IOM and DRC were deployed across the country to collect the data. The process involved the following steps:

Zone level: Interviews with key informants from

the Disaster Prevention and Preparedness Office (DPPO), community representatives, and the education and health offices collect information including (among others) estimated caseload of displaced population, identification of woredas within the zone that host displaced populations, reason for displacement, time of arrival of IDPs and location of origin.

Woreda level: Information is collected from key woreda informants and includes (among others) estimated length of stay, number of displaced households and individuals at woreda level, displaced population by type of temporary settlements and approximate locations of identifiable displacement sites. The information is used to plan site assessments.

Site assessments: In-depth IDP site assessments capture detailed information through key informant interviews, direct observation and focus group discussions with male, female, elderly, children and IDP representatives. Data on available services by sector, accessibility constraints, exact type, location and name of the site, place of origin of IDPs, estimated size and type of the site and most common type of shelter are captured. Age and gender disaggregation for the site is extrapolated using a demographic calculator

tool based on the age range and sex of the household members of 20 randomly selected households from the site.

*For more information:*

*Mr. Daniel Salamon*

*DTM Programme coordinator*

*[dsalmon@iom.int](mailto:dsalmon@iom.int)*

*Ms. Nikki Herwanger*

*DTM Information Management Officer*

*[NHerwanger@iom.int](mailto:NHerwanger@iom.int)*



Humanitarian Aid  
and Civil Protection





International Organization for Migration (IOM)  
The UN Migration Agency

### ANNEX I : INTERNAL DISPLACEMENTS IN TIGRAY REGION AS OF JUNE 2018

Zone	Woreda	Sex	Age Groups					Total	HHs	Site Open Date	Cause	Duration
			Infants (0-4 y)	Children (5-14 y)	Youth (15-17 y)	Adults (18-59 y)	Elderly (60 +y)					
Central	Abiyadi	Female	24	46	6	125	1	202	275	06-Sep-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Abiyadi	Male	30	54	8	228	5	325				
Central	Adwa	Female	94	124	70	223	4	515	697	16-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Adwa	Male	82	83	38	490	7	700				
Central	Ahferom	Female	412	501	402	495	234	2,044	565	06-Apr-15	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Ahferom	Male	329	299	288	337	186	1,439				
Central	Ahferom	Female	7	8	44	60	26	145	46	16-Apr-15	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Ahferom	Male	4	3	12	34	22	75				
Central	Ahferom	Female	3	2	1	9	-	15	21	16-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Ahferom	Male	3	9	2	13	3	30				
Central	Ahferom	Female	5	16	5	41	-	67	53	24-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Ahferom	Male	13	15	4	46	1	79				
Central	Axum	Female	80	123	52	357	2	614	741	20-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Axum	Male	95	159	32	617	9	912				
Central	Kola Temben	Female	2	1	-	11	-	14	51	26-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Kola Temben	Male	3	2	-	51	-	56				
Central	Mereb Leke	Female	145	276	305	546	50	1,322	578	23-Apr-15	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Mereb Leke	Male	155	298	213	580	77	1,323				
Central	Tanqua Abergele	Female	7	7	-	15	-	29	30	25-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Tanqua Abergele	Male	3	4	-	18	1	26				
Central	Werei Leke	Female	8	21	2	73	-	104	122	24-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Central	Werei Leke	Male	19	23	9	96	-	147				
<b>Central Total</b>			<b>1,523</b>	<b>2,074</b>	<b>1,493</b>	<b>4,465</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>10,183</b>	<b>3,179</b>			
Eastern	Adigrat Town	Female	36	63	57	278	6	440	549	17-Jul-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Eastern	Adigrat Town	Male	34	38	44	331	6	453				
Eastern	Atsbi Wenberta	Female	1	2	1	8	-	12	20	20-Jul-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Eastern	Atsbi Wenberta	Male	2	1	1	13	-	17				
Eastern	Erob	Female	3	18	8	47	3	79	30	21-Sep-17	Conflict	During 2017
Eastern	Erob	Male	1	17	9	28	4	59				
Eastern	Ganta Afeshum	Female	21	29	15	112	-	177	422	23-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Eastern	Ganta Afeshum	Male	25	46	16	290	1	378				
Eastern	Ganta Afeshum	Female	4	5	4	19	-	32	84	25-Feb-18	Conflict	In 2018
Eastern	Ganta Afeshum	Male	3	4	3	60	-	70				
Eastern	Gulomekeda	Female	36	73	52	96	33	290	126	15-Feb-15	Conflict	Before 2017
Eastern	Gulomekeda	Male	22	64	48	82	38	254				
Eastern	Hawzen	Female	5	14	19	74	1	113	278	28-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Eastern	Hawzen	Male	8	14	16	253	-	291				
Eastern	Hawzen	Female	-	1	-	5	-	6	81	25-Feb-18	Conflict	In 2018
Eastern	Hawzen	Male	1	1	-	77	-	79				
Eastern	Saesie Tsaedaemba	Female	2	4	-	10	-	16	22	06-Sep-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Eastern	Saesie Tsaedaemba	Male	2	2	2	22	-	28				
Eastern	Wukro Town	Female	13	29	16	73	4	135	119	20-Jul-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Eastern	Wukro Town	Male	20	33	13	92	5	163				
<b>Eastern Total</b>			<b>239</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>1,970</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>3,092</b>	<b>1,731</b>			



International Organization for Migration (IOM)  
The UN Migration Agency

### ANNEX I : INTERNAL DISPLACEMENTS IN TIGRAY REGION AS OF JUNE 2018

Zone	Woreda	Sex	Age Groups					Total	HHs	Site Open Date	Cause	Duration
			Infants (0-4 y)	Children (5-14 y)	Youth (15-17 y)	Adults (18-59 y)	Elderly (60 +y)					
Mekelle	Adihaki Sub City	Female	27	60	29	103	1	220	138	27-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Mekelle	Adihaki Sub City	Male	22	66	43	132	1	264				
Mekelle	Ayder Sub City	Female	58	94	36	138	2	328	271	02-Sep-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Mekelle	Ayder Sub City	Male	60	92	42	227	-	421				
Mekelle	Hadnet Sub City	Female	9	23	14	166	3	215	222	03-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Mekelle	Hadnet Sub City	Male	7	23	28	212	5	275				
Mekelle	Hawelti Sub City	Female	101	78	107	444	7	737	545	07-Jul-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Mekelle	Hawelti Sub City	Male	112	101	102	581	21	917				
Mekelle	Kedamay Weyane Sub City	Female	32	49	34	92	-	207	323	29-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Mekelle	Kedamay Weyane Sub City	Male	65	64	67	129	9	334				
Mekelle	Quiha Subcity	Female	8	13	6	86	2	115	96	05-Sep-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Mekelle	Quiha Subcity	Male	11	18	9	140	3	181				
Mekelle	Semen Sub City	Female	103	166	267	631	39	1,206	689	02-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Mekelle	Semen Sub City	Male	142	237	279	697	43	1,398				
<b>Mekelle Total</b>			<b>757</b>	<b>1,084</b>	<b>1,063</b>	<b>3,778</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>6,818</b>	<b>2,284</b>			
North Western	Asgede Tsimbila	Female	12	4	12	11	4	43	153	18-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
North Western	Asgede Tsimbila	Male	14	19	10	116	8	167				
North Western	Laelay Adiyabo	Female	11	9	4	29	-	53	69	07-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
North Western	Laelay Adiyabo	Male	11	11	6	31	1	60				
North Western	Laelay Adiyabo	Female	13	39	24	49	20	145	100	10-Mar-18	Drought	In 2018
North Western	Laelay Adiyabo	Male	27	32	22	52	15	148				
North Western	Medebay Zana	Female	2	5	3	8	-	18	39	08-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
North Western	Medebay Zana	Male	-	6	2	32	-	40				
North Western	Sheraro Town	Female	4	4	2	26	-	36	45	08-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
North Western	Sheraro Town	Male	7	10	3	29	-	49				
North Western	Shire Endaselasie	Female	196	337	151	466	9	1,159	707	03-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
North Western	Shire Endaselasie	Male	225	461	240	576	26	1,528				
North Western	Tselemti	Female	12	17	14	38	14	95	144	14-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
North Western	Tselemti	Male	34	36	24	50	22	166				
<b>North Western Total</b>			<b>568</b>	<b>990</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>1,513</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>3,707</b>	<b>1,257</b>			
South East	Degua Temben	Female	4	4	9	9	-	26	35	15-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
South East	Degua Temben	Male	5	9	7	15	-	36				
South East	Enderta	Female	4	9	2	16	1	32	21	15-Mar-18	Conflict	In 2018
South East	Enderta	Male	3	6	3	37	2	51				
South East	Enderta	Female	6	10	1	32	1	50	25	20-Mar-18	Conflict	In 2018
South East	Enderta	Male	4	8	2	39	1	54				
South East	Hintalo Wejirat	Female	5	22	7	54	5	93	71	08-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
South East	Hintalo Wejirat	Male	10	26	5	80	4	125				
South East	Hintalo Wejirat	Female	2	6	1	12	-	21	23	19-Mar-18	Conflict	In 2018
South East	Hintalo Wejirat	Male	3	2	1	18	1	25				
South East	Saharti Samre	Female	-	3	3	10	-	16	24	25-Oct-17	Conflict	During 2017
South East	Saharti Samre	Male	-	2	6	24	-	32				
South East	Saharti Samre	Female	-	1	3	7	-	11	23	28-Oct-17	Conflict	During 2017
South East	Saharti Samre	Male	-	2	4	18	-	24				



International Organization for Migration (IOM)  
The UN Migration Agency

**ANNEX I : INTERNAL DISPLACEMENTS IN TIGRAY REGION AS OF JUNE 2018**

Zone	Woreda	Sex	Age Groups					Total	HHs	Site Open Date	Cause	Duration
			Infants (0-4 y)	Children (5-14 y)	Youth (15-17 y)	Adults (18-59 y)	Elderly (60 +y)					
<b>South East Total</b>			<b>46</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>596</b>	<b>222</b>			
Southern	Alamata	Female	39	94	31	106	18	288	284	17-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Southern	Alamata	Male	37	196	18	149	21	421				
Southern	Endamehoni	Female	4	8	2	16	3	33	27	19-Feb-18	Conflict	In 2018
Southern	Endamehoni	Male	3	6	1	32	3	45				
Southern	Endamehoni	Female	3	9	1	17	2	32	26	20-Mar-18	Conflict	In 2018
Southern	Endamehoni	Male	5	12	2	28	-	47				
Southern	Endamehoni	Female	2	9	2	16	1	30	24	15-Apr-18	Conflict	In 2018
Southern	Endamehoni	Male	4	7	3	31	2	47				
Southern	Korem Town	Female	7	7	3	21	-	38	53	30-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Southern	Korem Town	Male	14	9	5	43	-	71				
Southern	Maychew	Female	7	15	14	62	-	98	114	16-Jul-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Southern	Maychew	Male	8	25	18	143	-	194				
Southern	Raya Alamata	Female	69	45	19	27	-	160	82	20-May-16	Seasonal Flood	Before 2017
Southern	Raya Alamata	Male	76	61	28	36	8	209				
Southern	Raya Alamata	Female	73	42	27	19	9	170	104	23-Jul-16	Seasonal Flood	Before 2017
Southern	Raya Alamata	Male	79	52	22	24	7	184				
Southern	Raya Alamata	Female	8	15	27	44	17	111	112	15-Aug-17	Seasonal Flood	During 2017
Southern	Raya Alamata	Male	19	33	48	78	47	225				
Southern	Raya Alamata	Female	14	18	9	9	4	54	29	16-Aug-17	Seasonal Flood	During 2017
Southern	Raya Alamata	Male	16	13	11	8	7	55				
Southern	Raya Alamata	Female	13	39	9	31	3	95	65	16-Oct-17	Conflict	During 2017
Southern	Raya Alamata	Male	11	47	11	50	6	125				
Southern	Raya Alamata	Female	33	69	20	129	11	262	177	17-Oct-17	Conflict	During 2017
Southern	Raya Alamata	Male	23	78	14	178	17	310				
Southern	Raya Alamata	Female	5	18	3	22	2	50	36	22-Jan-18	Conflict	In 2018
Southern	Raya Alamata	Male	7	23	6	24	5	65				
Southern	Raya Alamata	Female	4	25	2	25	2	58	40	10-Mar-18	Conflict	In 2018
Southern	Raya Alamata	Male	7	31	3	28	4	73				
Southern	Raya Azebo	Female	24	60	30	462	5	581	232	24-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Southern	Raya Azebo	Male	35	81	42	208	8	374				
Southern	Raya Azebo	Female	4	9	2	20	1	36	31	16-Feb-18	Conflict	In 2018
Southern	Raya Azebo	Male	5	12	4	25	2	48				
Southern	Raya Azebo	Female	7	5	2	26	-	40	45	13-Mar-18	Conflict	In 2018
Southern	Raya Azebo	Male	10	8	4	59	-	81				
Southern	Raya Azebo	Female	12	23	17	55	4	111	74	16-Mar-18	Conflict	In 2018
Southern	Raya Azebo	Male	12	37	20	75	5	149				
<b>Southern Total</b>			<b>699</b>	<b>1,241</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>2,326</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>4,970</b>	<b>1,555</b>			
Western	Kafta Humera	Female	-	5	4	2	-	11	20	03-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Western	Kafta Humera	Male	2	5	1	16	1	25				
Western	Kafta Humera	Female	10	23	3	69	1	106	197	08-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Western	Kafta Humera	Male	8	19	2	119	8	156				
Western	Kafta Humera	Female	1	2	-	7	1	11	22	19-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Western	Kafta Humera	Male	5	7	-	13	1	26				



International Organization for Migration (IOM)  
The UN Migration Agency

**ANNEX I : INTERNAL DISPLACEMENTS IN TIGRAY REGION AS OF JUNE 2018**

Zone	Woreda	Sex	Age Groups					Total	HHs	Site Open Date	Cause	Duration
			Infants (0-4 y)	Children (5-14 y)	Youth (15-17 y)	Adults (18-59 y)	Elderly (60 +y)					
Western	Kafta Humera	Female	4	8	-	17	-	29	46	25-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Western	Kafta Humera	Male	1	5	-	28	1	35				
Western	Setit Humera	Female	27	48	10	144	7	236	481	20-Jul-16	Conflict	Before 2017
Western	Setit Humera	Male	12	33	6	305	17	373				
<b>Western Total</b>			<b>70</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>1,008</b>	<b>766</b>			
<b>Grand Total</b>			<b>3,902</b>	<b>6,112</b>	<b>3,957</b>	<b>15,143</b>	<b>1,260</b>	<b>30,374</b>	<b>10,994</b>			

**Disclaimer:** Age and gender disaggregation for the site is extrapolated using a demographic calculator tool based on the age range and sex of the household members of 20 randomly selected households from the site.

**Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) conducted in collaboration with Danish Refugee Council (DRC)**

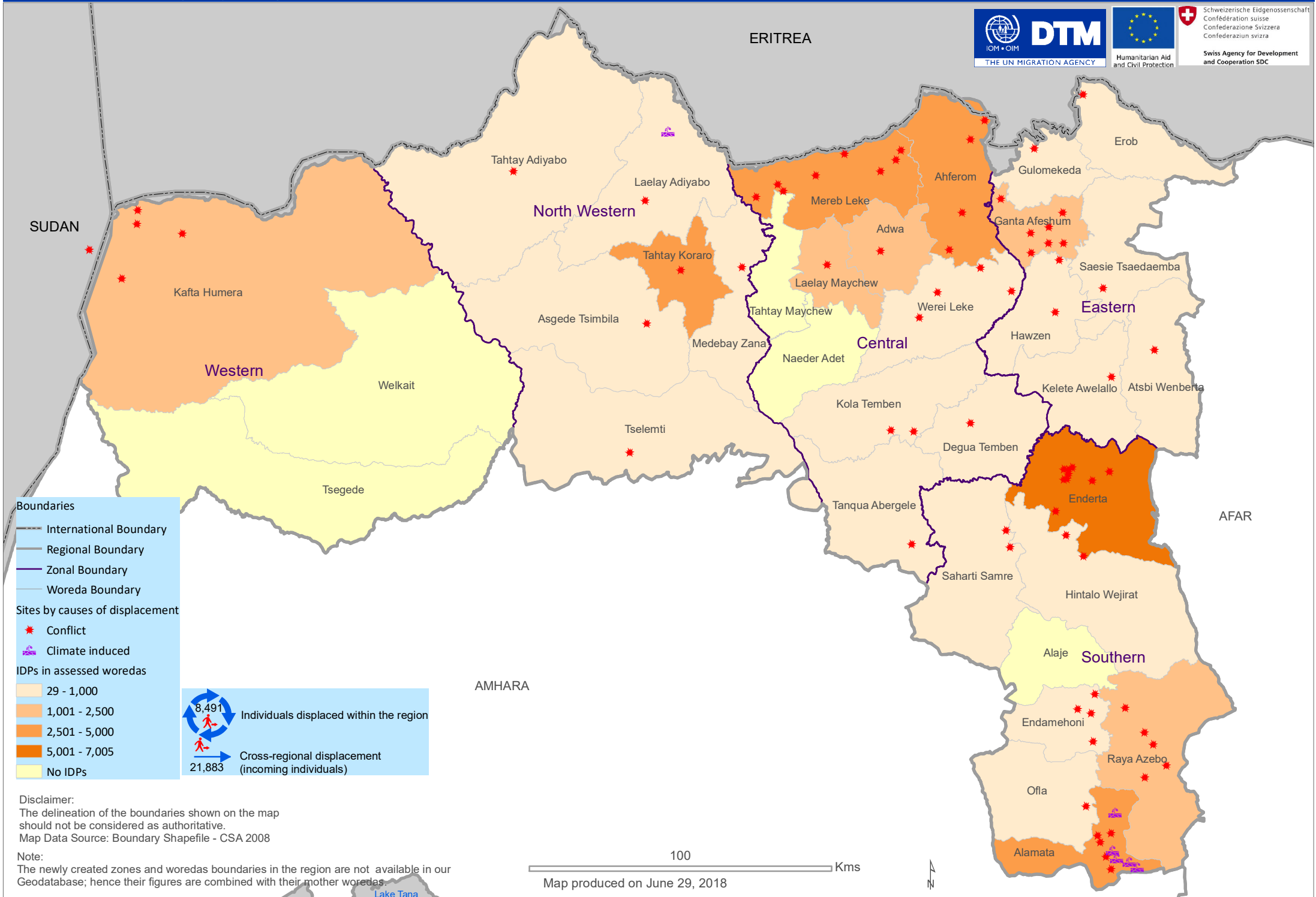


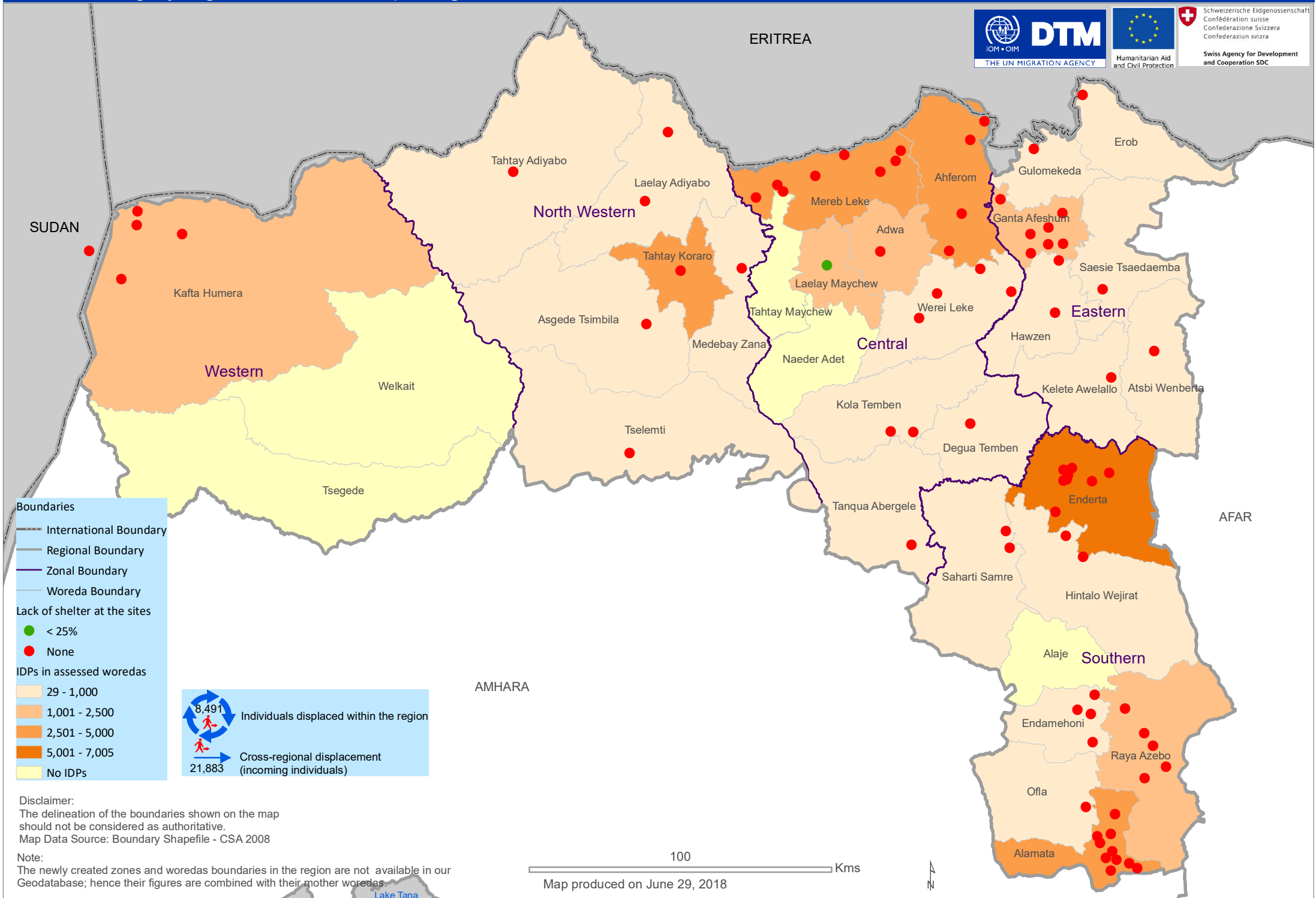
Humanitarian Aid  
and Civil Protection



DTM made possible thanks to the European Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations (ECHO), the Ethiopian Humanitarian Fund (EHF), the Office of United States Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA) and the Swiss agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC).

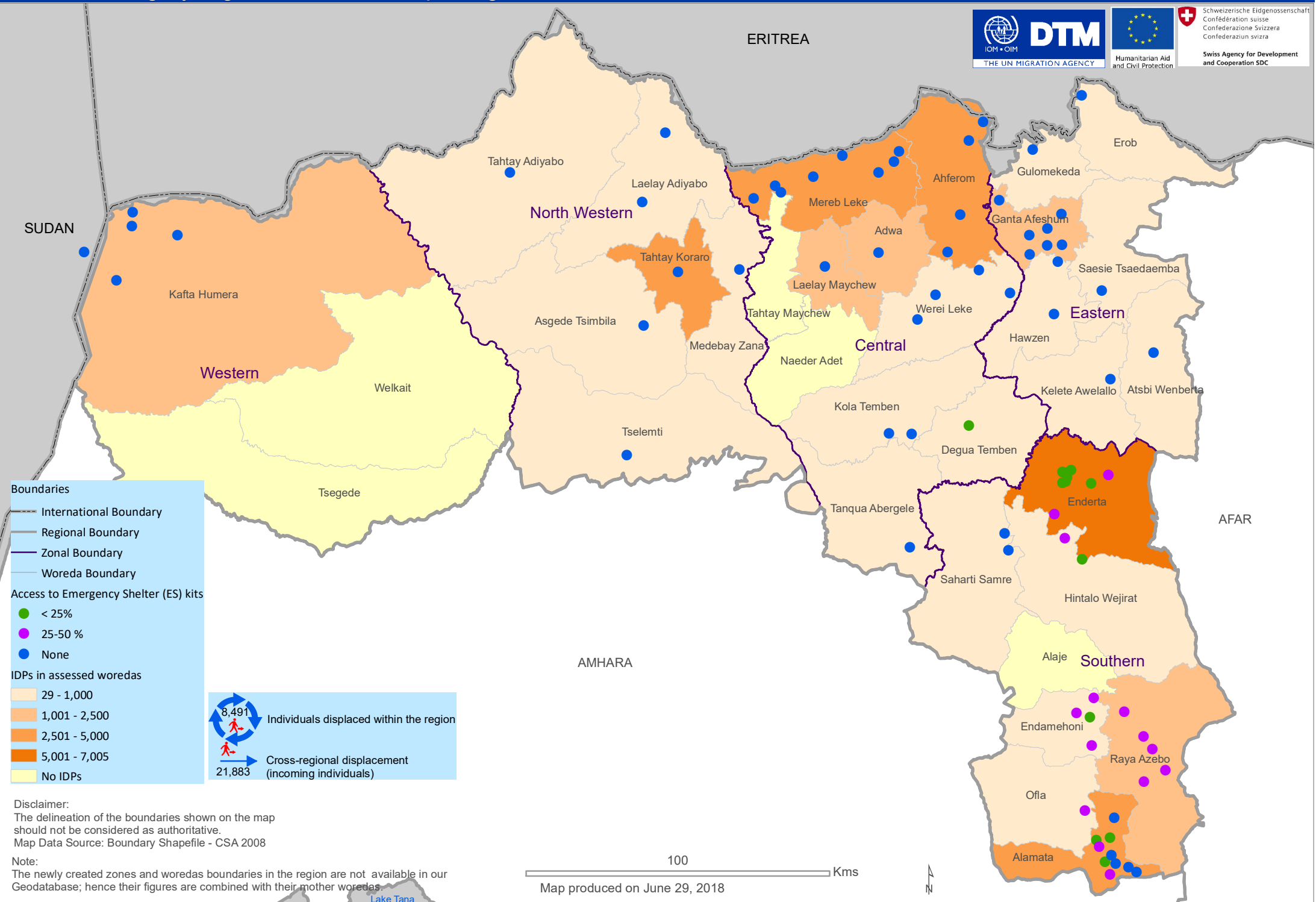
*The opinions expressed in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Office of United States Foreign Disaster Assistance.*





Disclaimer:  
The delineation of the boundaries shown on the map should not be considered as authoritative.  
Map Data Source: Boundary Shapefile - CSA 2008

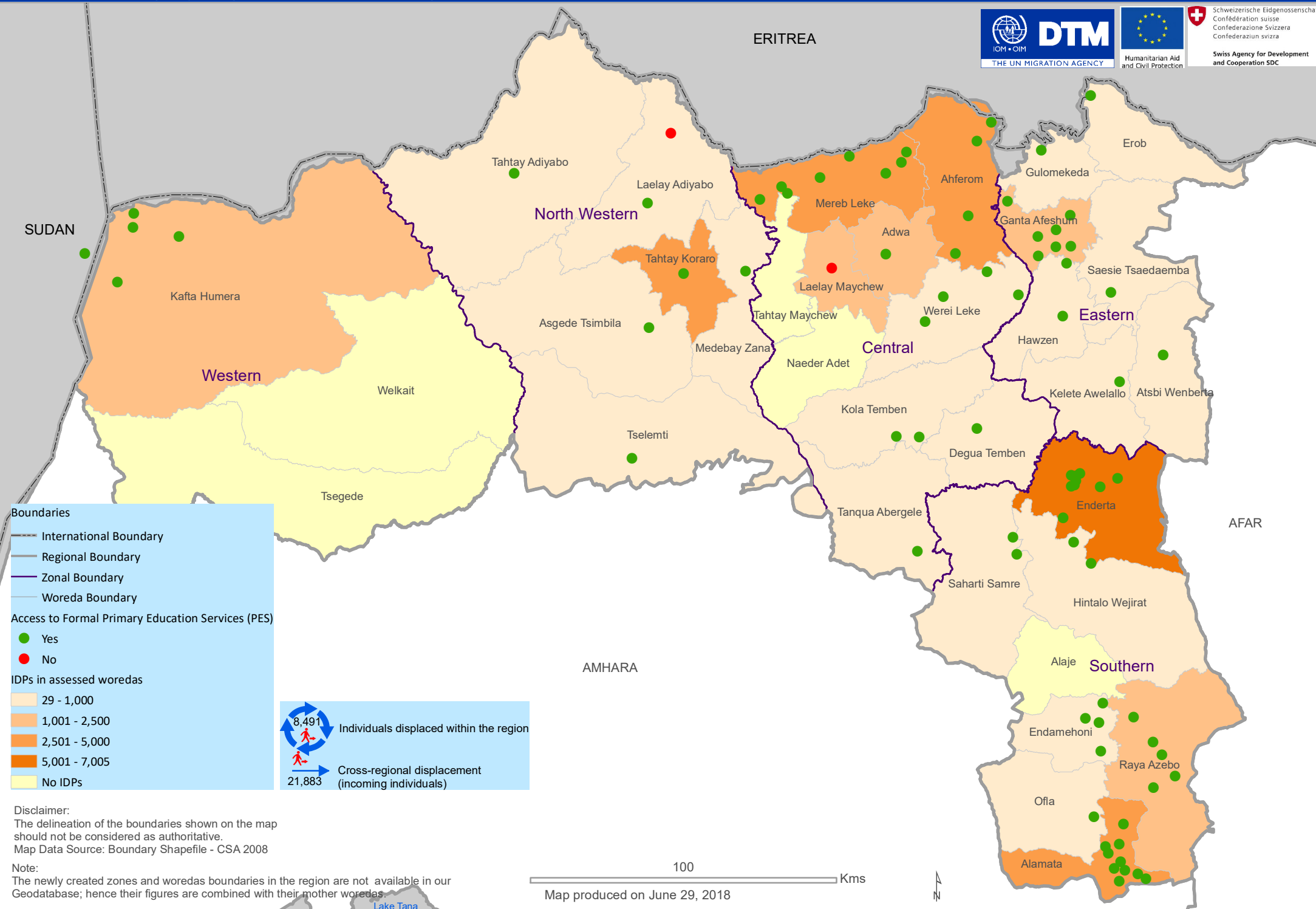
Note:  
The newly created zones and woredas boundaries in the region are not available in our Geodatabase; hence their figures are combined with their mother woredas.



Disclaimer:  
The delineation of the boundaries shown on the map should not be considered as authoritative.  
Map Data Source: Boundary Shapefile - CSA 2008

Note:  
The newly created zones and woredas boundaries in the region are not available in our Geodatabase; hence their figures are combined with their mother woredas.





**Boundaries**

- International Boundary
- Regional Boundary
- Zonal Boundary
- Woreda Boundary

**Access to Formal Primary Education Services (PES)**

- Yes
- No

**IDPs in assessed woredas**

- 29 - 1,000
- 1,001 - 2,500
- 2,501 - 5,000
- 5,001 - 7,005
- No IDPs

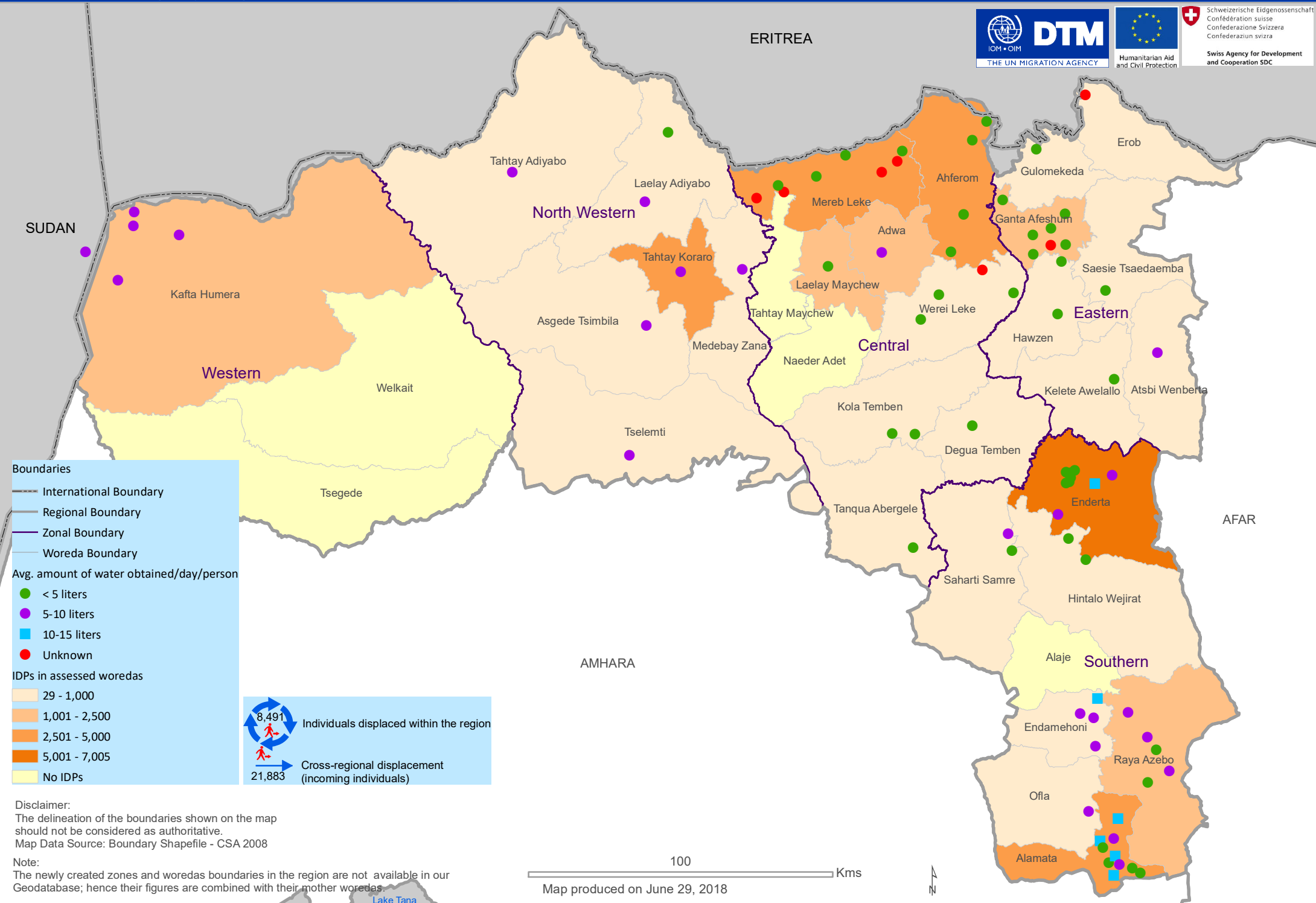
8,491 Individuals displaced within the region

21,883 Cross-regional displacement (incoming individuals)

**Disclaimer:**  
The delineation of the boundaries shown on the map should not be considered as authoritative.  
Map Data Source: Boundary Shapefile - CSA 2008

**Note:**  
The newly created zones and woredas boundaries in the region are not available in our Geodatabase; hence their figures are combined with their mother woredas.

100 Kms  
Map produced on June 29, 2018



**Boundaries**

- International Boundary
- Regional Boundary
- Zonal Boundary
- Woreda Boundary

**Avg. amount of water obtained/day/person**

- < 5 liters
- 5-10 liters
- 10-15 liters
- Unknown

**IDPs in assessed woredas**

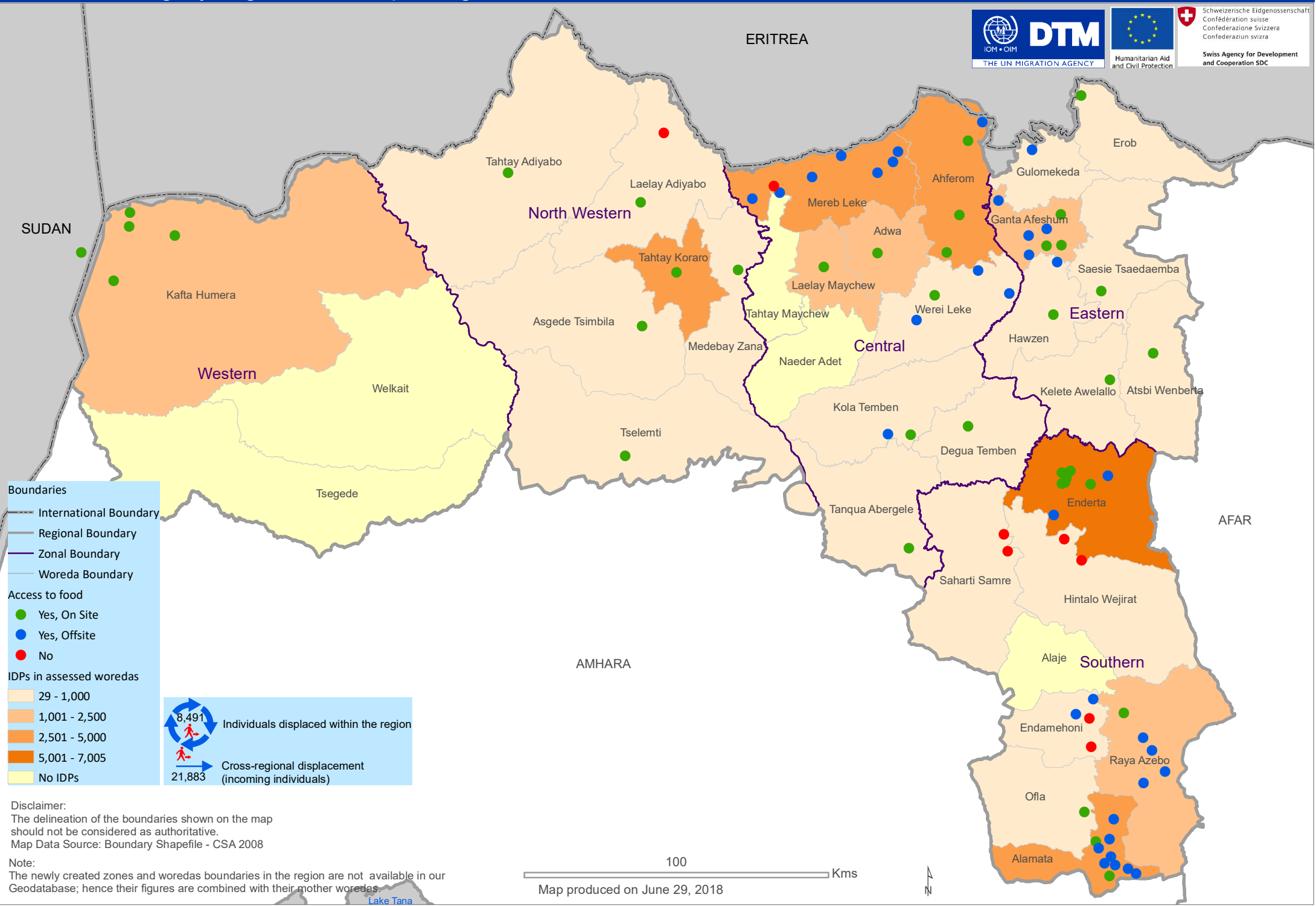
- 29 - 1,000
- 1,001 - 2,500
- 2,501 - 5,000
- 5,001 - 7,005
- No IDPs

8,491 Individuals displaced within the region  
 21,883 Cross-regional displacement (incoming individuals)

**Disclaimer:**  
 The delineation of the boundaries shown on the map should not be considered as authoritative.  
 Map Data Source: Boundary Shapefile - CSA 2008

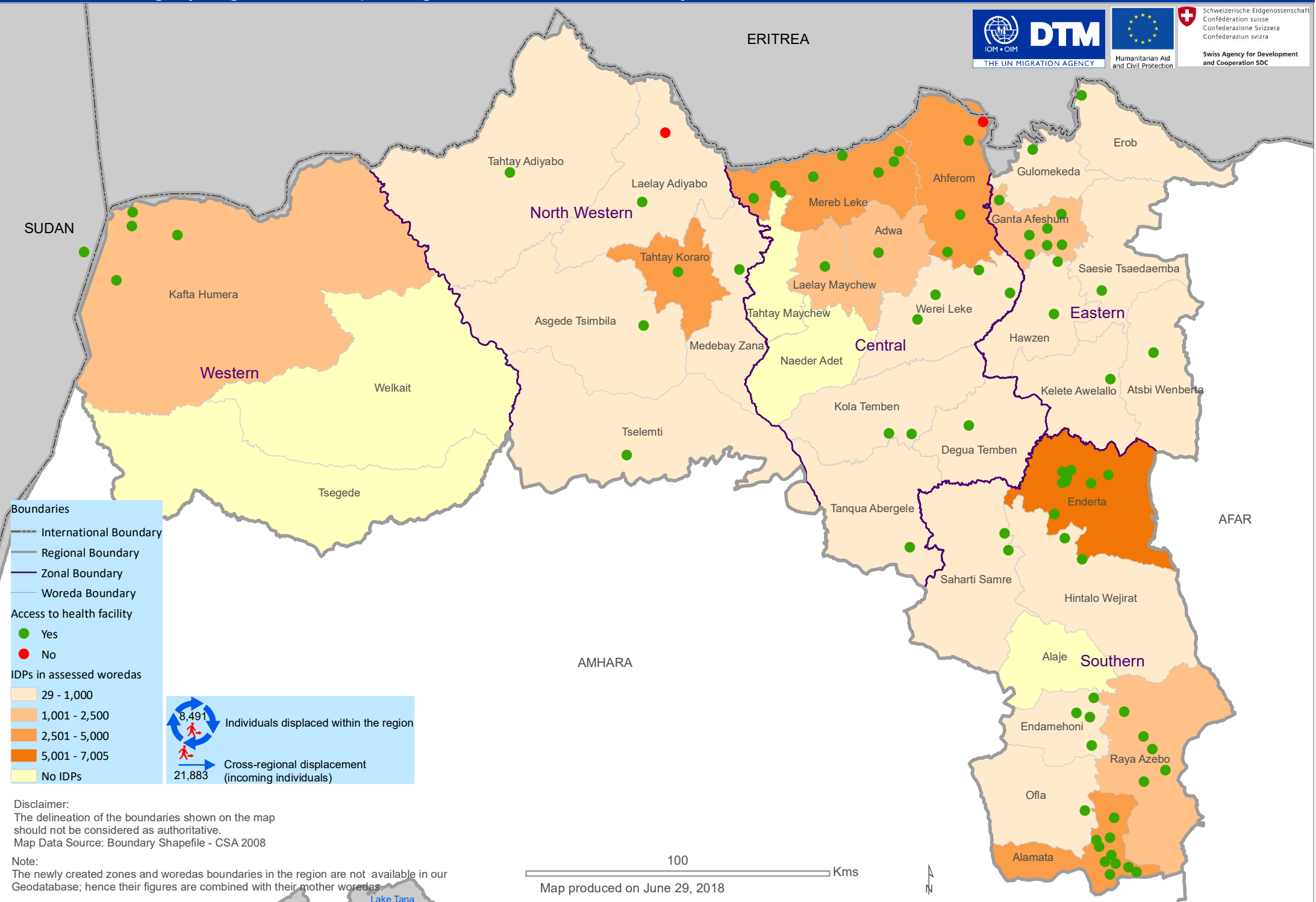
**Note:**  
 The newly created zones and woredas boundaries in the region are not available in our Geodatabase; hence their figures are combined with their mother woredas.

100 Kms  
 Map produced on June 29, 2018



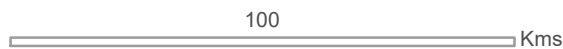
Disclaimer:  
The delineation of the boundaries shown on the map should not be considered as authoritative.  
Map Data Source: Boundary Shapefile - CSA 2008

Note:  
The newly created zones and woredas boundaries in the region are not available in our Geodatabase; hence their figures are combined with their mother woredas.



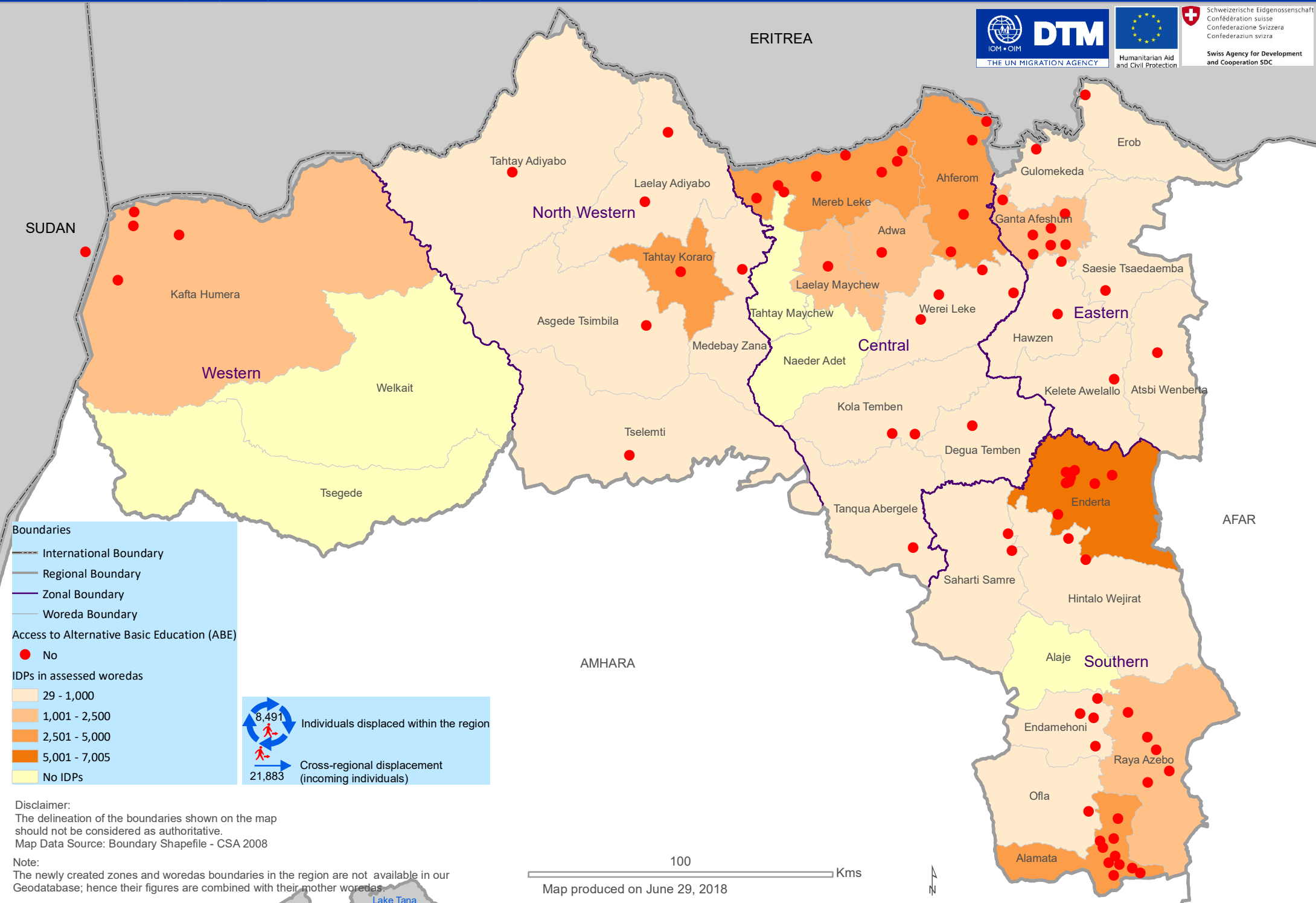
Disclaimer:  
 The delineation of the boundaries shown on the map should not be considered as authoritative.  
 Map Data Source: Boundary Shapefile - CSA 2008

Note:  
 The newly created zones and woredas boundaries in the region are not available in our Geodatabase; hence their figures are combined with their mother woredas.



Map produced on June 29, 2018





**Boundaries**

- International Boundary
- Regional Boundary
- Zonal Boundary
- Woreda Boundary

**Access to Alternative Basic Education (ABE)**

- No

**IDPs in assessed woredas**

- 29 - 1,000
- 1,001 - 2,500
- 2,501 - 5,000
- 5,001 - 7,005
- No IDPs

8,491 Individuals displaced within the region

21,883 Cross-regional displacement (incoming individuals)

**Disclaimer:**  
 The delineation of the boundaries shown on the map should not be considered as authoritative.  
 Map Data Source: Boundary Shapefile - CSA 2008

**Note:**  
 The newly created zones and woredas boundaries in the region are not available in our Geodatabase; hence their figures are combined with their mother woredas.