



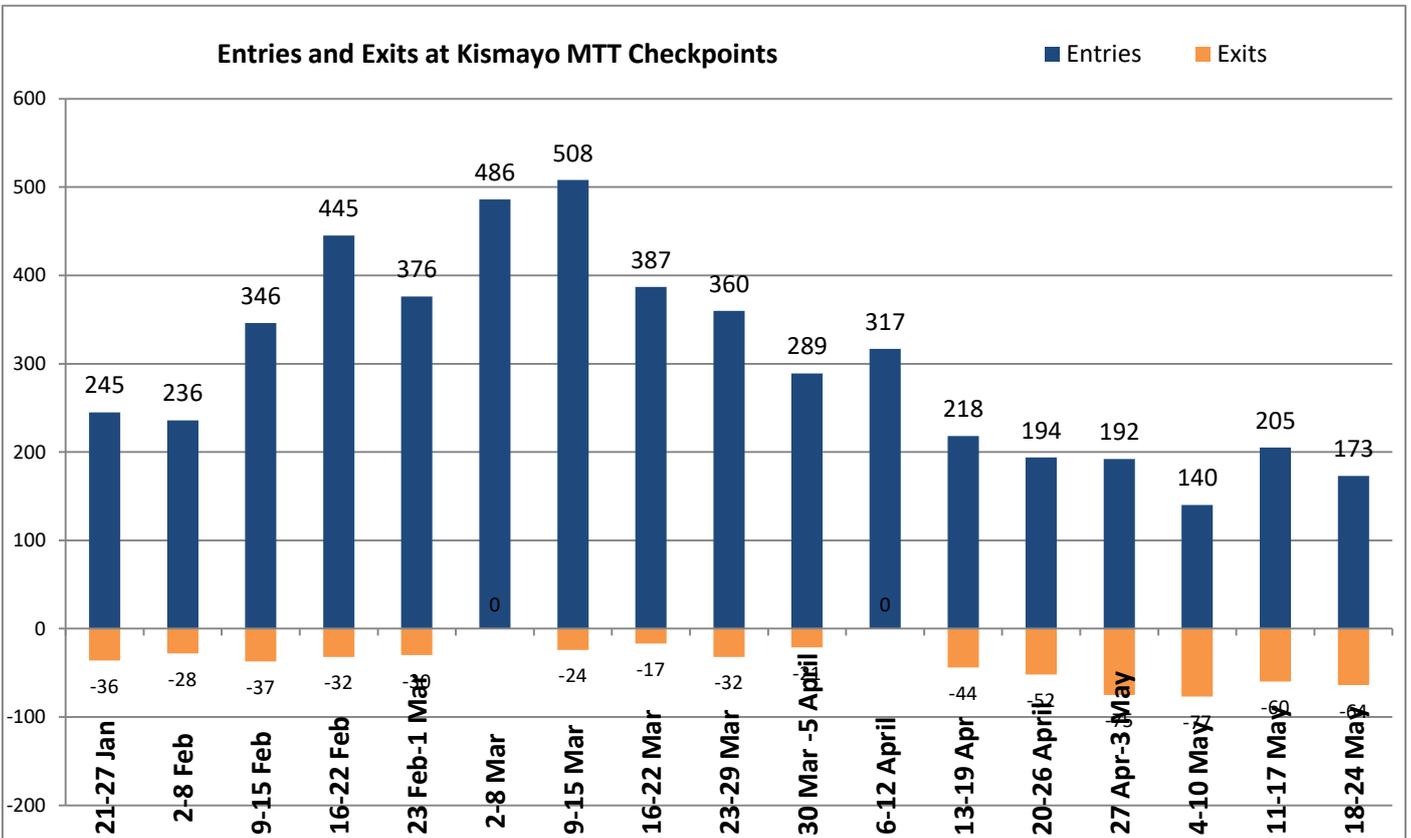
KEY MESSAGES

- Over the reporting period, a slightly lower number of total of 173 entries were recorded compared to last week, and 64 exits were recorded – high number compared to last week but fitting within the general range seen over the past 16 weeks.
- Approximately half of the new arrivals said that their reason for displacement into the IDP sites was due to insecurity (44%). In addition, 28% cited Health, 25% cited Food, and 3% cited education as their reason for displacement.
- This week most of the new arrivals came from Kismayo (31%) district and Buale (25%) district, with the remainder coming Jilib (19%), Afmadow (16%) and Jamaame (9%). Most of these new arrivals were heading to IDP sites in the Galbet Section (41%), Fanole section (22%) and Dalxiska section (19%). The remainder went to Central section (13%).



MTT enumerator interviewing households exiting one of the checkpoints in Kismayo

- Out of the 15 families exiting the IDP sites, 6 of them were leaving sites in the Fanole Section, 4 left Central Section, 3 Dalxiska section and 2 left Galbet section. After leaving the sites, these IDPs indicated that they were heading to the districts of Kismayo (53%), Jamaame (27%) and Afmadow (20%). The main reasons for return was management of farms because of the raining seasons start in their homestead in order to prepare and cultivate their farms (sessional farms).



METHODOLOGY

Movement Trend Tracking (MTT) is a movement monitoring exercise that tracks people who are moving in or out of sites on a semi-permanent or permanent basis. In Kismayo, MTT aims to gauge the pulse of movements in and out of the 145 IDP sites in the town.

MTT figures should not be considered official updates to the population figures of the sites. Rather, the data represents the intentions of IDPs and points towards general trends in their movements.

In Kismayo, IOM enumerators are positioned at the 2 main checkpoints in and out of town from 6:30am until 5:30pm, 7 days a week. From these checkpoints, the teams identify people who are moving in or out of Kismayo with luggage. Interviews are done with the individual or the head of household.

MTT aims to complement existing information management products on displacements and movements in Kismayo, by providing site level specific data on population movements on a regular basis, to assist agencies operating in sites and settlements with key information on: demographics of movement, area of origin, area of return/onward movement, reasons for movement and movement trends over time.



MTT enumerators interviewing some new households entering one of the checkpoints (Via Afmadow) in Kismayo by Donkey carts