

WEEKLY DISPLACEMENT SNAPSHOT 04



19 Sep 2023 | Displacement Data Reporting Date: 13 September 2023 | Mixed Cross-Border Movement Reporting Date: 17 September 2023



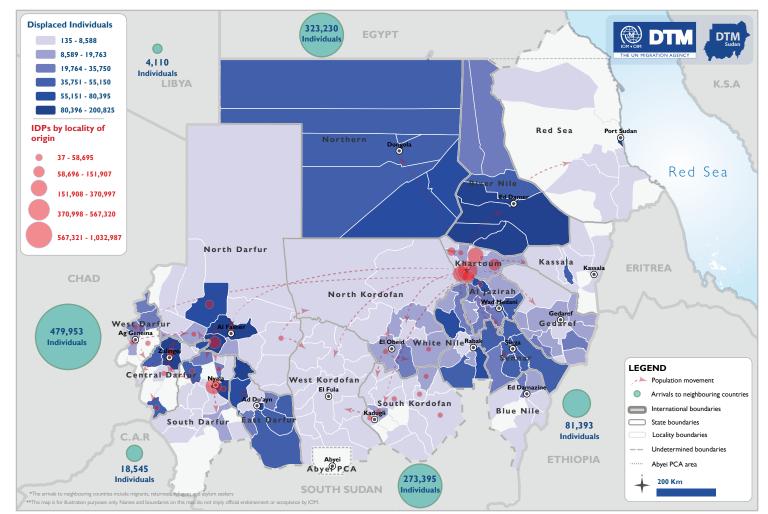
Overview

From 15 April 2023, armed clashes erupted between the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF). As a result of the military clashes, DTM Sudan estimates that 4,232,840 Individuals (845,779 Households) have been recently internally displaced. The IDP caseload has been observed in 3,929 locations across all of Sudan's 18 states.¹

The highest proportions of IDPs have been observed in River Nile (11.92%), South Darfur (11.53%), East Darfur (11.81%), Northern (8.64%), Sennar (7.59%), and North Darfur (7.69%). Field teams report that the IDPs observed were originally displaced from eight states. The majority (2,875,125 IDPs, 67.92%) have been reportedly displaced from Khartoum state; followed by South Darfur (15.11%), North Darfur (8.45%), Central Darfur (3.76%), West

Darfur (3.70%), South Kordofan (0.59%), North Kordofan (0.46%), and Aj Jazirah (0.01%). DTM Sudan also estimates that approximately 2.83% of the IDP caseload are non-Sudanese nationals.²

In addition to the internal displacement, the conflict in Sudan has caused the Mixed Cross-Border Movements of 1,180,626 individuals into neighbouring countries namely Egypt, Libya, Chad, Central African Republic, South Sudan and Ethiopia. 67% of arrivals tracked in those countries were Sudanese nationals and 33% estimated foreign nationals and returnees. The majority of arrivals were reported in Chad (40.7%), Egypt (27.4%), and South Sudan (23.2%).

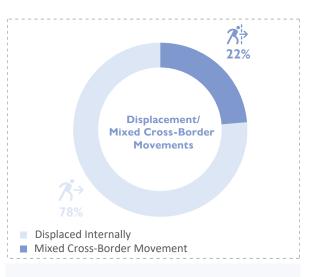


Map 1: Displacement across Sudan and into neighbouring countries since 15 April 2023.

1. The data from many locations has been gathered with the co-ordination of the Humanitarian Aid Commission

2. Field teams collect information on the displacement of foreign nationals in Sudan regardless of whether those individuals have sought international protection or not. Due to the oppoing operational limitations DTM is currently unable to distinguish between those who have sought asylum and are registered as refugee and those who are not

Current Locations	Snapshot 3 12-Sep-23	Snapshot 4 19-Sep-23	Difference	% Total IDPs	Number of locations
Aj Jazirah	298,674	299,086	412 ↑	7.07%	793
Blue Nile	52,044	52,409	365 ↑	1.24%	93
Central Darfur	264,785	272,195	7,410 ↑	6.43%	17
East Darfur	473,580	500,075	26,495 ↑	11.81%	18
Gedaref	247,980	251,415	3,435 ↑	5.94%	203
Kassala	97,227	99,342	2,115 🛧	2.35%	139
Khartoum	48,785	49,000	215 ↑	1.16%	14
North Darfur	290,339	325,650	35,311 ↑	7.69%	78
North Kordofan	86,842	87,646	804 ↑	2.07%	320
Northern	365,173	365,803	630 ↑	8.64%	247
Red Sea	107,159	107,600	441 🔨	2.54%	108
River Nile	504,107	504,613	506 ↑	11.92%	336
Sennar	320,632	321,082	450 ↑	7.59%	201
South Darfur	483,503	488,003	4,500 ↑	11.53%	32
South Kordofan	79,821	83,505	3,684 ↑	1.97%	335
West Darfur	72,920	96,120	23,200 ↑	2.27%	28
West Kordofan	41,327	45,747	4,420 ↑	1.08%	394
White Nile	283,221	283,549	328 ↑	6.70%	573
Total	4,118,119	4,232,840	114,721	100.00%	3,929



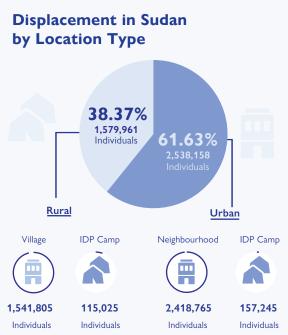
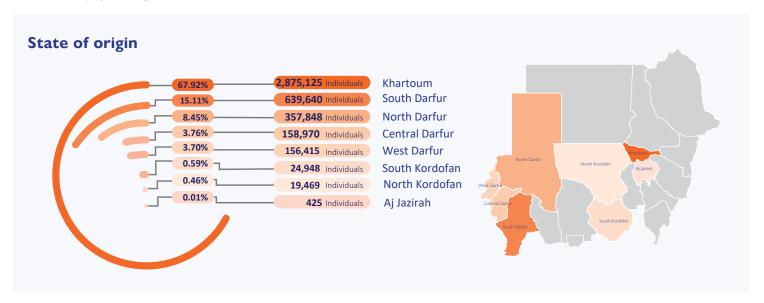


Table 1: Overview of displacement by state



Disclaimer: DTM Sudan is a suite of methodological tools which aims to track and monitor displacement. DTM collects primary data, with a focus on providing best estimates for support of the wider humanitarian community. DTM Sudan notes that military clashes remain continuous in many areas across Sudan. As such, DTM is currently collecting data through a dual combination of face-to-face and remote interviews with key informants across its network. Data on flows into neighbouring countries is based on available information from DTM flow monitoring networks and secondary sources. Figures should be treated as preliminary findings only and are subject to change via future verification exercises.

Shelter categories (by households)

States	Camps	∯∤∱ Host Communities	Rented Accommodations	Improvised / Critical Shelters	Schools or Other Public Buildings	Gathering Sites
Aj Jazirah 59,570	-	68.10% 40,569	7.86% 4,685	0.11% 65	20.12% 11,984	3.81% 2,267
Blue Nile 10,450	-	63.25% 6,610	36.75% 3,840	-	-	-
Central Darfur 54,439	3.32% 1,806	49.52% 26,956	-	-	4.26% 2,320	42.90% 23,357
East Darfur 99,995	0.44% 444	96.93% 96,925	2.43% 2,426	-	0.20% 200	-
Gedaref 50,243	2.90% 1,457	70.58% 35,459	23.37% 11,744	-	3.14% 1,580	0.01% 3
Kassala 19,865	-	73.91% 14,682	23.21% 4,611	-	1.53% 304	1.35% 268
Khartoum 9,800	-	62.80% 6,154	35.98% 3,526	-	1.22% 120	-
North Darfur 65,015	20.77% 13,501	42.98% 27,949	-	0.07% 44	7.03% 4,570	29.15% 18,951
North Kordofan 17,035	-	93.79% 15,977	0.14% 24	1.32% 225	4.34% 739	0.41% 70
Northern 73,830	-	80.81% 59,662	8.63% 6,373	-	10.56% 7,795	-
Red Sea 21,507	-	53.51% 11,508	32.74% 7,042	-	11.20% 2,408	2.55% 549
River Nile 100,957	-	76.72% 77,451	14.39% 14,532	0.80% 811	5.58% 5,629	2.51% 2,534
Sennar 64,059	-	71.46% 45,778	25.53% 16,356	-	2.49% 1,592	0.52% 333
South Darfur 97,599	20.86% 20,364	38.95% 38,013	-	1.21% 1,182	14.56% 14,210	24.42% 23,830
South Kordofan 16,373	-	94.49% 15,471	0.32% 52	-	4.95% 810	0.24% 40
West Darfur 19,224	-	62.19% 11,954	-	7.80% 1,500	25.07% 4,820	4.94% 950
West Kordofan 8,879	-	97.38% 8,646	1.41% 125	-	1.05% 93	0.16% 15
White Nile 56,939	29.47% 16,782	50.11% 28,533	8.40% 4,781	-	10.78% 6,138	1.24% 705
GRAND TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS	6.43% 54,354	67.19% 568,297	9.47% 80,117	0.45% 3,827	7.72% 65,312	8.74% 73,872

Total Households: 845,779

Displacement of Foreign Nationals within Sudan



From the total reported IDP caseload, field teams indicate that 119,975 individuals are foreign nationals (approximately 2.83% of total IDPs across Sudan). These individuals are located across Blue Nile, Gedaref, Kassala, North Kordofan, South Kordofan, Northern, Red Sea, River Nile, and White Nile states. DTM estimates that the IDP caseload in the remaining states are all Sudanese nationals. The majority of foreign nationals (91,270 IDPs) are

located in White Nile state – where they constitute 32.19% of the IDP caseload in that state. In comparison, foreign nationals constitute smaller proportions of the observed caseload in Red Sea (12.76%), Kassala (5.24%), Gedaref (3.00%), South Kordofan (0.69%), Blue Nile (0.81%), Northern (0.25%), River Nile (0.06%), and North Kordofan (<0.01%).



Graph 2: Displacement of Foreign Nationals

Note: This percentage indicates the proportion of foreign nationals among the IDP caseload observed across all 18 states

Mixed Cross-Border Movement

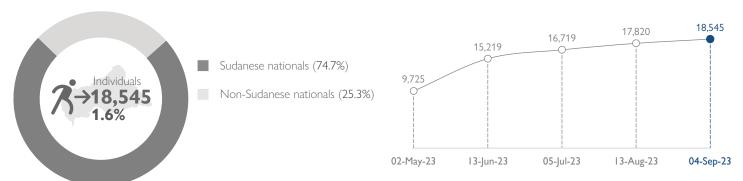


1,180,626

Mixed Cross-Border Movement

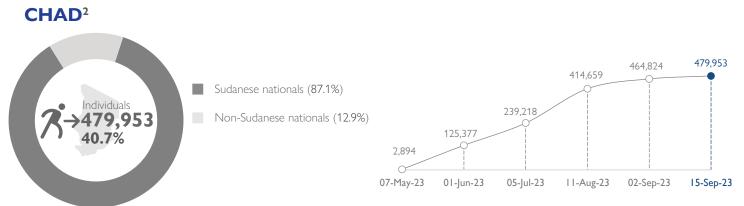
Since the onset of the conflict on April 15, 2023, DTM has noted substantial mixed cross-border movements involving both Sudanese and foreign nationals (including returnees). Field teams report that such these movements have proved challenging for communities to undertake. Security concerns, such as the both the direct implication of military clashes or following the breakdown in law and order in many areas, as well as steep fuel and transportation costs, and environmental events (for example flooding during the 2023 Rainy Season) have all impacted options for travel domestically and into neighbouring countries.

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC



Source: IOM, UNHCR, National Commission for Refugees (CNR)

Graph 3: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Central African Republic



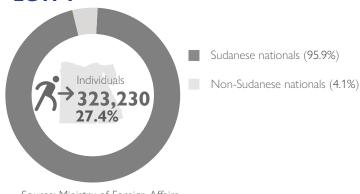
Graph 4: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Chad

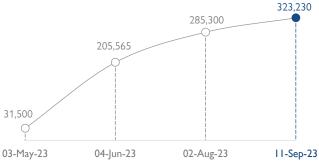
- 1. This percentage indicates the proportion of foreign nationals observed across all 18 states.
- 2. For more information on Mixed-Cross Border Movement to Chad, please visit <u>DTM Chad website.</u>

Source: IOM, UNHCR

E-mail: dtmsudan@iom.int

EGYPT

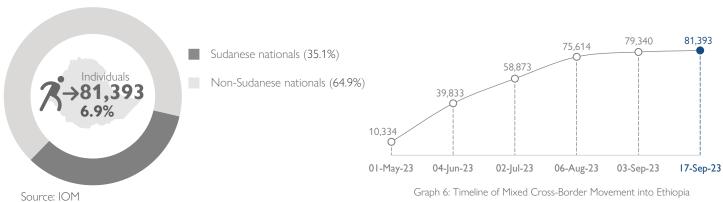




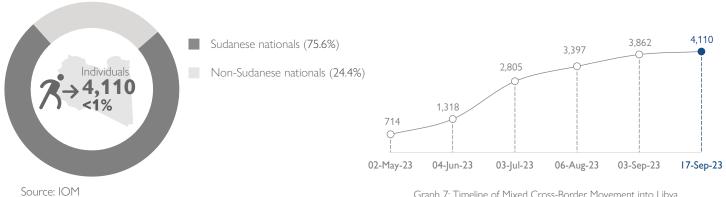
Graph 5: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Egypt

Source: Ministry of Foreign Affairs

ETHIOPIA¹

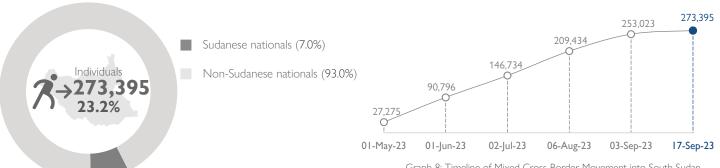


LIBYA



Graph 7: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into Libya

SOUTH SUDAN²

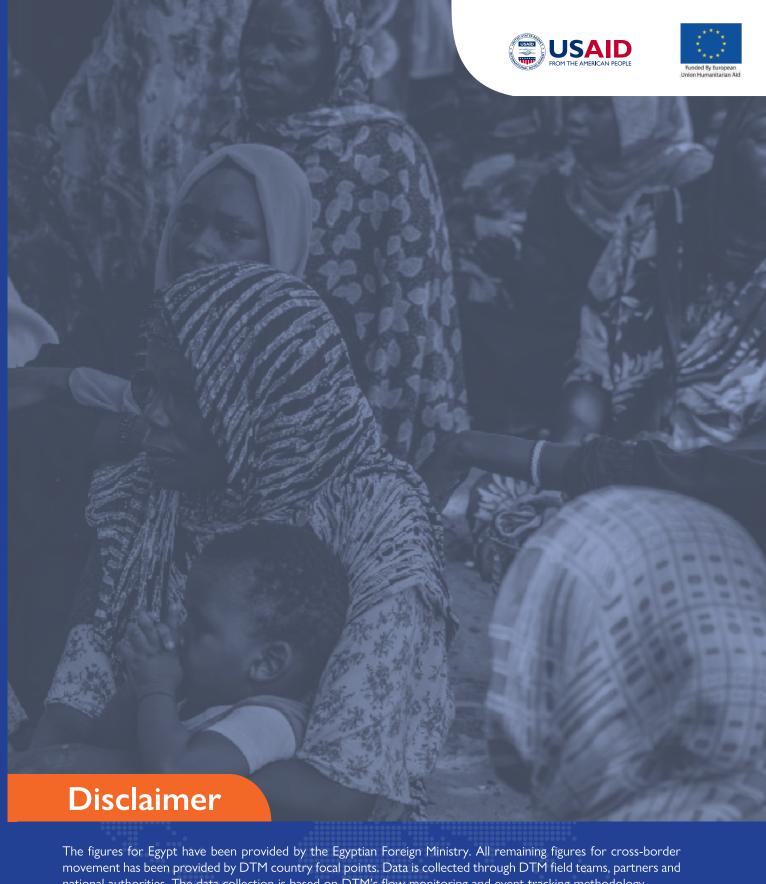


Graph 8: Timeline of Mixed Cross-Border Movement into South Sudan

Source: IOM, UNHCR

ed-Cross Border Movement to Ethiopia, please visit Population Movement from Sudan to the East and Horn of Africa Dashbord.

^{2.} For more information on Mixed-Cross Border Movement to South Sudan, please visit Population Movement from Sudan to South Sudan Dashboard.



national authorities. The data collection is based on DTM's flow monitoring and event tracking methodology.

