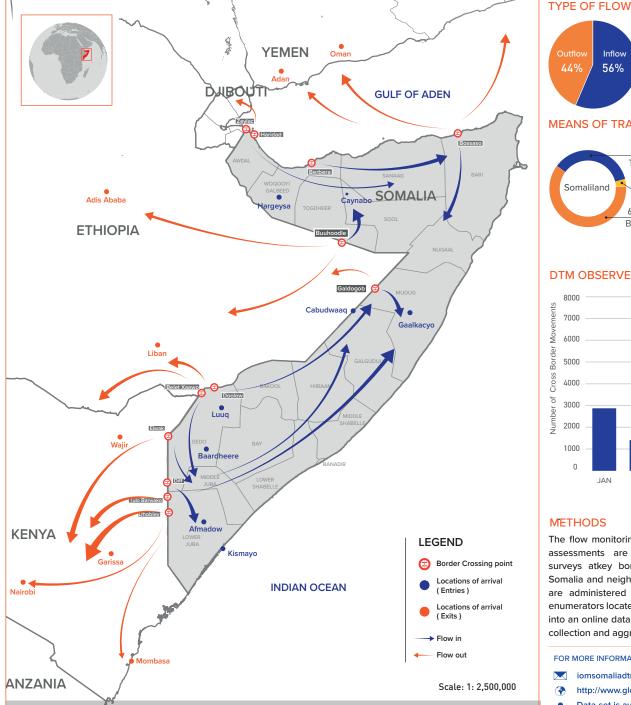
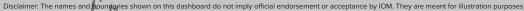
**CROSS BORDER FLOW MONITORING** 

**GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE** 

THE UN MIGRATION AGENCY

## **12 BORDER POINTS**





AGE/SEX DISSAGREGATION 0-17 18-59 60 +

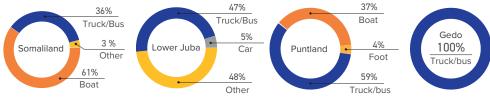


## MEANS OF TRANSPORT

Inflow

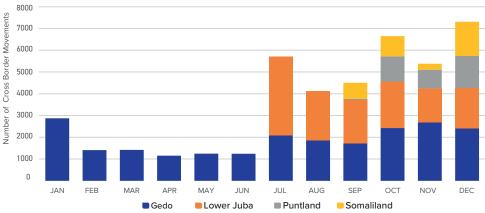
56%

44%



#### All data based on 10,948 Inflows and 8,457 Outflows from Oct-Dec 2017

## DTM OBSERVED CROSS BORDER MOVEMENTS - 2017



#### **METHODS**

The flow monitoring Population Movement Tracking assessments are conducted through household surveys atkey border crossing locations between Somalia and neighbouring countries. Questionnaires are administered at the household level, by the enumerators located at the border points and entered into an online data collection system (KOBO) for data collection and aggregation.

### FOR MORE INFORMATION

- iomsomaliadtm@iom.int
- http://www.globaldtm.info/somalia Data-set is available here





Taking into consideration that data collection

does not occur on a daily basis, there are likely

some in-flows and ex-flows are not captured.

IOM is working with authorities on methods

and estimation procedures to produce more

precise figures of the total number of entries

LIMITATIONS

and exits



# **OCTOBER - DECEMBER 2017 SOMALIA**