



3,322,297

IDPs and Returnees were covered by DTM Round XXII

IOM manages the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) in Nigeria and other countries round the world to support humanitarian communities with data on displacement and mobility. This information management product determines the status, locations, and needs of people displaced by the ongoing conflict in Northeast Nigeria. As of 18 April 2018, the DTM has identified 1,881,198 IDPs (357,016 households) across Adamawa, Bauchi, Borno, Gombe, Taraba, and Yobe States. This represents an increase of 6 per cent (98,708 individuals) from the previous DTM Round. The increase in the identified number of IDPs is attributable to the arrival of Nigerians from neighboring countries into situations of secondary displacement, as well as communal clashes and population movement on account of military operations.

Displacement

1,881,198 Individuals

39% of the IDPs are in camps/camp like settings

61% of the people are in host community settings

79% Women and Children

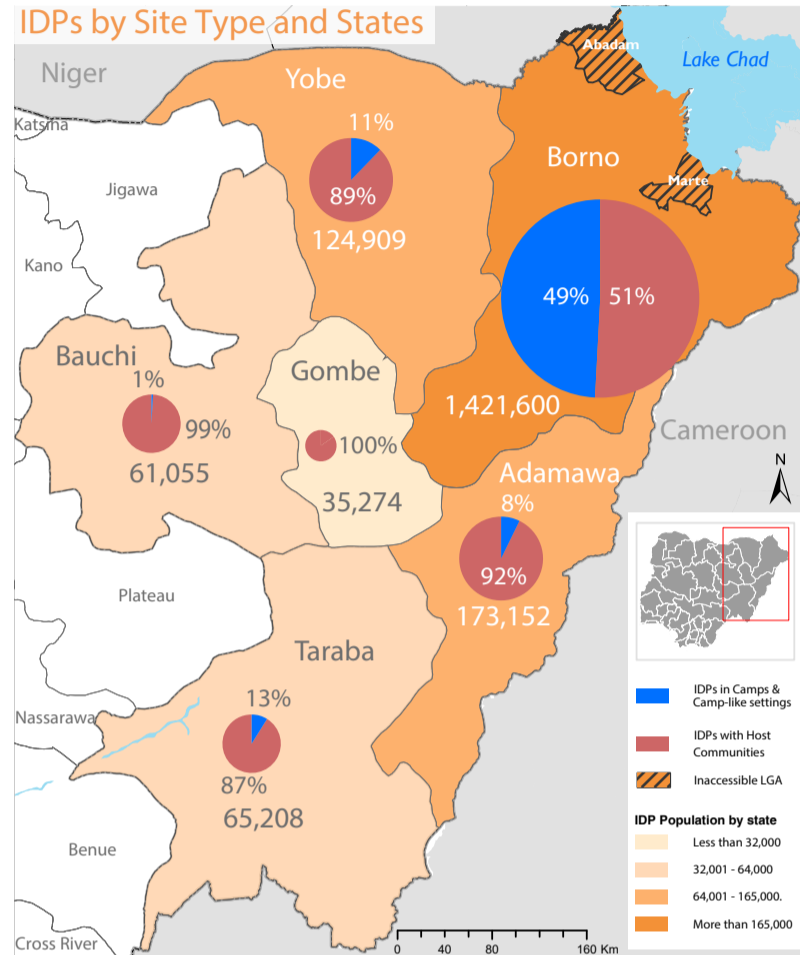
46% Male

54% Female

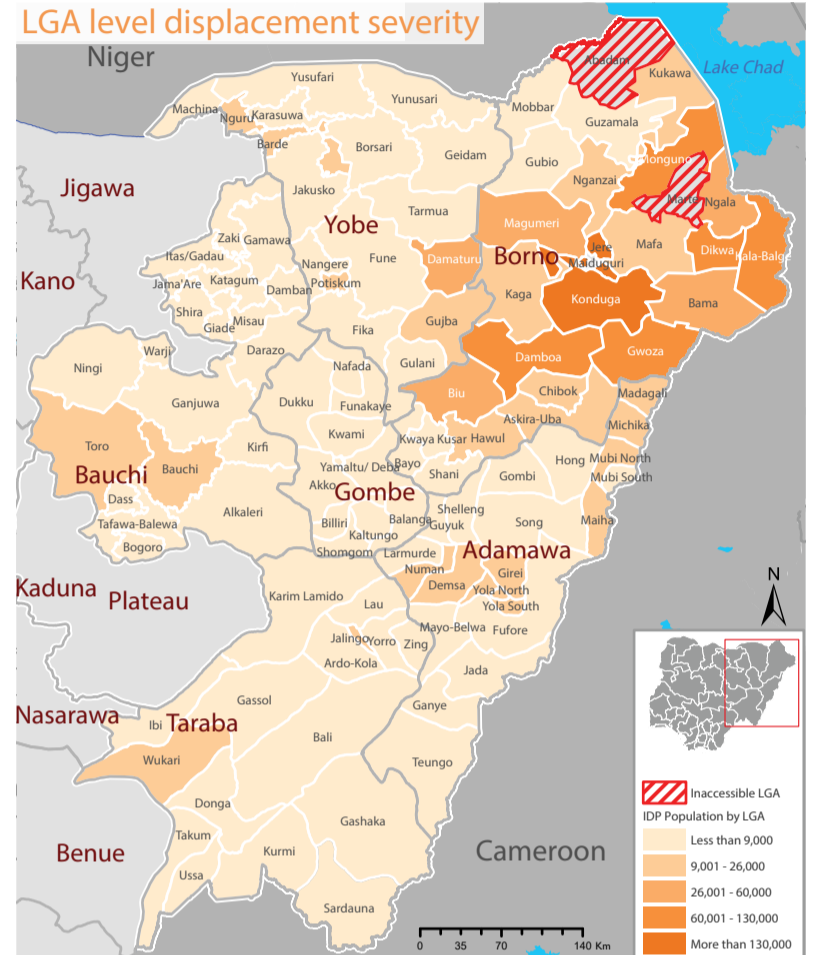
27% Children under 5 years

73% In majority (73%) of Sites surveyed, IDPs cited food as the main unmet need

IDPs by Site Type and States



LGA level displacement severity



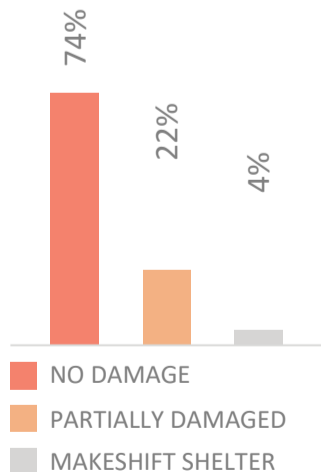
Returnees

1,441,099 Individuals

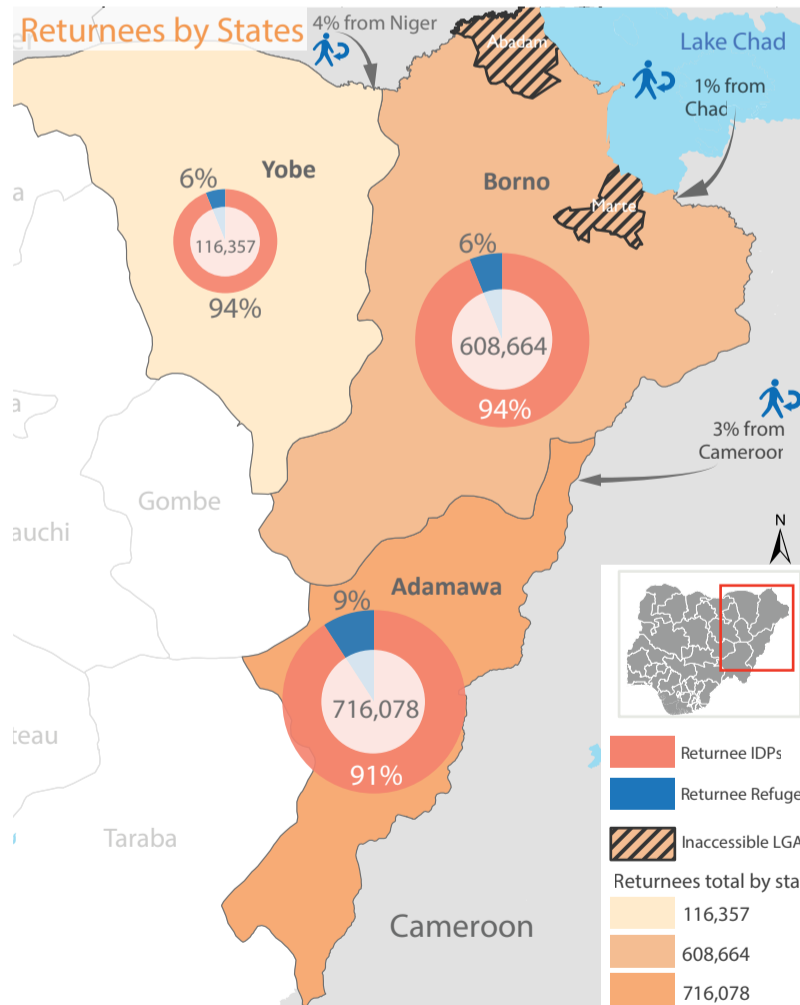
92% Returnee IDPs

8% Returnee Refugees

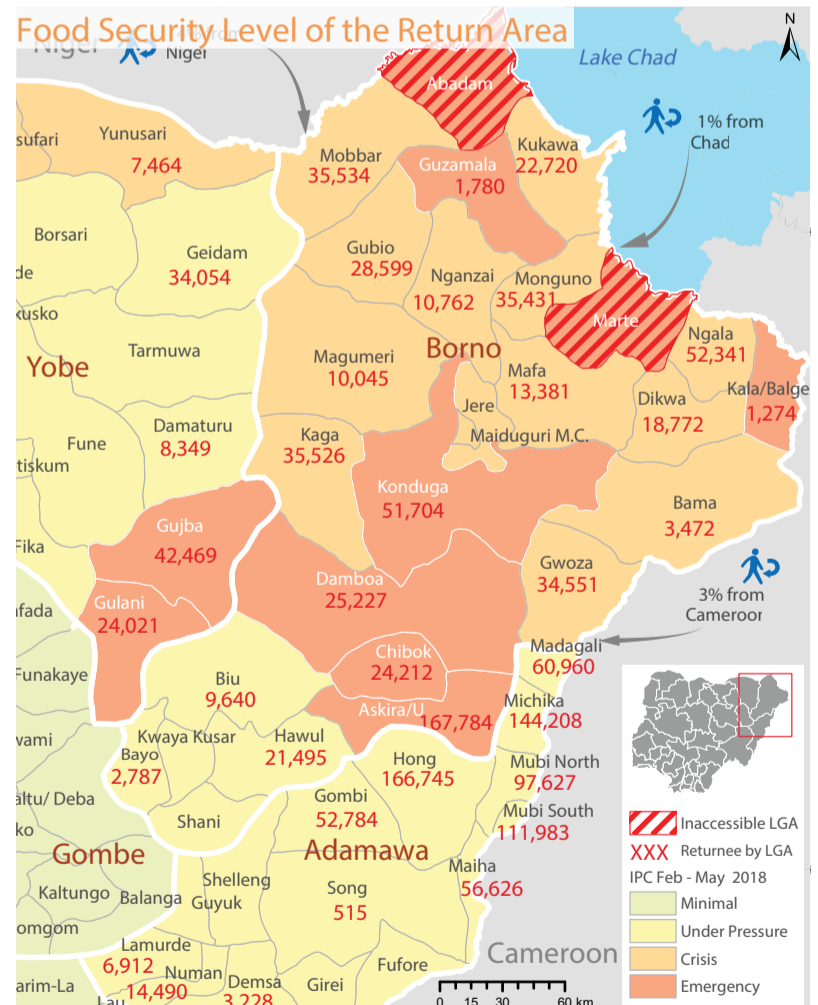
Shelter condition in return areas



Returnees by States



Food Security Level of the Return Area



DISCLAIMER: The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.