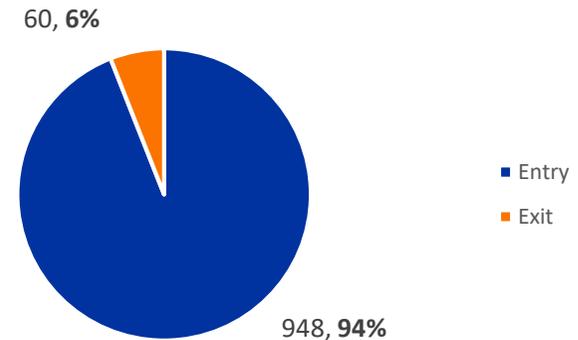


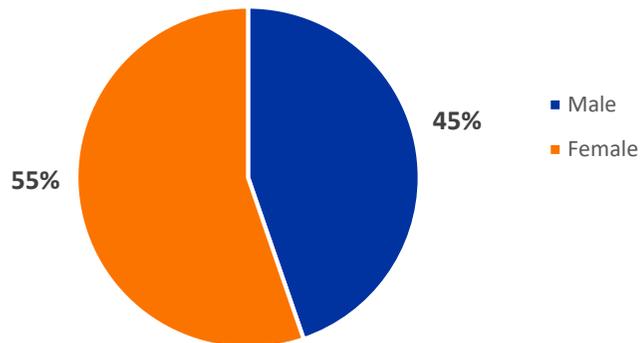
The flow monitoring component of DTM tracks movement flows of groups and individuals through key points of origin, transit locations and points of destination. The purpose of flow monitoring is to provide regularly updated information on the patterns and trends of population flows and profiles and intentions of IDPs on the move through specific locations. Trained enumerators collect data on two types of movements: i) internal flows within South Sudan and ii) cross-border flows to and from neighboring countries, mainly Sudan and Uganda. Depending on the location, the data is being collected by IOM or in partnership with trained local NGOs. The data collected through Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs) allow partners to better understand population movements and inform humanitarian assistance.

Persons exiting PoC sites should not be seen as returnees as these population movements are often cyclical as opposed to permanent. Malakal PoC site has witnessed disproportionately large inflows as opposed to exits over the last weeks (F.1&2). While half all entering individuals arrived from within Upper Nile State, 17 per cent came from Khartoum, Sudan and eight per cent from Juba.

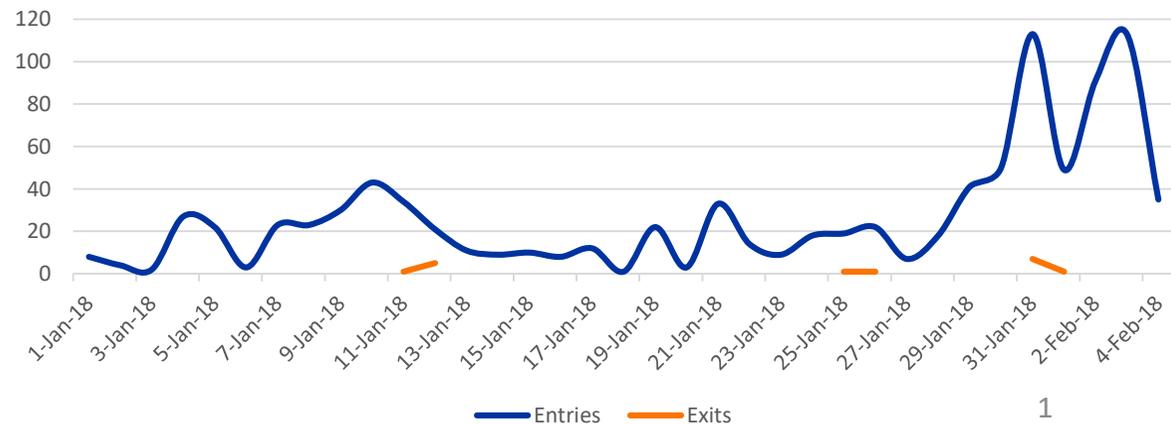
F.1 Entries vs. Exits Malakal PoC site 1 Jan - 4 Feb 2018 (ind and %)



F.3 Gender Ratio entering and exiting individuals Malakal PoC site



F.2 Individuals Exiting Malakal PoC site 1 Jan - 4 Feb 2018

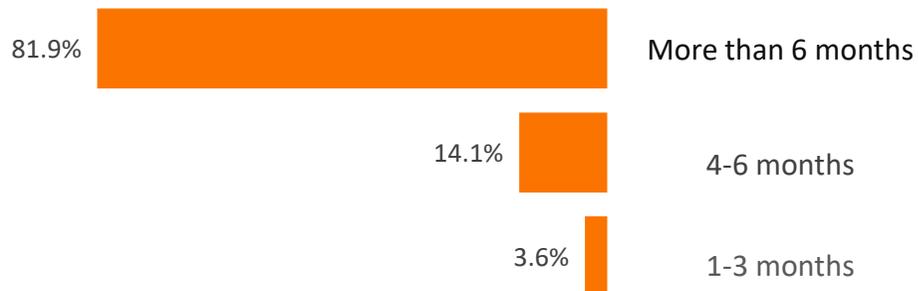


# Malakal PoC Site

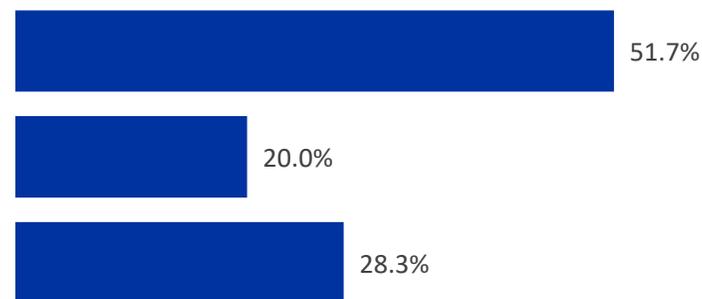
## Intended periods of stay and reasons for movement

Publication: 14 February 2018

F4. **Entries:** intended period of stay (in site)  
Malakal PoC site 1 Jan - 4 Feb 2018



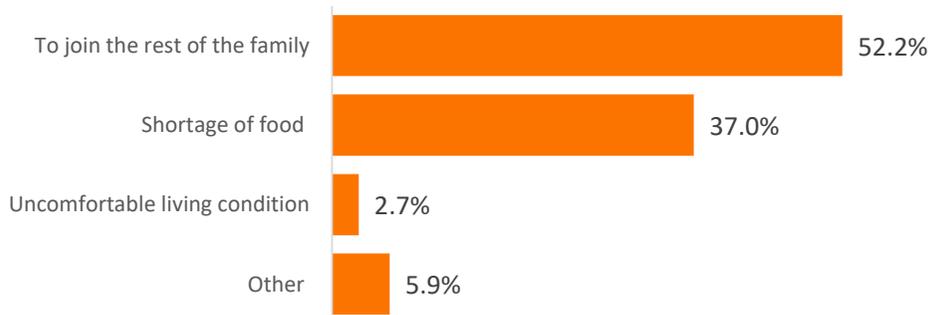
F.5 **Exits:** intended period of stay (away from site) Malakal PoC site 1 Jan - 4 Feb 2018



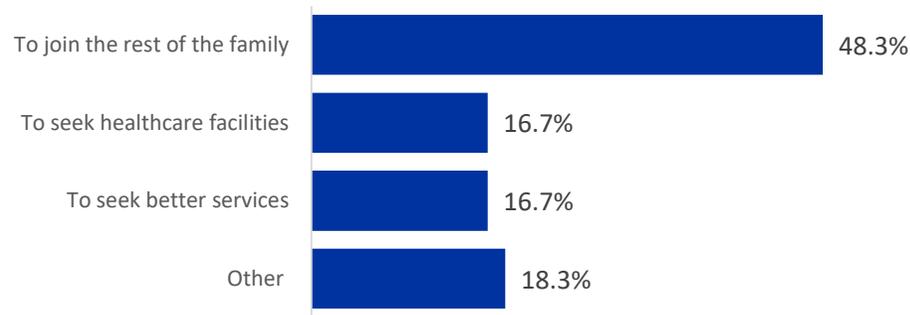
**Intended periods of stay:** only half of all individuals exiting the site intended leaving for more than six months (F.5). The other half reported intending to return to the site in 4-6 months (20%) or 1-3 months (28%). The overwhelming majority of entering IDPs planned on staying for more than 6 months (F.4).

**Reasons for movement:** about half of all individuals entering and exiting the PoC did so to join their families (F.6&7). Other reasons that drove people to move into the site were food shortages (37%) or uncomfortable living conditions (3%). Those that left the PoC also cited the need for health care (17%) or other services (17%).

F.6 Reasons for **entries** (948 ind.) Malakal PoC site



F.7 Reasons for **exits** (60 ind.) Malakal PoC site



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