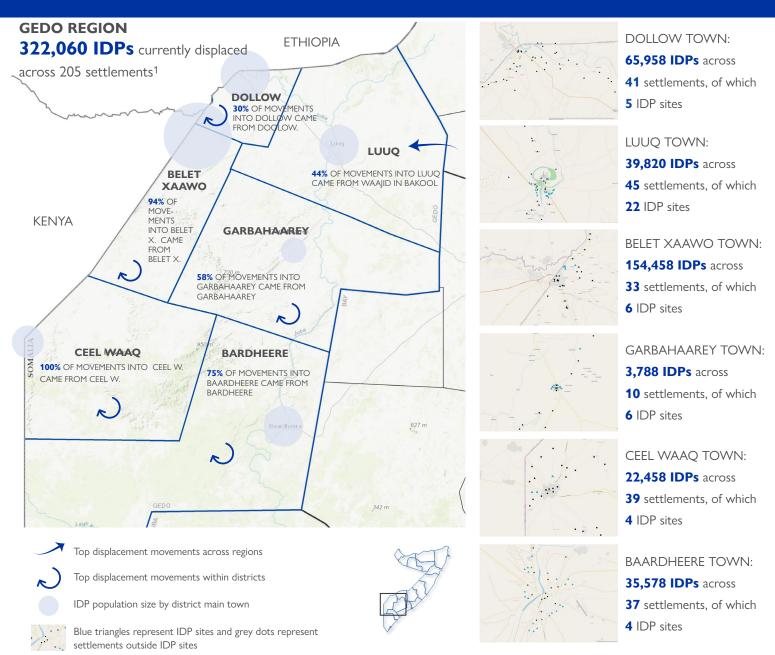


EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT

GEDO REGION

Report 53 15 March 2023 Data collection: 04th - 08th Mar 2023



POPULATION MOBILITY KEY FINDINGS³

205 assessed settlements

714 new IDP arrivals

★ 89% movements within the region

84% movements within the districts

7→ 100% spontaneous movements

96% first displacement

52% travel between 1-2 days

39% move by motor vehicle

On the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought. Early 2023, after five consecutive failed rainy seasons, most of the country is experiencing severe drought conditions. Based on previous and current drought induced displacement patterns, people will continue to move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. In order to monitor drought related displacement, DTM has deployed its Emergency Trend Tracking tool since February 2022.

Since November 2021, **322,060** individuals have been displaced by drought in Gedo region. An estimated **714 IDP** arrived to the assessed settlements since last assessment.



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 53 15 March 2023 Data collection: 04th - 08th Mar 2023

SUMMARY ON FIGURES²

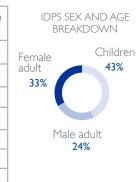
District main towns	# Settlements	# IDPs		
Baardheere	37	35,578		
Belet Xaawo	33	154,458		
Ceel Waaq	39	22,458		
Doolow	41	65,958		
Garbahaarey	10	3,788		
Luuq	45	39,820		
Grand Total	205	322,060		

% INDIVIDUALS IN IDP SITES AND OUTSIDE IDP SITES



IDPS DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE²

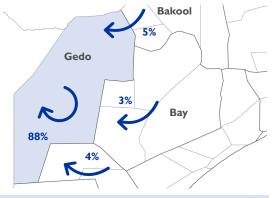
District main towns	# IDPs	# Male adults	# Female adults	# Children		
Baardheere	35,578	7,805	9,027	18,746		
Belet Xaawo	154,458	37,670	54,662	62,126		
Ceel Waaq	22,458	7,814	8,212	6,432		
Doolow	65,958	13,560	19,436	32,962		
Garbahaarey	3,788	1,149	1,197	1,442		
Luuq	39,820	7,348	15,072	17,400		
Grand Total	322,060	75,346	107,606	139,108		



REGION OF ORIGIN3

% IDPs BY REGION OF ORIGIN

Region of origin	% IDPs
Bakool	5%
Bay	3%
Gedo	88%
Middle Juba	4%



EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION³



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS³



First main need



Drinking water - 53%

TIMELINE OF DISPLACEMENT³



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING NO HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN RESPONSES % IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

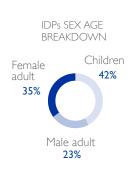
EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 53 15 March 2023 Data collection: 04th - 08th Mar 2023

IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES²



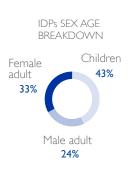
District main towns	# IDPs	# IDP sites			
Baardheere	2,047	4			
Belet Xaawo	25,986	6			
Ceel Waaq	3,067	4			
Doolow	43,443	5			
Garbahaarey	2,674	6			
Luuq	28,421	22			
Grand Total	105,638	47			



OUSIDE IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES²



District main towns	# IDPs	# non - IDP sites				
Baardheere	33,531	33				
Belet Xaawo	128,472	27				
Ceel Waaq	19,391	35				
Doolow	22,515	36				
Garbahaarey	1,114	4				
Luuq	11,399	23				
Grand Total	216,422	158				



IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION³



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION³



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING NO HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN RESPONSES First main need



Drinking water - 68%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS³



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING NO HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN RESPONSES First main need Food 50%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 53 15 March 2023 Data collection: 04th - 08th Mar 2023

POPULATION CHANGES BETWEEN ROUNDS BY DISTRICT2

	# IDPs per round																			
District main	Round 34	Round 35	Round 36	Round 37	Round 38	Round 39	Round 40	Round 41	Round 42	Round 43	Round 44	Round 45	Round 46	Round 47	Round 48	Round 49	Round 50	Round 51	Round 52	Round 53
town	(22/10- 26/10)	(29/10- 2/11)	(5/11- 9/11)	(12/11- 16/11)	(19/11- 23/11)	(26/11- 30/11)	(03/12- 06/12)	(10/12- 14/12)	(17/12- 21/12)	(24/12- 29/12)		(07/01- 11/01)	(14/01- 18/01)	(21/01- 25/01)	(28/01- 01/02)	(04/02- 081/02)	(11/02- 15/02)	(18/02- 23/02)	(25/02- 02/03)	(04/03- 08/03)
Baardheere	86,971	89,066	89,866	91,118	94,602	86,518	94,803	96,608	59,309	39,068	39,565	42,420	42,260	41,797	38,049	36,346	36,346	35,006	33,686	35,578
Belet Xaawo	117,602	120,610	124,042	126,344	130,168	87,023	133,402	134,944	136,576	138,262	139,754	141,362	142,904	144,572	146,018	147,671	147,671	151,004	152,648	154,458
Ceel Waaq	17,535	17,838	18,130	18,436	18,749	44,685	19,291	19,457	19,729	19,959	20,250	20,520	20,751	21,060	21,291	21,513	21,513	21,971	22,213	22,458
Doolow	53,777	45,208	54,992	55,356	56,116	54,520	57,657	58,292	59,065	59,829	60,458	61,186	61,755	62,491	63,282	63,830	63,830	65,068	65,618	65,958
Garbahaarey	5,365	5,613	5,718	5,840	5,517	19,933	5,638	5,619	5,622	5,768	5,722	5,806	5,853	5,910	6,019	6,142	6,142	6,091	6,473	3,788
Luuq	38,109	47,553	38,350	38,436	35,504	54,968	47,211	38,963	39,024	39,124	39,191	39,307	39,392	39,451	39,501	39,574	39,574	36,836	39,801	39,820
Total	319,359	325,888	331,098	335,530	343,649	347,647	358,002	353,883	319,325	302,010	304,940	310,601	312,915	315,281	314,160	315,076	315,076	315,976	320,439	322,060

	# Settlements covered per round																			
District main	(Round 34	(Round 35	Round 36	Round 37	Round 38	Round 39	Round 40	Round 41	Round 42	Round 43	Round 44	Round 45	Round 46	Round 47	Round 48	Round 49	Round 50	Round 51	Round 52	Round 53
town	(22/10-	(29/10-	(5/11	(12/11-	(19/11-	(26/11-	(03/12-	(10/12-	(17/12-	(24/12-		(07/01-	(14/01-	(21/01-	(28/01-	(04/02-	(11/02-	(18/02-	(25/02-	(04/03-
	26/10)	2/11)	-9/11)	16/11)	23/11)	30/11)	06/12)	14/12)	21/12)	29/12)		11/01)	18/01)	25/01)	01/02)	081/02)	15/02)	23/02)	02/03)	08/03)
Baardheere	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	36	37
Belet Xaawo	33	33	33	33	38	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Ceel Waaq	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Doolow	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	41
Garbahaarey	20	20	20	20	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	20	10
Luuq	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	44	45	45
Total	217	217	217	217	216	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	215	215	205

INFORMATION ON THE COMMUNITY OF ORIGIN3



% KEY INFORMANTS WHO REPORTED THAT ALL THOSE WHO LIVED IN THE IDPS COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN FLED



% INDIVIDUALS BY REASON FOR STAYING BEHIND IN THE IDPs COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN



DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) - SOMALIA EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT

15 March 2023 Data collection: 04th - 08th Mar 2023

Report 53

GEDO REGION

CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

The Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is one of DTM's global components and the objective is to quickly collect information on sudden displacements or population movements triggered by conflicts, natural disasters and/or organized/spontaneous returns. The data collected is of a rapid nature and to help prioritise humanitarian response. It includes information on population groups, displacement location, date and reasons of displacement and priority needs.

As the drought continues to worsen with displacement increasing in Somalia DTM is piloting an ETT tool in Gedo region to monitor displacement trends and hotspots in support of operational planning. During the 2017 drought, DTM Somalia conducted a country wide ETT and the data from that period indicated the highest numbers of displaced individuals were observed in Bay, Banadir and Gedo regions. Based on this and due to IOM's operational presence in Gedo region, DTM decided to deploy an ETT pilot in Gedo region. In addition, based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, the humanitarian community expects that people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. Consequently, this pilot, which concentrates only on drought induced displacements, focuses on the main urban centers and surrounding villages for each district.

This pilot has been set-up in two steps:

1- A "baseline assessment" – as on the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought, the first round of data collection (between January 23, 2022 and February 7, 2022) was a baseline exercise to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021.

2- For the following rounds of data collection, DTM enumerators continue to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021. However, by comparing the updated IDPs figures to the baseline or previous rounds, DTM team can inform the response on new arrivals and departures for each settlement, as well as on key indicators on the new arrivals (region of origin, humanitarian needs and assistance, timeline of displacement, etc.).

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) at the settlement level, from Saturday to Wednesday every week. All locations assessed are monitored each week.

LIMITATIONS

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs), consequently the findings should be considered as estimates. The data is also captured for the "majority of the people displaced within a location". For example, the place of origin assessed for the IDPs in one location, is the place of origin of the majority of these IDPs. The detailed information on all places of origin is not collected and reported.

The information provided is related to a specific event (ongoing drought) and does not provide an overview of all population movements within a location. Moreover, the exercise covers the main urban centres and surrounding areas in each district, consequently none of the districts have a full coverage. The GPS coordinates collected can be approximations and are not always exact locations.

DISCLAMERS AND DEFINITIONS

The maps in this report are for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on these maps may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM.

Definitions:

Urban settlements: neighborhoods located in the main administrative town of each district.

Rural settlements: villages outside of cities and towns.

IDP sites: camp and camp-like settings hosting IDPs.

Spontaneous displacement: is an individual or group who initiate and proceed with their migration plans without any outside assistance from the federal/regional authorities or any other type of international or national assistance. Organized movement is characterized by external support to the persons on the move, the support could be logistical or financial.

Drought induced displacements: people are displaced totally or partially because of the drought.