

ETT Report: No. 50 | 16 – 22 January 2018

MOVEMENT SUMMARY

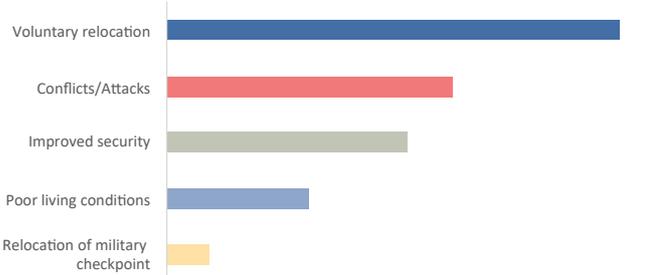
Totals

Arrivals: 5,441 individuals
Departures: 1,090 individuals
Transiting: 48 individuals

Within the period of 16 to 22 January 2018, a total of 4,953 new arrivals, 1,090 departures and 48 transit movements were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Chibok, Dikwa, Fufore, Girei, Gubio, Gwoza, Hong, Jere, Kaga, Kala/Balge, Guzamala, Konduga, Kukawa, Madagali, Mafa, Magumeri, Maiduguri, Maiha, Michika, Mobbar, Monguno, Mubi-North, Mubi-South, Ngala, Nганzai, Yola-North and Yola-South LGAs in Borno and Adamawa States.

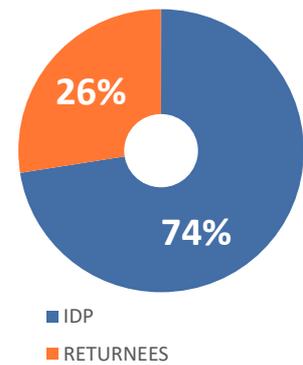
The main triggers were voluntary relocation (39%), conflicts/attacks (24%), improved security (21%), poor living conditions (12%) and in one incident, due to fear of insecurity following the relocation of military a checkpoint in Kukawa (4%).

Movement triggers

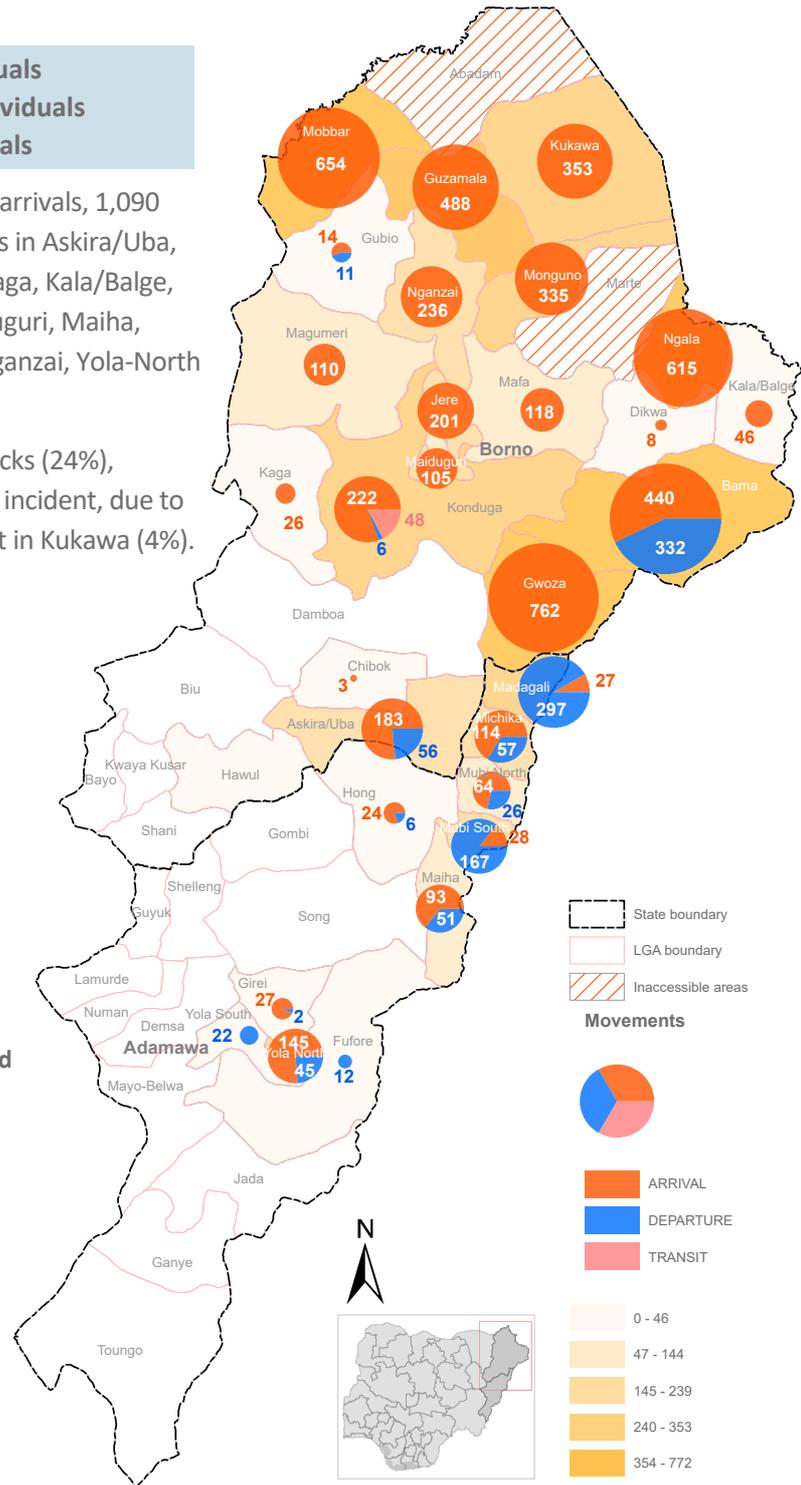
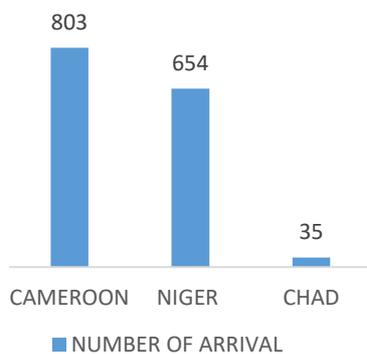


	Relocation Of Military Check Point	Poor Living Conditions	Improved Security	Conflicts/Attacks	Voluntary Relocation
Number of individuals	242	804	1,364	1,607	2,562

Affected population



Arrivals from Cameroon, Niger and Chad



Summary of major movements

Gwoza: (Triggers: improved security, poor living conditions): 762 arrivals were recorded in Gwoza during the reporting period. These include 131 arrivals at the Transit Camp in Pulka from GSSSS camp in Bama, 113 arrivals at the Transit Camp from Cameroon, 465 arrivals at Hausari ward of Gwoza from Mubi-South LGA in Adamawa State, 44 arrivals at Hausari community from Maiduguri and 9 arrivals at GSS Camp from Pulka/Bokko ward.

Mobbar: (Trigger: voluntary relocation): 654 individuals (returnees) arrived at Damasak Central ward of Mobbar from Difa, Niger Republic. They are in need of food, shelter and NFI assistance.

Ngala: (Triggers: poor living conditions, voluntary relocation, attack): 615 arrivals were recorded in Ngala during the reporting period. These include 534 arrivals at Gaboru community from Marwa in Cameroon, 75 arrivals at International School Camp from surrounding wards and 6 arrivals at the Camp from Ibadan, Oyo State.

Guzamala: (Trigger: attack): 488 individuals arrived at Mairari ward of Guzamala from nearby Kingarwa ward, due to recent attacks in the area.

Bama: (Triggers: voluntary relocation, poor living conditions): 440 new arrivals and 332 departures were recorded in Bama during the reporting period. These include 326 arrivals at GSSSS Camp, 114 arrivals at Banki Camp of which 71 were from Cameroon, 270 departures from Banki Camp for Kasugula ward in Bama and 62 departures from GSSSS Camp for Gwoza and Konduga LGAs.

Table 1. Details of movement by location of assessment and location of arrival/departure - movements with an average of 30 persons

Tracking location		Arriving from/Departing to	Movement Details		
Local government area (LGA)	Ward	Local government area (LGA)	ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	TRANSITING
ASKIRA/UBA	UVU/UVA	WUKARI	79		
	WAMDEO/RIMIRGO	NJAMAINA	35		
BAMA	KASUGULA KUMSHE	BAMA	301		
		BAMA		230	
		JERE		40	
		MARWA	36		
		MORWA	35		
GUZAMALA	GOWURAM	GUZAMALA	46		
	MAIRARI	GUZAMALA	442		
GWOZA	HAUSARI/GADAMAYO PULKA	MAIDUGURI	44		
		MUBI SOUTH	465		
		-	77		
		BAMA	131		
JERE	GUNGULONG	MAFA	154		
	OLD MAIDUGURI	MARTE	47		
KALA/BALGE	RANN	MARWA	31		
KONDUGA	AUNO/CHABBOL JEWU LAMBOA	MAGUMERI	63		
		KONDUGA	87		48
		MAGUMERI	48		
KUKAWA	BAGA DORO KUKAWA	BUNZA	31		
		MAIDUGURI	41		
		MALLAM MADORI	36		
		HADEJA	83		
		KUKAWA	63		
MADAGALI	MADAGALI	GWOZA		230	
MAFA	MAFA	JERE	59		
		MAIDUGURI	33		
MAGUMERI	GAJIGANNA	MAGUMERI	93		
MAIDUGURI	LAMISULA/JABAMARI	MAIHA	54		
MAIHA	SORAU A	MAIHA	34		
MICHIKA	JIGALAMBU	MARWA	37		
	JIGALANBU	LAMURDE	32		
MOBBAR	DAMASAK CENTRAL	DIFA	654		
MONGUNO	MONGUNO	MARTE	335		
MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	GWOZA		72	
	LAMURDE	GWOZA		95	
NGALA	GAMBORU A NGALA	MARWA	487		
		MARWA	47		
		NGALA	75		
NGANZAI	GAJIRAM	NGANZAI	236		
YOLA NORTH	JAMBTU	GWOZA	135		

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners present on the ground.

For more information or to report an alert, please contact:

Henry Kwenin, DTM Project Coordinator: hkwenin@iom.int | +234 9038852524

Fouad Diab, Emergency Coordinator: fdiab@iom.int | +234 9075070001

DTM information products: <http://nigeria.iom.int/dtm>

