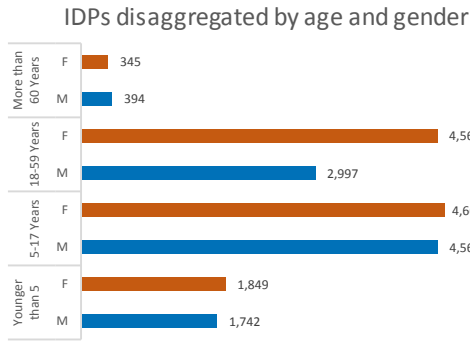


In April 2017, a total of **21,114** IDPs were registered in Nertiti.

Demographic Data

61% of the registered IDPs were under 18 years old or below, of which **51%** are females and **28%** are under 5 years of age.



Services

Health and Nutrition: The most urgent need in Nertiti is for nutrition intervention, and for simultaneous improvement in provision of health services. Several health centers reported gaps in availability of basic medical supplies and supporting items like spray pumps for insecticide spraying, and cleaning implements. A need for the training of health staff was also reported.

WASH: The most common water sources available are hand pumps, the seasonal valley (wadi) and a few wells. There is a shortage of adequate water sources, and a need to improve the water services by upgrading the existing water sources. A need for drilling **8** new wells and construction of storage tanks was reported at the locality level. Furthermore, water quality was reported to be suffering from high salinity levels.

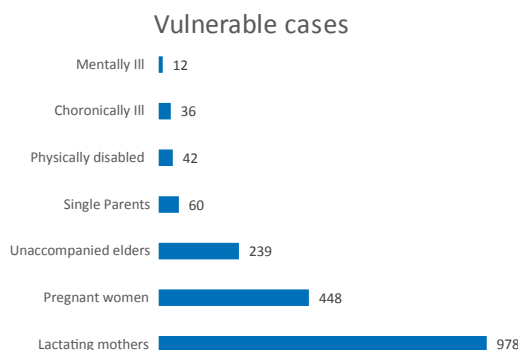
Shelter/Non-Food Items: The general ES/NFI situation for the IDPs and host community is critical, as the population identified a widespread need of jerry cans for safe storage of water, sleeping mats and plastic sheets to provide temporary shelters. Additionally, a need for mosquito nets was also highlighted by the community in the context of ongoing rainy season.

Food Security and Livelihood: The IDPs also identified a need for food distribution, as they reported that the last distribution was carried out in August 2016.

Education: Most schools, reportedly, need rehabilitation of classrooms, and some require building of new classrooms at several locations in Nertiti. There are a total of **45** operational schools serving the areas of Nertiti, Thur and Guldo combined, of which **29** are public schools.

Vulnerability

Out of the registered individuals, the DTM team identified **1,816** individuals as most vulnerable including unaccompanied children and elders, pregnant and lactating women, mentally and physically challenged etc. **79%** of the most vulnerable individuals were either pregnant or lactating women.



The IDPs were found to have been displaced from 33 villages / locations in Central Darfur.

Most people were displaced in January 2016.

Notes:

The beneficiary list is ready to be shared with key humanitarian partners upon request.

Mission Duration:

18th - 27th April 2017

The Mission was jointly conducted with HAC (State Level)



Funded By European Union Humanitarian Aid

