




METHODOLOGY



Assessment conducted in affected areas



Assessment conducted through phone interviews with key informants




SUMMARY OF THE EVENT


The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is to collect information on large and sudden population movements as well as security and climactic emergencies. Information is collected through phone interviews with key informants and direct observation.

Following the increasing water level of Lake Chad, a total of 1,322 households (6,141 individuals) were affected by the floods, among these people, 884 households (3,600 individuals) were displaced on foot and by canoe to the host locations. In addition to displacement, these flooding caused considerable damage to houses, millet, rice, sorghum and okra fields, also resulting in the loss of non-food items and livestock.


DEMOGRAPHICS



1 322 Affected households
6,141 Affected individuals



884 Displaced households
3,600 Displaced individuals




06 Assessed localities


Affected and displaced persons by assessed locality

Date of flooding	Origin sous-préfecture	Host sous-préfecture	Affected localities	Host locality	Affected households	Affected individuals	Displaced households	Displaced individuals
1/12/2022	Kangalam	Bagasola	Biel,Gobo et Djarowa	Koukime2	714	3745	319	1509
1/12/2022	Kangalam	Kangalam	Biel,Gobo et Djarowa	marthé			325	1304
6/12/2022	Kangalam	Bagasola	kambeler	Tchigam 2	370	1600	60	150
27/12/2022	Bagasola	Bagasola	Samiah	Kousseri 1	30	132	30	132
12/11/2022	Bol	Bol	Kinassorom	Yakoua	100	353	100	353
28/11/2022	Bol	Bol	Kembolo,Karonga	Medi Koura	108	312	50	152
Total of affected and displaced populations in the 6 localities					1,322	6,141	884	3,600


OBSERVATIONS AND ANALYSIS




Most of the houses for the **884** displaced households (**3,600** individuals) are completely destroyed. The vast majority of displaced persons are without shelter and are being hosted by local communities.




58 hectares of maize fields, **20** hectares of rice, **10** hectares of sorghum and **10** hectares of okra fields, which were the main sources of livelihood for these persons, were totally damaged. Livestock was also affected, with a total of **08** cattle and **450** goats. Furthermore, no food assistance has been provided to these displaced persons apart from the local community's aid.



Affected and displaced households have lost most of their non-food items. **Priority needs include mats, soaps, clothes, blankets and mosquito nets.**

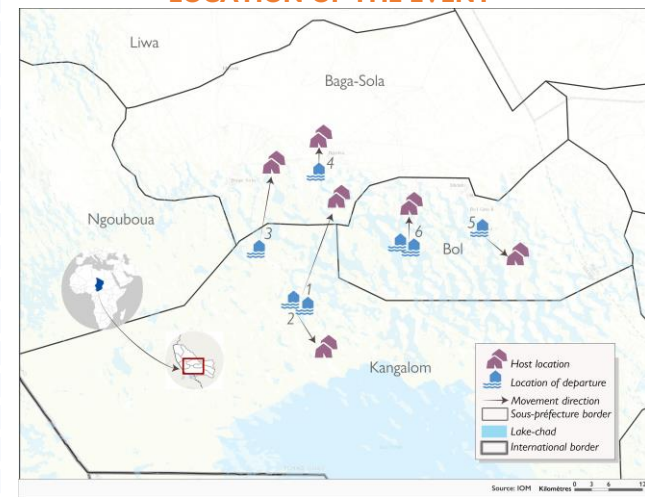


Cases of malaria, typhoid fever, diarrhea and malnutrition have been reported by key informants. Due to lack of available medicines, shelter and food, the health situation is likely to worsen.



Vulnerable groups reported, include 115 female heads of household, 53 pregnant women, 161 persons over 60 years old and 37 persons living with a physical disability.

LOCATION OF THE EVENT



This map is for illustration purposes only. The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

TOP PRIORITY NEEDS OF AFFECTED HOUSEHOLDS



Food



Shelter



Non-Food Items



Health