

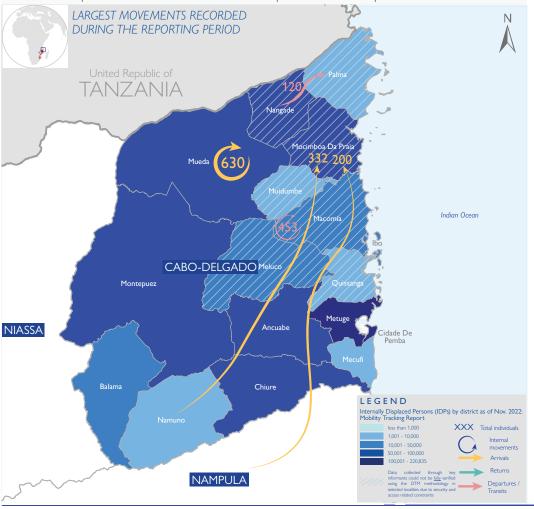
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Mozambique EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT) - Cabo Delgado

WIDMUN MIGRATION

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 196/25 - 31 January 2023

During the reporting period (25 to 31 January 2023), a total of 36 movements were recorded - 17 arrivals (1,763 individuals), 15 departures (941 individuals), and 4 returns (37 individuals). The largest arrival movements were recorded in Mueda (630 individuals), Mocimboa Da Praia (532 individuals), Muidumbe (326 individuals) and Macomia (234 individuals). The largest departure movements were recorded in Macomia (453 individuals), and Nangade (343 individuals). The largest return movement was observed within Quissanga (23 individuals). Of the total population, 1 per cent of mobile groups were displaced for the first time, 30 per cent for a second time and 69 per cent were displaced at least three times.



KEY FIGURES

2,741

PEOPLE ON THE MOVE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

37

OF THE TOTAL IDPS RETURNED TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN

49%

OF PEOPLE ON THE MOVE REPORTED ARE CHILDREN

87%

OF THE REPORTED
PEOPLE ON THE MOVE
ARE LIVING WITH THE
HOST COMMUNITY

139

ELDERLY WERE REPORTED, REPRESENTING THE LARGEST VULNERABLE GROUP DEMOGRAPHICS



Women Men 750 652 27% 24% İ

Children 1,339 **49**%

MAIN REPORTED NEEDS



Shelter



MAIN DISTRICTS OF ORIGIN



Namuno 19%



DEFINITION OF TERMINOLOGIES

PEOPLE ON THE MOVE: Indicative individual movements triggered by conflict/attacks, fear of attacks, search of food/livelihoods, access to humanitarian assistance, natural disaster, intended returns, relocation or family reunification.

TYPES OF MOVEMENT FLOWS: To capture the dynamic characteristics of migration, the ETT categorizes 4 types of movement flows: arrivals, departures and transits and returns. Each category is dependent on the recorded triggers of movement, duration of movement as well as movement intentions.

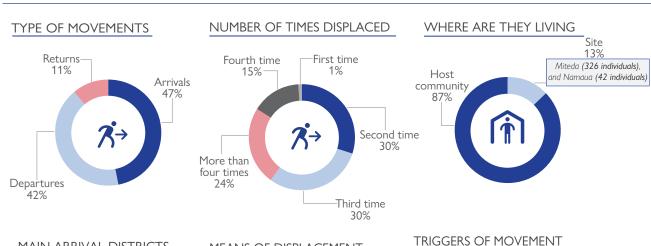
 $\boldsymbol{\cdot} \; \textbf{ARRIVALS:} \; \textit{Individuals arriving at the point of assessment with intentions to stay more than 1 \; \textit{month in current} \\$

location

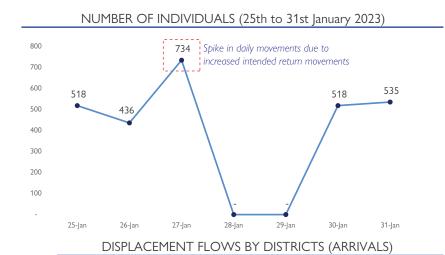
- TRANSITS: Individuals arriving at the point of assessment, with an intention to spend less than one month at current location.
- **DEPARTURES**: Individuals leaving the point of assessment to another location.
- RETURNS: Individuals returning to their locality of origin from previous place of displacement. Please note, the returnee category, for the purpose of DTM data collection, is restricted to individuals who returned to the Location/Bairro of their habitual residence, or an adjacent area based on a free decision. Mozambique displaced persons having returned to districts of origin without having reached their locality of origin are still displaced and as such not counted in the returnee category.

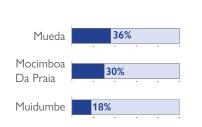






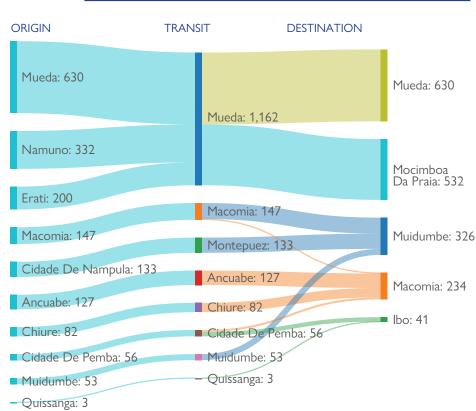
MEANS OF DISPLACEMENT



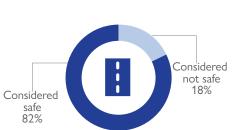


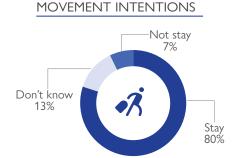
MAIN ARRIVAL DISTRICTS





SAFETY OF ROADS





















VULNERABILITIES BY LOCALITY (ARRIVALS)

District/Locality	Total number of households	Total number of individuals	Unaccompanied / separated	Pregnant women	Ederly (60 years +)	People with disabilities
			children			
Mueda	155	630	-	5	39	-
Chapa	73	255	-	-	12	-
Nahala	34	205	-	3	18	-
Vila de Mueda	48	170	-	2	9	-
Mocimboa Da Praia	106	532	-	12	18	3
Mocimboa Da Praia	106	532	-	12	18	3
Muidumbe	67	326	4	19	47	10
Miteda	67	326	4	19	47	10
Macomia	55	234	-	6	11	3
Changane	21	85	-	6	3	1
Nanga B	19	82	-	-	6	2
Xinavane	15	67	-	-	2	-
lbo	12	41	-	-	-	-
Matemo	10	38	-	-	-	-
Vila do Ibo	2	3	-	-	-	-
Grand Total	395	1,763	4	42	115	16









