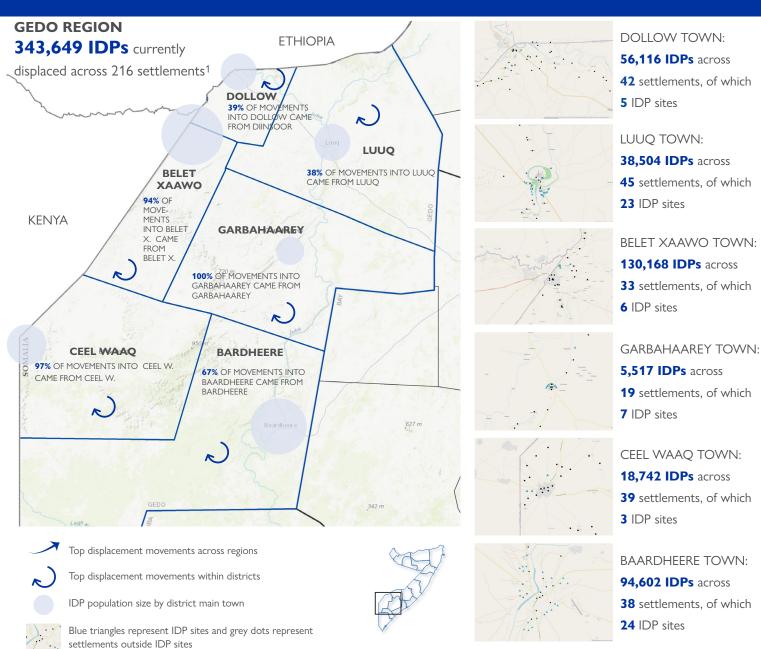


EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT

GEDO REGION

Report 38 04 December 2022 Data collection: 19 to 23 November 2022



POPULATION MOBILITY KEY FINDINGS³

216 assessed settlements

%→ 8,595 new IDP arrivals

78% movements within the region

70% movements within the districts

7→ 100% spontaneous movements

97% first displacement

46% travelled for 1-2 days

46% arrived by animal

On the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought. Four failed consecutive rainy seasons have resulted in 90% of the country experiencing severe drought conditions. Based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. In order to monitor drought related displacement, DTM has deployed its Emergency Trend Tracking tool.

Since November 2021, **343,649** individuals have been displaced by drought in Gedo region. An estimated **8,595 IDPs** arrived to the assessed settlements since last assessment.

EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 38 04 December 2022 Data collection: 19 to 23 November 2022

SUMMARY OF FIGURES²

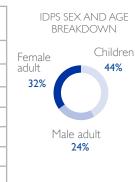
District main towns	# Settlements	# IDPs				
Baardheere	38	94,602				
Belet Xaawo	33	130,168				
Ceel Waaq	39	18,742				
Doolow	42	56,116				
Garbahaarey	19	5,517				
Luuq	45	38,504				
Total	216	343,649				

% INDIVIDUALS IN IDP SITES AND OUTSIDE IDP SITES



IDPS DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE²

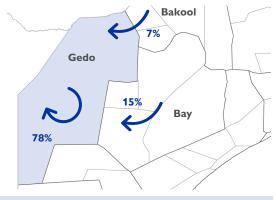
District main towns	# IDPs	# Male adults	# Female adults	# Children	
Baardheere	94,602	22,901	28,615	43,086	
Belet Xaawo	130,168	33,764	39,052	57,352	
Ceel Waaq	18,742	6,496	6,894	5,352	
Doolow	56,116	11,661	16,738	27,717	
Garbahaarey	5,517	1,740	1,757	2,020	
Luuq	38,504	7,162	14,721	16,621	
Total	343,649	83,724	107,777	152,148	



REGION OF ORIGIN3

% IDPs BY REGION OF ORIGIN

Region of origin	% IDPs
Bakool	7%
Bay	15%
Gedo	78%

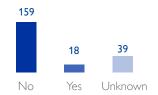


EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT I OCATION³



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE First main need Drinking water - 51%

Second main need Food - 81%

Third main need Cash - 40%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

TIMELINE OF DISPLACEMENT3



% IDPs PER MONTH OF DISPLACEMENT



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 38 04 December 2022 Data collection: 19 to 23 November 2022

IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES²



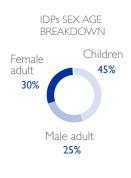
District main towns	# IDPs	# IDP sites				
Baardheere	48,030	22				
Belet Xaawo	21,360	6				
Ceel Waaq	2,255	3				
Doolow	35,733	5				
Garbahaarey	2,610	7				
Luuq	28,312	23				
Grand Total	138,300	66				



OUTSIDE IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES²



District main towns	# IDPs	# non - IDP sites
Baardheere	46,572	16
Belet Xaawo	108,808	27
Ceel Waaq	16,487	36
Doolow	20,383	37
Garbahaarey	2,907	12
Luuq	10,192	22
Total	205,349	150

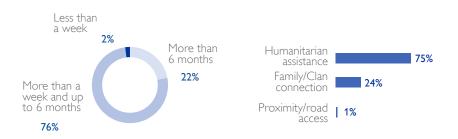


IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION3



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION³



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE First main need
Second main need



Drinking water - 37%

5000

Food - 72%

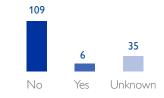
Third main need

\$333. •••••

Cash - 23%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS³



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE First main need

U

Drinking water - 61%

Second main need

5222

Food - 86%

Third main need

3)). 100

Cash - 52%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 38 04 December 2022 Data collection: 19 to 23 November 2022

POPULATION CHANGES BETWEEN ROUNDS BY DISTRICT2

District main	Round 19	Round 20	Round 21	Round 22	Round 23	Round 24	Round 25	Round 26	Round 27	Round 28	Round 29	Round 30	Round 31	Round 32	Round 33	Round 34	Round 35	Round 36	Round 37	Round 38
town	(10/07- 14/07)	(16/07- 20/07)	(23/07- 27/07)	(30/07- 03/08)	(06/08- 10/08)	(13/08- 17/08)	(20/08- 24/08)	(27/08- 31/08)	(03/09- 07/09)	(10/07- 14/07)	(17/09- 21/09)	(24/09- 28/09)	(01/10- 05/10)	(08/10- 12/10)	(15/10- 19/10)	(22/10- 26/10)	(29/10- 2/11)	(5/11- 9/11)	(12/11- 16/11)	(19/11- 23/11)
Baardheere	66,067	67,103	65,775	68,500	72,098	75,687	75,419	78,003	78,727	77,765	79,201	79,893	81,911	83,780	85,484	86,971	89,066	89,866	91,118	94,602
Belet Xaawo	80,016	83,394	85,544	88,058	90,448	92,318	94,902	97,428	99,864	102,626	105,128	107,444	109,802	112,370	114,896	117,602	120,610	124,042	126,344	130,168
Ceel Waaq	13,034	13,389	13,727	14,049	14,314	14,567	14,840	15,113	15,374	15,667	15,989	16,311	16,645	16,949	17,232	17,535	17,838	18,130	18,436	18,749
Doolow	36,811	37,845	38,812	40,150	41,148	42,425	43,571	45,004	46,264	47,442	48,853	50,077	50,903	51,666	52,809	53,777	45,208	54,992	55,356	56,116
Garbahaarey	3,430	3,585	3,695	3,780	3,878	4,103	4,053	4,285	4,467	4,574	4,655	4,782	4,979	5,188	5,273	5,365	5,613	5,718	5,840	5,517
Luuq	36,129	36,388	36,585	36,600	36,726	36,726	36,995	37,109	37,236	37,362	37,502	37,598	37,783	37,843	37,924	38,109	47,553	38,350	38,436	35,504
Total	235,487	241,704	244,138	251,137	258,612	265,826	269,780	276,942	281,932	285,436	291,328	296,105	302,023	307,796	313,618	319,359	325,888	331,098	335,530	343,649

District main	(Round 19	(Round 20	(Round 21	(Round 22	(Round 23	(Round 24	(Round 25	(Round 26	(Round 27	(Round 28	(Round 29	(Round 30	(Round 31	(Round 32	(Round 33	(Round 34	(Round 35	Round 36	Round 37	Round 38
town	(10/07- 14/07)	(16/07- 20/07)	(23/07- 27/07)	(30/07- 03/08)	(06/08- 10/08)	(13/08- 17/08)	(20/08- 24/08)	(27/08- 31/08)	(03/09- 07/09)	(10/07- 14/07)	(17/09- 21/09)	(24/09- 28/09)	(01/10- 05/10)	(08/10- 12/10)	(15/10- 19/10)	(22/10- 26/10)	(29/10- 2/11)	(5/11 -9/11)	(12/11- 16/11)	(19/11- 23/11)
	14/07)	20/07)	27/07)	03/06)	10/06)	17/06)	24/00)	31/00)	07/09)	14/07)	21/09)	20/07)	03/10)	12/10)	19/10)	26/10)	2/11)	-7/11)	16/11)	23/11)
Baardheere	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Belet Xaawo	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	38
Ceel Waaq	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Doolow	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Garbahaarey	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	19
Luuq	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Total	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	216

INFORMATION ON THE COMMUNITY OF ORIGIN3

Yes 36% No 64%

% KEY INFORMANTS WHO REPORTED THAT ALLTHOSE WHO LIVED IN THE IDPS COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN FLED



9% Guarding property

% INDIVIDUALS BY REASON FOR STAYING BEHIND IN THE IDPs' COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN >99%

% IDPs FLED DIRECTLY INTO THE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT SITE



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 38 04 December 2022 Data collection: 19 to 23 November 2022

CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

The Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is one of DTM's global components and the objective is to quickly collect information on sudden displacements or population movements triggered by conflicts, natural disasters and/or organized/spontaneous returns. The data collected is of a rapid nature and to help prioritise humanitarian response. It includes information on population groups, displacement location, date and reasons of displacement and priority needs.

As the drought continues to worsen with displacement increasing in Somalia DTM is piloting an ETT tool in Gedo region to monitor displacement trends and hotspots in support of operational planning. During the 2017 drought, DTM Somalia conducted a country wide ETT and the data from that period indicated the highest numbers of displaced individuals were observed in Bay, Banadir and Gedo regions. Based on this and due to IOM's operational presence in Gedo region, DTM decided to deploy an ETT pilot in Gedo region. In addition, based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, the humanitarian community expects that people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. Consequently, this pilot, which concentrates only on drought induced displacements, focuses on the main urban centers and surrounding villages for each district.

This pilot has been set-up in two steps:

1- A "baseline assessment" – as on the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought, the first round of data collection (between January 23, 2022 and February 7, 2022) was a baseline exercise to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021.

2- For the following rounds of data collection, DTM enumerators continue to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021. However, by comparing the updated IDPs figures to the baseline or previous rounds, DTM team can inform the response on new arrivals and departures for each settlement, as well as on key indicators on the new arrivals (region of origin, humanitarian needs and assistance, timeline of displacement, etc.).

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) at the settlement level, from Saturday to Wednesday every week. All locations assessed are monitored each week.

LIMITATIONS

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs), consequently the findings should be considered as estimates. The data is also captured for the "majority of the people displaced within a location". For example, the place of origin assessed for the IDPs in one location, is the place of origin of the majority of these IDPs. The detailed information on all places of origin is not collected and reported.

The information provided is related to a specific event (ongoing drought) and does not provide an overview of all population movements within a location. Moreover, the exercise covers the main urban centres and surrounding areas in each district, consequently none of the districts have a full coverage. The GPS coordinates collected can be approximations and are not always exact locations.

DISCLAMERS AND DEFINITIONS

The maps in this report are for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on these maps may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM.

Definitions:

Urban settlements: neighborhoods located in the main administrative town of each district.

Rural settlements: villages outside of cities and towns.

IDP sites: camp and camp-like settings hosting IDPs.

Spontaneous displacement: is an individual or group who initiate and proceed with their migration plans without any outside assistance from the federal/regional authorities or any other type of international or national assistance. Organized movement is characterized by external support to the persons on the move, the support could be logistical or financial.

Drought induced displacements: people are displaced totally or partially because of the drought.