FLOOD RAPID NEEDS ASSESSMENT - KATSINA STATE (24 November 2022)



KEY HIGHLIGHTS











85,206 Not Affected

The rainy season in Nigeria typically occurs annually with the greatest concentration of precipitation between the months of June and September. Many states in Nigeria have been affected by unprecedented heavy rainfalls and floods have devastated various communities. Infrastructure, crops, and shelters have been damaged which led to decimated livelihoods and the displacement of numerous households¹.

Between 28 October and 1 November 2022, DTM, in collaboration with the National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA), the Katsina State Emergency Management Agency (SEMA) and the Nigerian Red Cross Society (NCRS) identified 204 locations in Katsina State that were affected by the floods and/or received IDPs that are currently displaced as a result of the floods. Through a network of 201 key informants and field focal points, and in close coordination with other humanitarian partners and local authorities on the ground, DTM conducted assessments in these locations to inform the humanitarian community of the main needs, vulnerabilities and mobility intentions of the affected population.

FINDINGS

In the thirty-three (33) Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Katsina state that were assessed, DTM identified 298,403 individuals in 40,988 households that were affected by the floods. These individuals included both IDPs that were displaced as a result of the floods and residents who were impacted by the floods but remained in their respective communities.

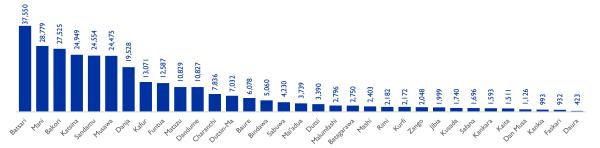


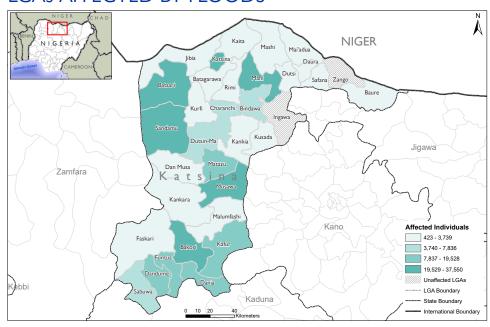
Fig 1.1 Affected population per LGA







LGAs AFFECTED BY FLOODS



The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error-free, nor do they imply a judgment on the legal status of any territory or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

Batsari LGA recorded the highest number of affected persons with 37,550 individuals or 13 per cent of the affected population in the State. Batsari was followed by Mani LGA with 28,779 individuals or 10 per cent of the affected population. Meanwhile, Daura LGA had the least number of affected individuals.

Thirty-one per cent (31%) of the houses of the affected population were either partially damaged (26%) or completely destroyed (5%). Twenty-two per cent (22%) of the affected houses are habitable but need repair.



Click on the link below to download the IDP map of Katsina state.

MAP OF IDP POPULATION IN KATSINA STATE

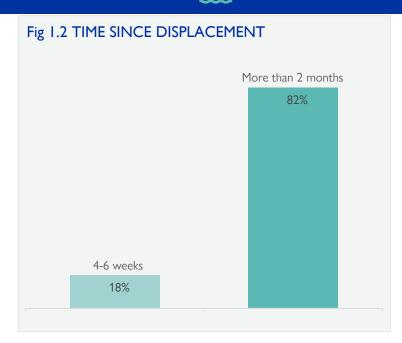


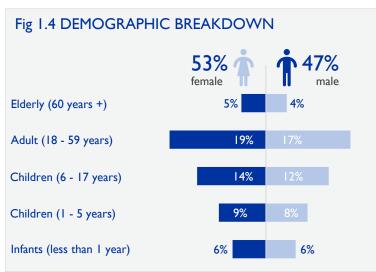


¹ IOM Displacement Tracking Matrix, Nigeria Flood Map Overview as of 24 October 2022 (October 2022)









To see more comprehensive data on the locations affected, click here

NEEDS

Shelter is the most urgent need of the affected population as reported in 90 locations assessed. Shelter was followed by food, mentioned in 36 per cent of the locations assessed (or 71 locations), this was followed by non-food items (NFIs) mentioned by 19 per cent of the assessed locations and then security was mentioned by one per cent of the locations as the most urgent need. Among the other needs, health related services and MHPSS were mentioned as illustrated in descending order in fig 1.3B below.



Fig 1.3A Most Urgent Needs

Fig 1.3B Other Needs (multiple responses)



To see more comprehensive data on most urgent needs for each of the locations affected, click here











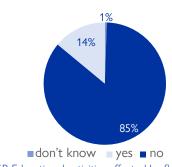


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Fig 1.5A Availability of education facilities within 30 minutes walking distance of location





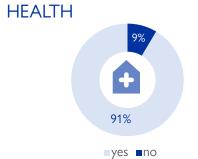


Fig 1.6A Health facilities available

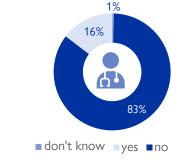


Fig 1.6B Access to healthcare services by persons affected by flooding



Fig 1.6C Top 3 difficulties encountered when attempting to access health services or treatment

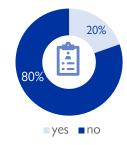


Fig 1.6D Availability of 24 hours emergency health services to flood affected victims

To see more comprehensive data on education, click here To see more comprehensive data on the health conditions of affected population, click here









WASH



Fig 1.7A Partially or fully damaged toilets/latrines



Fig 1.7B Partially or fully damaged water points

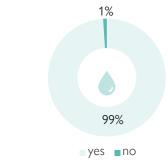


Fig 1.7C Access to water

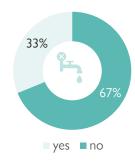


Fig 1.7D Water points have been affected by flooding

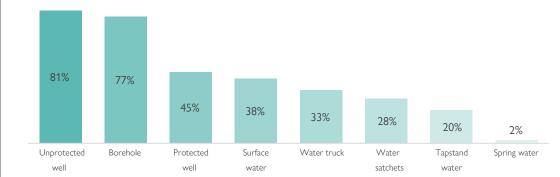


Fig 1.7A Water sources available (Multiple Responses)

To see more comprehensive data on water, sanitation and hygiene conditions of affected population, click here





SHELTER

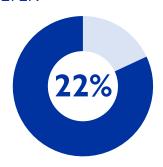


Fig 1.8A Shelters habitable but need repair

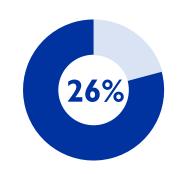


Fig 1.8B Shelters partially damaged but need repairs

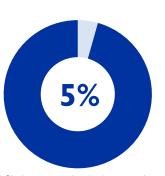
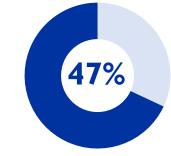


Fig 1.8C Shelters completely destroyed



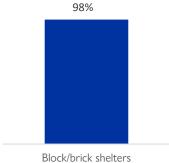


Fig 1.8E Shelter Types

Fig 1.8D Shelters habitable, don't need repairs

Emergency Shelters

<1%

To see more comprehensive data on the shelter conditions of affected population, click here

<2%

Self-made/makeshift shelters





LIVELIHOOD



Fig 1.9A Most preferred modality of intervention:

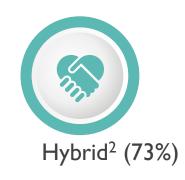




Fig 1.9B Operational (accessible and functional) financial institution in the community

yes ■ no



yes ■ no Fig 1.9C Operational (accessible and functional) market in the community

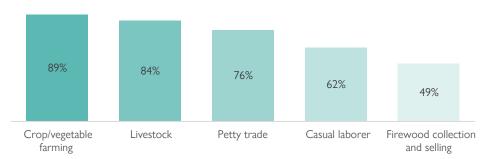


Fig 1.9D Main source of livelihood before the floods (multiple responses)

² Hybrid : In cash and kind

To see more comprehensive data on the livelihood conditions of affected population, click here











IOM NIGERIA



Doka

Safana

Yana

Badole Dandume A

Danlawan Gabas Dantakari

Dogon Kawu

Kaura-Alasan

Layin Kadanya

Kwakware

Mahuta C

Tumburkai

Unguwar Dangata

Unguwar Fulanin Gyaza Unguwar Giwa

Unguwar Mallam Hajji

Unguwar Primary

Zubairu Gurgu

Bakin Asibiti

Feggin Yamma Gra

Koki

Nassarawa

Sabon Gari

Sabon Layi

Dunun Gabas

Kalgo A

Dan Aunai

Dutsi

Unguwar Ahmadu Kukoki

Salgoriyo Unguwar Mazaga

Charanchi

Total Dan Musa

Dandume

Total

Danja

Total

Daura

Total

Dutsi

Total To see full list of locations affected, click here

Kuraye Town Radda



939

1,367

1,042

1,640

901

1,042

7,836

1,126

90

998

201 95

310

2,863

1,617

524

475

472

483

684

776

350

201

208

144

165

171

981

1,322

3,455

1,422

4,495

1,547

3,990

1,254

1,062

182

241

423

618

2,054

3,390

718

19,528

10,827

905

628

48 I

688

891

809

364

407

4,268

1,254

134

649

330

144

315

1,896

438

374

261

226

2,768

356

382

40 I

195

104

174

173

162

208

229

555

255

424

265

233

340

250

108

126

234

40 I

1,122

366 1,889

2,759

9,482

Table 1. Number of persons displaced and persons affected by floods in Katsina State*

LGA	Location	Displaced Persons	Affected Persons
	Babeli	315	1,426
	Dutsen-Reme	496	4,88
	Guga	1,826	4,49
	Hayin Gada	322	1,68
.	Imam Said	318	1,508
	Kofar Fada	565	2,92
Bakori	Labo Kankia	367	1,75
	Layin Kuka	262	1,39
	Tsiga	1,826	4,49
	Unguwar Malam Tajo	365	1,63
	Unguwar Yanmashi	399	1,32
Total	3	7,061	27,52
Batagarawa	Inwale	376	48
	Jangefe	658	81
	Sabon Garin Alh Yahuza	728	76
	Unguwar Makera	455	48
	Unguwar Yara	126	19
Total		2,343	2,75
Batsari	Karare	26	3,08
	Katoge	161	3,73
	Kurmiyal	1,635	5,76
	Leko	319	2,59
	Mata Zalla	6,857	5,36
	Ruma	2,623	5,31
	Unguwar Barda	272	2,22
	Unguwar Gwanda Sabon Gari	1,933	1,44
	Unguwar Kabir	154	2,22
	Yandaka	380	1,52
	Yandaki	4,105	4,28
Total		18,465	37,550
Baure	Hui Village	447	42
	Kuntaru Babba	284	56
	Kwashi	176	57
	Matsiga	470	47
	Yanduna	175	70
	Shado	144	21
	Kofar Gabas	159	87
	Doki Babba	213	51
	Baure Town	513	92
	Babban Mutum	283	81
Total		2,864	6,07

* National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA),	Data on flood-affected persons	in Katsina State













