

## KEY HIGHLIGHTS



The rainy season in Nigeria typically occurs annually with the greatest concentration of precipitation between the months of June and September. Many states in Nigeria have been affected by unprecedented heavy rainfalls and floods have devastated various communities. Infrastructure, crops, and shelters have been damaged which led to decimated livelihoods and the displacement of numerous households.<sup>1</sup>

Between 28 October and 1 November 2022, DTM, in collaboration with the National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA), the Plateau State Emergency Management Agency (SEMA) and the Nigerian Red Cross Society (NCRS) identified 42 locations in Plateau State that were affected by the floods and/or received IDPs that are currently displaced as a result of the floods. Through a network of 39 key informants and field focal points, and in close coordination with other humanitarian partners and local authorities on the ground, DTM conducted assessments in these locations to inform the humanitarian community of the main needs, vulnerabilities and mobility intentions of the affected population.

## FINDINGS

In the ten (10) Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Plateau State that were assessed, DTM identified 34,334 individuals in 4,464 households that were affected by the floods. These affected individuals included IDPs displaced by the floods and residents remained in their respective communities.

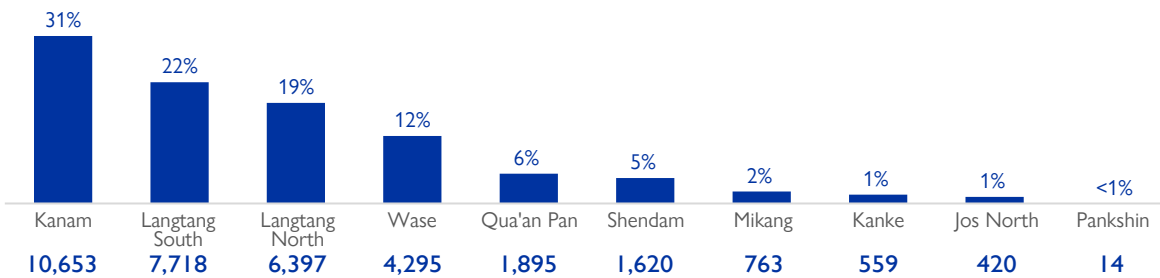
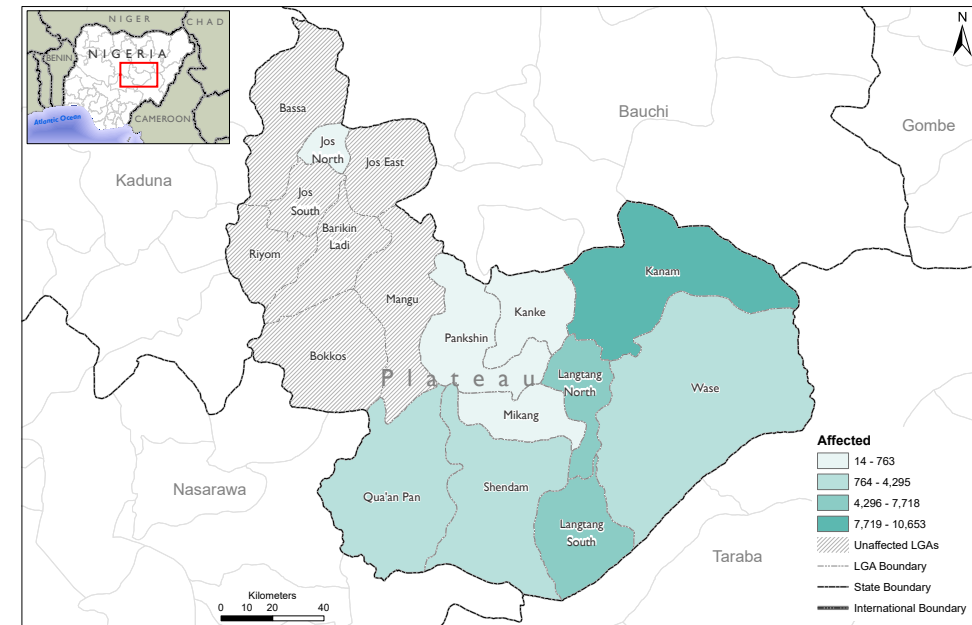


Fig 1.1 Affected population per LGA

## LGAs AFFECTED BY FLOODS



The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error-free, nor do they imply a judgment on the legal status of any territory or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

Kanam LGA recorded the highest number of affected persons with 10,653 individuals or 31 per cent of the affected population in the State. Kanam was followed by Langtang South LGA with 7,718 individuals or 22 per cent of the affected population. Meanwhile, Pankshin LGA had the least number of affected individuals.

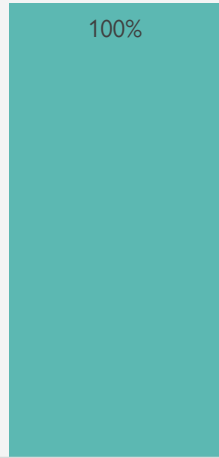
Thirty-one per cent (23%) of the houses of the affected population were either partially damaged (15%) or completely destroyed (8%). Twenty-two per cent (26%) of the affected houses are habitable but need repair.

[Click on the link below to download other maps on the flood situation in Plateau State. MAP OF IDP POPULATION IN PLATEAU STATE](#)

<sup>1</sup> IOM Displacement Tracking Matrix, [Nigeria Flood Map Overview as of 24 October 2022 \(October 2022\)](#)

**Fig 1.2 TIME SINCE DISPLACEMENT**

More than 2 months



**NEEDS**

Shelter is the most urgent need of the affected population as reported in 19 locations assessed. Shelter was followed by food, mentioned in 33 per cent of the locations assessed (or 14 locations), and non-food items (NFIs), mentioned in 22 per cent of the assessed locations. Among the other needs health related services, WASH and MHPSS were reported in descending order as illustrated in fig 1.3B below.

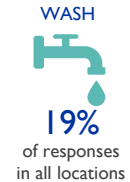
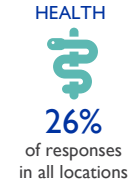
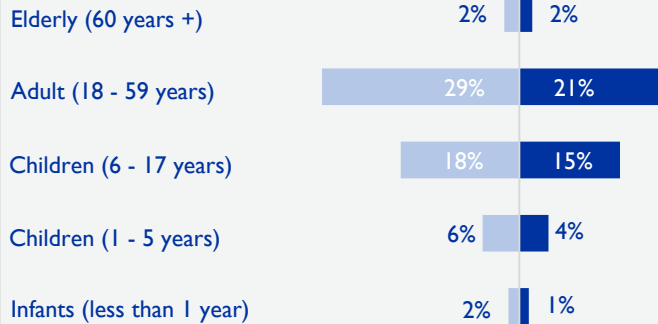


Fig 1.3A Most Urgent Needs

Fig 1.3B Other Needs (Multiple Responses)

**Fig 1.4 DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN**



[To see more comprehensive data on the locations affected, click here](#)



[To see more comprehensive data on most urgent needs for each of the locations affected, click here](#)

### EDUCATION

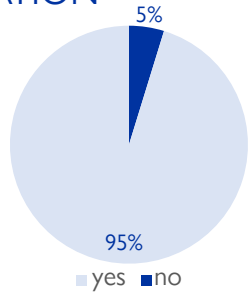


Fig 1.5A Availability of education facilities within 30 minutes walking distance of location

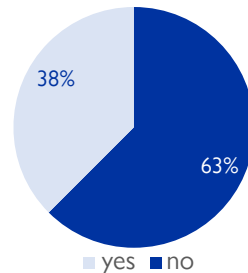


Fig 1.5B Educational activities affected by flood

### HEALTH

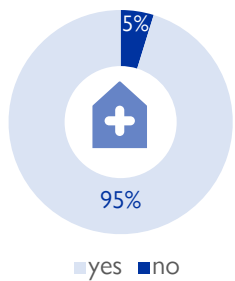


Fig 1.6A Health facilities available

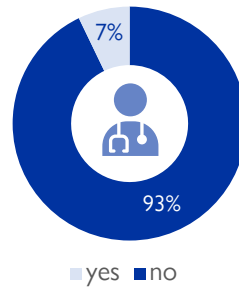


Fig 1.6B Access to healthcare services by persons affected by flooding

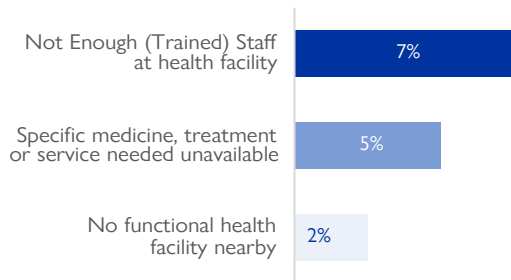


Fig 1.6C The top 3 difficulties encountered when attempting to access health services or treatment

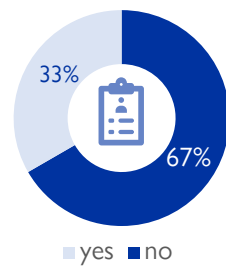


Fig 1.6D Availability of 24 hours emergency health services to flood affected victims

[To see more comprehensive data on education, click here](#)

[To see more comprehensive data on the health conditions of affected population, click here](#)

### WASH



734

Fig 1.7A Partially or fully damaged toilets/latrines



81

Fig 1.7B Partially or fully damaged water points

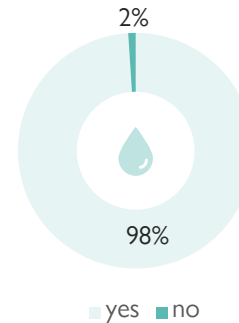


Fig 1.7C Access to water

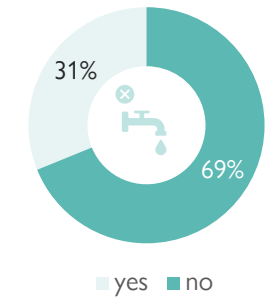


Fig 1.7D Water points have been affected by flooding

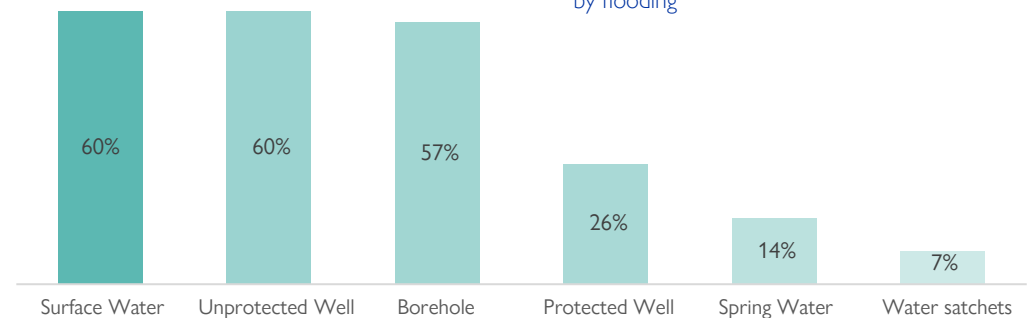


Fig 1.7E Water sources available (Multiple Responses)

[To see more comprehensive data on water, sanitation and hygiene conditions of affected population, click here](#)



**SHELTER**

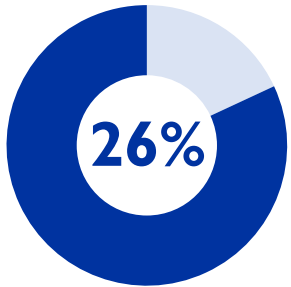


Fig 1.8A Shelters habitable but need repair

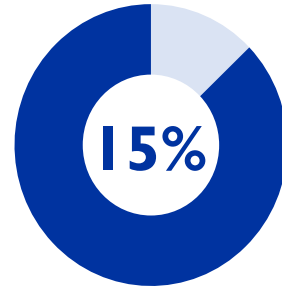


Fig 1.8B Shelters partially damaged but need repairs

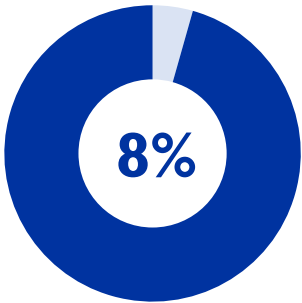


Fig 1.8C Shelters completely destroyed

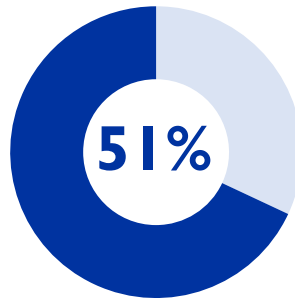


Fig 1.8D Shelters habitable, don't need repairs

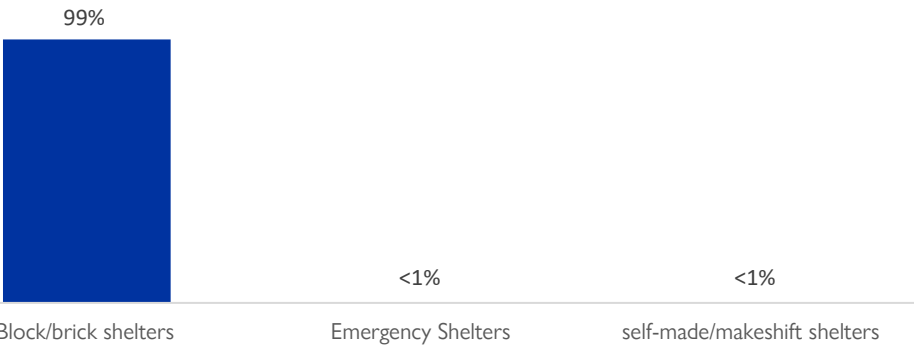


Fig 1.8E Shelter Types

[To see more comprehensive data on the shelter conditions of affected population, click here](#)

**LIVELIHOOD**



7% **Cash**



2% **Kind**



91% **Hybrid<sup>2</sup>**

Fig 1.9A Most preferred modality of intervention:

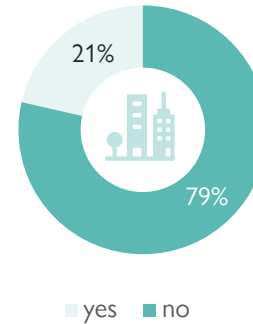


Fig 1.9B Operational (accessible and functional) financial institution in the community

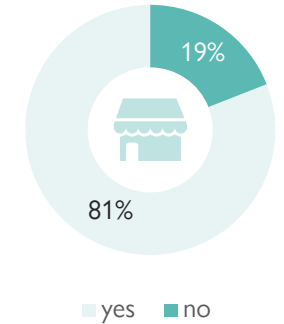


Fig 1.9C Operational (accessible and functional) market in the community

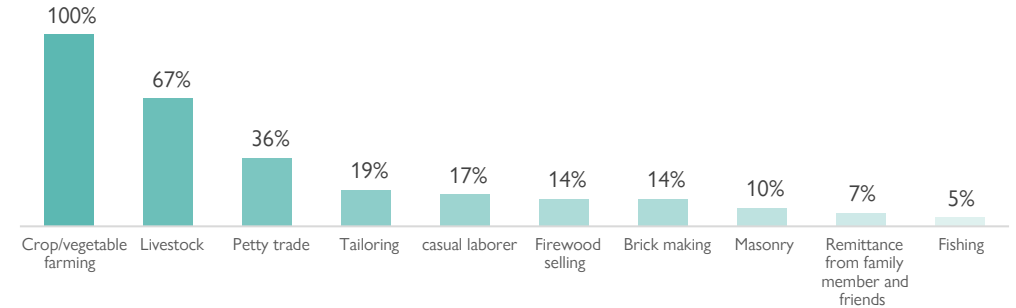


Fig 1.9D Main source of livelihood before the floods (Multiple Responses)

<sup>2</sup> Hybrid : In cash and kind

[To see more comprehensive data on the livelihood conditions of affected population, click here](#)



Table 1. Number of persons displaced and persons affected by floods in Plateau State\*

LGA	Location	Displaced Persons	Affected Persons
Jos North	Gangare	2,000	220
	Rikkos	170	200
<b>Total</b>		<b>2,170</b>	<b>420</b>
Kanam	Anguwan Hakimi	46	204
	Dungur	220	1,320
	Garga	325	650
	Gyambao	1,350	2,430
	Jom pada	88	550
	Kagyal	108	2,000
	Kantana	600	2,400
	Mullas	41	41
	Munbutbo	130	650
	Pakigom	-	408
<b>Total</b>		<b>2,908</b>	<b>10,653</b>
Kanke	Leptar	-	78
	Piri	120	120
	Pye pye	175	175
	Tipik	186	186
<b>Total</b>		<b>481</b>	<b>559</b>
Langtang North	Danburam Gani	-	482
	Galadima Gani	-	2,088
	Ganglang	-	510
	Magaji Gani	-	2,136
	Ubandoma Gani	-	861
	Zamgwar	-	320
<b>Total</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>6,397</b>
Langtang South	Bolgang	168	3,882
	Karkashi	211	752
	Mabudi North	246	920
	Mabudi South	109	256
	Sabon Gida	143	1,908
<b>Total</b>		<b>877</b>	<b>7,718</b>
Mikang	Balwum	-	85
	Kabick	21	140
	Loham	110	538
<b>Total</b>		<b>131</b>	<b>763</b>
Pankshin	Yelleng	6	14
Qu'a'n Pan	Aningo	-	410
	Bwall	-	400
	Dokan Kasuwa	-	318
	Kurgwi	-	350
	Kwalla Moeda	-	295
	Pandam	-	122
<b>Total</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>1,895</b>
Shendam	Uban doma	220	620
	Ungwan church	500	1,000
<b>Total</b>		<b>720</b>	<b>1,620</b>
Wase	Lamba Gyambar	-	827
	Saluwe	-	485
	Takalafiya	-	2,983
<b>Total</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>4,295</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>7,293</b>	<b>34,334</b>


 \* National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA) [Data on flood-affected persons in Plateau State](#)