

COVID-19 Point of Entry Dashboard: North-east Nigeria

DTM



State Boundary

Country Boundary

Rann

Monthly Snapshot October 2022





139

Total movements (incoming and outgoing) observed

OVERVIEW

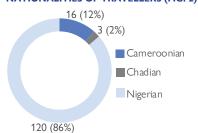
During the COVID-19 pandemic, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), in collaboration with the World Health Organization (WHO), monitors cross-border movements to and from Nigeria's Borno State in north-east Nigeria. Assessments are conducted at Points of Entry located along the border with Cameroon.

OVERVIEW OF MOVEMENTS (FIG. 1)



A range of data was collected during the assessments to better inform on travellers' nationalities, sex, reasons for moving, mode of transportation and movement type per POE as shown in figures 2 to 6 below:

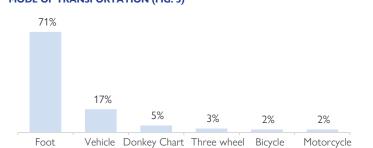
NATIONALITIES OF TRAVELLERS (FIG. 2)



REASONS FOR MOVEMENT (FIG. 4)

Reasons for Movement	Number of individuals	Percentage
Economic migration	118	85%
Family visit	10	7%
Seasonal movement	9	7%
Short-term local movement	2	1%
Grand Total	139	100%

MODE OF TRANSPORTATION (FIG. 5)

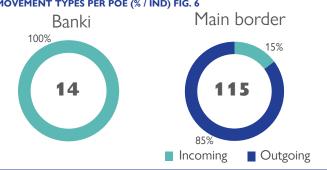


POINT OF ENTRY LOCATION **NIGER** CHAD N'djamena Main Bord Borno **NIGERIA** Banki Far North **CAMEROON** Outgoing travellers Incoming travellers

The map is for illustration purposes only. The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names and related data shown are not warranted to be error-free, nor do they imply a judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

Kilometers

MOVEMENT TYPES PER POE (% / IND) FIG. 6





SEX (FIG. 3)

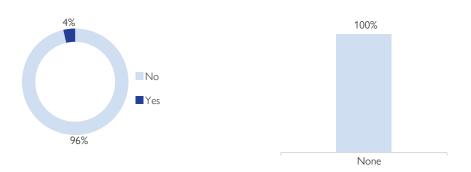
PASSENGER HEALTH SCREENING

Enumerators stationed at Points of Entry conducted interviews with travellers and collected information about travellers' points of departure, intended destinations, vulnerabilities, reasons for travel and modes of transportation. Additional questions concerning the COVID-19 pandemic were asked to determine if travellers exhibit any symptoms of COVID-19; if they recently were in contact with individuals exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19 or might have died from it.

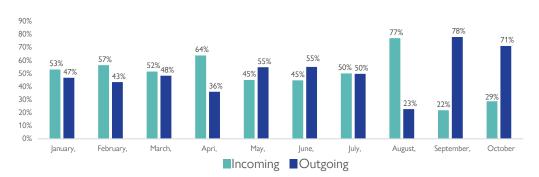
Furthermore, the assessments evaluated whether travellers sought medical care or took medication in the last 24 hours before the interview and verified whether they knew whom to call in case of an emergency.

HAVE YOU SOUGHT ANY MEDICAL CARE IN ANY HEALTH FACILITY WITHIN THE LAST 14 DAYS? (FIG. 7)

HAVE YOU COME IN CONTACT WITH ANYONE WHO HAS BEEN SICK IN THE LAST 14 DAYS? (FIG. 8)



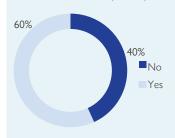
POE Monthly Trend (FIG. 9)



COVID-19 VACCINE

At the Points of Entry, additional questions were asked about vaccine awareness, the willingness to get vaccinated and if vaccines were free and available. Results are shown in figures 11 to 14 below.

HAVE YOU HEARD OF THE COVID-19 VACCINE? (FIG. 11)



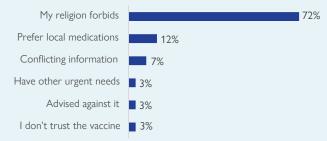
WILL YOU GET VACCINATED IF FREE AND AVAILABLE? (FIG. 13)



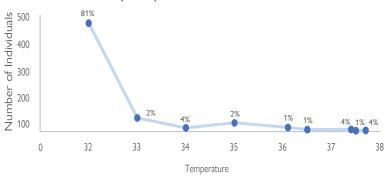
HOW DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THE VACCINE? (FIG. 12)



REASONS FOR NOT WILLING TO GET VACCINATED (FIG. 14)



TEMPERATURES TAKEN (FIG. 10)



VULNERABLE INDIVIDUALS









"When quoting, paraphrasing, or in any other way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) of the International Organization for Migration (IOM), Nigeria Mission NOVEMBER 2022.""





