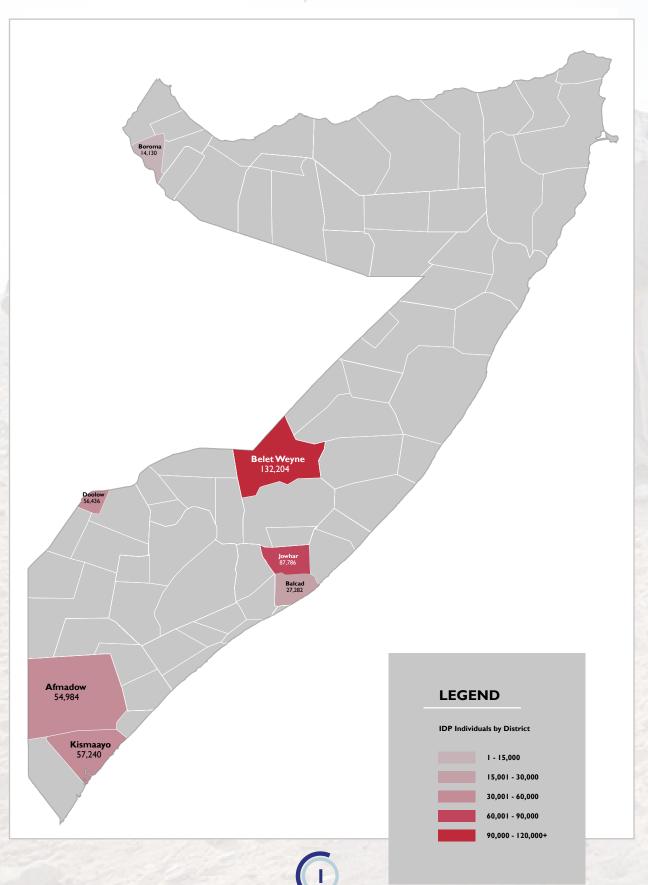


TOTAL IDPs
430,062

TRENDS
(DTM Round I)



SOMALIA DTM ROUND I HIGHLIGHTS

TOTAL IDP POPULATION

430,062

During the first round, Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) identified total 430,062 internally displaced persons (71,677 IDP households) in the seven pilot districts of Afmadow, Balcad, Belet Weyne, Borama, Doolow, Jowhar and Kismayo.

HIGHEST & LOWEST NUMBER OF IDPs

1**32,204**

The highest number of IDPs was found in Belet Weyne (132,204) followed by Jowhar (87,786) and the least number was found in Borama district (14,130).

HIGHEST & LOWEST NUMBER OF IDP SITES

79

Kismayo district holds the largest number of IDP sites (79) while Borama district holds the least number of sites (1).

HIGHEST & LOWEST NUMBER OF IDPs IN COLLECTIVE SETTLEMENTS

81,882 3.900

64% of IDPs are living in collective IDP settlements, the biggest of which was in Belet Weyne (81,882) and the smallest in Borama (3,900).

IDPS ARRIVED IN THE LAST TWO YEARS

48% 52%

48% of total IDPs (210,624 people) are displaced in the last two years (2015-2016) while 52% (219,428 people) are displaced before 2015. NOTE: data for 2016 include first three months (January to March)

SETTLEMENT AREA OF NEWLY DISPLACED

80,412

The majority of newly displacement is found in Belet Weyne (80,412) while the least originated from Borama (7,374).



SOMALIA DTM ROUND I INTRODUCING DTM TO SOMALIA

With protracted conflicts, reoccurring floods and drought as well as ongoing evictions in urban areas, the estimated internally displaced population (IDP) in Somalia stands at over 1.1 million in 2016. Among them, 60,000 people were displaced by seasonal floods exacerbated by the El Niño beginning in October 2015.

The Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) is an information management tool developed by the International Organization for Migration (IOM) to gather baseline information on displaced population and the conditions in the areas in which they have temporary settled. The DTM has been rolled out in over 30 countries including Iraq, Syria, and South Sudan.

The first round of DTM in Somalia carried out from April to May 2016 by the International Organization for Migration (IOM) in five regions (Awdal, Hiraan, Middle Shabelle, Lower Juba and Gedo) in seven districts (Afmadow, Borama, Kismayo, Doolow, Balcad, Belet Weyne and Jowhar) where IDP presence was reported within the camps and/or within the host communities with the objective to support the Federal Government of Somalia (FGoS) in establishing a comprehensive data system on IDPs. This first report presents of the analysis on the numbers, demographics, and locations.

Methodology

The methodology applied for DTM in Somalia is twofold: the first stage involves the identifications of displaced populations through a network of community level key informants and information provided by other agencies. In the second stage, locations are validated, assessed and profiled to gain a deeper understanding of the situation involving IDPs. IOM will publish a summary report every month with updates of the DTM findings regarding IDP population movements in Somalia. The process of identifying, validating and assessing locations will be cyclical to track the continued movements and overall trends of the displaced populations effectively as situations evolve.

IDPs are targeted as a population of concern in this first round

An IDP is any person or groups of person who have been forced or obliged to fled or to leave their homes or places of habitual residence, in particular as a result of or to avoid the effects of armed conflict, situation of generalized violence, violation of human rights or natural or human made disasters and who have not crossed an internally recognized state border.



Resident populations in host communities are not directly affected by the displacement but are in the areas where the displaced persons opted to settle and share the same resources with the displaced persons.

Definition of Settlement and Site

A collective site is defined as any site which comprise multiple IDP households usually in the form of camp setting. IDPs within host community is defined as IDPs staying in rented accommodation or in host families with relatives or non-relatives. Settlement is a village/town where the displaced persons settled and identified.

Time of Displacement

Recent displacement wave was accessed by three time periods (before 2015, during 2015 and in 2016).

SOMALIA DTM ROUND I DISPLACEMENT DATA

DTM first round identified and located total 1,332,024 populations (222,004 households) across 7 assessed districts and identified total 430,062 IDPs (71,677 HHs) of which 275,478 IDPs (45,913 HHs) lived in collective sites.

In total 180 villages/towns identified in this DTM first round where 64% have collective IDP camp site (181) and 36% of IDPs living within host communities.

Of those within the host communities, Borama hosted 72% of total IDPs within the host communities, while Kismayo hosted 96% of IDPs in collective settlements (camps).









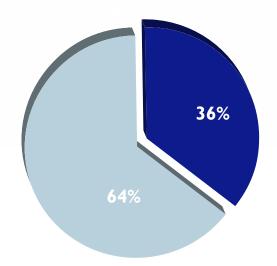


Chart I: IDPs by Type of Settlement

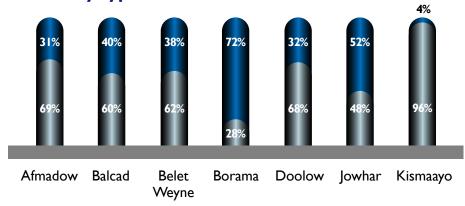


IDP in Collective Settlements



IDP within Host Communities

Chart 2: IDPs by Type of Settlement in Different Districts





IDP within Host Communities



IDP in Collective Settlements

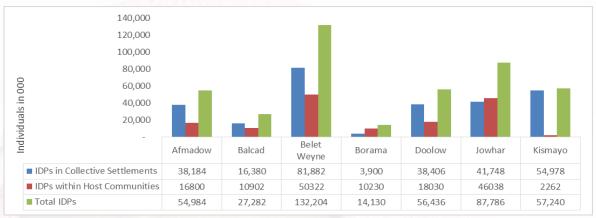
Table 1: Distribution of identified IDPs by current Residence and Type of Settlement

Region	District	IDPs settlement sites assessed	IDPs collective sites	Total IDPs	IDPs in collective sites	IDPs within host communities
Lower Juba	Afmadow	14	14	54,984	38,184	16,800
Lower Juba	Kismayo	2	79	57,240	54,978	2,262
Middle Shabelle	Balcad	20	18	27,282	16,380	10,902
Middle Shabelle	Jowhar	80	22	87,786	41,748	46,038
Hiraan	Belet Weyne	15	43	132,204	81,882	50,322
Awdal	Borama	5	1	14,130	3,900	10,230
Gedo	Doolow	44	4	56,436	38,406	18,030
TOTAL		180	181	430,062	275,478	154,584



Belet Weyne had the largest number of IDPs (132,204) among 7 districts in both IDP collective sites and within host communities which may be attributable to floods and internal crown conflicts according to the respondents. Borama district had the least IDPs (14,130) as a result of the recent droughts.

Chart 3: Number of IDPs by Area of Current Residence and Type of Settlements



SOMALIA DTM ROUND I DISPLACEMENT TRENDS (IDPS)

Displacement trends vary significantly depending on the time of displacement. Each displacement wave is characterized by different dynamics and factors (e.g. flooding, droughts and crown conflict, insecurity, and livelihood scarcity) which often create population movement. IDP arrivals in 2016 (January to March) reached 64,818 in the first three months which shows possible increased displacement trend as compared to those during 2015 and before 2015.

Chart 4: IDP Movement from Areas of Origin to Areas of Current Residence by Three Time Periods

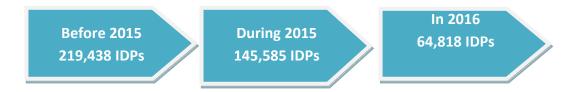


Chart 5: IDP Movement from Areas of Origin to Areas of
Current Residence by Three Time Periods by District

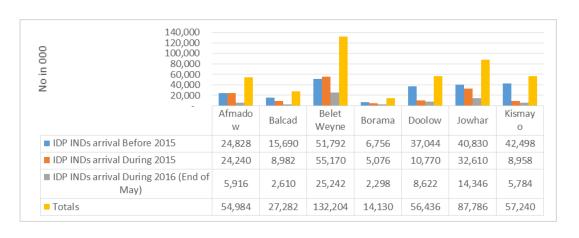
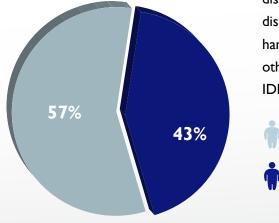


Chart 6: IDP Movement within Same District vs. from Other District

Over half of the IDPs (57%) originated from other districts than current residence area, while 43% moved within the same districts. Jowhar had the largest IDP population moved within the same



districts (87,366) while Borama had only 4,410 IDPs displaced within the same district. On the other hand, Belet Weyne had the largest IDPs moved from other district (128,274) and Jowhar had only 420 IDPs from other districts.



Table 2: IDP Movement within Same District vs. Other District

Region	District	IDPs moved from other districts	IDPs moved within same district	
Lower Juba	Afmadow	-	54,984	
Lower Juba	Kismayo	57,240	-	
Middle Shabelle	Balcad	11,676	15,606	
Middle Shabelle	Jowhar	420	87,366	
Hiraan	Belet Weyne	128,274	3,930	
Awdel	Borama	9,720	4,410	
Gedo	Doolow	36,252	20,184	
	Total	243,582	186,480	

Table 3: IDP within Collective Sites vs. Host Communities

District	Settlements (Village/Town)	IDP Collective Sites	IDP Population Total	IDPs in Collective Sites	IDPs within Host Communities
Afmadow	14	14	54,984	38,184	16,800
Kismayo	2	79	57,240	54,978	2,262
Balcad	20	18	27,282	16,380	10,902
Jowhar	80	22	87,786	41,748	46,038
Belet Weyne	15	43	132,204	81,882	50,322
Borama	5	1	14,130	3,900	10,230
Doolow	44	4	56,436	38,406	18,030
Total	180	181	430,062	275,478	154,584

SOMALIA DTM ROUND I DISTRICT PROFILE

This report covers only 7 districts in 5 regions. DTM first round assessed 180 villages/towns in which 181 IDP collective sites were found, but more sites will be captured in the next round.

Annexe 5 - District profile for more details

Afmadow

14 villages/towns including 14 IDP collective sites were assessed. A total of 54,984 IDPs (9,164 IDP HHs) were identified including 38,184 in IDP collective sites and 16,800 within the host communities.

Table 4: District Displacement – Afmadow

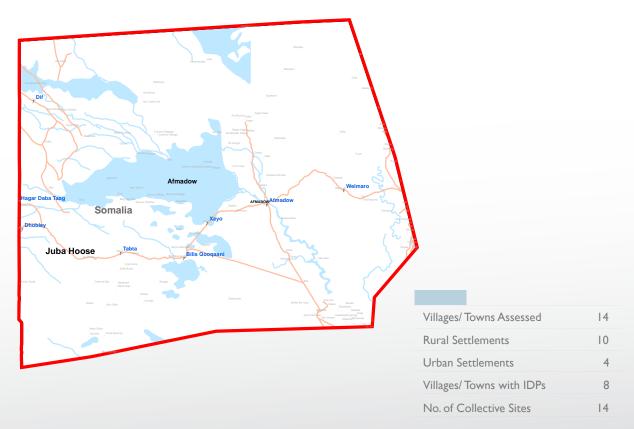


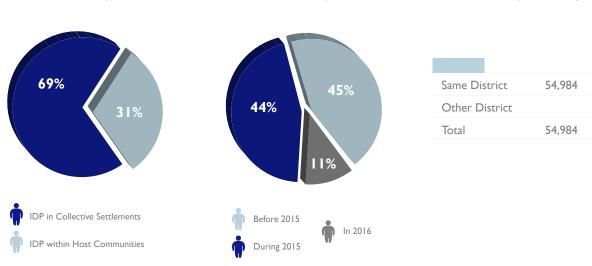


Chart 7: District Displacement - Afmadow

% of IDP Individuals by Site Classification

% of IDP Individuals by Time and Arrival

No of IDP Individuals by Place of Origin



Balcad

20 villages/towns including 18 IDP collective sites were assessed. Total 27,282 IDPs (4,547 IDP HHs) were indetified including 16,380 in IDP collective sites and 10,902 within the host communities.

Table 5: District Displacement - Balcad

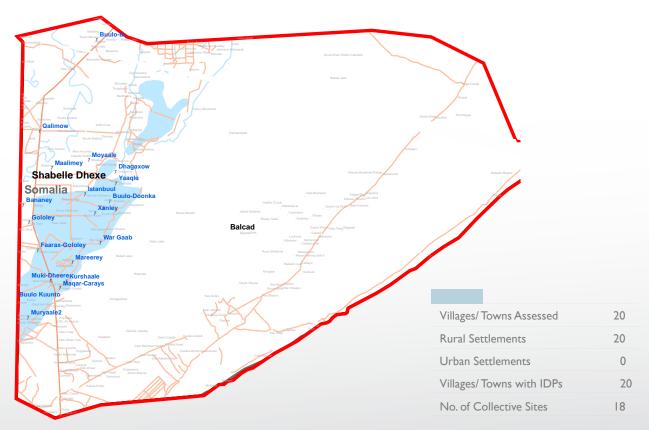
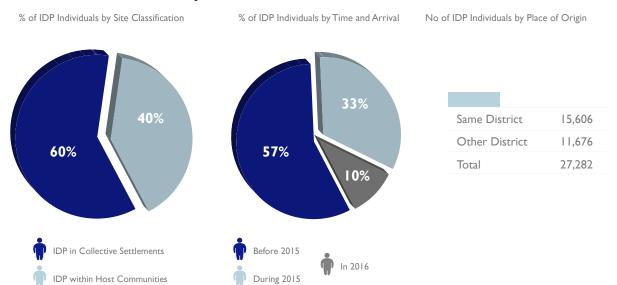




Chart 8: District Displacement - Balcad



Belet Weyne

15 villages/towns including 43 IDP collective sites were assessed. Total 132,204 IDPs (22,034 IDP HHs) were idnetfied including 88,882 were identified in collective sites while 43,322 were found within the host communities.

Table 6: District Displacement - Belet Weyne

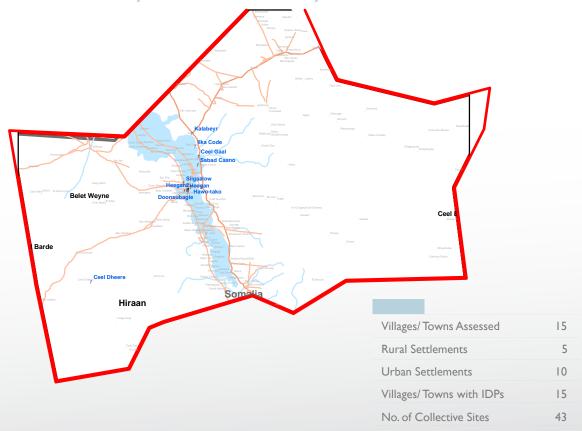




Chart 9: District Displacement - Belet Weyne

IDP within Host Communities

% of IDP Individuals by Site Classification % of IDP Individuals by Time and Arrival No of IDP Individuals by Place of Origin 19% 38% Same District 3,930 Other District 128,274 62% Total 132,204 42% During 2015 IDP in Collective Settlements In 2016

Before 2015

Borama

15 villages/towns including 1 IDP collective site were assessed. Total 14,130 IDPs (2,355 IDP HHs) were idnetifed including 3,900 in IDP collective sites and 10,230 within the host communities.

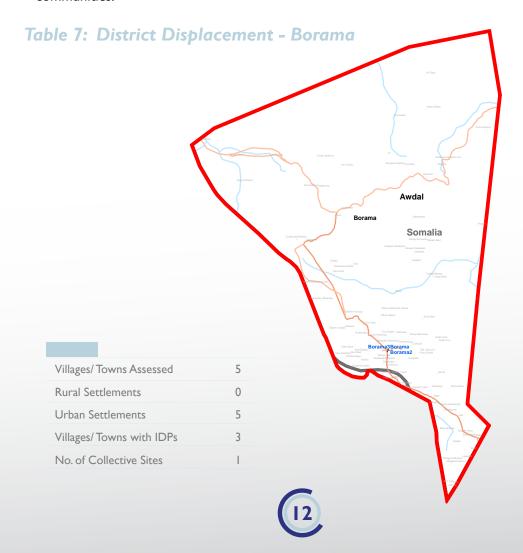
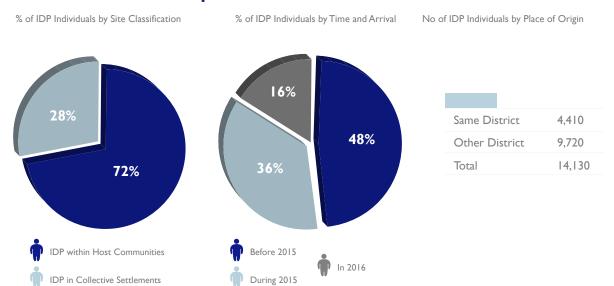


Chart 10: District Displacement - Borama



Doolow

44 villages/towns including 4 IDP collective sites were assessed. Total 56,436 IDPs (9,406 IDP HHs) were indetfied including 38,406 in IDP collective sites and 18,030 within the host communities.

Table 8: District Displacement - Doolow

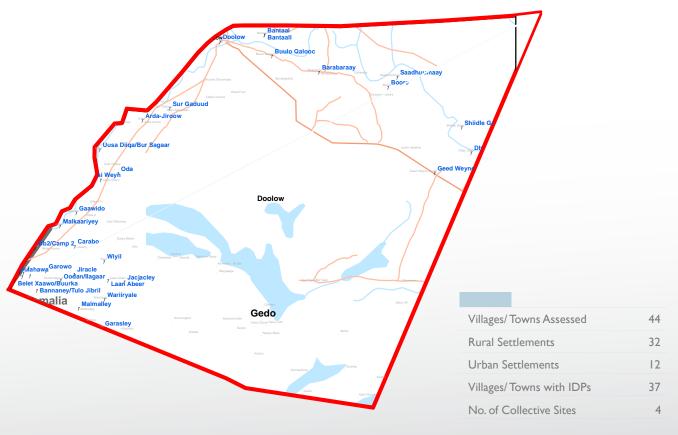
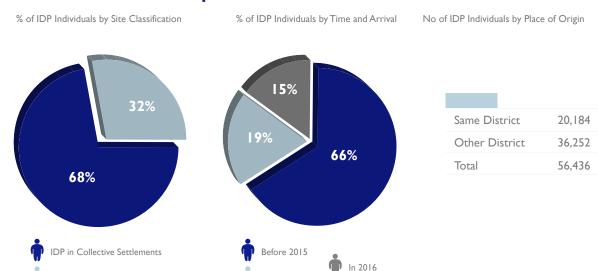


Chart II: District Displacement - Doolow



During 2015

Jowhar

80 villages/towns including 22 IDP collective sites were assessed. Total 87,786 IDPs including 41,748 in IDP collective sites and 46,038 within the host communities.

Table 9: District Displacement – Jowhar

IDP within Host Communities

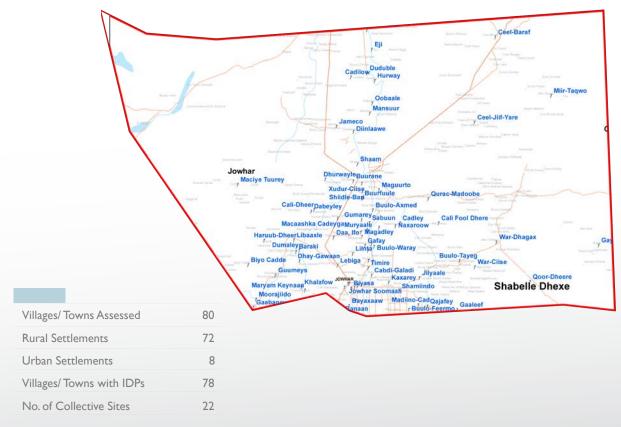
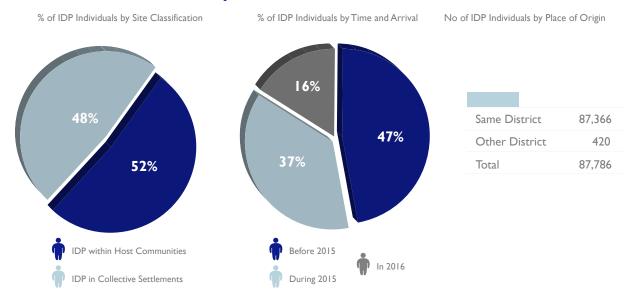




Chart 12: District Displacement - Jowhar



Kismayo

2 villages/towns (Dalxiiska and Kismayo) including 79 IDP collective sites were assessed. Total 57,240 IDP indluing 54,978 in collective sites and 2,262 within the host communities were indetified.

Table 10: District Displacement - Kismayo

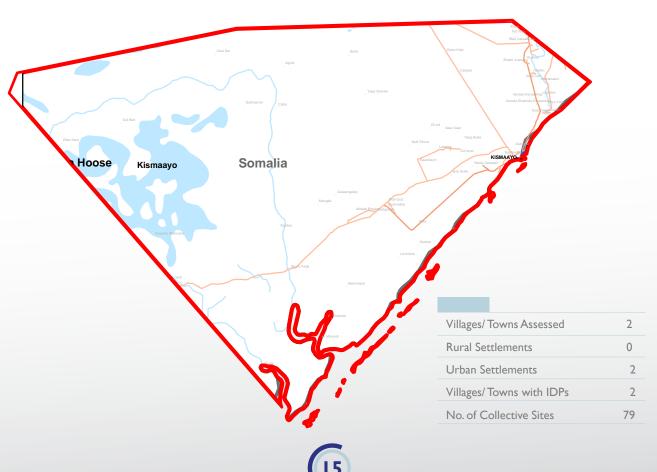
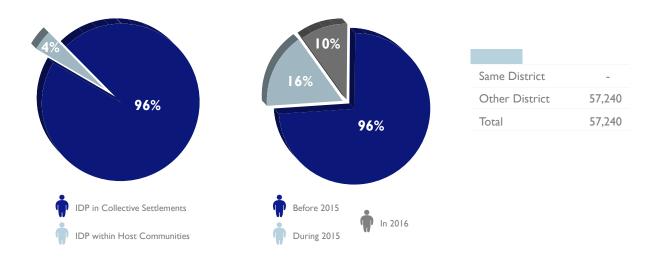


Chart 13: District Displacement - Kismayo

% of IDP Individuals by Site Classification

% of IDP Individuals by Time and Arrival

No of IDP Individuals by Place of Origin



ANNEXES

Annexe I – DTM round I dashboard

Dashboard contains overview information of the complete Round I DTM assessment.

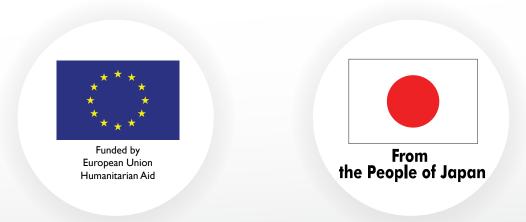
Annexe 2 – IDP atlas

Detailed maps of all districts with assessed settlement locations.

- Annexe 3 Full DTM round I dataset
- Annexe 4 KMZ files for map visualization

Use the 'places' tool in the left side bar to activate and deactivate the different layers on the map.

WITH THANKS TO DTM DONORS



For comments, questions or more information, please contact:

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The raw dataset can be accessed at: http://globaldtm.info/somalia