



IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) continued conducting Displacement Site Flow Monitoring (DSFM) at the gates of Bentiu IDP camp. The first quarter of 2022 saw 9,694 interviews recorded accounting for 43,027 individuals moving into / out of the camp. Day movements increased by 56 per cent compared to the previous quarter and were dominated by women and girls (65%). Among all respondents, the main reason for day movements was to collect firewood (19%). Longer temporary movements were mainly driven by individuals moving out of the camp to visit friends / family (20%) and attempts to return home (15%), while short-time movements were to make / sell charcoal (15%), collect firewood (13%) and elephant grass (9%). Most temporary travelers intend to spend 2-3 months away in locations of destination. A 28 per cent decrease in surveyed new arrivals was recorded, most of whom were female (59%). Sixty-four per cent of individuals arrived from locations within Unity state. Of the new arrivals, 67 per cent of individuals intend to spend more than six months in the camp. Surveyed permanent exits recorded a 39 per cent increase compared to the last quarter of 2021, with most individuals exiting the camp to join their families (31%) and 28 per cent moving out because of improved living conditions in locations of destination. Half of the movements were destined to former homes in Rubkona, Leer and Guit counties.

**Methodology:**  
Displacement Site Flow Monitoring (DSFM) involves interviewing a cross-section of persons passing through the site's entry and exit points. DTM aims to provide partners with a better understanding of mobility dynamics into and out of the sites categorized as same-day movement, temporary (overnight) travel, new entries and (intended) permanent exits. Interviews are conducted seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. DSFM provides indicative traveller profiles rather than comprehensive or representative estimates.

### January Population Count

107,390 ind. (16,880 households)

56,140 (52%) Male

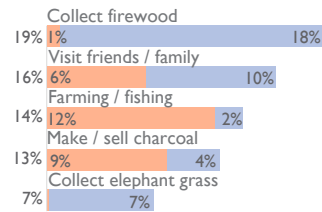
51,250 (48%) Female

#### Same-Day Travel n = 16,692



Most common reason: **Collect firewood**

#### Top reasons for same day movement



Reasons continued: Water (6%), to buy things (6%), washing clothes (4%), other livelihood activity (3%), health services (3%), employment (2%), check on / repair property (2%) and other (2%).

#### Daily gate count

DTM continued to record a daily average net flow as during the previous quarter, which was especially high in March. The average daily net-flow indicates an increase in outflow compared to inflow during the first quarter of 2021.

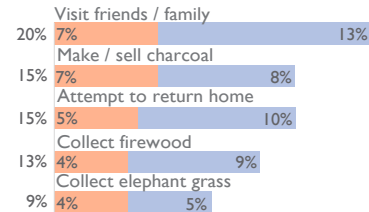
Month	Entry Average	Exit Average	Net Flow
January	25,259	26,995	-1,736
February	26,489	28,838	-2,349
March	29,217	31,774	-2,557

#### Temporary Travel n = 25,302



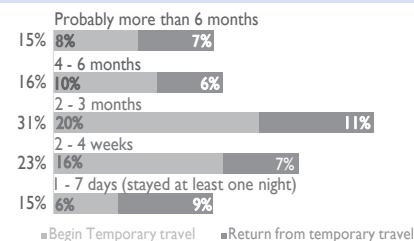
Most common reason: **Visit friends / family**

#### Top reasons for temporary movement



Reasons continued: Cattle camp visit (6%), other livelihood activity (4%), leaving to avoid congested site due to COVID-19 concerns (3%), farming / fishing (3%), check on / repair property (2%), health services (2%), to buy things (1%), education (1%), and other (6%).

#### Intended period of stay / time spent away



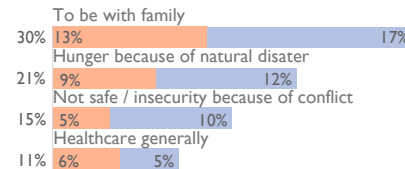
Legend: ■ Begin Temporary travel ■ Return from temporary travel

#### New Arrivals n = 347



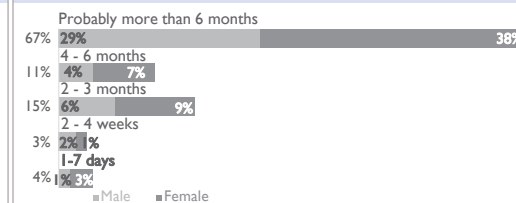
Most common reason: **To be with family**

#### Top reasons for new arrivals



Reasons continued: Destroyed home because of natural disaster (11%), hunger because of conflict (4%), access to services (4%), visit friends/family (incl. wedding, funerals, etc) and other (1%).

#### Intended period of stay at the camp



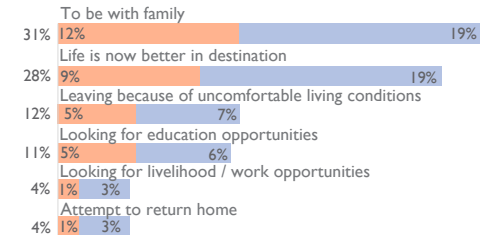
Legend: ■ Male ■ Female

#### Permanent Exits n = 686



Most common reason: **To be with family**

#### Top reasons for permanent exit



Reasons continued: Education (3%), looking for better access to services (2%), destroyed home because of natural disaster (2%), leaving because of lack of water (1%), cattle camp visit (1%) and other (2%).

#### Type & top destinations of permanent exits

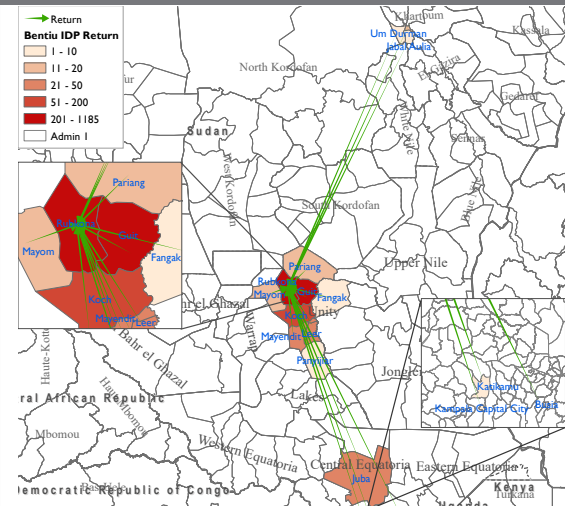
Type of Destination	% of permanent exit	Main locations by nature of destination
Former home	50%	Rubkona, Leer, and Guit
New home, different area	37%	Jabal Aulia, Khartoum (SDN)
Other displacement site	10%	Kadugli (SDN), Juba
Former area but new home	3%	Mayom, Koch & Other Admin 2

Note: [Rounding] Percentages may not add up to 100% as a result of rounding error.



## Movement Dynamics

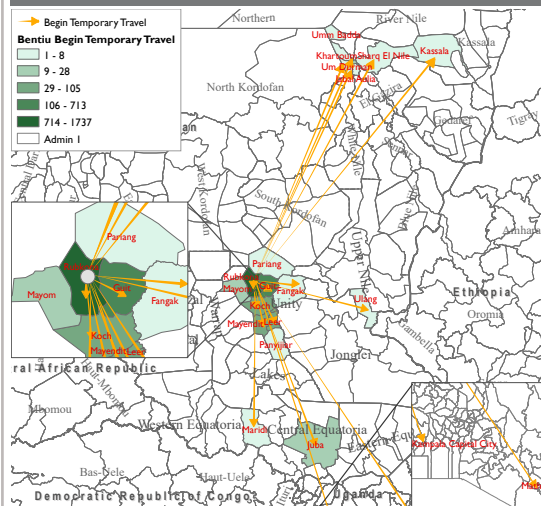
### Return from temporary travel n = 10,294



#### Counties of departure

Rubkona	58%
Guit	33%
Koch	4%
Other	5%

### Embarking on temporary journey n = 15,008

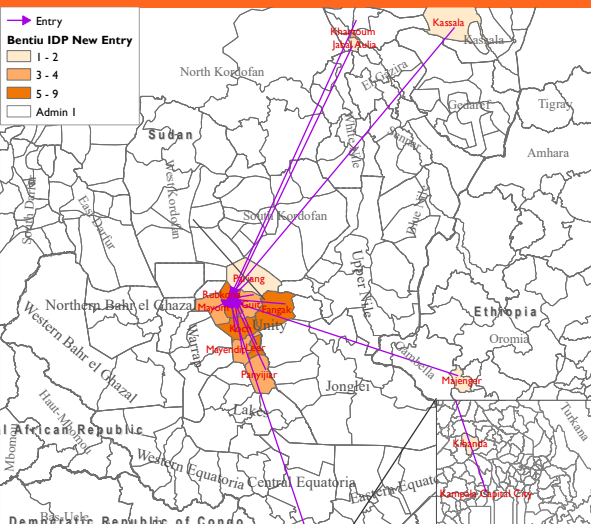


#### Counties of intended destinations

Rubkona	67%
Guit	22%
Koch	3%
Other	8%

The maps above do not include same-day travel, which tends to be limited to the immediate surroundings of the site.

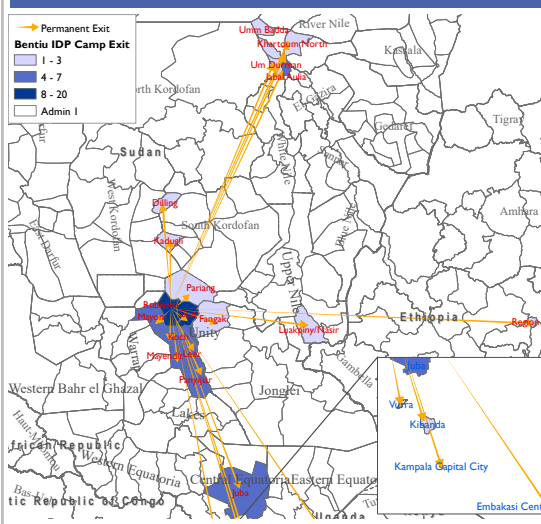
### New arrivals n = 347



#### Counties of departure

Leer	20%
Fangak	17%
Rubkona	14%
Koch	9%
Khartoum	8%
Pariang	5%
Other	27%

### Permanent exits n = 686



#### Counties of intended destinations

Rubkona	15%
Guit	10%
Leer	9%
Jabal Aulia (SDN)	9%
Khartoum (SDN)	9%
Kampala City (UG)	8%
Mayendit	6%
Juba	5%
Panyijiar	5%
Other	24%