

Mixed Migration Flows in the Mediterranean and Beyond MIGRANT PROFILES: FLOW MONITORING SURVEYS

REPORTING PERIOD

JANUARY — NOVEMBER 2016



INTERVIEWS WERE CONDUCTED IN VARIOUS LOCATIONS IN THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY TO NOVEMBER 2016 BY IOM IN 13.020 THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA, GREECE, HUNGARY, SERBIA, CROATIA, SLOVENIA, AND BULGARIA. OUT OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERVIEWS, 4,477 WERE CONDUCTED WITH NATIONALS OF AFGHANISTAN AND PAKISTAN:

ABOUT DTM'S FLOW MONITORING SURVEYS

This report contains a summary analysis of the flow monitoring surveys conducted with 4,477 Afghan and Pakistani migrants interviewed along the Western Balkans route in the period between January and November 2016. The surveys have been carried out within IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) activities in the Mediterranean established to monitor the mixed-migration flows toward Europe and identify mobility patterns as well as migrants needs, with the aim of informing relevant stakeholders and their responses to the crisis and to the migrants needs. The surveys have been conducted by IOM field data collectors in Greece, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Croatia, Slovenia, Serbia, Hungary and Bulgaria. The survey gathers information about migrants' profiles, including age, sex, areas of origin, levels of education, key transit points on their route, cost of journey, motives, and intentions.

SUMMARY FINDING:

I. AFGHAN RESPONDENTS

- Afghan nationals comprised 28% of all respondents surveyed in 2016 travelling along the Eastern Mediterranean route.
- The average respondent was 25 years old.
- 43% of Afghan respondents reported having obtained secondary level of education.
- The predominant majority of **Afghan** respondents (76%) were travelling with a group.
- Females were more likely to travel with groups as compared to males. 97% of female Afghan respondents were travelling with a group versus 73% of male Afghan respondents.
- 67% of all Afghan respondents reported the estimated cost of their journey between 1,000 and 5,000 USD per person, while quarter of respondents reported the estimated cost of their journey more than 5,000 USD
- Over half of Afghan respondents reported Germany as their country of intended destination

2. PAKISTANI RESPONDENTS

- The average respondent was 26 years old.
- 54% of Pakistani respondents reported having obtained secondary level of education
- The predominant majority of Pakistani respondents (77%) were travelling with a group
- All female Pakistani respondents were travelling with a group versus 77% of male Pakistani respondents.
- 60% of the respondents reported the estimated cost of their journey between 1,000 and 5,000 USD
- Almost half of the respondents reported Italy as their country of intended destination

Visit IOM's interactive map to view data on migration flows to Europe: migration.iom.int/europe

ukaid

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PROFILE OF AFGHAN RESPONDENTS

Afghan nationals comprised 28% of all respondents surveyed in 2016 travelling along the Eastern Mediterranean route. 87% of all Afghan respondents were MALES. The AVERAGE RESPONDENT was 25 YEARS old.

Levels of Education

43% of Afghan respondents reported having obtained secondary level of education, followed by 28% of respondents reporting having obtained primary education. 12% of Afghan respondents reported having obtained tertiary education, 1% - vocational, while 16% reported not having obtained any formal education.

Journey

The predominant majority of Afghan respondents (76%) were travelling with a group. Out of those who were travelling with a group, 63% were travelling with family members. Moreover, females were more likely to travel with groups as compared to males. 97% of female Afghan respondents were travelling with a group versus 73% of male Afghan respondents.

86% of Afghans reported departing Afghanistan, while 9% reported Iran as their departure country, 3% - Turkey, and the rest other countries.

About half of those respondents who left from Afghanistan reported having left the country between 2 weeks and 3 months prior to the date when the survey was taken, while almost one quarter of the respondents reported having left Afghanistan more than 6 months prior to the survey.

Furthermore, the predominant majority of respondents reported war or political reasons for leaving their countries of departure.

67% of all respondents reported the estimated cost of their

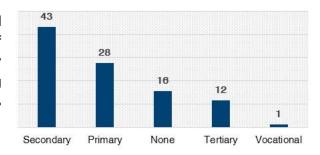
journey between 1,000 and 5,000 USD per person, while a quarter of respondents reported the estimated cost of their journey at more than 5,000 USD. The rest reported cost of their journey less than 1,000 or unknown.

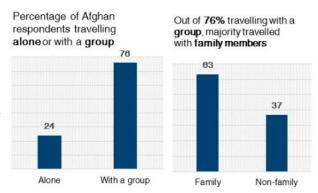
Destination countries

Over half of the respondents reported Germany as their country of intended destination, followed by France. The remaining part of the respondents reported other EU countries.

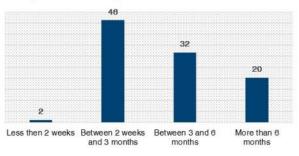
Moreover, about half of the respondents who reported Germany as their country of intended destination reported having either first-line or non-first line relatives there. However, 88% of those respondents who reported France and 72% of those who reported Austria as their country of intended destination reported no relatives there.

Percentage of Afghan respondents by levels of education





Percentage of Afghan respondents by the time of departure from Afghanistan



Destination country	Percentage
Germany	59
France	10
Austria	9
Sweden	3
Italy	2
Belgium	2
Unknown	5
Other	10

PROFILE OF PAKISTANI RESPONDENTS

Pakistani nationals comprised 7% of all respondents surveyed in 2016 travelling along Eastern Mediterranean route. 99% of all Pakistani respondents were MALES. The AVERAGE RESPONDENT was 26 YEARS old.

Levels of Education

54% of Pakistani respondents reported having obtained secondary level of education, followed by 26% of respondents reporting having obtained primary education. 10% of Pakistani respondents reported having obtained tertiary education, 3% - vocational, while 7% reported not having obtained any formal education.

Journey

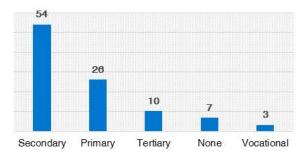
The predominant majority of Pakistani respondents (77%) were travelling with a group. Out of those who were travelling with a group, 89% were travelling with family members. Moreover, females were more likely to travel with groups as compared to males. All female Pakistani respondents were travelling with a group versus 77% of male Pakistani respondents.

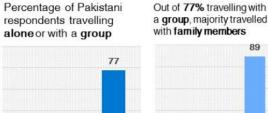
97% of Pakistanis reported departing from Pakistan.

Over a half of those respondents who left from Pakistan reported having left the country between 2 weeks and 3 months prior to the date when the survey was taken, while 26% reported having left Pakistan between 3 and 6 months, and the remaining 18% left less than 2 weeks prior to the survey.

60% of the respondents reported the estimated cost of their journey between 1,000 and 5,000 USD, while almost one fifth of the respondents reported the estimated cost of their journey more than 5,000 USD and the rest — less than 1,000 USD.

Percentage of Pakistani respondents by levels of education





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Alone

a group, majority travelled with family members 89

Non-family

Family

Percentage of Pakistani respondents by the time of departure from Pakistan

With a group



Destination countries

Almost half of the respondents reported Italy as their country of intended destination, followed by Germany and France. The remaining part of the respondents reported other EU countries.

Moreover, the predominant majority (89%) of the respondents who reported Italy as their country of intended destination reported having either first-line or non-first line relatives there.

Destination Country	Percentage
Italy	47
Germany	29
France	5
Other countries	19