Irregular migration is a complex, dynamic and fragmented phenomenon, and remains difficult to fully picture. Strengthening the understanding of migration routes, trends as well as migrant profiles is critical in order to protect migrants and support evidence-based policies⁽¹⁾. The International Organization for Migration's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) and Missing Migrants Project (MMP) collect data on the departures, arrivals, deaths and disappearances of migrants along migratory routes⁽²⁾.

This document presents the resumption of migration from the coasts of West Africa to the Canary Islands (Spain). This route, already active in 2006, saw an increasing number of movements in 2022. The risks, deaths and disappearances following shipwrecks are also on the rise along the Atlantic coasts.

Between January and June 2022, 8,741 individuals reached the Canary Islands irregularly after crossing by boat from the coasts of West Africa, an increase an

increase of 26 per cent i.e. 1,789 people per compared to 2021 (6,952)(3).

Data on the West Africa - Atlantic route remain scarce and incomplete. There is currently no harmonized approach to data collection except on arrival in the Canary Islands. Additional data is collected by IOM on arrivals profiles and intercepted vessels. There is very little data on the actual number of departures and attempts from West African coasts, while shipwrecks are often not reported.

(1) IOM Senegal, "New Migration Dynamics In Senegal: Understanding The Reactivation Of The Western African Route", 2019.

(2) IOM, Missing Migrants Project, 2022

(3) IOM DTM and the Spanish Ministry of the Interior: https://migration.iom.int/europe?type=arrivals and <a href="https://www.interior.gob.es/opencms/export/sites/default/galleries/galeria-de-prensa/documentos-y-multimedia/balances-e-informes/2022/12_informe_quincenal_acumulado_01-01_al_30-06-2022.pdf. June 2022.

IRREGULAR MIGRATION MOVEMENTS TO THE CANARY ISLANDS (SPAIN)



MIGRANTS arrived in the Canary Islands between January and June 2022 compared to 2021 (6,952 migrants), an increase of 26 per cent.



BOATS arrived in the Canary Islands between January and June 2022 compared to 2021 (185 arrived), an increase of 4 per cent.



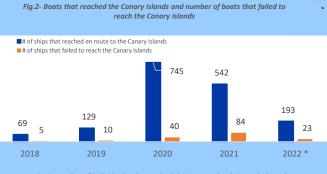
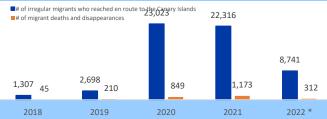
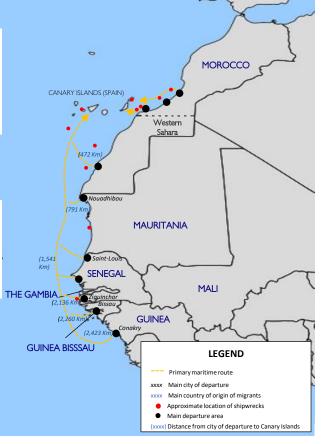


Fig.3- Number of individuals who reached the Canary Islands irregularly and number of individuals who died or disappeared on their way to the Canary Islands.



Irregular crossings and incidents are increasing along the West African coasts. Between January and June 2022, **23 shipwrecks** were identified along West Africa - Atlantic Route and **312 migrants died or went missing** during that period. This figure is probably underestimated as many shipwrecks remain invisible (not reported). In 2022, these shipwrecks took place off the Canary Islands (Gran Canaria, Lanzarote, Fuerteventura, El Hierro), Morocco (Boujdour, Tan-Tan, Tarfaya, Laâyoune, Bir Anzarane), Mauritania (Nouakchott), Senegal (Kafountine). The castaways are for the most part of Moroccan origin, Mali, Côte d'Ivoire and other unidentified Sub-Saharans.



NOTE ON SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

Existing data on the deaths and disappearances of migrants in West and Central Africa is limited. Information about incidents involving the death or disappearance of migrants is sparse. Little information known about the **sex and age** of missing migrants, or about the **precise location of their death or disappearance**. In addition, there is no uniform or harmonized number of missing migrants, nor any information about the families of missing migrants with whom contact was lost during the migrantin journey. IOM's <u>Missing Migrants Project</u> is the only public and freely accessible database relating to the death or disappearance of migrants. In Africa, MMP data primarily comes from interviews with migrants conducted in the framework of the **Mixed Migration** Centre's 4MI initiative. Other data sources include IOM data, government data, as well as Information provided by NGOs and the media. In 2020, 4MI stopped collecting data on dead and missing migrants along migration routes.

* Data for 2022 covers the period up to June 30, 2022 (January - June 2022). These data will be regularly updated in future publications.

