# DTM AFGHANISTAN EMERGENCY EVENT TRACKING



# 1 -19 DEC 2021

# **EET Round 3**

present

**IDP FIGURES (ARRIVALS)** 

IOM Afghanistan identified 988.817 internally displaced persons (IDPs) who arrived in the assessed communities since August 2021 during Round 3 of the Emergency Event Tracking (EET) exercise. Most arrival IDPs are in rural communities (57%), while the remaining are displaced in peri-urban (21%) and urban (22%) communities throughout the country. Nangarhar province and Kabul district are the areas where the largest proportion of IDPs have arrived compared to all other provinces and districts.

From December 1st to 19th, 2021 DTM teams conducted Round 3 of the EET to capture movement dynamics in Afghanistan following episodes of drought and rapid political transformations that occurred in 2021. During Round 3, DTM teams assessed 10,129 communities in 368 districts across all 34 provinces in Afghanistan. The data presented in the report is a snapshot of the current displacement situation from the above-mentioned observation period and provides the latest and best available information from EET sources up until December 19<sup>th</sup> 2021.

EET is deployed by IOM in Afghanistan with the financial support of the Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (PRM), the European Union, the German Federal Foreign Office, and UK aid from the UK government to track sudden internal displacement and population movements. Activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of community focal points (CFPs) to capture best estimates of the affected population presence. One focal point is interviewed in each community assessed.

For the purposes of the assessment, IDPs are considered as individuals who arrived in a district or province different from their district and province of origin as a result of displacement.

Figures on individuals who left and/ or returned are included further on in the findings to demonstrate the ongoing movement dynamics. They also help discern the origin of those who are displaced.

The information presented serves to fill knowledge gaps and support humanitarian operations on the ground while more comprehensive data and analysis are being produced.

It is not meant to provide comparative trend analysis or an overall picture of the displacement

#### # of families # of individuals PERI-URBAN URBAN TOTAL **RURAL** # CFPs\* 595 6.024 4.380 1.049 # of individuals 30.019 142,167 81.827 30.321 who arrived since August 2021 as a result of displacement and are still 988,817 567,254 208,025 213,538

The map and charts present the three main provinces and districts where the largest shares of individuals have arrived since August 2021 as a result of displacement. Nangarhar was identified as the Balkh primary province

and Kabul district (within Kabul the

province) as the primary district in which IDPs have arrived in assessed communities as of Round 3.

Kabul

**✓** Nangarhar

#### Definition

IDPs (arrivals): individuals from other locations who arrived in the community since August 2021 and continue to reside there.

# MAIN DISPLACEMENT **PROVINCES**

- 1 Nangarhar
- 2 Balkh
- 3 Kabul

# MAIN DISPLACEMENT **DISTRICTS**

- **Kabul district** (Kabul province)
- Mazar-e-Sharif (Balkh province)
- Nahr-e-Shahi 3

# **ASSESSED DISTRICTS IN ROUND 3**

In Round 3, CFPs in the assessed locations reported:

- 988.817 individuals who arrived in the assessed communities as a result of displacement.
- 1,292,109 individuals who fled their communities to other locations within
- 2,194,472 individuals who had fled
- 89,253 individuals who migrated abroad.

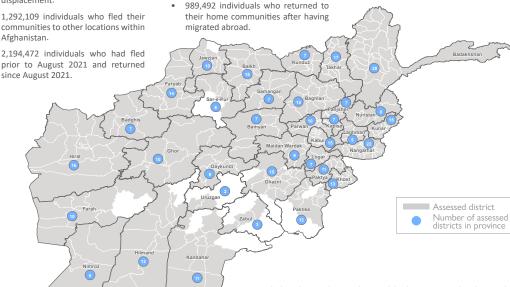
Top District

Top Province

Province Line



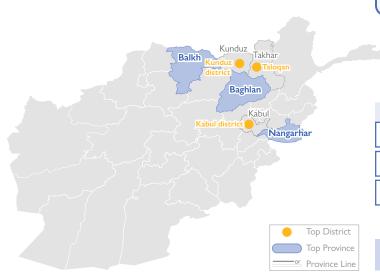
10,129



A total of 10,129 different communities were assessed in Round 3. Each table presents a different target group of IDPs or migrants. Only communities with a presence of the relevant target group are counted in the row indicating the number of CFPs. Certain communities report the presence of more than one group.

### **FLED AND RETURNED IDP FIGURES**

FLED IDPs # of families # of indiv			# of individuals	
	TOTAL	RURAL	PERI-URBAN	URBAN
# CFPs*	6,970	5,423	1,131	416
# of individuals who left the as- sessed communi- ties since August 2021 and have not returned	183,961	141,936	26,350	15,675
	1,292,109	992,979	186,460	112,670



#### Definition

Fled IDPs (departures): individuals who left the community since August 2021 to reside elsewhere and have not returned.

CFPs indicated the number of individuals who have left their communities since August 2021 to reside elsewhere and have not returned. During Round 3, 1,292,109 individuals (183,961 families) were identified in this group. The breakdown is presented in the table on the left (Fled IDPs).

The three provinces and districts associated with the highest numbers of fled IDPs are exhibited in the map and below. Nangarhar

was identified as the top province and Kabul as the top district from which individuals have left since August 2021 and have not returned. Most IDPs fled from rural communities (77%), followed by peri-urban (14%), and urban (9%).

#### **MAIN ORIGIN PROVINCES**

1	Nangarhar		
2	Balkh		
3	Baghlan		

#### MAIN ORIGIN DISTRICTS

4	Kabul district
	(Kabul province)

- Kunduz (Kunduz province)
- Talogan

77%		14%	<b>9</b> %	
Rural		Peri-Urban	Urban	
	(Takitai province)			

#### DETI IDNIED IDDA

RETURNED IDPs		# of families # of individuals		
	TOTAL	RURAL	PERI-URBAN	URBAN
# CFPs*  # of individuals displaced at any time before August 2021 who have returned to their community since August 2021	5,210	3,901	1,008	301
	316,651	213,074	67,297	36,280
	2,194,472	1,467,221	474,710	252,541

Kundüz Khwaia Sahz P Farvab Nangarhar Hemland Top District Top Province The boundaries and names shown and the designations used in these maps Province Line do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM or the United Nations.

# Definition

Returned IDPs: individuals who left prior to August 2021 and have returned to their community since August 2021

CFPs provided information on the number of individuals who left their communities at any point before August 2021 but have returned to their communities of origin after August 2021. During Round 3, 2,194,472 individuals (316,651 families) were identified in this group. The breakdown is presented in the table on the left (Returned IDPs).

The three provinces and districts with the most returned IDPs are

displayed in the map. Faryab was identified as the top province and Pachir Wa Agam as the top district where IDPs have returned after August 2021 after being displaced at any prior time. Two-thirds of IDPs returned to rural communities (67%), about one in five returned to peri-urban communities (22%), and the fewest returned to urban communities (12%).

# **MAIN RETURN PROVINCES**

1 Faryab 2 Helmand Nangarhar

# MAIN RETURN DISTRICTS

- Pachir Wa Agam (Nangarhar province)
- Khwaja Sabz Posh (Faryab province)
- Kunduz

(Kunduz province) Rural Peri-Urban Urban 67% 22% 12%

#### **OUT- AND RETURNED MIGRANTS TO/FROM ABROAD**

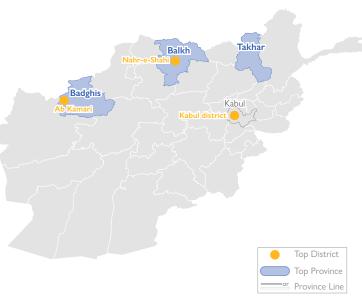
#### **OUT-MIGRANTS** # of families # of individuals TOTAL **RURAL** PERI-URBAN **URBAN** 8791 # CFPs\* 6748 1310 733 # of individuals 76,563 45,961 13,797 16.805 who fled to foreign countries since August 2021 989,492 152,834 169,112 667.546

# Out-migrants: individuals who left the community since August 2021 to reside abroad and have not

Definition

CFPs cited the number individuals who have fled to other countries from to their communities of origin since August 2021. During the data collection period, 989,492 individuals (76,563 families) were identified in this group. The breakdown is presented in the table on the left.

The top three provinces and which districts from these individuals originate and the main countries to which they migrated are shown in the map on the left and below.



## **MAIN ORIGIN PROVINCES**

Balkh

returned.

- 2 Takhar
- 3 **Badghis**

# MAIN ORIGIN DISTRICTS

- Kabul district (Kabul province)
- Ab Kamari (Badghis province)
- Nahr-e-Shahi 3 (Balkh province)



# **RETURNED MIGRANTS**

	TOTAL	RURAL	PERI-URBAN	URBAN
# CFPs*	3,863	2,903	555	405
# of individuals who returned from abroad since August 2021	6,198	3,867	1,309	1,022
	89,253	61,245	15,264	12,744

Balkh

Faryab

# of families

Kabul

Nangarhar

Pachir Wa Agam

# of individuals

## Definition

Returned migrants: individuals who left the community to reside abroad since August 2021 and have now returned.

CFPs cited the number of individuals who have returned from abroad to their communities of origin since August 2021. During the data collection period, 89,253 individuals (6,198 families) were identified in this group. The breakdown is presented in the table on the left.

The top three provinces and districts to which these individuals returned and the main countries where they had migrated are shown in the map on the left and helow



- 1 Balkh
- 2 Nangarhar
- 3 Faryab

# MAIN RETURN DISTRICTS

- Kabul district (Kabul province)
- Pachir Wa Agam (Nangarhar province)
- Nahr-e-Shahi 3 (Balkh province)

# TOP 3 COUNTRIES FROM WHICH MIGRANTS HAVE RETURNED





