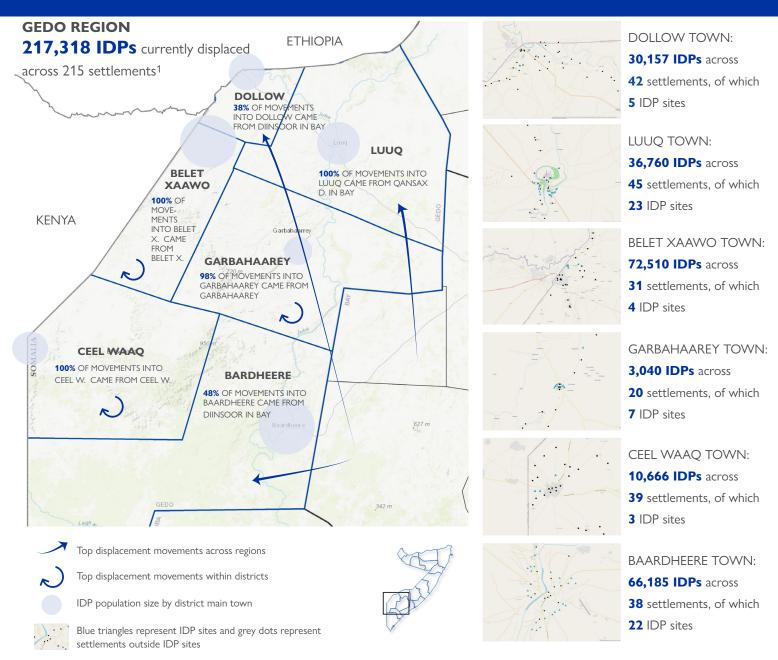


EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT

GEDO REGION

Report 13 13 June 2022 Data collection: 28 May to 01 June 2022



POPULATION MOBILITY KEY FINDINGS³

215 assessed settlements

7→ 11,219 new IDP arrivals

⇔ 28% movements within the region

74% movements across districts

7→ 100% spontaneous movements

95% first displacement

75% travel between 1-2 days

72% move by motor vehicle

On the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought. Three failed consecutive rainy seasons have resulted in 90% of the country experiencing severe drought conditions. Based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. In order to monitor drought related displacement, DTM has deployed its Emergency Trend Tracking tool.

Since November 2021, **217,318** individuals have been displaced by drought in Gedo region. Between the 28th May and 1st June 2022, an estimated **11,219 IDP** arrived to the assessed settlement since last assessment.

EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 13 13 June 2022 Data collection: 28 May to 01 June 2022

SUMMARY ON FIGURES²

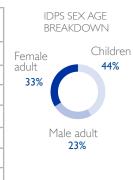
District main towns	# Settlements	# IDPs			
Baardheere	38	66,185			
Belet Xaawo	31	72,510			
Ceel Waaq	39	10,666			
Doolow	42	30,157			
Garbahaarey	20	3,040			
Luuq	45	34,760			
Total	215	217,318			

% INDIVIDUALS IN IDP SITES AND OUTSIDE IDP SITES



IDPS DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE²

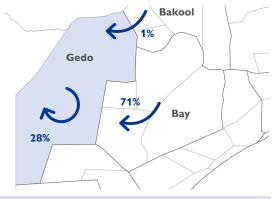
District main towns	# IDPs	# Male adults	# Female adults	# Children
Baardheere	66,185	14,727	22,496	28,962
Belet Xaawo	72,510	17,236	21,918	33,356
Ceel Waaq	10,666	3,865	4,139	2,662
Doolow	30,157	6,572	9,627	13,957
Garbahaarey	3,040	620	927	1,493
Luuq	34,760	6,473	13,670	14,617
Total	217,318	49,493	72,777	95,047



REGION OF ORIGIN3

% IDPs BY REGION OF ORIGIN

Region of origin	% IDPs
Bakool	1%
Bay	71%
Gedo	28%

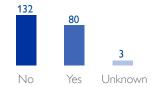


EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION³



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE First main need

Second main need



Food - 77%

U

Drinking water - 56%

Third main need

WASH - 36%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

TIMELINE OF DISPLACEMENT3



% IDPs PER MONTH OF DISPLACEMENT



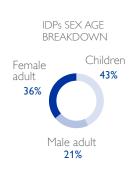
EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 13 13 June 2022 Data collection: 28 May to 01 June 2022

IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES²



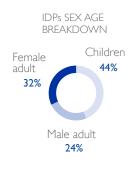
District main towns	# IDPs	# IDP sites			
Baardheere	36,465	22			
Belet Xaawo	10,218	5			
Ceel Waaq	1,208	3			
Doolow	15,576	5			
Garbahaarey	1,035	7			
Luuq	26,372	23			
Total	90,874	65			



OUSIDE IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES²



District main towns	# IDPs	# non - IDP sites
Baardheere	29,720	16
Belet Xaawo	62,292	26
Ceel Waaq	9,458	36
Doolow	14,581	37
Garbahaarey	2,005	13
Luuq	8,388	22
Total	126,444	150



IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION3



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION³



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE First main need
Second main need

5333

Food - 96%

U

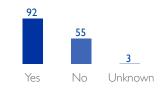
Drinking water - 71%

Third main need

Medical services - 43%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS³



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE First main need

500

Food - 57%

Second main need

U

Drinking water - 41%

Third main need



Shelter - 6%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 13 13 June 2022 Data collection: 28 May to 01 June 2022

POPULATION CHANGES BETWEEN ROUNDS BY DISTRICT2

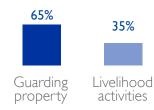
	# IDPs per round													
District main town	Pilot (23/01- 07/02)	Round 1 (19/02- 24/02)	Round 2 (27/02- 02/03)	Round 3 (05/03- 09/03)	Round 4 (12/03- 16/03)	Round 5 (19/03- 23/03)	Round 6 (26/03- 30/03)	Round 7 (02/04- 06/04)	Round 8 (09/04- 13/04)	Round 9 (16/04- 20/04)	Round 10 (23/04- 27/04)	Round 11 (14/05- 18/05)	Round 12 (21/05- 25/05)	Round 13 (28/05- 01/06)
Baardheere	13,235	34,638	77,456	58,255	56,325	57,886	57,990	57,606	57,658	58,696	59,772	57,833	59,358	66,185
Belet Xaawo	16,017	18,066	46,186	51,312	55,692	56,184	60,702	63,132	67,836	69,186	69,012	70,251	71,504	72,510
Ceel Waaq	2,190	4,326	8,610	8,682	9,156	9,254	9,494	9,356	9,420	9,539	9,517	10,110	10,381	10,666
Doolow	1,001	1,711	1,507	1,283	2,352	2,824	2,990	3,869	3,714	3,834	4,421	26,911	28,721	30,157
Garbahaarey	621	369	1,582	1,739	2,024	4,552	2,236	2,346	2,513	2,602	2,643	3,065	2,975	3,040
Luuq	9,644	22,938	35,284	35,438	35,282	34,268	35,833	35,918	35,962	36,021	36,002	35,828	34,763	34,760
Total	42,708	82,048	170,625	156,709	160,831	164,968	169,245	172,227	177,103	179,878	181,367	203,998	207,702	217,318

	# Settlements covered per round													
District main town	Pilot (23/01- 07/02)	Round 1 (19/02- 24/02)	Round 2 (27/02- 02/03)	Round 3 (05/03- 09/03)	Round 4 (12/03- 16/03)	Round 5 (19/03- 23/03)	Round 6 (26/03- 30/03)	Round 7 (02/04- 06/04)	Round 8 (09/04- 13/04)	Round 9 (16/04- 20/04)	Round 10 (23/04- 27/04)	Round 11 (14/05- 18/05)	Round 12 (21/05- 25/05)	Round 13 (28/05- 01/06)
Baardheere	18	30	38	37	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Belet Xaawo	11	21	30	31	31	30	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Ceel Waaq	15	23	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Doolow	15	30	37	37	39	42	40	42	43	42	42	42	42	42
Garbahaarey	7	13	20	20	20	19	20	20	20	20	20	19	20	20
Luuq	14	17	45	45	44	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Total	80	134	209	209	211	213	213	215	216	215	215	214	215	215

INFORMATION ON THE COMMUNITY OF ORIGIN3



% KEY INFORMANTS WHO REPORTED THAT ALLTHOSE WHO LIVED IN THE IDPS COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN FLED



% INDIVIDUALS BY REASON FOR STAYING BEHIND IN THE IDPS COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN 100%

% IDPs FLED DIRECTLY INTO THE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT SITE



DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) - SOMALIA EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT

Report 13 13 June 2022 Data collection: 28 May to 01 June 2022

GEDO REGION

CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

The Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is one of DTM's global components and the objective is to quickly collect information on sudden displacements or population movements triggered by conflicts, natural disasters and/or organized/spontaneous returns. The data collected is of a rapid nature and to help prioritise humanitarian response. It includes information on population groups, displacement location, date and reasons of displacement and priority needs.

As the drought continues to worsen with displacement increasing in Somalia DTM is piloting an ETT tool in Gedo region to monitor displacement trends and hotspots in support of operational planning. During the 2017 drought, DTM Somalia conducted a country wide ETT and the data from that period indicated the highest numbers of displaced individuals were observed in Bay, Banadir and Gedo regions. Based on this and due to IOM's operational presence in Gedo region, DTM decided to deploy an ETT pilot in Gedo region. In addition, based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, the humanitarian community expects that people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. Consequently, this pilot, which concentrates only on drought induced displacements, focuses on the main urban centers and surrounding villages for each district.

This pilot has been set-up in two steps:

1- A "baseline assessment" – as on the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought, the first round of data collection (between January 23, 2022 and February 7, 2022) was a baseline exercise to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021.

2- For the following rounds of data collection, DTM enumerators continue to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021. However, by comparing the updated IDPs figures to the baseline or previous rounds, DTM team can inform the response on new arrivals and departures for each settlement, as well as on key indicators on the new arrivals (region of origin, humanitarian needs and assistance, timeline of displacement, etc.).

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) at the settlement level, from Saturday to Wednesday every week. All locations assessed are monitored each week.

LIMITATIONS

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs), consequently the findings should be considered as estimates. The data is also captured for the "majority of the people displaced within a location". For example, the place of origin assessed for the IDPs in one location, is the place of origin of the majority of these IDPs. The detailed information on all places of origin is not collected and reported.

The information provided is related to a specific event (ongoing drought) and does not provide an overview of all population movements within a location. Moreover, the exercise covers the main urban centres and surrounding areas in each district, consequently none of the districts have a full coverage. The GPS coordinates collected can be approximations and are not always exact locations.

DISCLAMERS AND DEFINITIONS

The maps in this report are for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on these maps may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM.

Definitions:

Urban settlements: neighborhoods located in the main administrative town of each district.

Rural settlements: villages outside of cities and towns.

IDP sites: camp and camp-like settings hosting IDPs.

Spontaneous displacement: is an individual or group who initiate and proceed with their migration plans without any outside assistance from the federal/regional authorities or any other type of international or national assistance. Organized movement is characterized by external support to the persons on the move, the support could be logistical or financial.

Drought induced displacements: people are displaced totally or partially because of the drought.