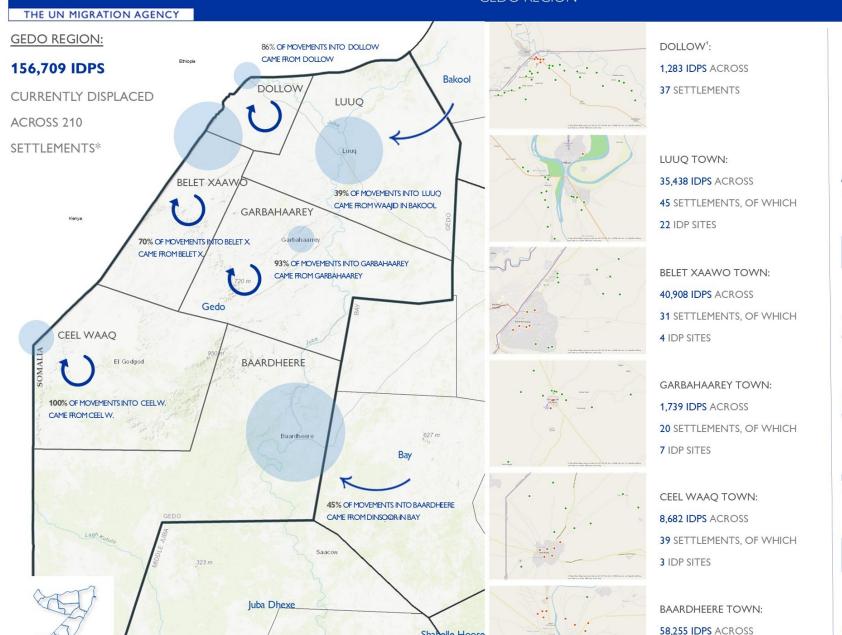
REPORT 3 17/MARCH/2022 DATA COLLECTION 05 TO 09 MARCH, 2022



POPULATION MOBILITY **KEY FINDINGS:** 



210 ASSESSED SETTLEMENTS



146,305

INTERNALLY DISPLACED PEOPLE



58%

MOVEMENTS WITHIN THE REGION



56%

MOVEMENTS ACROSS DISTRICTS



96%

SPONTANEOUS MOVEMENTS



59%

FIRST DISPLACEMENT



46%

TRAVEL BETWEEN 1 - 2 DAYS



38 SETTLEMENTS, OF WHICH

21 IDP SITES

41% MOVE BY MOTOR VEHICLE

33% MOVE BY FOOT

\* ACROSS URBAN SETTLEMENTS (NEIGHBORHOODS IN EACH DISTRICT MAIN TOWN), AND RURAL SETTLEMENTS (ONLY VILLAGES IN THE PERIPHERY OF THE MAIN TOWNS), \* EXCLUDING KABASA AND QANSAXLEY CAMPS.

LOWER JUBA luba Hoose

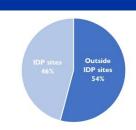
Shabelle Hoose



REPORT 3
17/MARCH/2022
DATA COLLECTION:
05 TO 09 MARCH, 2022

#### SUMMARY FIGURES

District main towns	# Settlements	# IDPs
Baardheere	38	58,255
Belet Xaawo	31	40,908
Ceel Waaq	39	8,682
Doolow	37	1,283
Garbahaarey	20	1,739
Luuq	45	35,438
Total	210	146,305



% OF INDIVIDUALS IN IDP SITES AND OUTSIDE IDP SITES

### IDPs DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

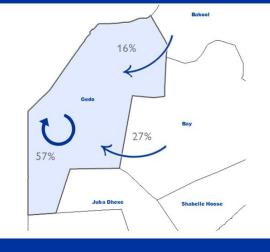
District main towns	# IDPs	# Male adults	# Female adults	# Children
Baardheere	58,255	15,679	19,026	23,550
Belet Xaawo	40,908	10,228	13,737	16,943
Ceel Waaq	8,682	3,218	3,479	1,985
Doolow	1,283	256	408	619
Garbahaarey	1,739	392	590	757
Luuq	35,438	6,953	13,892	14,593
Total	146,305	36,726	51,132	58,447



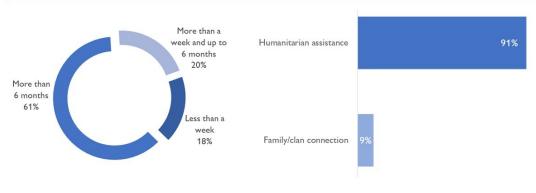
#### **REGIONS OF ORIGIN**

Region of origin	% IDPs	
Bakool	16%	
Bay	27%	
Gedo	57%	

% IDPS BY REGION OF ORIGIN



#### EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

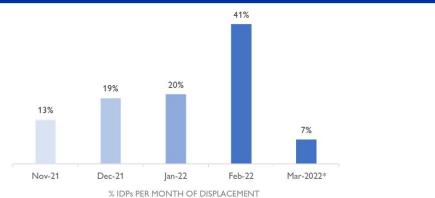
### HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS



# OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

% IDPS BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

#### TIMELINE OF DISPLACEMENT



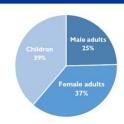
\* data collection captured movements from 1st to 9th March only.



REPORT 3 17/MARCH/2022 DATA COLLECTION: 05 TO 09 MARCH, 2022

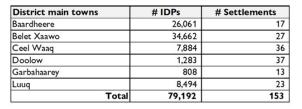
### IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES

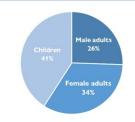
District main towns	# IDPs	# Camps
Baardheere	32,194	21
Belet Xaawo	6,246	4
Ceel Waaq	798	3
Garbahaarey	931	7
Luuq	26,944	22
Total	67,113	57



IDPS'SEX AND AGE BREAKDOWN

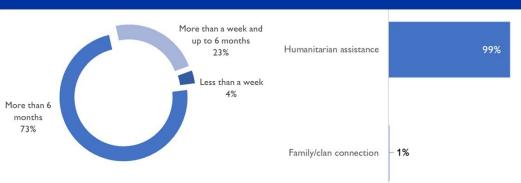
#### **OUTSIDE IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES**





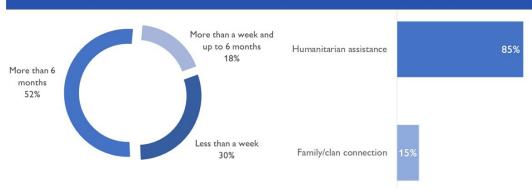
IDPS'SEX AND AGE BREAKDOWN

#### IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION



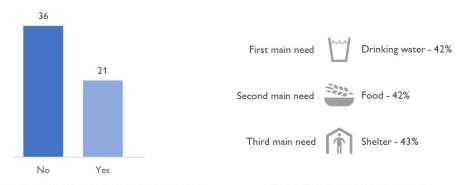
% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

#### OUTSIDE IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

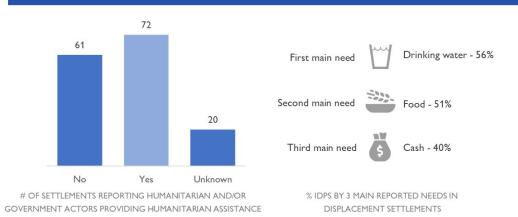
#### IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS



# OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR
GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

% IDPS BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

#### OUTSIDE IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS





REPORT 3 17/MARCH/2022 DATA COLLECTION: 05 TO 09 MARCH, 2022

#### CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

As the drought continues to worsen with displacement increasing in Somalia DTM is piloting an Emergency Trends Tracking (ETT) tool in Gedo region to monitor displacement trends and hotspots in support of operational planning.

Three failed consecutive rainy seasons have resulted in 90% of the country experiencing severe drought conditions. OCHA reports that currently 4.3 million individuals are affected by drought. During the 2017 drought, DTM Somalia conducted a country wide ETT and the data from that period indicated the highest numbers of displaced individuals were observed in Bay, Banadir and Gedo regions. Based on this and due to IOM's operational presence in Gedo region, DTM decided to deploy an ETT pilot in Gedo region.

ETT is a crisis-based tool that tracks sudden displacement triggered by specific events or emerging crises. The objective of ETT is to identify where there are specific assessments need and to enable partners to deliver rapid assistance. Based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, the humanitarian community expects that people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. Consequently, this pilot, which concentrates only on drought induced displacements, focuses on the main urban centers and surrounding villages for each district. The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) at the location level, from Sunday to Wednesday every week. All locations assessed are monitored each week.

#### LIMITATIONS

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs), consequently the findings should be considered as estimates. The data is also captured for the "majority of the people displaced within a location". For example, the place of origin assessed for the IDPs in one location, is the place of origin of the majority of these IDPs. The detailed information on all places of origin is not collected and reported.

The information provided is related to a specific event (ongoing drought) and does not provide an overview of all population movements within a location. Moreover, the exercise covers the main urban centres and surrounding areas in each district, consequently none of the districts have a full coverage. The GPS coordinates collected can be approximations and are not always exact locations.

#### MAPS DISCLAIMER AND LEGENDS

The maps in this report are for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on these maps may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM.



Top displacement movements within districts



Top displacement movements across regions



Green dots represente rural settlements and red dots represent urban settlements

#### **Definitions of settlement types:**

Urban settlements: neighborhoods located in the main administrative town of each district.

Rural settlements: villages outside of cities and towns.

IDP sites: camp and camp-like settings hosting IDPs.