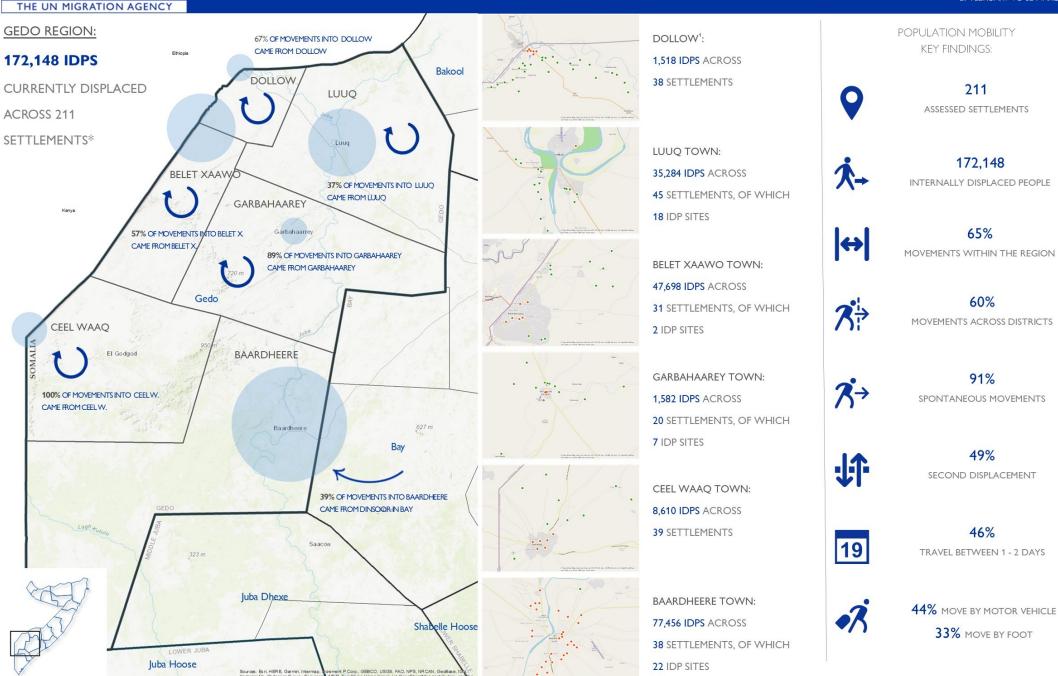
# DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) - SOMALIA EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

REPORT 2 10/MARCH/2022 DATA COLLECTION:

27 FEBRUARY TO 02 MARCH, 2022



\* ACROSS URBAN SETTLEMENTS (NEIGHBORHOODS IN EACH DISTRICT MAIN TOWN), AND RURAL SETTLEMENTS (ONLY VILLAGES IN THE PERIPHERY OF THE MAIN TOWNS), \* EXCLUDING KABASA AND QANSAXLEY CAMPS.



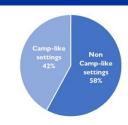
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### SUMMARY FIGURES

District main towns	# Settlements	# IDPs	
Baardheere	38	77,456	
Belet Xaawo	31	47,698	
Ceel Waaq	39	8,610	
Doolow	38	1,518	
Garbahaarey	20	1,582	
Luuq	45	35,284	
Total	211	172,148	



% OF IDPs IN CAMP AND NON-CAMP SETTINGS

## IDPs DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

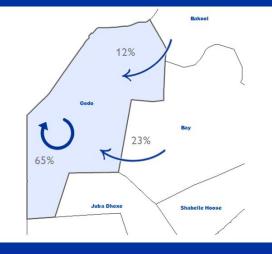
District main towns	# IDPs	# Male adults	# Female adults	# Children
Baardheere	77,456	23,223	21,635	32,598
Belet Xaawo	47,698	16,494	16,710	14,494
Ceel Waaq	8,610	3,192	3,476	1,942
Doolow	1,518	283	433	802
Garbahaarey	1,582	379	503	700
Luuq	35,284	7,173	13,645	14,466
Total	172,148	50,744	56,402	65,002



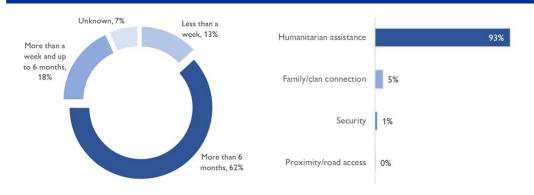
#### **REGIONS OF ORIGIN**

Region of origin	% IDPs
Bakool	12%
Bay	23%
Gedo	65%

% IDPS BY REGION OF ORIGIN

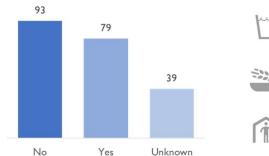


#### EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

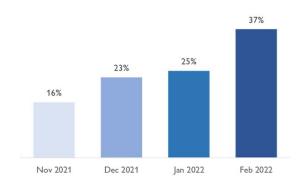
### HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS





% IDPS BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

#### TIMELINE OF DISPLACEMENT



% IDPs PER MONTH OF DISPLACEMENT

# OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR
GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE



# DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) - SOMALIA EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

REPORT 2

10/MARCH/2022

DATA COLLECTION:
27 FEBRUARY TO 02 MARCH, 2022

#### CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

As the drought continues to worsen with displacement increasing in Somalia DTM is piloting an Emergency Trends Tracking (ETT) tool in Gedo region to monitor displacement trends and hotspots in support of operational planning.

Three failed consecutive rainy seasons have resulted in 90% of the country experiencing severe drought conditions. OCHA reports that currently 4.3 million individuals are affected by drought. During the 2017 drought, DTM Somalia conducted a country wide ETT and the data from that period indicated the highest numbers of displaced individuals were observed in Bay, Banadir and Gedo regions. Based on this and due to IOM's operational presence in Gedo region, DTM decided to deploy an ETT pilot in Gedo region.

ETT is a crisis-based tool that tracks sudden displacement triggered by specific events or emerging crises. The objective of ETT is to identify where there are specific assessments need and to enable partners to deliver rapid assistance. Based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, the humanitarian community expects that people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. Consequently, this pilot, which concentrates only on drought induced displacements, focuses on the main urban centers and surrounding villages for each district. The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) at the location level, from Sunday to Wednesday every week. All locations assessed are monitored each week.

#### LIMITATIONS

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs), consequently the findings should be considered as estimates. The data is also captured for the "majority of the people displaced within a location". For example, the place of origin assessed for the IDPs in one location, is the place of origin of the majority of these IDPs. The detailed information on all places of origin is not collected and reported.

The information provided is related to a specific event (ongoing drought) and does not provide an overview of all population movements within a location. Moreover, the exercise covers the main urban centres and surrounding areas in each district, consequently none of the districts have a full coverage. The GPS coordinates collected can be approximations and are not always exact locations.

### MAPS DISCLAIMER AND LEGENDS

The maps in this report are for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on these maps may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM.



Top displacement movements within districts



Top displacement movements across regions



Green dots represente rural settlements and red dots represent urban settlements

#### Definitions of settlement types:

Urban settlements: neighborhoods located in the main administrative town of each district.

Rural settlements: villages outside of cities and towns.

IDP sites: camp and camp-like settings hosting IDPs.