

Kismayo, the second largest city in South-central Somalia has been devastated by civil conflict, floods, famine and the prolonged presence of armed groups. Kismayo is believed to have one of the largest IDP populations in the region, mostly coming from Lower and Middle Juba. Within Kismayo, IDPs sites are mostly in Farjano and Fanole areas. While all Key Informants (KIs) in Kismayo indicated having received humanitarian assistance at the site level, there is variation on the level of services available. Food, shelter, water and sanitation are the priority needs.

In order to better understand the geographic distribution of displacement sites and population estimates, DTM rolled out the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT). Data collected through this tool will allow, partners to have the number of people currently residing in each displacement site in order to plan for service delivery. "Custom tables on service delivery are available upon request, and also available in the data-set".

76,900
Number of IDPs (rounded estimates)

105
IDP sites

19 Data collection was conducted between 10 May and 3rd June 2017 through key informant interviews

AGE DISAGGREGATION OF IDPS

Children (0-5 years)	14,484
Children (6 - 18 Years)	21,671
Adults (18 - 59 Years)	34,404
Elders (60+ years)	5,018
Unaccompanied children(below 18 years)	1,359

PRIORITY NEEDS*

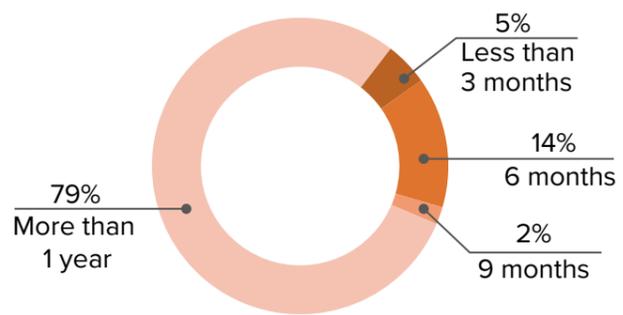
Food	26%
Shelter/NFIs	34%
WASH	30%
Medical services	10%

TOP THREE CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT

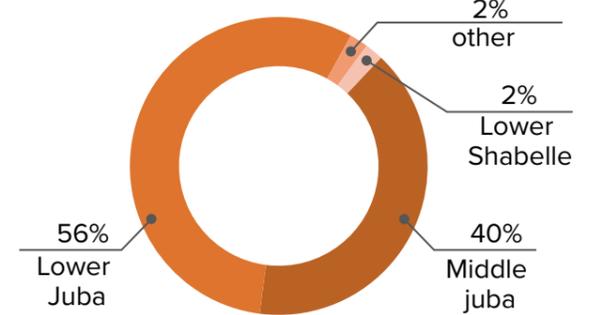
Drought	100%
Insecurity	81%
Disease outbreak	60%

* % sites expressing this need

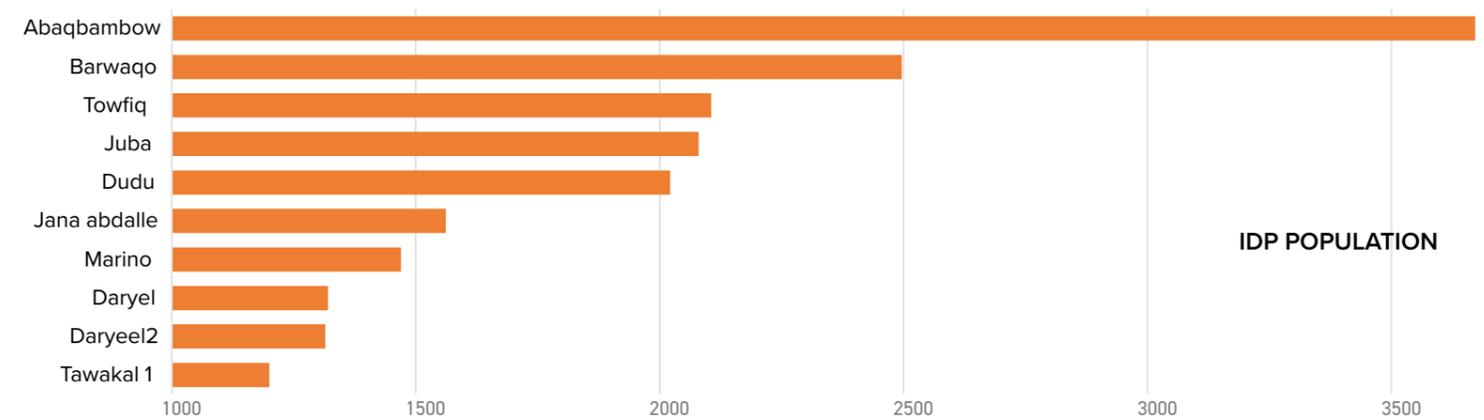
AGE OF SETTLEMENT



ORIGIN OF IDPS BY REGION



MOST POPULATED IDP SITES



FOR MORE INFORMATION
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<http://www.globaldtm.info/somalia>
 Data-set is available [here](#)



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