

Over the 5 years, Middle Shabelle has faced multiple natural and man-made hazards. Floods, low-rainfall and chronic food shortages, coupled with clan conflicts have caused displacement into populated places. Most IDPs in Balcad district live within host community settlements and originate from Middle Shabelle. IDP sites in Balcad, are clustered around primary roads. In comparison to DTM's Round 4 data collection in January, there were 43,000 IDPs counted in Balcad. In order to better understand the geographic distribution of displacement sites and population estimates, DTM rolled out the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT). The data collected through this tool will allow partners to know the number of people currently residing in each displacement site at a given point in time in order to plan and monitor service delivery.

**64,100**  
Number of IDPs (rounded estimates)

**52**  
IDP sites

**19** Data collection was conducted between May 10th and 3rd June 2017 through key informant interviews

### AGE DISAGGREGATION OF IDPS

Children (0-5 years)	6,732
Children (6 - 18 Years)	6,865
Adults (18 - 59 Years)	46,176
Elders (60+ years)	2,705
Unaccompanied children (below 18 years)	1,656

### TOP THREE CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT

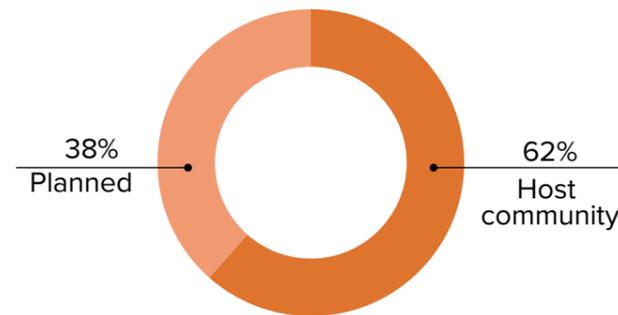
Drought	100%
Insecurity	100%
Outbreak of disease	87%

### PRIORITY NEEDS\*

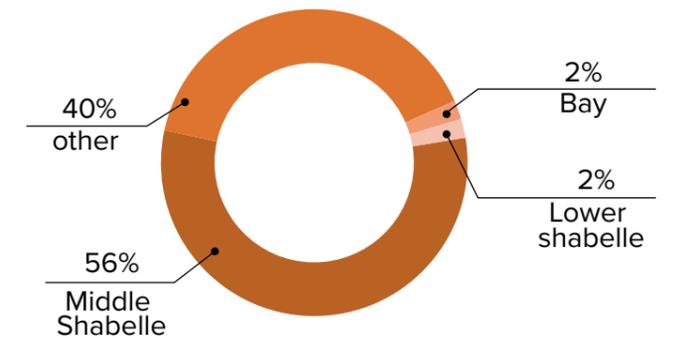
Food	28%
Shelter/NFIs	26%
WASH	27%
Medical services	19%

\* % sites expressing this need

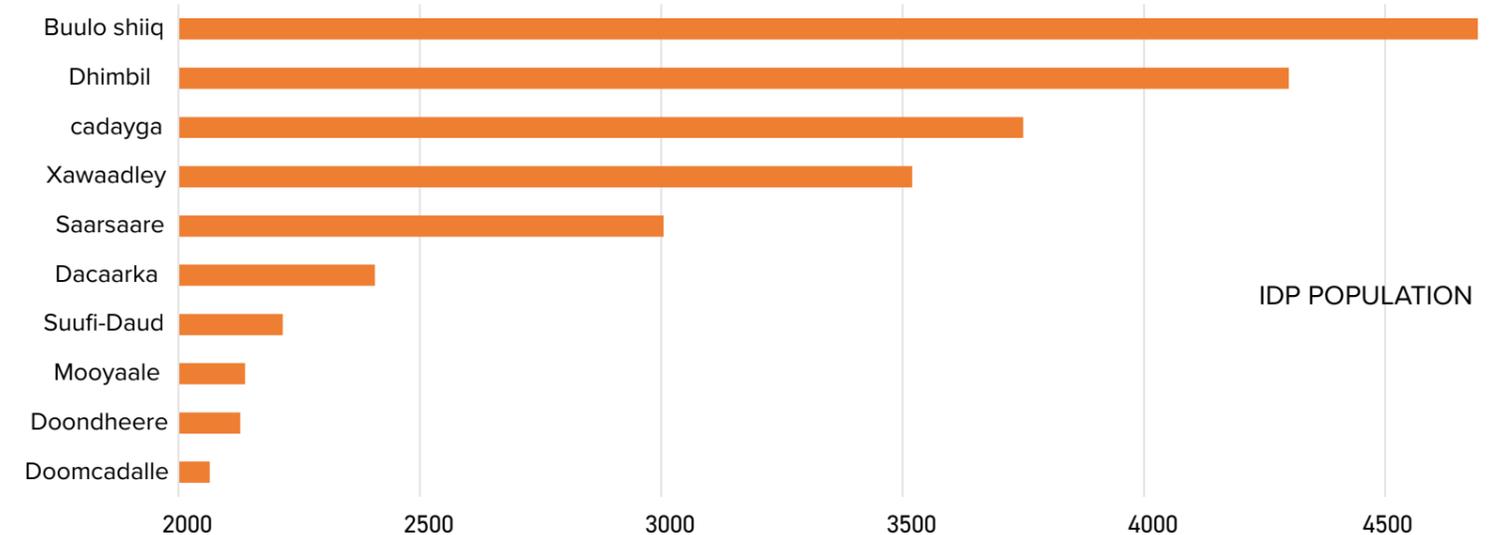
### IDP SETTLEMENT BY TYPE



### ORIGIN OF IDPS BY REGION



### MOST POPULATED IDP SITES



### FOR MORE INFORMATION

✉ [iomsomaliadtm@iom.int](mailto:iomsomaliadtm@iom.int)  
 🌐 <http://www.globaldtm.info/somalia>  
 📄 Data-set is available [here](#)

