# IDP AND RETURNEE ATLAS AS OF JULY 2022

MOBILITY TRACKING - North-East Nigeria

















### ESTIMATED NUMBERS OF IDPS AND RETURNEES BY STATE

IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) provides support to the Government and humanitarian partners by establishing a comprehensive system that collects, analyses and disseminates data on IDPs and returnees to ensure timely and effective assistance to the affected populations. Data collection takes place at a granular level and is repeated at regular intervals to ensure accurate and up-to-date information.

As of July 2022, the DTM identified a total of 2,455,190 IDPs in 501,758 households and 1,983,130 returnees in 323,277 households. The IDP population included IDPs in camps and camp-like settings (988,428 individuals or 40%) and IDPs residing in host communities (1,466,762 individuals or 60%). The returnee population included IDP returnees (1,822,932 individuals or 92%) and returnees from abroad (323,277 individuals or 8%).

Data collection for IDPs took place between June and July 2022 in 2,520 localities in the six states of north-east Nigeria (Borno, Adamawa, Yobe, Gombe, Taraba and Bauchi). Data collection for returnees took place between February and March 2022 in 688 return locations in north-east Nigeria's BAY states (Borno, Adamawa and Yobe).



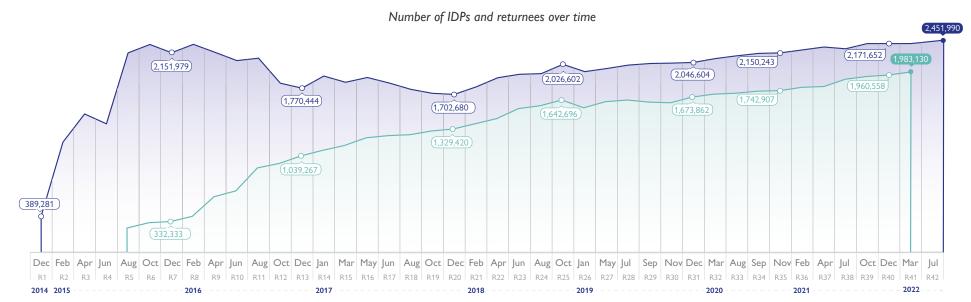
Number of IDPs **2,455,190** (as of July 2022)



Number of returnees 1,983,130 (as of March 2022)

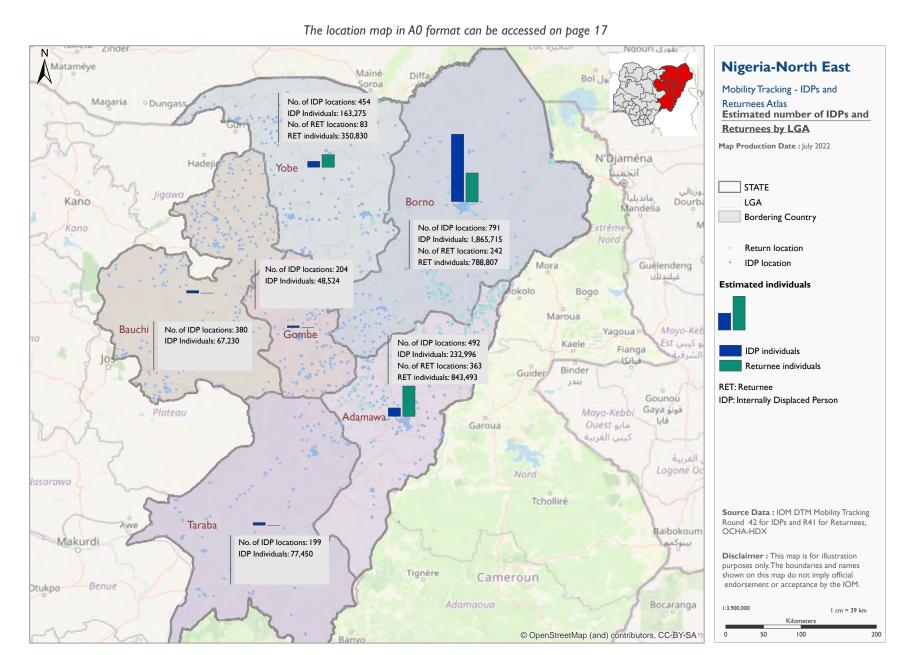
Estimated number of returnees and IDPs per state

State	IDPs	IDPs (%)	Returnees	Returnees (%)
Borno	1,865,715	76%	843,493	42%
Adamawa	232,996	9%	788,807	40%
Yobe	163,275	7%	350,830	18%
Bauchi	67,230	3%	/	/
Taraba	77,450	3%	/	/
Gombe	48,524	2%	/	/
Total	2,455,190	100%	1,983,130	100%





# IDP AND RETURNEE LOCATIONS IN NORTH-EAST NIGERIA





### TIMELINE OF DISPLACEMENT AND RETURN IN NORTH-EAST NIGERIA

Of the IDPs recorded as of July 2022, 578,905 individuals or 24 per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2014 and 836,551 individuals or 34 per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2015.

During this period, 525,207 individuals returned, of which 83 per cent to Adamawa State. An estimated 30,000 individuals returned from abroad, of which the majority returned from Cameroon.

- Jan '14: Boko Haram insurgents intensified attacks and captured large parts of the north-east.
- April '14: Abduction of school girls in Chibok, Borno State.
- Sept '14: Implementation of DTM in Nigeria.
- Jan '15: Baga massacre.
- March '15: Boko Haram pledges alliance to the Islamic State.
- May '15: Boko Haram becomes ISWAP.

Of the IDPs recorded as of July 2022, 158,292 individuals or six per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2017. Seventy-one per cent of the displacements in 2017 found place in the state of Borno.

In 2017, 307,705 individuals returned, of which 20 per cent from abroad. 2017 marked the year in which 26.178 returnees returned from the Republic of Niger. In 2017, 77 per cent of all return movements were recorded in the state of Borno.

- Ian '17: Attack on army base in Yobe.
- March '17: Suicide bombings in Maiduguri,
- September '17: Kidnappings and attacks in Banki. 57% of schools in Borno close because of the insurgency, affecting education of 3 million children.

Of the IDPs recorded as of July 2022, 26,893 individuals or one per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2019. 2019 marked the year in which the lowest number of displacements were recorded since the start of DTM operations in Nigeria.

In 2019, 25,409 individuals returned, of which 10 per cent from abroad. All returnees who returned from abroad, returned from Cameroon.

- Jan '19: Launch of major offensive on militaty bases including Magumeri and Gajiram.

2019

- Feb '19: Destruction of Rann, Borno.
- July '19: Nganzai massacre in Borno.

Of the IDPs recorded as of July 2022, 106,733 individuals or four per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2021 and 66,502 individuals or three per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2022.

Of the total returnee population, 206,547 individuals or 10 per cent of all returnees returned in 2021 and the first months of 2022. Ninety-three per cent of all return movements in 2021 and 2022 were recorded in Yobe State.

- Feb '21: Attacks in Dikwa, Borno by ISWAP result in mass displacement.
- May '21: Clashes between ISWAP and Boko Haram in Sambisa forest.
- May '21: Abubakar Shekau, leader of Boko Haram is reported dead.
- June '21: UNDP releases a report saying that the insurgency has killed around 350.000.
- May '22: Farmers massacre in Kala Balge, Borno.

2021-2022

Of the IDPs recorded as of July 2022, 411,102

individuals or 18 per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2016. Eighty-four per cent of the displacements in 2016 found place in the state of Borno.

In 2016, 633,048 individuals returned, of which seven per cent from abroad. 2016 marked the year in which the highest number of returnees were recorded (32% of returnees in north-east Nigeria).

- Jan '16: Attacks in Dalori, Borno.
- Feb '16: Attack on IDP camp in Dikwa, Borno.
- March '16: Split between ISWAP and Boko Haram.
- Dec '16: Boko Haram is left without territorial holdings but maintains ability to carry out attacks.

individuals or seven per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2018. Seventy-five per cent of the displacements in 2018 found place in the state of

In 2018, 247,727 individuals returned, of which seven per cent from abroad. An estimated 12,579 Nigerian refugees returned from Cameroon to Adamawa State.

- Feb '18: Abduction of school girls in Dapchi, Yobe.
- March '18: Escalation of violence by 2 insurgent factions (Boko Haram and ISWAP).
- Nov '18: Intensification of fighting around Lake Chad, marking the start of Chad Basin campaign.
- Dec '18: ISWAP seizes Baga town, Borno.

Of the IDPs recorded as of July 2022, 45,450 individuals or two per cent of IDPs were displaced in 2020. Sixty-nine per cent of the displacements in 2020 found place in the state of Borno and twenty-two per cent in the state of Yobe.

2020

In 2020, 37,487 individuals returned, of which 31 per cent from abroad. Seventy-six per cent of all return movements in 2020 were recorded in Borno State.

- March '20: Launch Operation Boma's Wrath to wipe out Boko Haram around Lake Chad.
- July, Sept '20: Attacks on Borno State Gov-
- Nov '20: Koshebe farmers massacre, Borno.
- Dec '20: Abduction of 330 schoolchildren in Kankara, Katsina.

2014 - 2015

2016

2017

2018

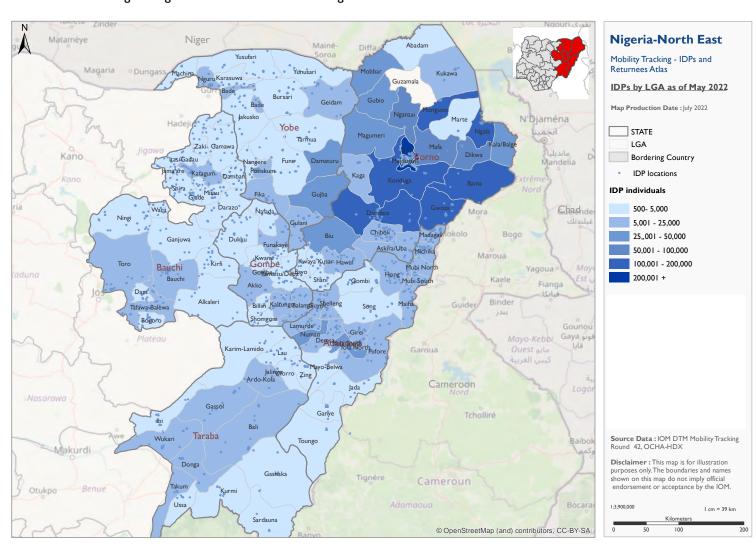
Of the IDPs recorded as of July 2022, 164,235

Borno.



# IDPS PER LGA AS OF JULY 2022

A total of 2,455,190 IDPs were identified as of July 2022 in north-east Nigeria. The state of Borno hosted the most significant number of IDPs with 1,865,175 individuals (76% of IDPs). All 10 LGAs that are hosting the highest numbers of IDPs in the region are in Borno State.



Top 10 LGAs hosting the highest numbers of IDPs in north-east Nigeria as of July 2022 (Accounting for 62% of the caseload of IDPs in north-east Nigeria)

LGA	State	Number of IDPs
Jere	Borno	292,348
Maiduguri M.C.	Borno	240,580
Monguno	Borno	160,239
Gwoza	Borno	159,584
Konduga	Borno	144,638
Bama	Borno	125,571
Damboa	Borno	106,566
Ngala	Borno	106,462
Nganzai	Borno	90,750
Dikwa	Borno	82,585

IDPs in camps/camp-like settings vs IDPs dispersed in host communities

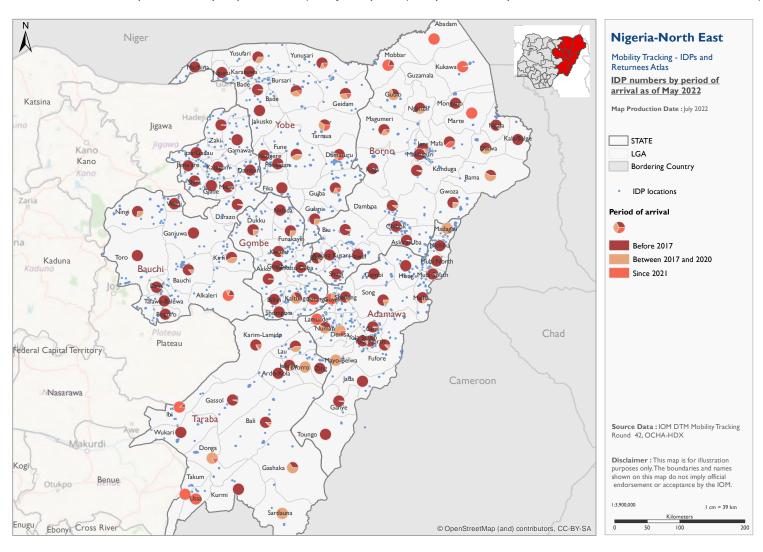
State	IDPs in camps/	IDPs in host
State	camp-like settings	communities
Adamawa	25,046	207,950
Bauchi	2,037	65,193
Borno	937,079	928,636
Gombe	3,402	45,122
Taraba	3,612	73,838
Yobe	17,252	146,023
Total	988,428	1,466,762

Forty per cent of IDPs in north-east Nigeria are living in camps while 60 per cent of IDPs are dispersed in host communities.

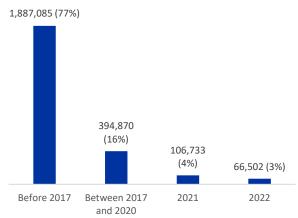


### IDPS PER YEAR OF DISPLACEMENT

A total of 1,887,085 IDPs or 77 per cent of the total IDP population were displaced before 2017. This means that most of IDPs in north-east Nigeria have been displaced for more than five years. As indicated on the map below, newly displaced IDPs (as of January 2021) are predominantly found in the northern LGAs of Borno State (Mobbar, Abadam, Kukawa).



Total number of IDPs as of July 2022 per period of displacement



Top 10 LGAs accounting for the highest IDP arrivals in 2021 and 2022 (Accounting for 75% of the IDPs displaced in '21 and '22)

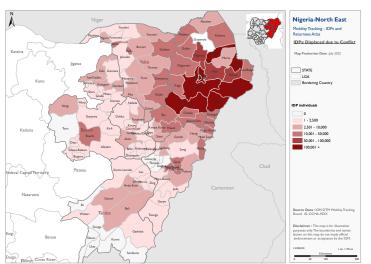
LGA	State	Number of IDPs	
Mobbar	Borno	23,429	
Jere	Borno	20,963	
Mafa	Borno	20,896	
Kukawa	Borno	16,740	
Takum	Taraba	10,302	
Damaturu	Yobe	9,131	
Gujba	Yobe	8,169	
Lamurde	Adamawa	8,117	
Guyuk	Adamawa	7,093	
Ngala	Borno	5,500	

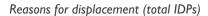


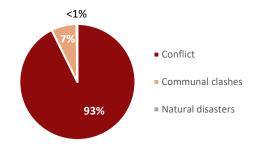
### IDPS AND REASONS FOR DISPLACEMENT

The ongoing insurgency in north-east Nigeria is widely reported as the main driver of displacement. The insurgency was followed by communal clashes and, to a limited extent, natural disasters. Communal clashes involve confrontations between ethnic and religious groups, often triggered by land and border issues, and increasing tensions between herder communities and sedentary farmers.

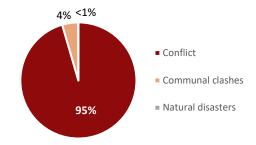
It is notable that the majority of IDPs displaced by the insurgency are situated in the LGAs Jere, Maiduguri M.C., Konduga, Bama, Gwoza, Ngala and Damboa of Borno State. IDPs displaced as a result of communal clashes are centred in the north-eastern part of Adamawa State, Taraba State and western Bauchi. While communal clashes accounted for only 4 per cent of the displacements before the year 2017, they were cited as the main trigger of dipslacement by 22 per cent of the IDPs displaced in 2021 and 2022.





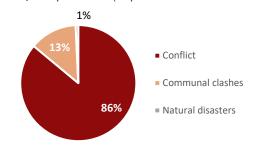


Reasons for displacement (displaced before 2017)

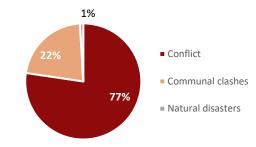


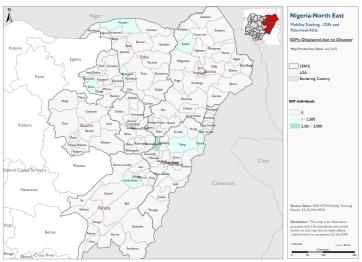
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### Reasons for displacement (displaced between 2017 and 2020)



### Reasons for displacement (displaced in 2021/2022)

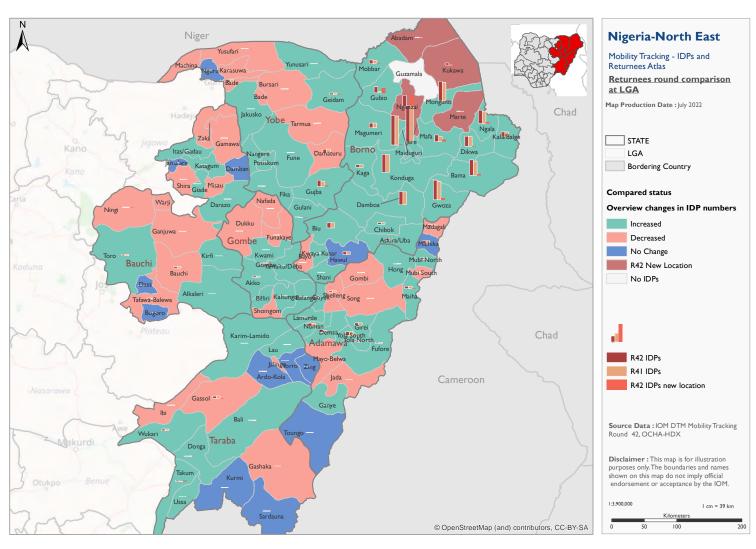




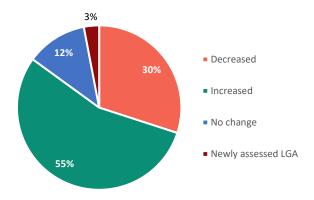


# IDP COMPARISON AT LGA LEVEL (MARCH 2022 - JULY 2022)

The map below compares IDP numbers from July 2022 with IDP numbers from March 2022 at the LGA level. In 55 per cent of the LGAs, the number of IDPs increased while in 30 per cent of the LGAs, the number of IDPs decreased. Additionally, 4 LGAs that were previously inaccessible were assessed in July 2022.



Percentage of LGAS and change in IDP numbers



Top LGAs with the highest IDP increase since March 2022

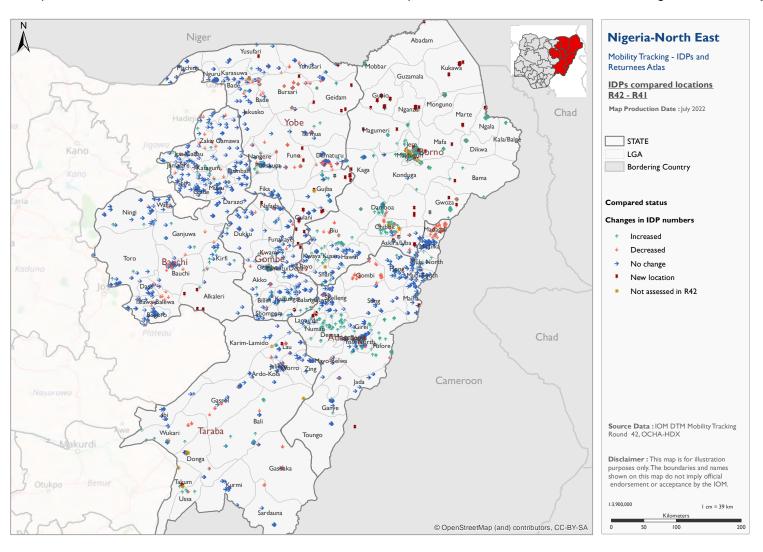
LGA	State	Increase of IDPs
Nganzai	Borno	90,750
Gubio	Borno	41,014
Kukawa	Borno	17,405
Mafa	Borno	14,400
Gwoza	Borno	12,448
Bama	Borno	10,171
Ngala	Borno	9,097
Gujba	Yobe	8,678
Monguno	Borno	7,754
Takum	Taraba	7,189

It is to be noted that the increase of IDPs in the abovementioned LGAs is directly related to the high number of newly assessed IDP locations in the respective LGAs.

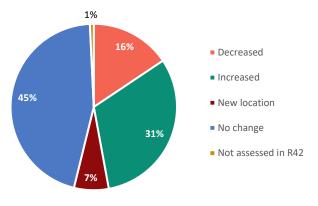


# IDP COMPARISON AT LOCATION LEVEL (MARCH 2022 - JULY 2022)

The map below compares IDP numbers from July 2022 with IDP numbers from March 2022 at the locality level. In 45 per cent of the locations, no changes in IDP numbers were recorded, while in 31 per cent of the locations, the number of IDPs increased. Additionally, 171 new IDP locations were identified during the assessment in July 2022.



### Percentage of locations and change in IDP numbers



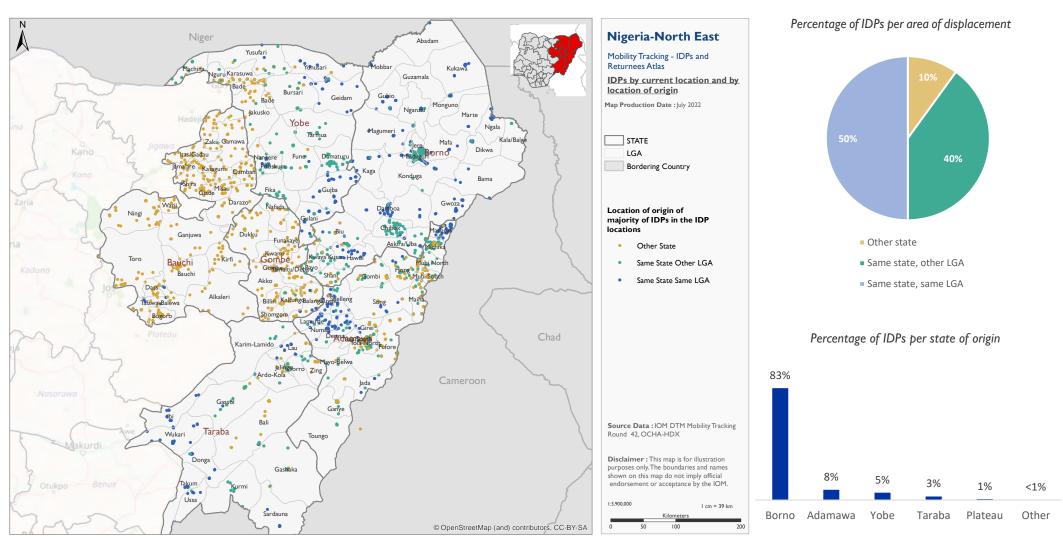
### IDP comparison at state level

State	March 2022	July 2022	
Adamawa	232,996	220,886	
Bauchi	67,230	66,291	
Borno	1,865,715	1,640,408	
Gombe	48,524	47,204	
Taraba	77,450	71,669	
Yobe	163,275	151,366	
Total 2,455,190		2,197,824	



# IDPS PER LOCATION OF DISPLACEMENT

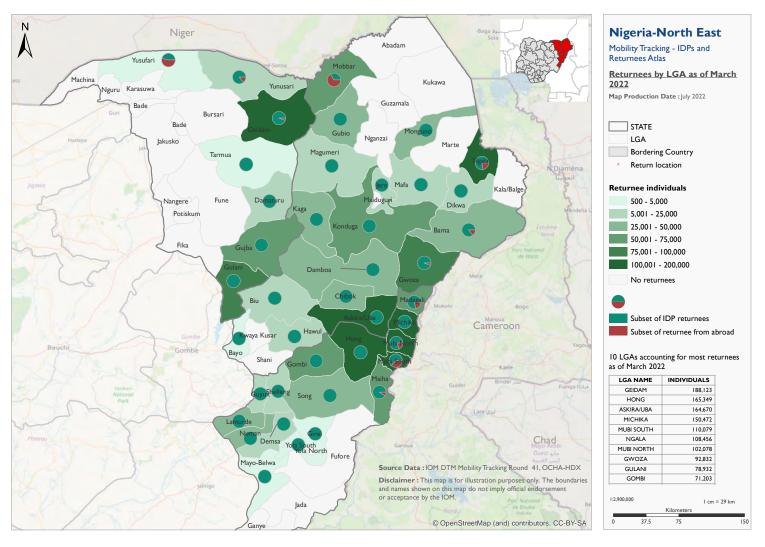
The map below indicates where IDPs are displaced. Fifty per cent of IDPs are displaced within their LGA of origin, 40 per cent of IDPs are displaced to another LGA but remained within their state of origin and 10 per cent of IDPs, mainly in Bauchi and Gombe States, were displaced outside their state of origin (predominantly IDPs originating from Borno State).

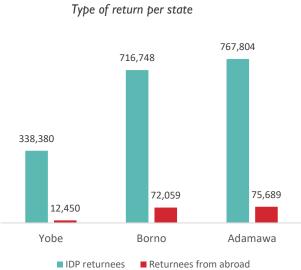




### **RETURNEES PER LGA AS OF MARCH 2022**

A total of 1,983,130 returnees were identified as of March 2022 in north-east Nigeria. The state of Adamawa hosted the most significant number of returnees with 843,493 individuals (43% of returnees). Borno State hosted 788,807 returnees) and in Yobe, 350,830 returnees were recorded (18% of returnees).





The returnee population of north-east Nigeria consisted of 1,822,932 returnees (92%) who returned from locations within Nigeria (IDP returnees) and 160,198 returnees (8%) who returned from abroad (returnees from abroad. Returnees from abroad were predominantly located in LGAs bordering Cameroon and the Republic of Niger.

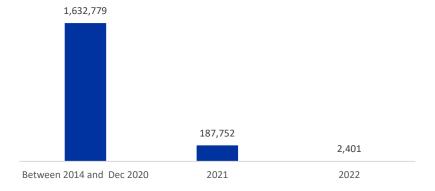


# IDP RETURNEES VS RETURNEES FROM ABROAD

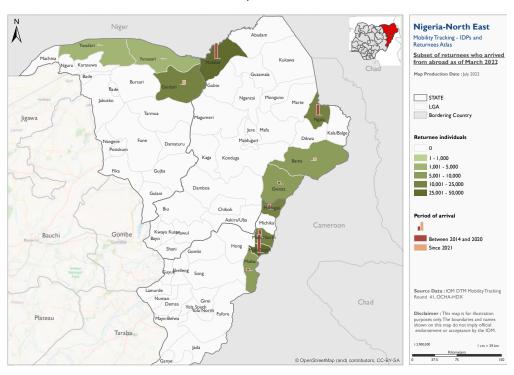
### IDP returnees

### Nigeria-North East Mobility Tracking - IDPs and Subset of returnees who arrived from within Nigeria as of March Map Production Date : July 2022 STATE LGA Bordering Country 500 - 5,000 5,001 - 25,000 25.001 - 50.000 50,001 - 75,000 75.001 - 100.000 100,000 + Bauchi Between 2014 and 2020 2021 2022 Source Data : IOM DTM Mobility Tracking Round 41, OCHA-HDX Disclaimer: This map is for illustration Plateau

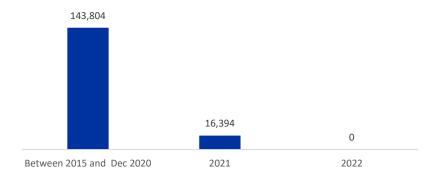
IDP returnees per period of return as of March 2022



### Returnees from abroad



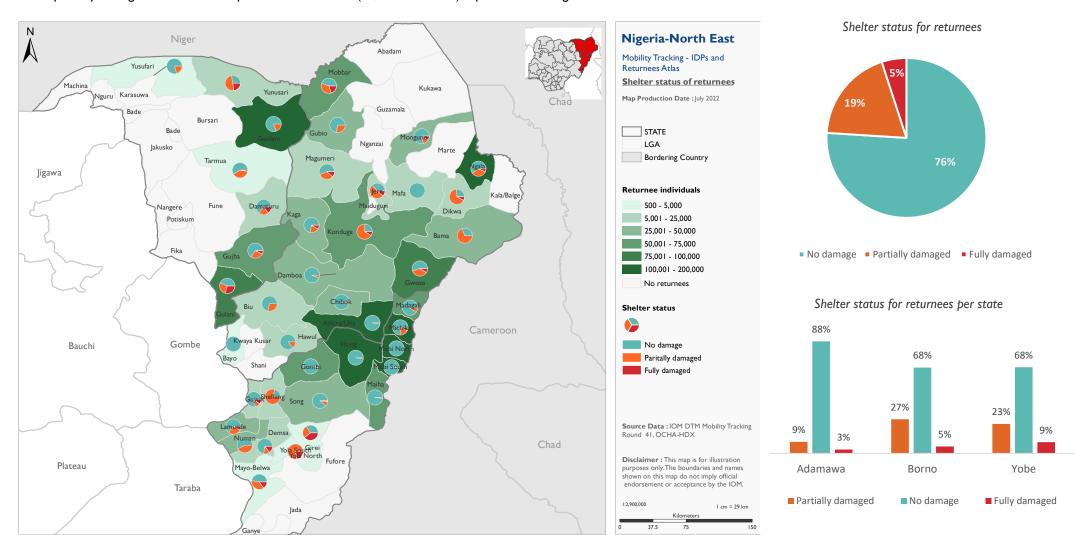
Returnees from abroad per period of return as of March 2022





### SHELTER STATUS OF RETURNEES

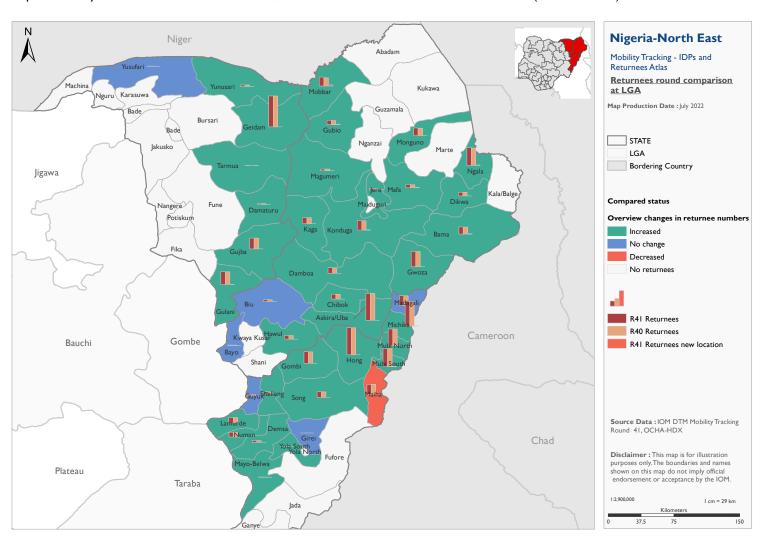
An estimated five per cent of returnees in north-east Nigeria (or 94,267 individuals) reported to live in fully damaged shelters. Nineteen per cent of returnees (370,130 individuals) reported to live in partially damaged shelters and 76 per cent of returnees (94,267 individuals) reported no damage to their shelter.





# RETURNEE COMPARISON AT LGA LEVEL (DEC 2021 - MARCH 2022)

The map below compares returnee numbers from March 2022 with returnee numbers from December 2021 at the LGA level. In the majority of the LGAs, increasing returnee numbers were reported. Only in Maiha LGA in Adamawa State, a decrease in returnee numbers was recorded (243 individuals).



LGAs with the largest increase of returnee individuals

LGA	State	Returnee increase
Mobbar	Borno	5,570
Ngala	Borno	2,870
Gubio	Borno	1,551
Tarmua	Yobe	1,304
Mafa	Borno	1,279
Bama	Borno	1,259
Konduga	Borno	1,242
Gombi	Adamawa	951
Gulani	Yobe	891
Demsa	Adamawa	702

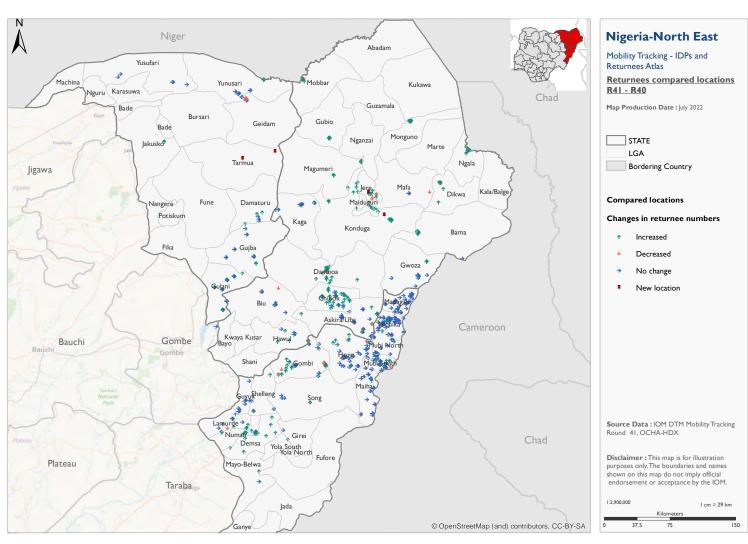
### Returnee comparison at state level

State	December 2021	March 2022
Adamawa	839,101	843,493
Borno	773,288	788,807
Yobe	348,169	350,830
Total	1,960,558	1,983,130



# RETURNEE COMPARISON AT LOCATION LEVEL (DEC 2021 - MARCH 2022)

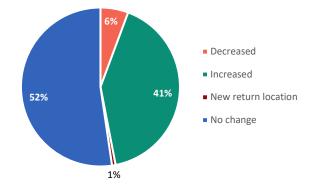
The map below compares returnee numbers from March 2022 with returnee numbers from December 2021 at the locality level. In 52 per cent of the return locations, no changes in returnee numbers were recorded. In 41 per cent of the return locations, the returnee numbers increased. Additionally, five new return locations were identified during the assessment in March 2022.



Newly identified return locations as of March 22

State	LGA	Locality	Returnees
Borno	Jere	Bololo	312
Borno	Jere	Gremari	104
Borno	Konduga	Malari	681
Yobe	Tarmua	Barkami	729
Yobe	Tarmua	Gaduram	575

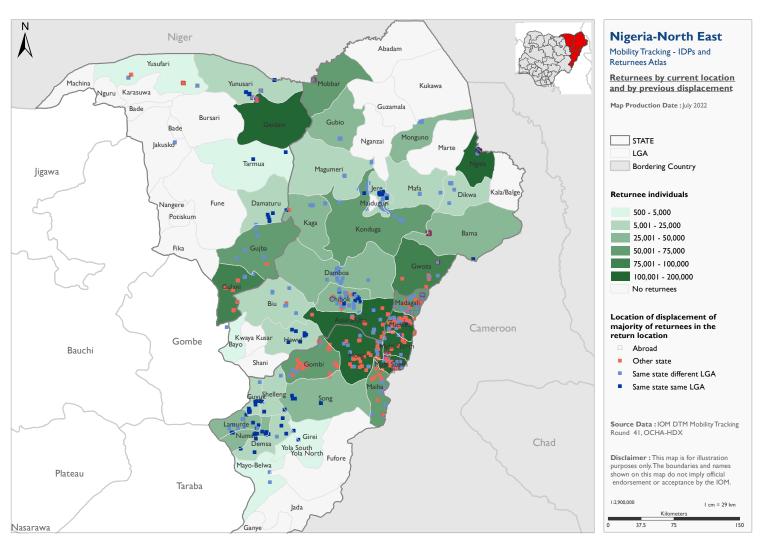
Percentage of locations and change in returnee numbers



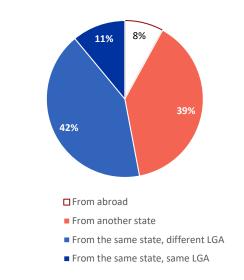


# RETURNEES PER LOCATION OF PREVIOUS DISPLACEMENT

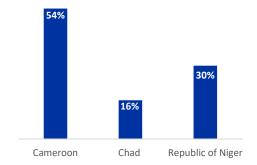
The map below indicates where the majority of returnees in a return location are returning from. Forty-two per cent of returnees, mainly in return locations in western Adamawa, were displaced to a different LGA, within their state of origin. Thirty-nine per cent of returnees, mainly in north-eastern Adamawa were displaced outside of their state of origin.



Percentage of returnees per location of displacement



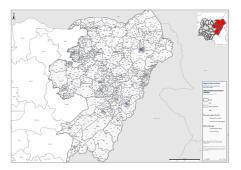
Country of displacement for returnees who returned from abroad (160,198 individuals)



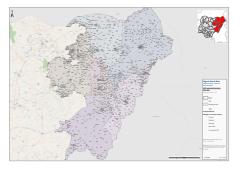


# **ADDITIONAL MAPS**

Returnee and IDP locations A0



IDP comparison at location level A0



Returnee comparison at location level A0



Click on the state names to access state level maps on IDP and returnee locations

