

OVERVIEW

IOM Pakistan collects data on the outflows of **undocumented Afghan migrants** at the Torkham and Chaman border crossing points in an effort to better understand the migration movements of undocumented Afghan migrants returning to Afghanistan from Pakistan. This exercise is part of the **European Union** funded project “Displacement Tracking Matrix Regional Evidence for Migration Analysis and Policy (DTM REMAP)”.

From 09 April to 22 April 2022, **893** undocumented Afghan migrants returned to Afghanistan, including **72** through the Torkham border point and **821** through the Chaman border point. During the reporting period, border authorities facilitated the return of **111** individuals due to the lack of legal documentation to remain in Pakistan. Therefore, information concerning these **111** individuals is not included in the report analysis.

HIGHLIGHTS

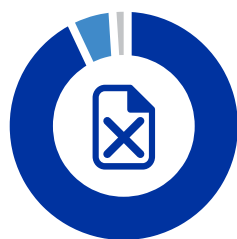
- During the reporting period, 10% of returnees were categorized as vulnerable persons, mainly chronically ill and elderly.
- In Pakistan, the primary occupations reported by majority of returnees were: unskilled labor (69%), skilled labor (21%) and business (10%).
- All returnees were carrying household items, cash, personal belongings and productive assets when interviewed. They also travelled with additional items, such as productive assets (89%) and transportation or private vehicles (3%).
- The average cost of travelling from Pakistan to Afghanistan reported was 21,176 PKR per family.
- The top 3 challenges returnees expected to face in Afghanistan were: arranging for livelihoods, settling into a new city and finding income opportunities.



27,789

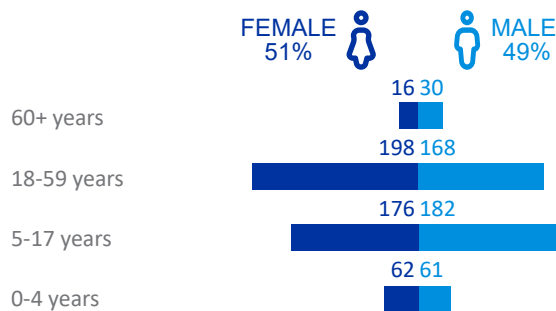
UNDOCUMENTED AFGHAN RETURNEES AT TORKHAM AND CHAMAN
SINCE JANUARY 2022

DISTRIBUTION OF UNDOCUMENTED RETURNEES

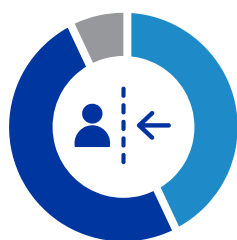


	Undocumented family	93%
	Family/Individual holding ACC	6%
	Undocumented individual travelling with documented family	1%

AGE AND GENDER



PUSH FACTORS



	Unable to pay house rent	50%
	Unable to pay utilities	43%
	Business reasons	7%

PULL FACTORS

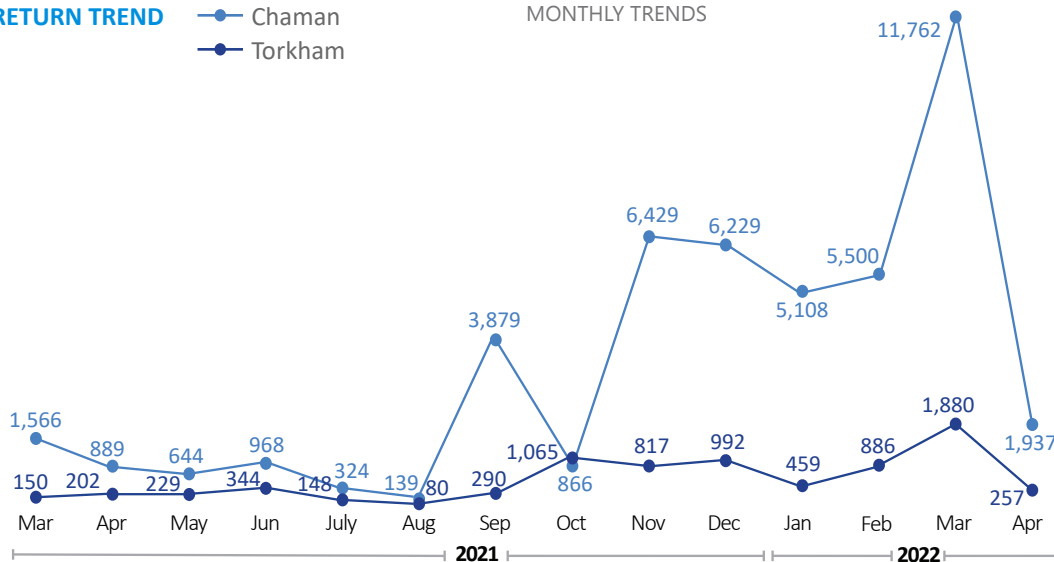


	Availability of assistance	68%
	Reunion with family	32%

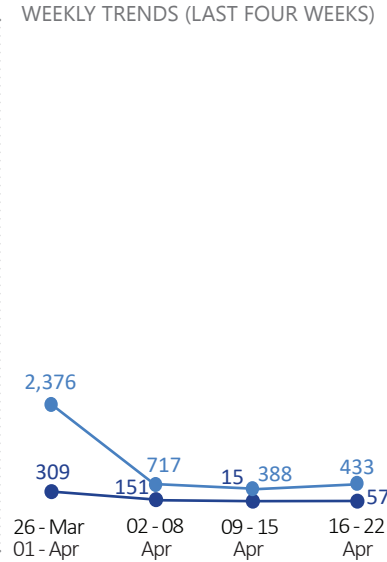
RETURN TREND

● Chaman
● Torkham

MONTHLY TRENDS



WEEKLY TRENDS (LAST FOUR WEEKS)



BI-WEEKLY FLOW MONITORING REPORT: SPONTANEOUS RETURN OF UNDOCUMENTED AFGHAN MIGRANTS FROM PAKISTAN (09 APR. TO 22 APR. 2022)

SETTLEMENT TYPE LEGEND



DISTRICTS OF ORIGIN IN PAKISTAN OF RETURNEES



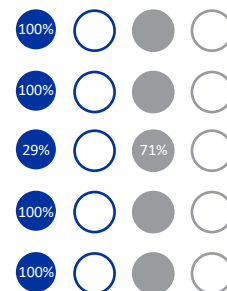
LEGEND



ORIGIN DISTRICT

1. Quetta.....	34%
2. Killa Abdullah.....	32%
3. Pishin.....	9%
4. Karachi.....	7%
5. Peshawar.....	7%

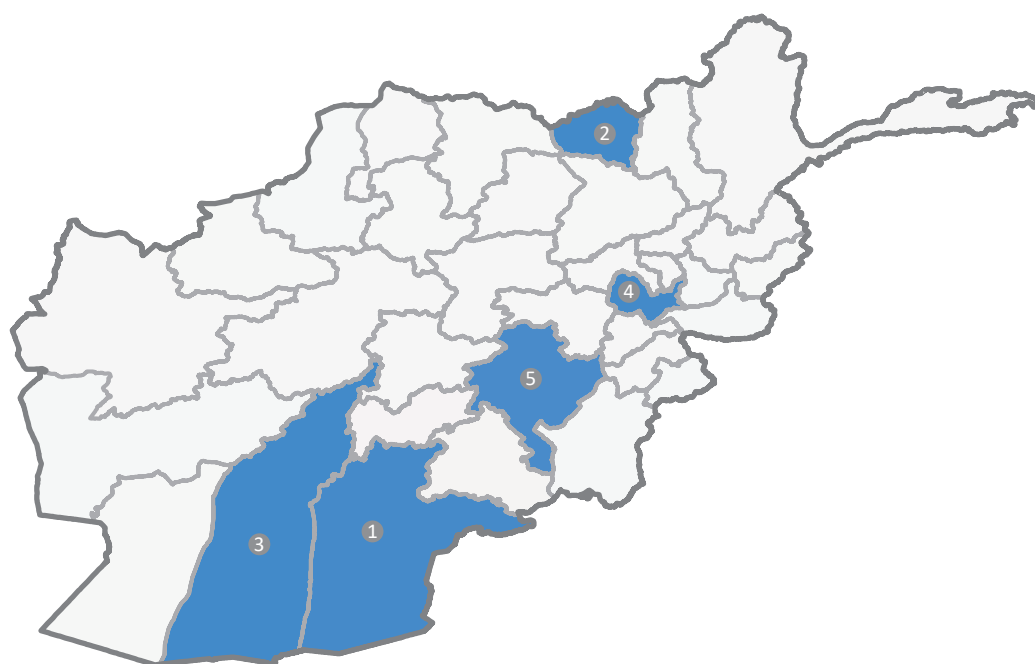
SETTLEMENT TYPE



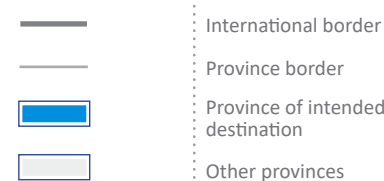
Note:
This map and the following legends focus on the top 5 districts of origin in Pakistan during the reporting period of 09 Apr. to 22 Apr. 2022.

Disclaimer:
Dotted line represents approximately the line of control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties. The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM or United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

PROVINCES OF INTENDED DESTINATION



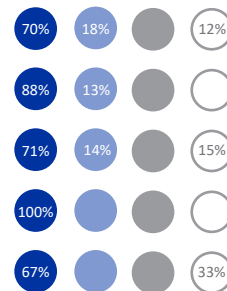
LEGEND



INTENDED PROVINCE

1. Kandahar.....	61%
2. Kunduz.....	10%
3. Hilmand.....	9%
4. Kabul.....	5%
5. Ghazni.....	4%

SETTLEMENT TYPE



Note:
This map and the following legends focus on the top 5 provinces of intended destination in Afghanistan during the reporting period of 09 Apr. to 22 Apr. 2022.

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