

## ETT Report: No. 265 | 28 February — 06 March 2022

### MOVEMENT NUMBERS AND TYPES

### NEW ARRIVALS SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS



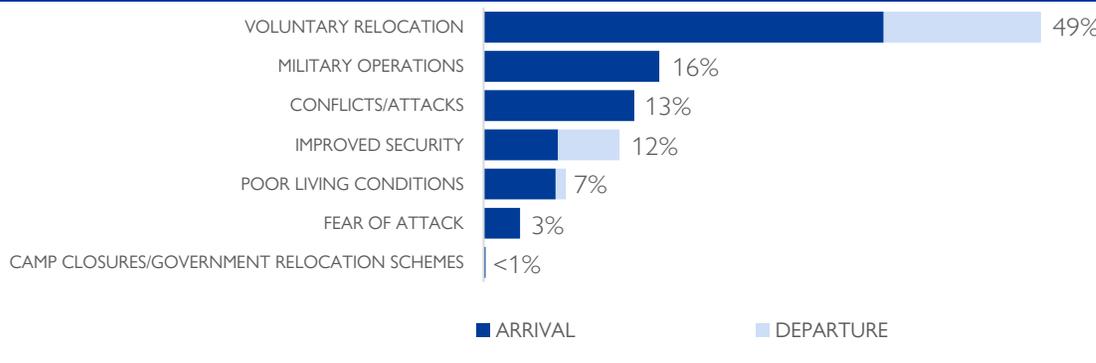
The DTM Emergency Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and to collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a sub-component of the Mobility Tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilises direct observation and a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

Between 28 February and 06 March 2022, a total of 2,785 movements were recorded in Adamawa and Borno States. The recorded movements consisted of 2,226 arrivals and 559 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Gwoza, Hawul, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected Borno State and in Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Maiha, Michika, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

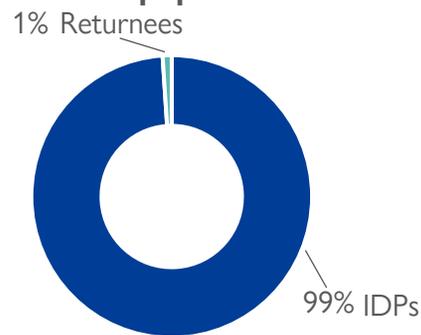
Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State and in Fufore, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Maiha, Michika, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (1,361 individuals or 49%), military operations (429 individuals or 16%), conflicts/attacks (368 individuals or 13%), improved security (332 individuals or 12%), poor living conditions (201 individuals or 7%), fear of attack (89 individuals or 3%) and camp closures/government relocation schemes (5 individuals or <1%).

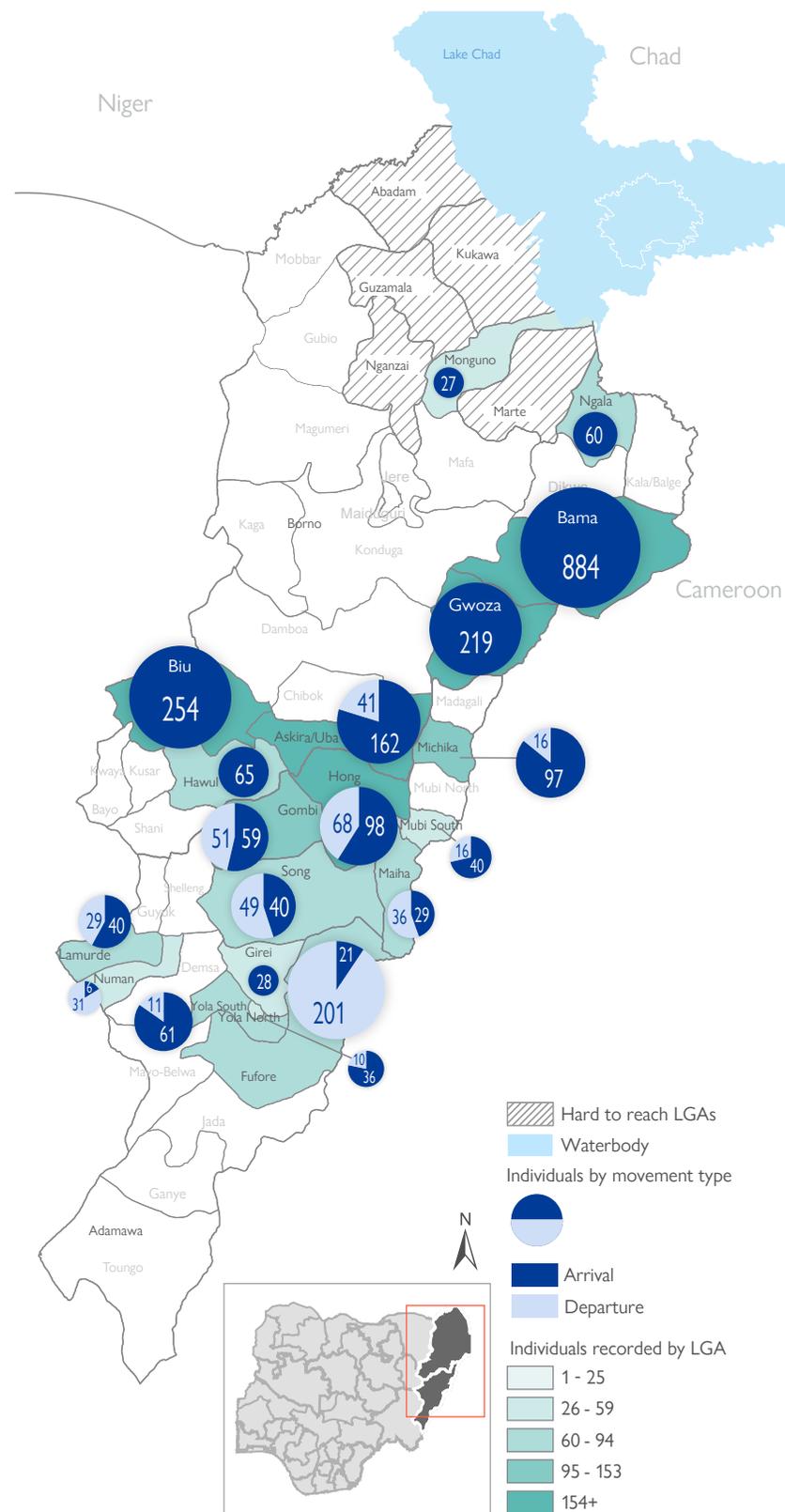
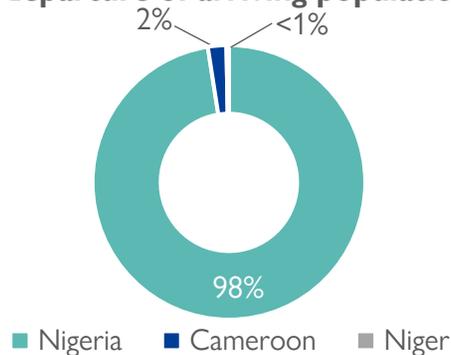
### PERCENTAGE OF INDIVIDUALS BY MOVEMENT TRIGGER



### Affected population



### Country of departure of arriving population



The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error-free, nor do they imply a judgment on the legal status of any territory or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM

\* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

### SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

**Bama:** Eight hundred and eighty-four (884) arrivals were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 824 individuals from within Bama LGA and 60 individuals from the Marwa region in Cameroon. Sixty-four per cent (64%) of the movements were due to voluntary relocation and 36 per cent were a result of military operations.

**Biu:** Two hundred and fifty-four (254) arrivals were recorded in Biu LGA of Borno State. All arrivals recorded were from within Biu LGA. All movements recorded were due to conflicts/attacks.

**Fufore:** Twenty-one (21) arrivals and 201 departures were recorded in Fufore LGA of Borno State. All arrivals recorded were from Song LGA in Adamawa State. The departures included 176 individuals to Bama LGA in Borno State, 18 individuals to Fufore LGA and seven (7) individuals to Yola South LGA in Borno State. Eighty-nine per cent (89%) of the movements were a result of voluntary relocation and 11 per cent were due to poor living conditions.

**Gwoza:** Two hundred and nineteen (219) arrivals were recorded in Gwoza LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 202 individuals from within Gwoza LGA and 17 individuals from Bama LGA in Borno State. Fifty per cent (50%) of the movements were a result of military operations and 50 per cent were due to poor living conditions.

## NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6 - 59 MONTHS)

Between 28 February and 06 March 2022, an exhaustive nutrition screening using Mid-Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 292 children of 6-59 months. Of the 292 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 17 children were recorded in the red category, 46 children in the yellow category and 229 children in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the four LGAs assessed.

The results also included 10 children who arrived from neighbouring countries (7 in Bama LGA and 3 in Monguno LGA). Of all the 10 children measured, none was recorded in the red category, one was in the yellow category, and 9 were in the green category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green (>12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	145	6	35	1	15	0	202
Dikwa	20	0	0	0	0	0	20
Gwoza	52	0	3	0	2	0	57
Monguno	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
Ngala	3	0	0	7	0	0	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>292</b>

■ Nourished
 ■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)
 ■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

Please note, the data presented above are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival/departure — only movements with at least 21 persons are listed below

Tracking location			Movement location			ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	GRAND TOTAL		
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE	LGA	WARD					
ADAMAWA	FUFORE	FUFORE	BORNO	BAMA	BUDUWA/BULA CHIRABE	-	176	176		
	GIREI	MODIRE VINIKILANG	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	HYAMBULA	28	-	28		
	GOMBI	GOMBI NORTH	ADAMAWA	HONG	GARAHA	-	51	51		
		GOMBI SOUTH	BORNO	DAMBOA	BULABULIN	24	-	24		
	HONG	BANGSHIKA	ADAMAWA	MAIHA	BELEL	22	-	22		
		DAKSIRI			MAIHA GARI	-	42	42		
		GARAHA			GOMBI NORTH	51	-	51		
		HILDI			BELEL	-	26	26		
		SHANGUI			HONG	DAKSIRI	25	-	25	
	LAMURDE	LAFIYA	ADAMAWA	LAMURDE	WADUKU	-	29	29		
		WADUKU		GUYUK	DUMNA	40	-	40		
	MAIHA	MAYONGULI	BORNO	GWOZA	GWOZA WAKANE/BULABULIN	-	24	24		
	MICHIKA	MICHIKA I	ADAMAWA	MUBI NORTH	BETSO	37	-	37		
		TUMBARA NGABILI		SONG	SONG WAJE	23	-	23		
	MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	YOBE	GULANI	GULANI	24	-	24		
	SONG	SONG WAJE	ADAMAWA	FUFORE	PARIYA	-	21	21		
MADAGALI				HYAMBULA	-	28	28			
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	ASKIRA EAST	BORNO	CHIBOK	KAUTIKARI	92	-	92		
		LASSA	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	KIRCHINGAWURO NGAYANDI	24	-	24		
		MUSSA	BORNO	CHIBOK	KAUTIKARI	22	-	22		
		NGULDE	ADAMAWA	GOMBI	GARKIDA	-	41	41		
	BAMA	BUDUWA/BULA CHIRABE	BORNO	BAMA	ANDARA/AJIRI/WULBA	385	-	385		
					KUMSHE/NDUGUNO	120	-	120		
					CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	60	-	60
					BORNO	BAMA	GULUMBA/JUKKURI/BATRA	233	-	233
	BIU	DUGJA	BORNO	BIU	LAWANTI/MALAM/MASTARI/ABBARAM	86	-	86		
					ZARAWUYAKU	155	-	155		
					MANDARA GIRAU	65	-	65		
	GWOZA	GWOZA WAKANE BULABULIN	BORNO	GWOZA	ZARAWUYAKU	34	-	34		
					HAMBAGDA/LIMANKARA/NEW SETTLEMENT	101	-	101		
					DURE/WALAWARABE	26	-	26		
	HAWUL	KWAJAJFA HARRANG	BORNO	BIU	JOHODE/CHIKIDE/KUGHUM	66	-	66		
					MANDARA GIRAU	56	-	56		
NGALA	NGALA WARD	BORNO	DIKWA	MUDU KAZA	40	-	40			

When quoting, paraphrasing, or in any way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) of the International Organization for Migration, Nigeria Mission, March 2022".

For more information or to report an alert, please contact: DTM Nigeria: [iomnigeriadtm@iom.int](mailto:iomnigeriadtm@iom.int)

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