Displacement Tracking Matrix | DTM Sudan

Kalogi, South Kordofan UPDATE 6 : 5 JANUARY 2022

EMERGENCY EVENT TRACKING Data collection: 28 December 2021

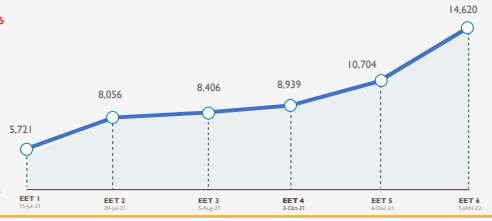
CONFLICT

The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement, and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan (Round Two), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location – a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.

Event Overview

14,620 ↑3,916 IDP individuals

3000 ↑1,172 IDP households



Graph 1: Number of IDPs by Emergency Event Tracking Date

* Data illustrated on Graph 1 depicts the increasing caseload of IDPs as they were found, not as they were displaced.

DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by inter-communal violence across villages in Kalogi, South Kordofan over the issue of land ownership. Clashes erupted on 5 June 2021 involving the Kenana, Kawahla, and Hawazma (Dar Ali) tribes. On 2 December 2021, the conflict between Kawahla and Hawazma tribes renewed over a livestock dispute. For more information, please see EET Kalogi, South Kordofan Update 005.

The sixth EET update estimates a total number of 14,620 individuals (3000 households) currently seeking shelter in villages across Abu Jubayhah locality (73%), Rashad (14%), Abu Kershola (6%), Al Leri (6%), and Abassiya (0.25%) localities in South Kordofan. The increase in the IDP caseload since the previous update can be attributed in large part to a reverification exercise conducted by the field team as well as an additional six sites visited.

Field teams indicate that 57 individuals were killed, 48 individuals were injured, and 864 individuals report lost goods/cattle/livestock. All displaced individuals are Sudanese nationals. DTM teams identified at least 1928 cases of additional vulnerabilities in need of assistance and support. Consistent with the previous EET, and based on a ranking scale, the three priority needs across the caseload are Food, Emergency Shelter, and Non-Food Items.

Priority Needs

(Ranking scale)

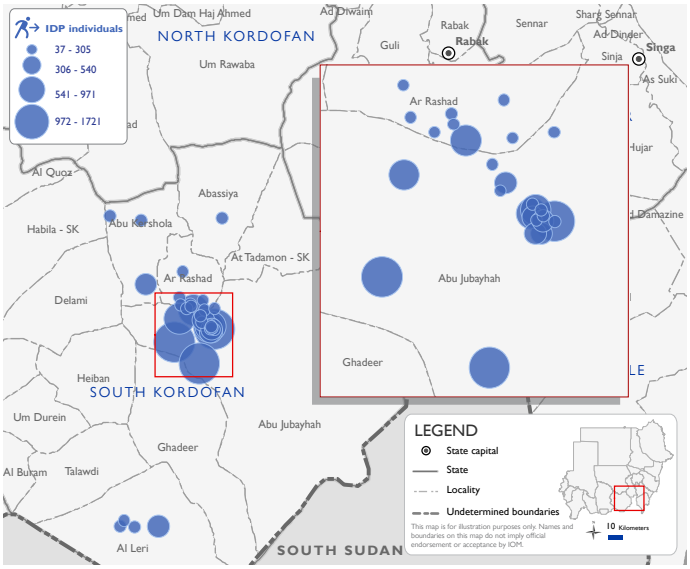
1. Food
2. Emergency shelter
3. Non-food items

Demographics

	Male	Female
	52% 7,628 individuals	48% 6,992 individuals
60+ Years	513 (4%)	(3%) 503
18 to 59 Years	2,957 (20%)	(18%) 2,597
6 to 17 Years	2,680 (18%)	(18%) 2,593
0 to 5 Years	1,478 (10%)	(9%) 1,299

Return Intention

Data collected through the return intention indicator suggests that 8,753 IDPs intend to remain the same place (60%), 4,966 (34%) IDPs intend to return to locations of origin when the security situation improves, 394 IDPs (3%) intend to move to another location and the intention of 507 (3%) IDPs is currently unknown.



Shelter Indicator

54%	38%	7%	1%
1,612 Households informal settlements or open areas	1,138 Households host community	202 Households rented accommodation	48 Households Abandoned buildings

Vulnerabilities

569 Lactating women	297 Pregnant	238 Female-headed households	178 Elders providing care to their households	176 Single parents
171 Chronic illnesses	107 Physical disabilities	65 Malnourished	49 Mental illnesses	40 Child-headed households
22 Elders providing care to their households	10 Unaccompanied minors	6 Missing family member		

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