

# **COVID-19 Point of Entry Dashboard 74: North East Nigeria.**

DTM



09 - 15 October 2021



**Points of Entry** 



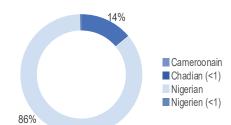
# **OVERVIEW**

During the COVID-19 pandemic, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), in collaboration with the World Health Organization (WHO), monitors the movements to and from Nigeria's Adamawa and Borno States in North East Nigeria. Assessments are conducted at Points of Entry located along the border with Cameroon.

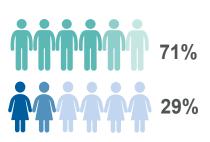
During the period 09 - 15 October 2021, 280 movements were observed at three Points of Entry in Borno state. Of the total movements recorded, 173 were incoming from the Far North Region in Cameroon and 3 were incoming from Chad Reublic. Additionally, 102 outgoing movements were recorded from Borno State to the Far North Region in Cameroon and 2 outgoing movements to Chad Republic.

A range of data is collected during the assessments to better inform on travellers' nationalities, sex, reasons for moving, mode of transportation and timeline of movement as shown in figures 1 to 4 below:

#### **NATIONALITIES OF TRAVELLERS (FIG. 1)**



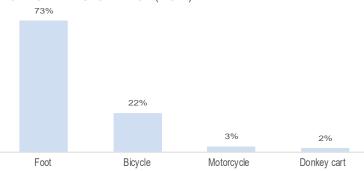
**SEX** (FIG. 2)



### **REASONS FOR MOVEMENT (FIG. 3)**

Reasons for Movement	Number of Individuals	Percentage
Short term local movement	106	38%
seasonal	95	34%
Economic migration	49	18%
Family visit	30	11%
Grand Total	280	100%

#### **MODE OF TRANSPORTATION (FIG. 4)**





The map is for illustration purposes only. The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names and related data shown are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM

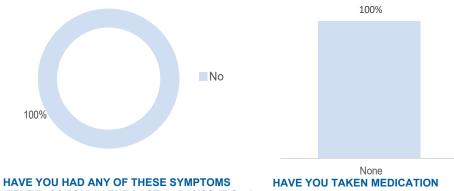
# **PASSENGERS HEALTH SCREENING**

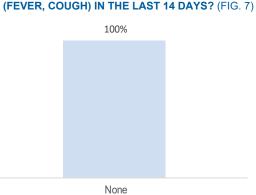
Enumerators stationed at Points of Entry conduct interviews with travellers and collect information about travellers' points of departures, intended destinations, vulnerabilities, reasons for travel and modes of transportation. Additional questions concerning the COVID-19 pandemic are asked to determine if travellers exhibit any symptoms of COVID-19; if they recently were in contact with individuals exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19 or might have died from it.

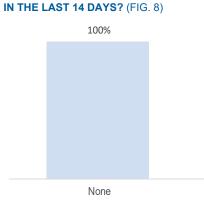
Furthermore, the assessments serve to evaluate whether travellers sought medical care or took medication in the 24 hours preceding the interviews and to verify whether they are aware of whom to call in case of emergency. The results are shown in figures 5 to 9.

HAVE YOU SOUGHT ANY MEDICAL CARE IN ANY HEALTH FACILITY WITHIN THE LAST 14 DAYS? (FIG. 5)







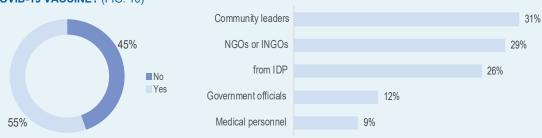


#### **COVID-19 VACCINE**

At the Points of Entry, additional questions were asked about vaccine awareness and the willingness to get vaccinated if vaccines were free and available. Results are shown in figures 10 to 13 below.

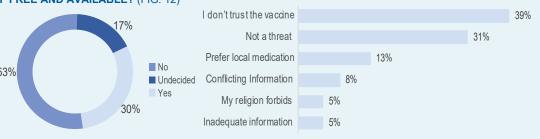


# HOW DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THE VACCINE? (FIG. 11)

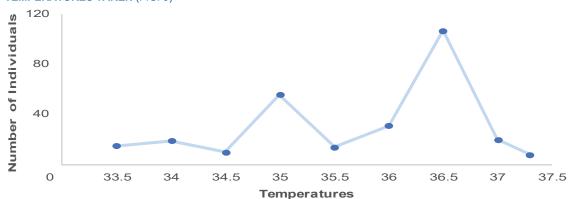


# WILL YOU GET VACCINATED IF FREE AND AVAILABLE? (FIG. 12)

# **REASON FOR NOT WILLING TO GET VACCINATED?** (FIG. 13)



#### **TEMPERATURES TAKEN** (FIG. 9)



<sup>&</sup>quot;When quoting, paraphrasing, or in any other way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) of the International Organization for Migration (IOM), OCTOBER 2021"





