



EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

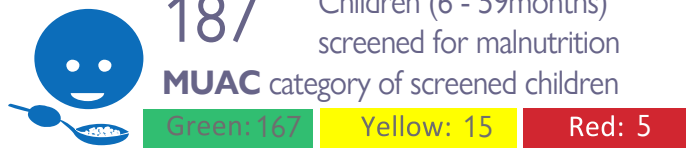
The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and to collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the Mobility Tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilises direct observation and a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

ETT Report: No. 250 | 15 - 21 November 2021

MOVEMENT



NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS

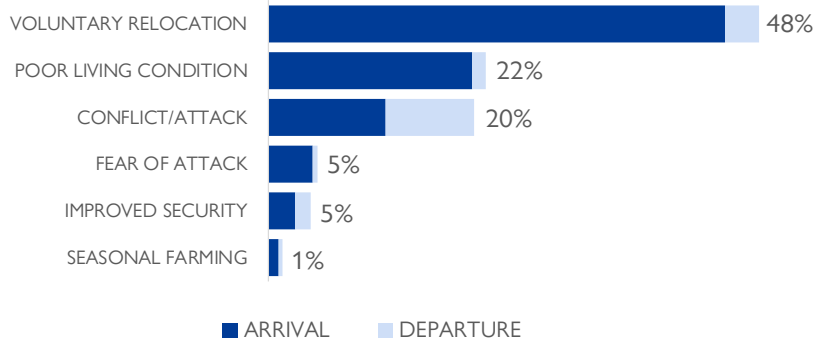


Between 15 and 21 November 2021, a total of 3,772 movements were recorded in the states of Adamawa and Borno. The recorded movements consisted of 3,177 arrivals and 595 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Damboa, Gwoza and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected state of Borno and in Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Maiha, Michika, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa.

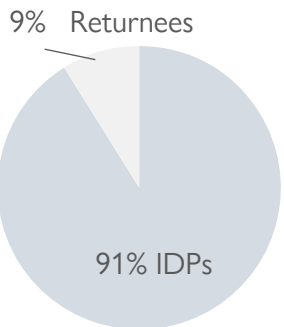
Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno, and Fufore, Gombi, Hong, Maiha, Mubi South, Numan, Song and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (1,817 individuals or 48%), poor living conditions (806 individuals or 22%), conflict/attack (763 individuals or 20%), fear of attack (181 individuals or 5%), improved security (179 individuals or 5%) and seasonal farming (50 individuals or 1%).

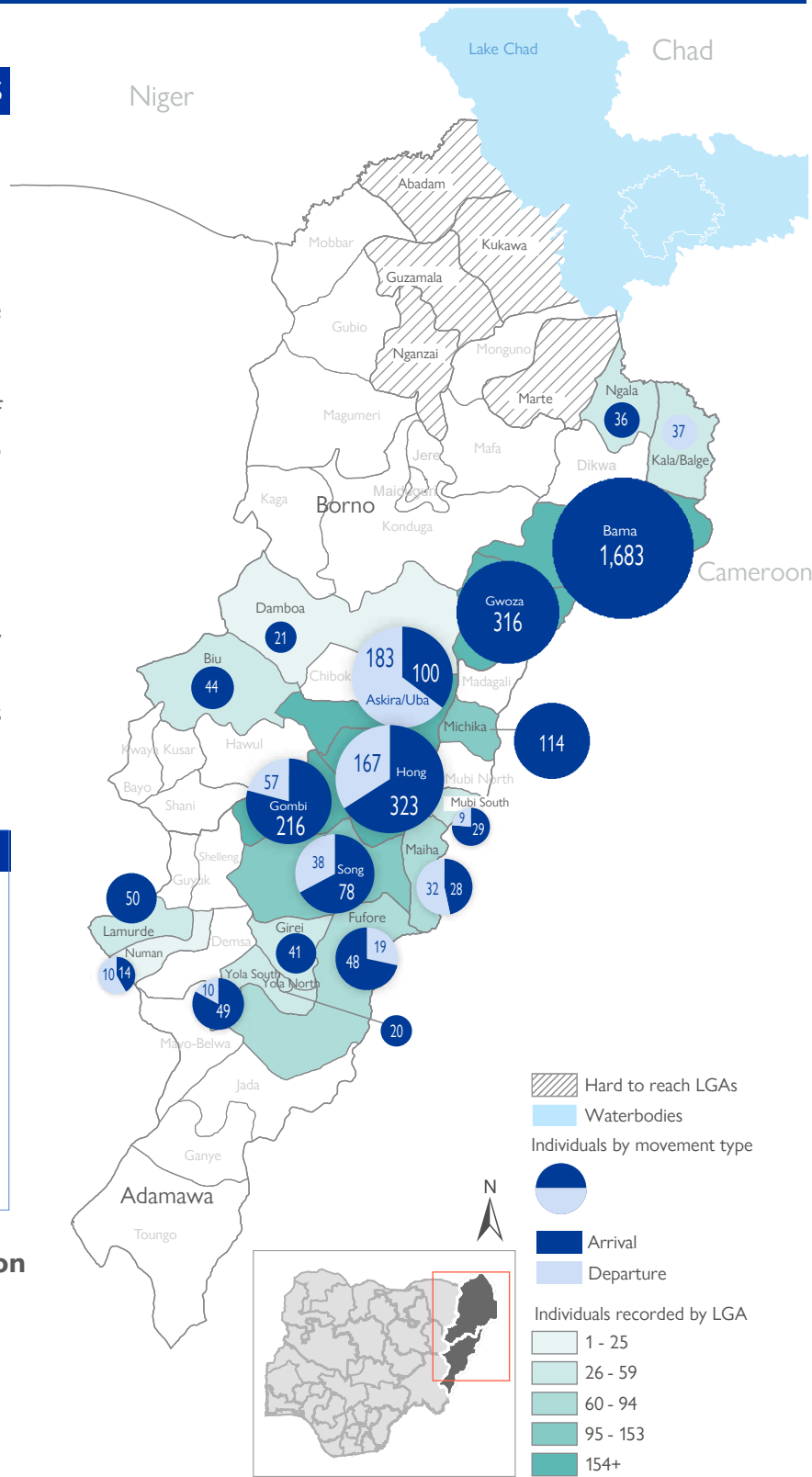
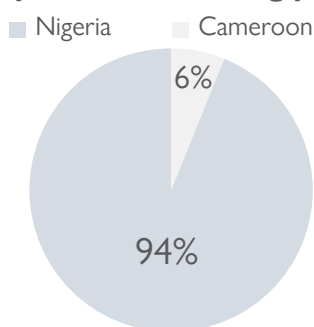
PERCENTAGE OF INDIVIDUALS BY MOVEMENT TRIGGER



Affected population



Country of departure of arriving population



* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

Bama: 1,683 arrivals were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 1,060 individuals from Marwa region in Cameroon and 623 individuals from within Bama LGA. Eighty-two per cent of the movements recorded were due to voluntary relocation and 18 per cent of the movements were due to poor living conditions.

Askira/Uba: 100 arrivals and 183 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 68 individuals from within Askira/Uba LGA and 32 individuals from Nafada LGA in Gombe State. The departures included 161 individuals to Hong LGA in Adamawa State, 18 individuals to Girei LGA in Adamawa State and 4 individuals to other locations within Askira/Uba LGA. Fifty-seven per cent of the movements recorded were triggered by conflicts/attacks, 22 per cent of the movements were provoked by fear of attacks, 11 per cent of the movements were due to voluntary relocation and 10 per cent of the movements were due to poor living conditions.

Hong: 323 arrivals and 167 departures were recorded in Hong LGA of Adamawa State. The arrivals included 216 individuals from Askira/Uba LGA in Borno State, 61 individuals from within Hong LGA and 46 individuals from Gombi LGA in Adamawa State. All departures were to other locations within Hong LGA. Seventy-eight per cent of the movements were triggered by conflicts/attacks, 13 per cent of the movements were due to voluntary relocation and 9 per cent of the movements were due to poor living conditions.

Gwoza: 316 arrivals were recorded in Gwoza LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 222 individuals from within Gwoza LGA, 26 individuals from Maiduguri Metropolitan Council LGA in Borno State, 25 individuals from Marwa region in Cameroon, 21 individuals from Monguno LGA in Borno State, 19 individuals from Jere LGA in Borno State and 3 individuals from Bama LGA in Borno State. Eighty-nine per cent of the movements recorded were due to poor living conditions, 8 per cent of the movements were a result of the improved security situation in areas of origin and 3 per cent of the movements were a result of conflicts/attacks.

IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners on the ground.

NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6 - 59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 187 children of 6-59 months. Of the 187 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 5 children were recorded in the red category, 15 children in the yellow category and 167 children in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the 4 LGAs assessed.

The results also included 36 children who arrived from neighbouring countries (30 in Bama and 6 in Gwoza LGA). Of all the 36 children measured, 1 was recorded in the red category, 3 in the yellow category, and 32 were in the green category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

| LGA | MUAC Categories | | | | | | Total |
|--------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| | Green (>12.5cm) | | Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm) | | Red (<11.5cm) | | |
| | Inaccessible | Accessible | Inaccessible | Accessible | Inaccessible | Accessible | |
| Bama | 69 | 53 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 137 |
| Gwoza | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Monguno | 9 | 25 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 38 |
| Ngala | 10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Total | 88 | 79 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 187 |

■ Nourished
 ■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)
 ■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 26 persons are listed below

| Tracking location | | | Movement location | | | ARRIVAL | DEPARTURE | GRAND TOTAL |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| STATE | LGA | WARD | STATE | LGA | WARD | | | |
| ADAMAWA | FUFORE | FUFORE | ADAMAWA | MUBI NORTH | LOKUWA | - | 26 | 26 |
| | | PARIYA | ADAMAWA | SONG | SONG WAJE | - | 22 | 22 |
| | GIREI | JERA BONYO | ADAMAWA | GOMBI | GUYAKU | 22 | - | 22 |
| | GOMBI | GOMBI NORTH | BORNO | ASKIRA UBA | ASKIRA EAST | 120 | - | 120 |
| | | GOMBI SOUTH | BORNO | ASKIRA UBA | ASKIRA EAST | 96 | - | 96 |
| | | GUYAKU | ADAMAWA | GIREI | JERA BONYO | - | 22 | 22 |
| | HONG | BANGSHIKA | BORNO | HONG | SHANGUI | - | 167 | 167 |
| | | GARAHA | ADAMAWA | MAIHA | BELEL | 46 | - | 46 |
| | | HILDI | ADAMAWA | HONG | GAYA | 33 | - | 33 |
| | | MAYO LOPE | ADAMAWA | HONG | HONG | 28 | - | 28 |
| | UBA | BORNO | ASKIRA UBA | ASKIRA EAST | 216 | - | 216 | |
| | LAMURDE | WADUKU | TARABA | LAU | MAYO LOPE | 22 | - | 22 |
| | MICHIKA | MADZI | ADAMAWA | MICHIKA | THUKUDOU/SUFUKU/ZAH | 23 | - | 23 |
| | | MICHIKA 1 | ADAMAWA | SONG | SONG WAJE | 23 | - | 23 |
| | MUBI SOUTH | MUJARA | ADAMAWA | MADAGALI | HYAMBULA | 29 | - | 29 |
| | SONG | SONG WAJE | ADAMAWA | FUFORE | PARIYA | 22 | - | 22 |
| | | | ADAMAWA | MICHIKA | MICHIKA 1 | - | 23 | 23 |
| | | ZUMO | ADAMAWA | SONG | SONG GARI | 35 | - | 35 |
| YOLA SOUTH | NGURORE | ADAMAWA | FUFORE | BETI | 22 | - | 22 | |
| BORNO | ASKIRA/UBA | CHUL/RUMIRGO | BORNO | ASKIRA UBA | HUSARA/TAMPUL | 25 | - | 25 |
| | | HAUSARI/ZADAWA | ADAMAWA | HONG | UBA | - | 161 | 161 |
| | | UBA | BORNO | ASKIRA UBA | ASKIRA EAST | 43 | - | 43 |
| | | WAMDEO/GIWI | GOMBE | NAFADA | NAFADA CENTRAL | 32 | - | 32 |
| | BAMA | BUDUWA/BULA CHIRABE | BORNO | BAMA | SHEHURI/HAUSARI/MAIRI | 229 | - | 229 |
| | | | BORNO | | LAWANTI/MALAM/MASTARI/ABBARAM | 91 | - | 91 |
| | | | BORNO | | MBULIYA/GONIRI/SIRAJA | 101 | - | 101 |
| | SHEHURI/HAUSARI/MAIRI | BORNO | GULUMBA/JUKKURI/BATRA | 184 | - | 184 | | |
| | | CAMEROON | MARWA | MORA | 1,060 | - | 1,060 | |
| | BIU | KENKEN | BORNO | DAMBOA | AZUR/MULTE/FOR FOR | 44 | - | 44 |
| | GWOZA | GWOZA WAKANE/BULABU | BORNO | GWOZA | HAMBAGDA/LIMANKARA NEW SETTLEME | 108 | - | 108 |
| | | | BORNO | GWOZA | DURE/WALA/WARABE | 24 | - | 24 |
| | | PULKA/BOKKO | BORNO | GWOZA | JOHODE/CHIKIDE/KUGHUM | 74 | - | 74 |
| | | | BORNO | MAIDUGURI | BOLORI I | 26 | - | 26 |
| KALABALGE | RANN A | CAMEROON | MARWA | MORA | 25 | - | 25 | |
| | | CAMEROON | MARWA | BODO | - | 24 | 24 | |
| NGALA | NGALA WARD | BORNO | NGALA | WARSEHE | 28 | - | 28 | |

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by **IOM**.

When quoting, paraphrasing or in anyway using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration [month, year], Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

* MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

For more information or to report an alert, please contact: DTM Nigeria: iomnigeriaatdm@iom.int

<https://displacement.iom.int/nigeria> ; <https://dtm.iom.int/nigeria>



Humanitarian Aid
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