### **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)**

**CHAD — LAC PROVINCE** 

**DASHBOARD #15** 

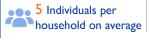
Data collection: May - June 2021 | Round 15 Publication date: August 2021

Assessment Method

Displacement Overview

In-person interviews Phone interviews



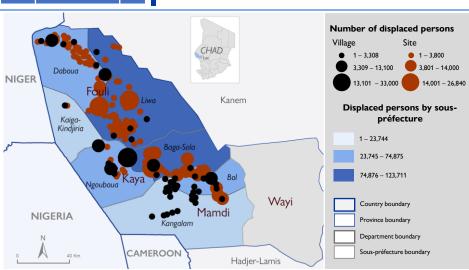




(aged 60+)







Disclaimer: The maps in this report are for illustration purposes only. The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM. The geographical coordinates of villages and sites were collected during the field assessments. For the locations assessed at a distance, the geographical coordinates were taken from the previous round.

### Number of displaced persons by sous-préfecture

Département	Sous-préfecture	#IDP	#Returnees from abroad	#Returnees former IDPs	Total number of displaced persons	Change since round 14
Fouli	Daboua	35,395	4,268	6,025	45,828	+7%
	Kaiga-Kindjiria	7,905	99	654	8,658	+14%
	Liwa	116,982	6,306	423	123,711	-3%
Total Fouli		160,282	10,673		178,197	+0.3%
Kaya	Baga-Sola	100,006	15,828	166	116,000	+5%
	Ngouboua	70,460	1,398	3,017	74,875	-6%
Total Kaya		170,466	17,226	3,183	190,875	+0.4%
Mamdi	Bol	60,482	1,687	4,528	66,697	-2%
	Kangalam	11,473	770	11,501	23,744	+8%
Total Mamdi		71,955	2,457	16,029	90,441	+0.4%
Total Lac Province		402,703	30,356	26,454	459,513	+0.37%

### Context and Methodology

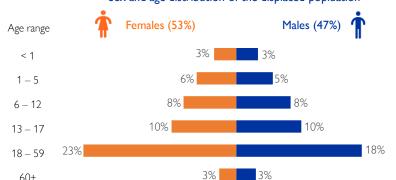
Since 2015, Chad has been subject to attacks perpetrated by non-state armed groups in the Lake Chad Basin, which has led to massive internal and cross-border displacement. In Chad, IOM has been implementing its Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) in Lac Province since May 2015 to monitor updates on the number, profiles and needs of populations displaced due to the crisis, in order to inform humanitarian and development programmes. Data are collected by interviews with key informants (including local authorities, traditional leaders, representatives of displaced persons and site managers).

This dashboard presents the results of assessments conducted between 01 May and 02 June 2021 in 220 displacement locations. During this round 15, a slight increase of 0.37 per cent in the number of displaced persons was observed compared to round 14. Although displacements were observed between the end of round 14 in March 2021 and the start of round 15 in May 2021, these were displaced persons moving again mainly due to armed attacks in their host locations or the fear of potential attacks. Thus, the total number of displaced persons in the province has remained almost the same between the two rounds.



402,703 Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) 30.356 Returnees from abroad 26.454 Returnees - Former IDPs

### Sex and age distribution of the displaced popluation



DTM ACTIVITIES IN LAC PROVINCE ARE SUPPORTED BY:













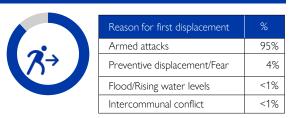
### **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)**

DASHBOARD #15

<u>Data collection:</u> May – June 2021 | Round 15 <u>Publication date:</u> August 2021

**CHAD** — LAC PROVINCE • Reasons and periods of displacement

### Internally Displaced Persons



### Returnees from abroad



Reason for return	%
Armed attacks	89%
Looking for livelihood opportunities	9%
Preventive displacement/Fear	2%

### Returnees – Former IDPs

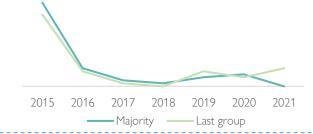


	Reason for return	%
	Looking for safer security conditions	62%
	Looking for livelihood opportunities	38%

Year of arrival (% of locations)



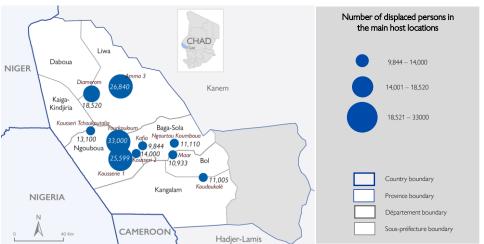
Year of arrival (% of locations)



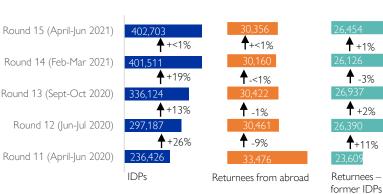




## Assessed locations hosting the largest number of displaced persons (more than 9,000 people)



### Changes in the number of displaced persons identified in the last 5 rounds



77% of displaced persons live in displacement sites

23% of displaced persons live in host communities

### DTM ACTIVITIES IN LAC PROVINCE ARE SUPPORTED BY:







### **INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION (IOM)**





### **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)**

**CHAD — LAC PROVINCE • COVID-19 analysis** 

DASHBOARD #15

<u>Data collection:</u> May – June 2021 | Round 15 Publication date: August 2021



NIGER

**NIGERIA** 

No COVID-19 cases were reported among displaced populations in the Lake Province

# Distance to closest health services Distance to the closest health service (walking time) No access Less than 15 minutes 15 – 30 minutes More than 50 minutes More than 50 minutes

Wayi

Country boundary

Province boundary

Département boundary

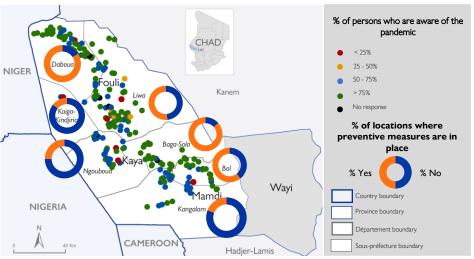
Sous-préfecture boundary

### Awareness of COVID-19 and preventive measures taken in assessed locations

Hadjer-Lamis

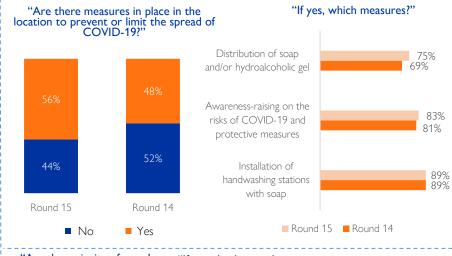
Kangalam

CAMEROON



### General awareness of COVID-19 in assessed locations

Estimated level of COVID-19 awareness	% of locations	
Estimated level of COVID-17 awareness	Round 15	Round 14
Everyone is aware (>75%)	65%	65%
Most individuals are aware (50 – 75%)	28%	23%
Less than half of individuals are aware (25 – 50%)	3%	4%
None or very few are aware (<25%)	2%	5%
Don't know/No answer	2%	3%





# DTM ACTIVITIES IN LAC PROVINCE ARE SUPPORTED BY: Ministry of Foreign Affairs Republic of Korea

### **INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION (IOM)**

Contact: dtmtchad@iom.int — https://displacement.iom.int/chad — https://dtm.iom.int/chad When quoting paraphrasing or in any way using the information mentioned in this report the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration (IOM) [Month Year] Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

