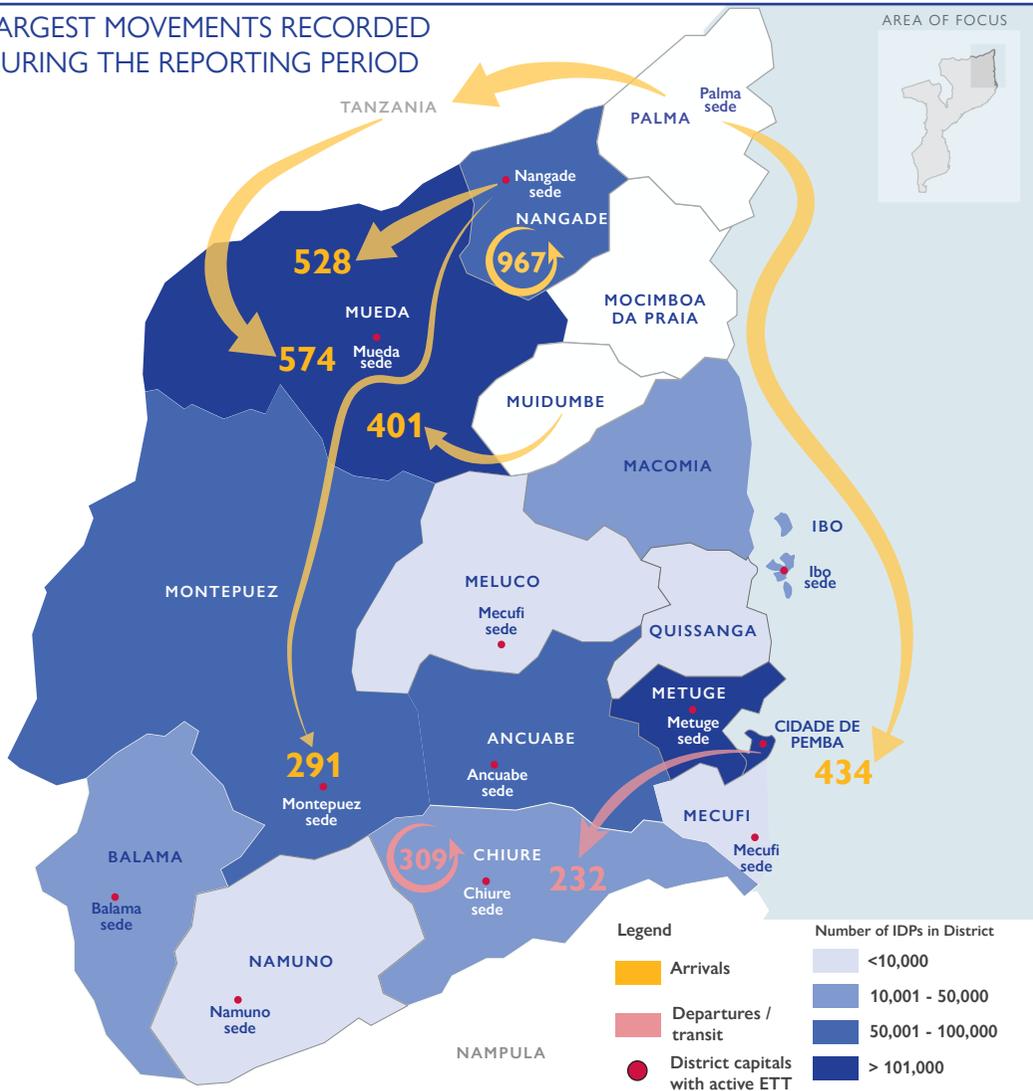


During the reporting period (18 to 24 August 2021), a total of 114 movements were recorded - 95 arrivals (4,886 individuals), 19 departures (700 individuals). The largest arrivals were recorded in Mueda (1,804 individuals), Nangade (967 individuals), Cidade de Pemba (869 individuals), Montepuez (740 individuals), and Ibo (187 individuals). A total 1,467 individuals originated from Palma district. More than one quarter of the population (27%) were displaced for the first time following attacks in Muidumbe and Nangade. An estimated 77 per cent of observed movements had been displaced prior to this latest movement.

LARGEST MOVEMENTS RECORDED DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD



KEY FIGURES

5,586

PEOPLE ON THE MOVE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

26%

OF THE IDP MOVEMENTS ORIGINATED FROM PALMA

49%

OF THE IDPs REPORTED ARE CHILDREN

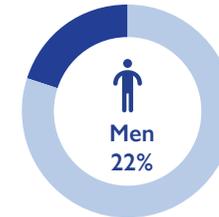
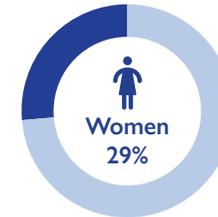
70%

OF THE REPORTED IDPs ARE LIVING WITH THE HOST COMMUNITY

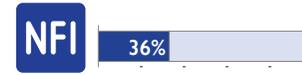
217

ELDERLY WERE REPORTED, REPRESENTING THE LARGEST VULNERABLE GROUP

DEMOGRAPHICS



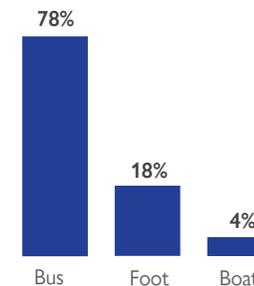
MAIN REPORTED NEEDS



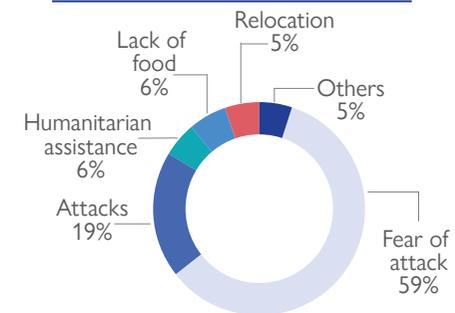
MAIN DISTRICTS OF ORIGIN



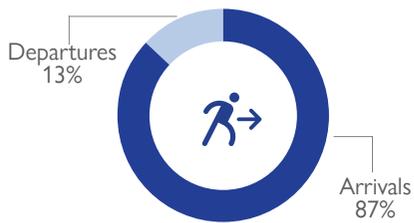
MEANS OF DISPLACEMENT



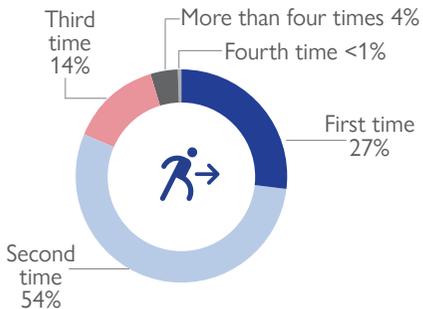
REASON OF DISPLACEMENT



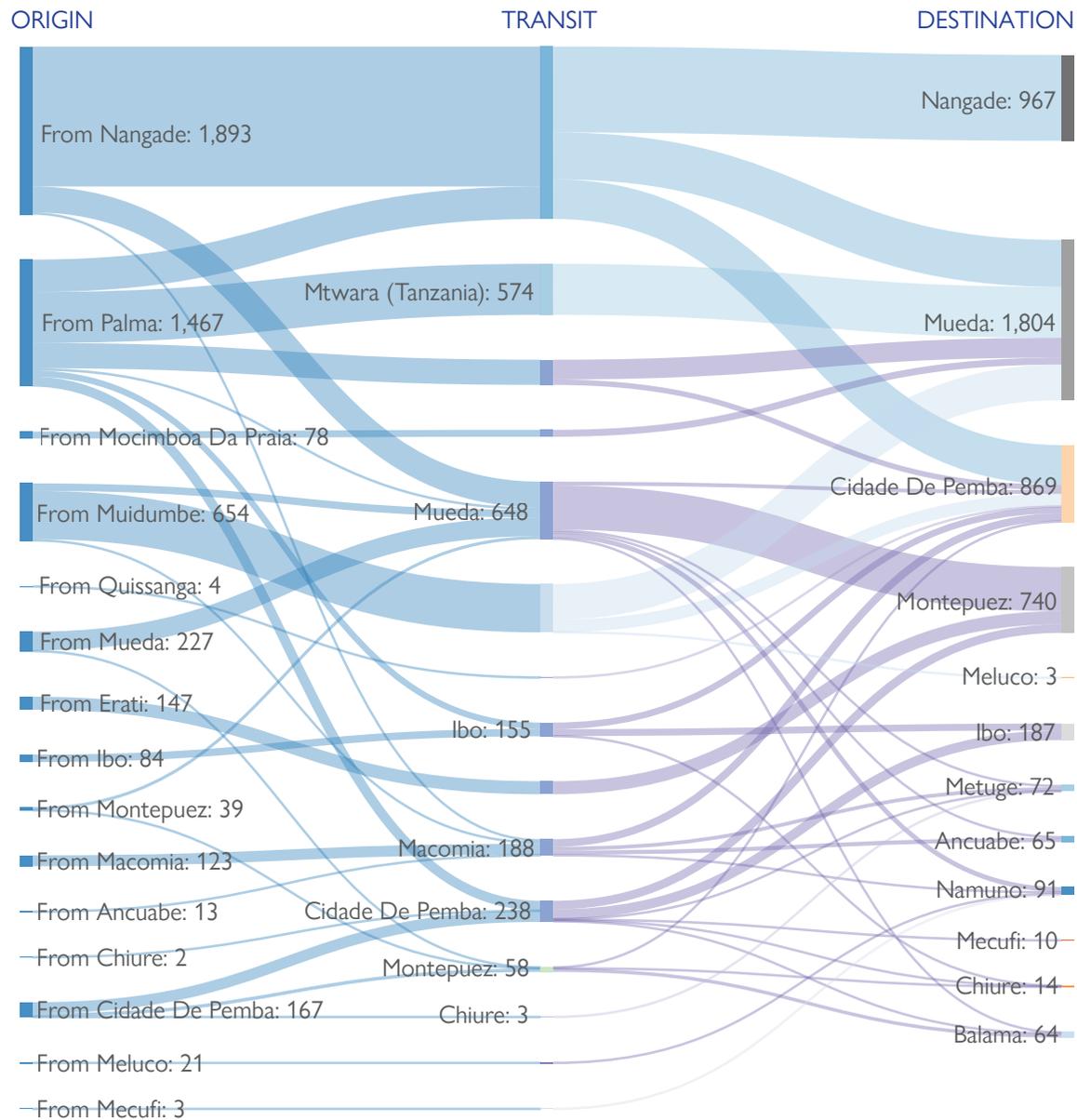
TYPE OF MOVEMENTS



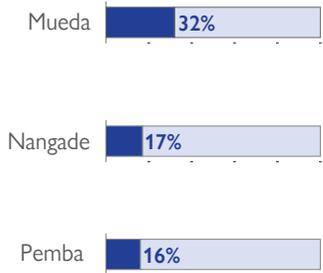
NUMBER OF TIMES IDPs HAVE BEEN DISPLACED



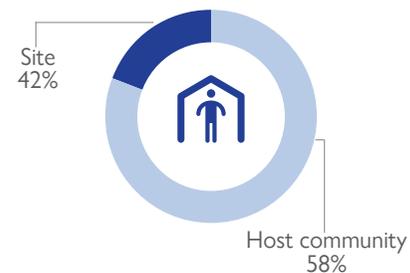
DISPLACEMENT FLOWS BY DISTRICTS (ARRIVALS)



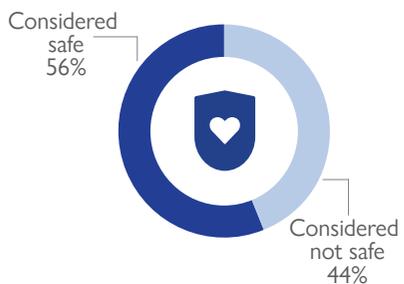
MAIN ARRIVAL DISTRICTS



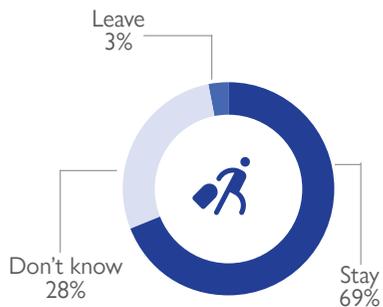
WHERE ARE IDPs LIVING



SAFETY OF ROADS



MOVEMENT INTENTIONS



ABOUT THE EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

Due to the volume and fluidity of population movements in Cabo Delgado and Nampula, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) rolled out its Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) methodology in key areas presenting rapid and important movements of populations, in order to ensure the tracking of population on the move and to identify areas of displacement and settlements, and support the identification of critical needs. Mapping displacement trends on a weekly basis complements the information obtained through other activities of the DTM data collection in the country.

The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is to collect information on large and sudden population movements. Findings from the Emergency Tracking tool aim to provide support to the Government and the humanitarian community by disseminating data on IDPs for effective humanitarian response planning amongst affected populations.

Emergency tracking teams and enumerators are deployed to Ancuabe, Namuno, Balama, Chiure, Ibo, Mueda, Nangade, Montepuez, Meluco, Mecufi, and Cidade de Pemba districts to collect data on displacement movements on a daily basis. Due to recent attacks, the DTM team has temporarily stopped assessments in Macomia, Muidumbe, Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts.

VULNERABILITIES BY LOCALITY (ARRIVALS)

| District | Total Individuals | Unaccompanied/Separated Children | Pregnant Women | Elderly | Person with disability |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|------------------------|
| Mueda | 1,804 | 4 | 26 | 45 | - |
| Cimento | 57 | - | 4 | 2 | - |
| Eduardo | 171 | - | 2 | 7 | - |
| Lilondo | 71 | 1 | 5 | 3 | - |
| Maputo | 51 | - | - | 6 | - |
| Negomano | 574 | 1 | 6 | 16 | - |
| Vila de Mueda | 880 | 2 | 9 | 11 | - |
| Nangade | 967 | 1 | 7 | 37 | 2 |
| Chitunda | 410 | - | 3 | 19 | 2 |
| Holota | 200 | - | 1 | 11 | - |
| Ndengamade | 229 | 1 | 3 | 5 | - |
| Ntanga | 128 | - | - | 2 | - |
| Cidade De Pemba | 869 | - | 9 | 63 | 25 |
| Alto Gingone | 50 | - | - | - | - |
| Cariacó | 345 | - | 8 | 19 | 12 |
| Chuiba | 61 | - | 1 | 6 | 3 |
| Eduardo Mondlane | 214 | - | - | 20 | - |
| Metula | 12 | - | - | - | - |
| Natite | 106 | - | - | 12 | 10 |
| Paquitequete | 81 | - | - | 6 | - |
| Montepuez | 740 | 4 | 7 | 27 | - |
| Bairro de Upajo | 146 | 2 | - | 7 | - |
| Centro de Massaci | 205 | - | 3 | 5 | - |
| Centro de Ujama | 242 | 2 | - | 9 | - |
| Bairro de Marcune | 147 | - | 4 | 6 | - |
| Ibo | 187 | 2 | 1 | 27 | - |
| Cimento | 13 | - | - | - | - |
| Cumuamba | 31 | - | 1 | - | - |
| Igreja | 11 | - | - | - | - |
| Muanacombo | 47 | - | - | 7 | - |

| District | Total Individuals | Unaccompanied/Separated Children | Pregnant Women | Elderly | Person with disability |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|------------------------|
| Palussansa | 85 | 2 | - | 20 | - |
| Namuno | 91 | - | 1 | - | - |
| Bem-Vindo | 9 | - | - | - | - |
| Expansão | 12 | - | - | - | - |
| Milipone | 34 | - | - | - | - |
| Namihuro | 23 | - | 1 | - | - |
| Vitória | 13 | - | - | - | - |
| Metuge | 72 | - | - | - | - |
| 3 de Fevereiro | 9 | - | - | - | - |
| Bandar | 6 | - | - | - | - |
| Manono | 15 | - | - | - | - |
| Napai | 42 | - | - | - | - |
| Ancuabe | 65 | - | - | 5 | - |
| Namcapa | 7 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Natove | 18 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Ntele | 40 | - | - | 3 | - |
| Balama | 64 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 2 |
| Ingonane | 13 | 4 | - | 1 | - |
| Marimba A | 33 | 3 | 2 | 3 | - |
| Marimba B | 13 | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Ntanta | 5 | - | - | - | - |
| Chiure | 14 | - | - | - | - |
| Micone | 7 | - | - | - | - |
| Ncuerete | 7 | - | - | - | - |
| Mecufi | 10 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Maueia | 10 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Meluco | 3 | - | - | - | - |
| Minapo | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Muambula | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| Grand Total | 4,886 | 18 | 53 | 210 | 31 |