

EMERGENCY EVENT TRACKING

Data collection: 30 May to 1 June 2021

CONFLICT

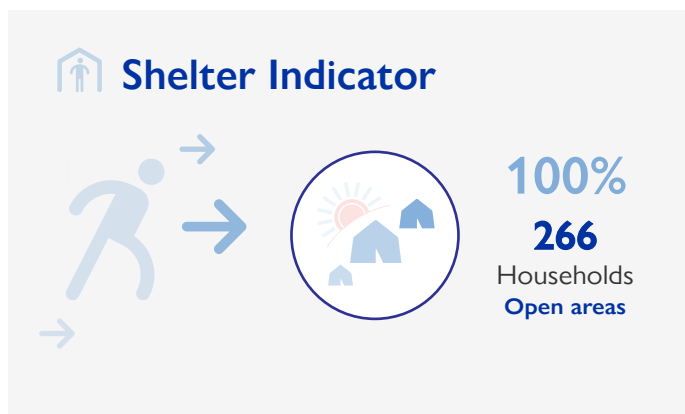
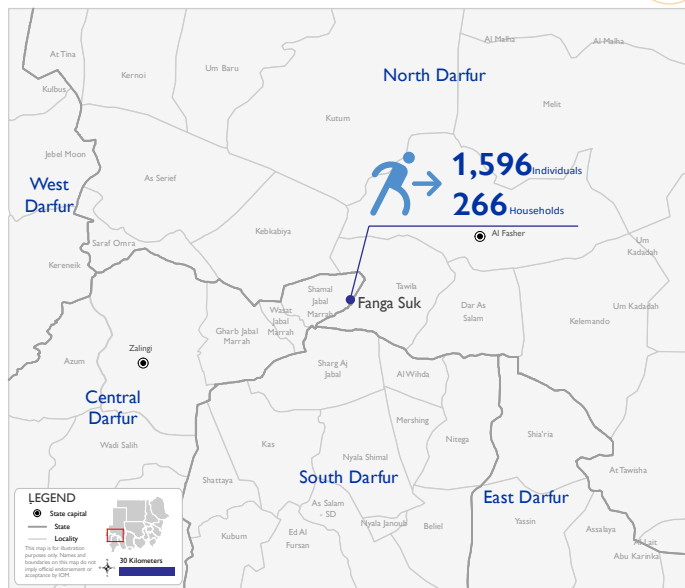


The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement, and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan (Round One), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location – a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.

Event Overview



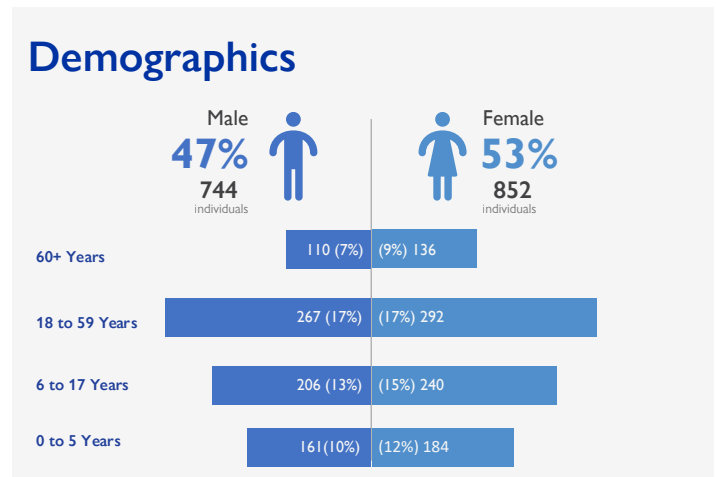
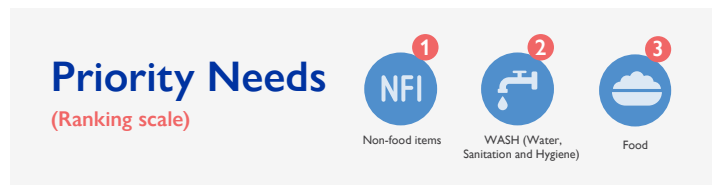
DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by violence between factions of the Sudan Liberation Army (SLA/WA) in Shamal Jabal Marrah, Central Darfur. Clashes erupted on 12 May 2021 in Fanga Suk due to tensions over land accessibility. The first EET update estimates a total number of 1,596 individuals (266 households) seeking shelter in open areas of Fanga. The IDP caseload was displaced from Fouri (32%), Daba Nairah (21%), Ahmed Nile (19%), Jambu (16%), and Songari (12%) villages of Rokero, Central Darfur. All displaced individuals are Sudanese nationals. At least 188 individuals are reported to have additional vulnerabilities in need of assistance and support. Based on a ranking scale, the three priority needs across the caseload are non-food items, WASH (water, sanitation and hygiene), and food.



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Return Intention

Data collected through the return intention indicator suggests that all IDPs in Fanga Suk (100%) intend to return to their locations of origin upon improvement of the security situation.