

KEY FINDINGS

1,990,168 IDPs*



424,342 IDP Households*



301 sites covered*



Conflict was the primary reason for displacement



BACKGROUND:

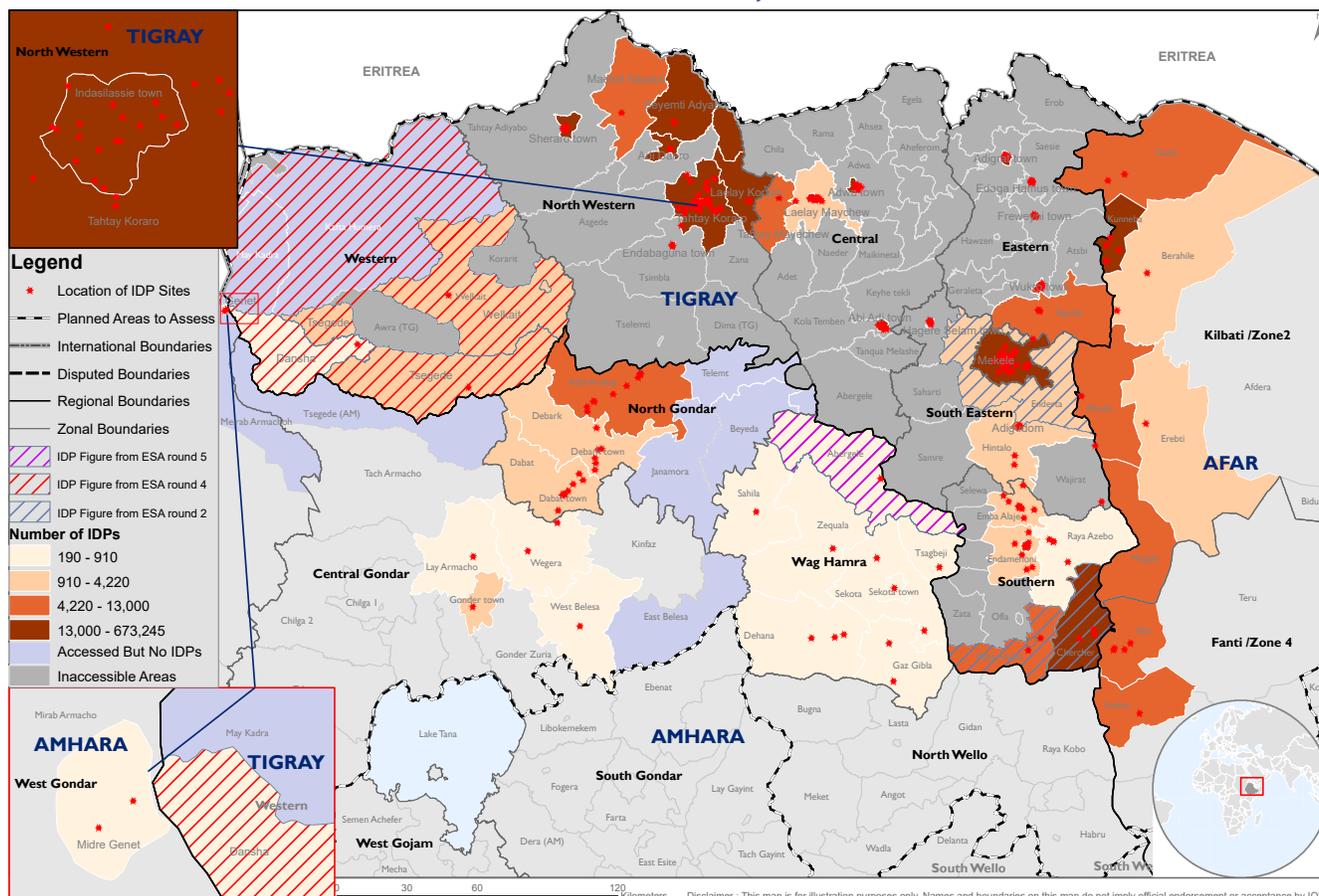
In early November 2020, armed conflict broke out in Tigray region, resulting in significant displacement throughout the region and in neighbouring regions. Many people have fled from their homes in search of safety, food, shelter and access to basic services.

OVERVIEW:

From 3 — 24 May 2021, the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) deployed its Emergency Site Assessment to capture internal displacement related to the Northern Ethiopia Crisis. This mul-tisectoral location assessment assesses the number of internally displaced persons (IDPs) and collects basic information on the multisectoral needs of IDPs at site level.

By this sixth round, 1,990,168 IDPs (424,342 households) have been found to be displaced across 301 sites in Tigray, Amhara and Afar regions thus far*. 1,918,220 IDPs (404,325 households)* were found in Tigray region, 49,643 IDPs (9,165 households) in Afar region and 22,305 IDPs (10,852 households) in Amhara region*. It should be noted that the lack of access and insecurity continue to be considerable challenges for this round.

DISPLACEMENT CASELOADS IN TIGRAY, AMHARA AND AFAR REGIONS



*This displacement total includes the 35,557 IDPs (7,609 households) identified across 11 sites in Southern, Southeastern and Western zones in Tigray region, Wag Hamra zone in Amhara region and Zone 2 in Afar region that were previously accessible during rounds 2, 4 and 5. Please refer to the annex for the full details.

METHODOLOGY



Data collection:
3 — 24 May 2021

Baseline Location Assessment (B2F): Data is collected through interviews with key informants from woreda level Disaster Risk Management Offices (DRMO), community representatives, education and health offices. This baseline data includes the estimated number of internally displaced persons by kebele, a list of kebeles hosting IDPs, reason for displacement and shelter types. This baseline data is used to guide the geotargeting of the Emergency Site Assessment.

Emergency Site Assessment (ESA): This assessment captures detailed information through focus group discussions and direct observation. Data collected covers the number of IDPs, site details, availability of infrastructure and services, shelter types, and access to food, water, healthcare, education and livelihoods. The ESA is conducted in any location in Tigray, and in the neighbouring zones of Amhara and Afar with reported displacements of 20 IDP households or more who were displaced due to the Northern Ethiopia Crisis, provided that access and security allow.

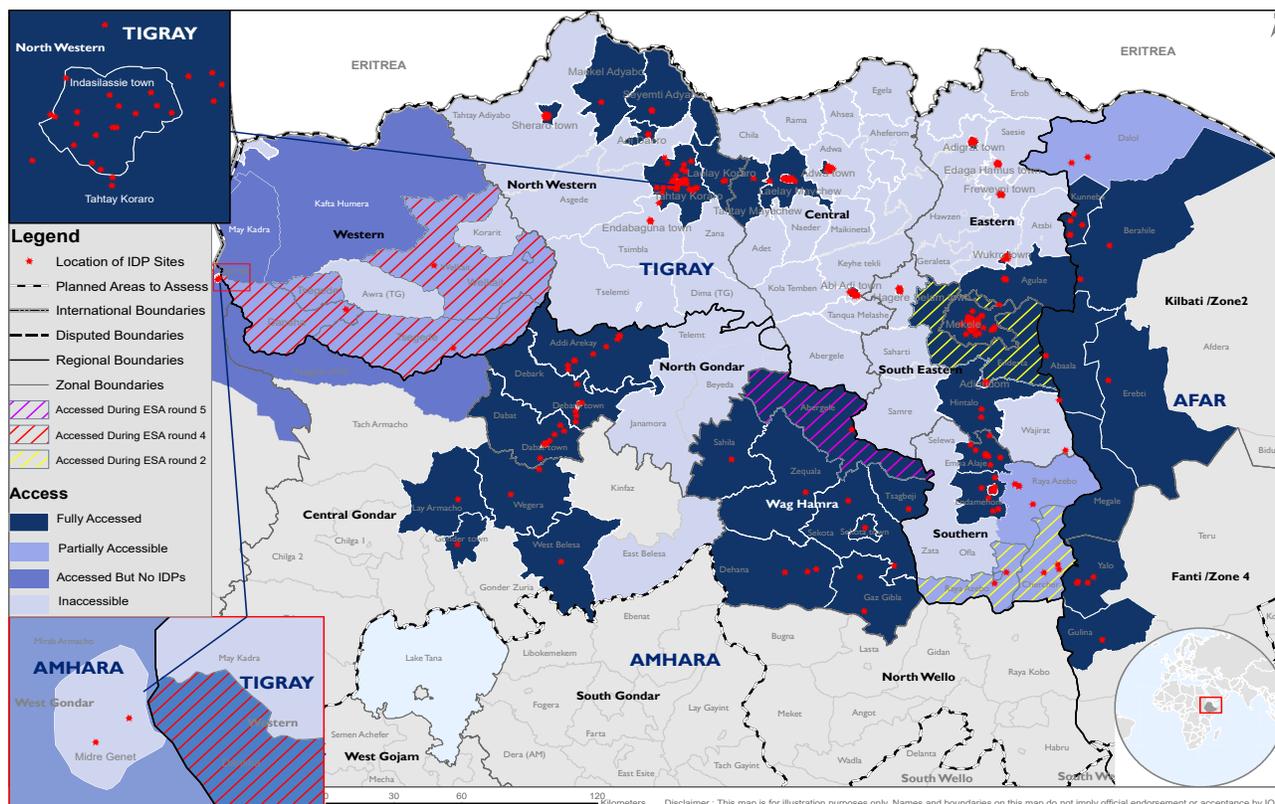
The ESA is carried out on a monthly basis. In this sixth round, **3 regions, 12 zones, 58 woredas, 120 kebeles and 290 sites were covered.**

The number of participants in focus group discussions for the Emergency Site Assessment are based on the size of the displaced population at the site:

- 4 IDPs for sites with 50-100 IDP households
- 5 IDPs for sites with 101-150 IDP households
- 6 IDPs for sites with 151-200 IDP households
- 7 IDPs for sites with 201 IDP households or more

Depending on the size of the focus group discussion, more IDP leaders, females, youths and elderly persons must be part of the discussion. However, the aim is to have 50% female participation in every focus group discussion whenever it is possible.

ACCESSIBILITY AND COVERAGE IN TIGRAY, AMHARA AND AFAR REGIONS



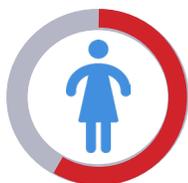
Map 2: Levels of accessibility and areas where the Emergency Site Assessment was conducted across Tigray, Amhara and Afar regions.

Please note that all analysis from this page onwards refers to the IDPs and sites tracked solely by ESA round 6 covering 1,954,611 IDPs (416,733 households) tracked across 290 accessible sites.

DEMOGRAPHICS

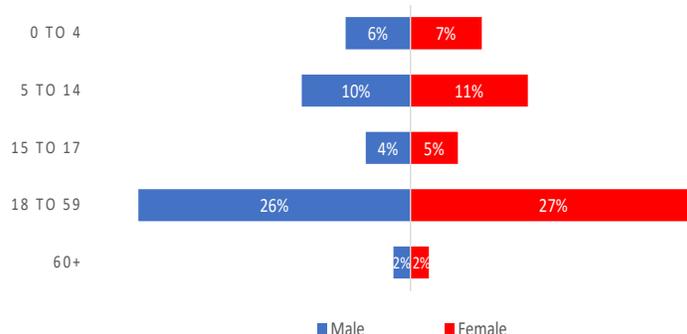


48% males
914,095 males



52% females
971,489 females

*Kindly note that the sex breakdown only applies to IDPs tracked in round 6 and were displaced after the crisis started in November 2020.



MOBILITY

44

Number of sites where IDPs have been previously displaced

246

Number of sites where IDPs have been displaced for the first time

SHIRE	673,241 IDPs
SHERARO	254,102 IDPs
ADWA	221,860 IDPs

The above are the top 3 woredas hosting the largest number of newly IDPs.

DURABLE SOLUTIONS

235 Sites (81%)
Return

A majority of IDPs in 227 sites in Tigray, 5 sites in Afar and 3 sites in Amhara prefer to return.

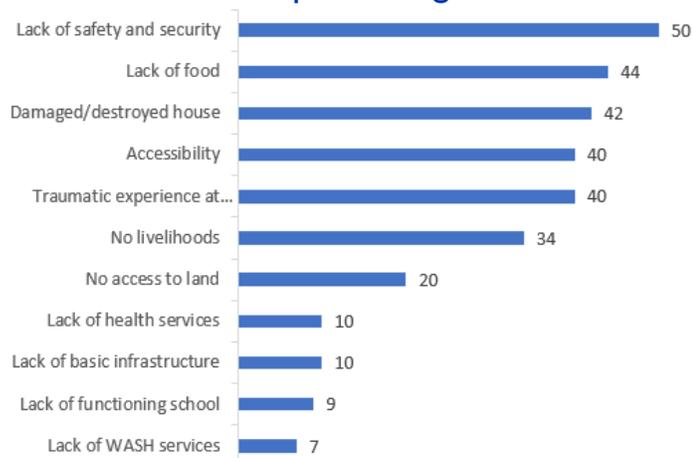
54 Sites (18.6%)
Locally Integrate

A majority of IDPs in 39 sites in Amhara, 13 sites in Afar and 2 sites in Tigray prefer to locally integrate.

1 Site (0.4%)
Relocate

IDPs in 1 site in Amhara prefer to relocate.

Factors preventing return



Support needed to locally integrate



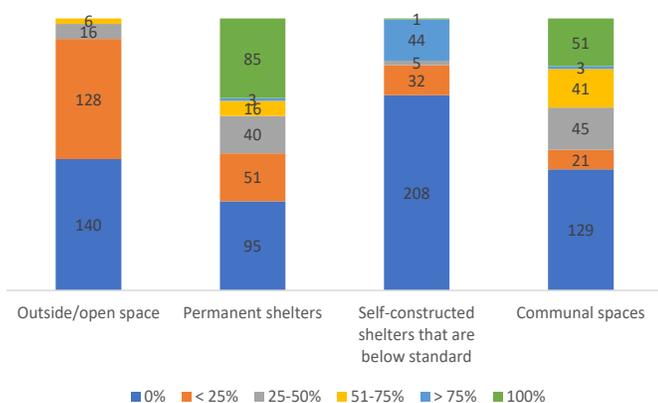
INFRASTRUCTURE & SERVICES

The table below depicts the functional status of key infrastructure and services by number of sites:

	Mostly Functioning	Mostly Not Functioning	Infrastructure Is Destroyed	Infrastructure Never Existed
 Electricity	120	90	57	23
 Tap water	67	142	68	13
 Cell phone coverage	151	48	91	-
 Road to site	203	73	9	5
 Primary school	61	142	87	-
 Health facility	104	113	66	7
 Place of worship	212	53	25	-
 Market	185	76	9	20

SHELTER

Types of Shelters IDPs are Living in

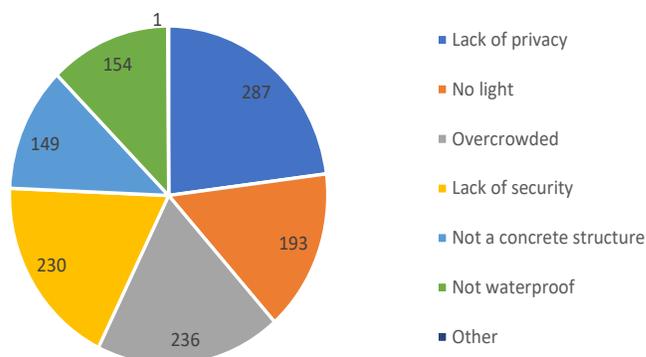


In 16 sites, 25-50% of IDP households are living outside or in an open space and in 6 sites, 51-75% of IDP households are living outside. Of these 6 sites, 2 sites are in Axum, 2 sites are in Shire and 1 site is in Adwa in Tigray region, while 1 site is located in Midre Genet, Amhara region.

In 44 sites, more than 75% of IDP households are living in self-constructed shelters that are below standard (no waterproofing, no covering, weak structure).

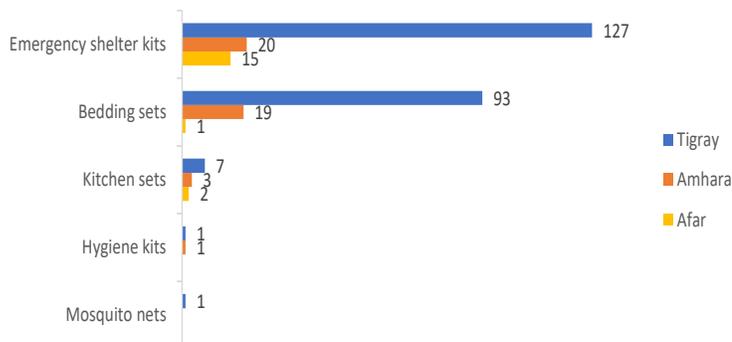
Main Concerns with the Current Shelter

The main concern with the current shelter reported by IDPs was a lack of privacy in 287 sites, followed by overcrowding in 236 sites, lack of security in 230 sites and no light in 193 sites. Please note that this was a multiple-option question.



NON-FOOD ITEMS (NFIs)

Most Needed NFI for IDPs by Number of Sites



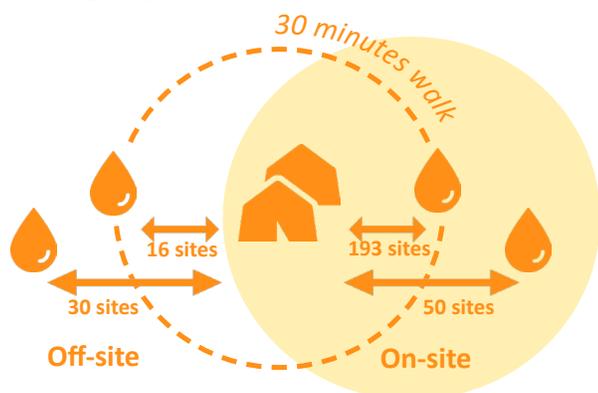
261 Sites

Number of sites where a majority of IDPs have not received the most needed NFI since being displaced

229 of these sites are in Tigray region, 25 sites are in Amhara region and 7 sites are in Afar region.

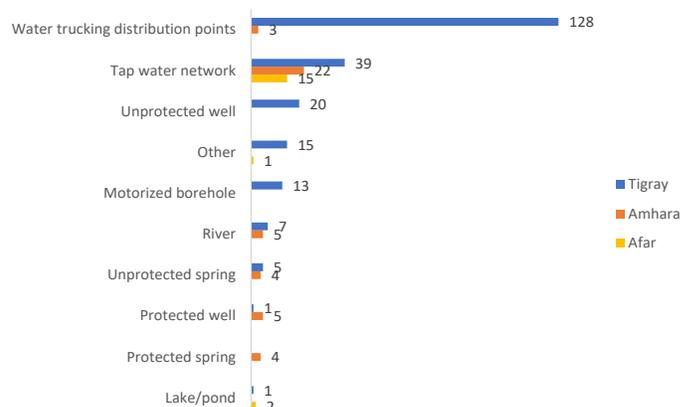
WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH)

Distance Required to Reach the Nearest Water Distribution Point



In 193 sites, the main water distribution point was on-site and required less than a 30-minute walk to reach. For 50 sites, the distance required more than a 30-minute walk and was off-site.

Source of Drinking Water



A majority of IDPs rely on water trucking distribution to collect water in 131 sites and tap water networks in 76 sites.

FOOD & NUTRITION

The following is the breakdown of sites and the last time food was distributed in the site:

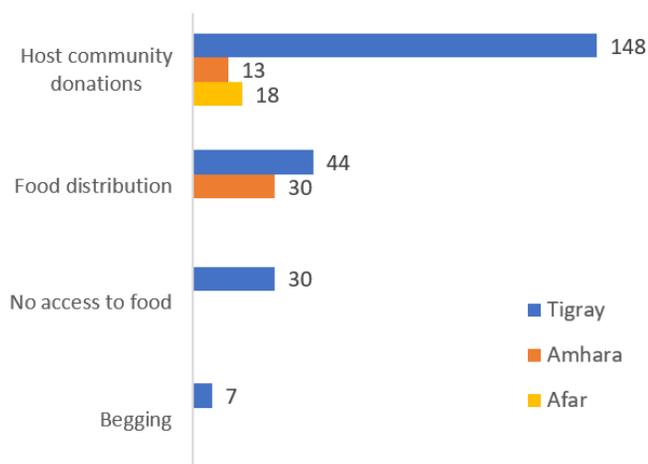
101 sites	No food distribution
28 sites	Within the month
36 sites	1 month ago
6 sites	2 months ago
45 sites	3 months ago

101 Sites

Number of sites where there has been no food distribution

27 sites are in Northwestern zone, 19 sites in Central zone, 18 sites in Mekelle, 8 sites in Southeastern zone, 7 sites in Southern zone and 6 sites in Eastern zone, Tigray region. Additionally, 10 sites are in Wag Hamra, and 1 site in Central Gondar, Amhara region. Another 4 sites are in Zone 2 and 1 site is in Zone 4, Afar region.

Main Source for Accessing Food



A majority of IDPs in 148 sites in Tigray region are mainly relying on host community donations. The IDPs in 44 sites in Tigray rely on food distributions, while 30 sites in Tigray region reported not having access to food. Finally, IDPs in 7 sites in the Tigray are relying on begging.

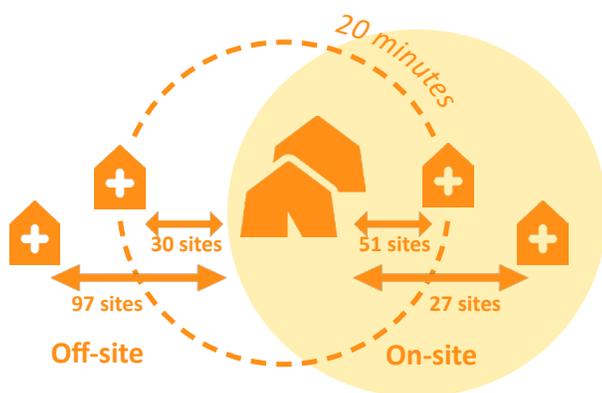
Access to Markets

The following is the breakdown of sites and their access to a market:

215 sites	Have access to a market
75 sites	Do not have access to a market

HEALTH

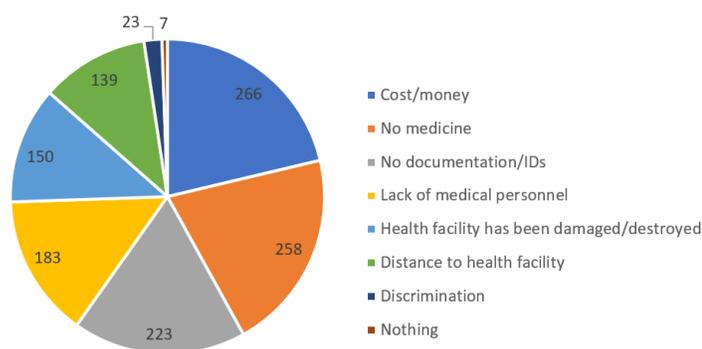
Distance to Health Facilities



The location of health facilities are off-site and require more than a 20-minute walk to reach in 97 sites. However, the health facilities are on-site and require less than a 20-minute walk to reach in 51 sites.

Additionally, 19 sites rely on a mobile clinics/health visits and IDPs in 66 sites reported having no health facility. Of these 66 sites, 65 are in Tigray region and 1 is in Afar region. Note that this analysis evaluates the distance to the health facilities and does not equate to access to health services.

Factors Preventing IDPs from Accessing Health Services by Number of Sites



Pneumonia & Diarrhea

are the main health concerns for 106 sites and 50 sites respectively.

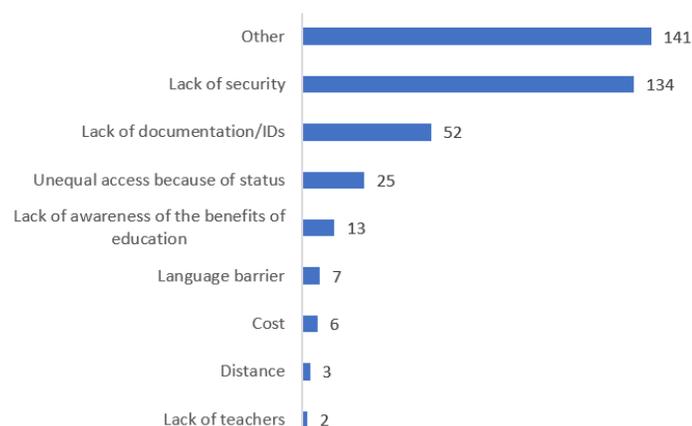
Of the sites where pneumonia is the main health concern, 94 sites are in Tigray, 7 in Afar and 5 in Amhara. Of the sites where diarrhea is the main health concern, 39 sites are in Tigray, 6 in Afar and 5 in Amhara region.

EDUCATION

The following is the breakdown of sites and their access to primary school education:

40 sites	Displaced children have access to (formal) primary schools
250 sites	Displaced children do not have access to (formal) primary schools

Issues with Accessing Education



141 sites mentioned 'other' as the issue to accessing education, including the absence of educational services, IDPs do not feel the situation is safe enough to send their children to school, the inaffordability of learning supplies and unfavourable learning conditions. Meanwhile, IDPs in 134 sites cited the lack of security as their main issue.

2 sites

IDP children have access to alternative basic education/ temporary learning centers

LIVELIHOODS

Current Occupation of the Majority of IDPs Reported by Site



In 268 sites (92%), a majority of IDPs currently do not have any occupation, while a majority of IDPs are pastoralists in 18 sites (6%) and daily labourers in 3 sites (1%).

Source of Income

Of the 290 sites assessed, IDP households in 267 sites said that they did not have a source of income. In 22 sites, less than 25% of IDPs have a source of income and in 1 site, 25-50% of IDPs have a source of income.

Access to Land

The following is the breakdown of sites and IDPs' access to land for cultivation:

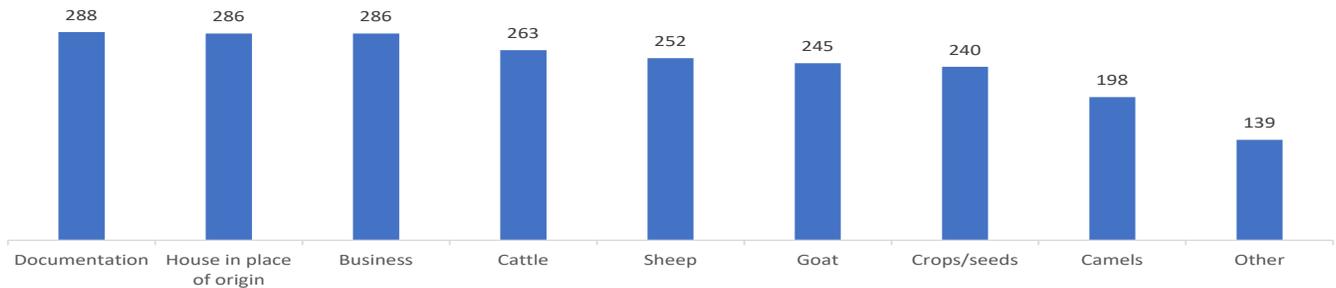
1 site	Less than 25% have access to land
289 sites	Do not have access to land

Possession of Livestock

The following is the breakdown of sites and IDPs' possession of livestock in these sites:

18 sites	< 25% of IDPs have livestock
271 sites	Do not have livestock

Resources and Assets that Were Lost or Damaged During Displacement by Number of Sites



PROTECTION



75,385
Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions



23,464
Pregnant women

50,005
Breastfeeding mothers



115,221
Single female-headed households

841
Child-headed households



11,386
Persons with physical disabilities

6,452
Persons with mental disabilities

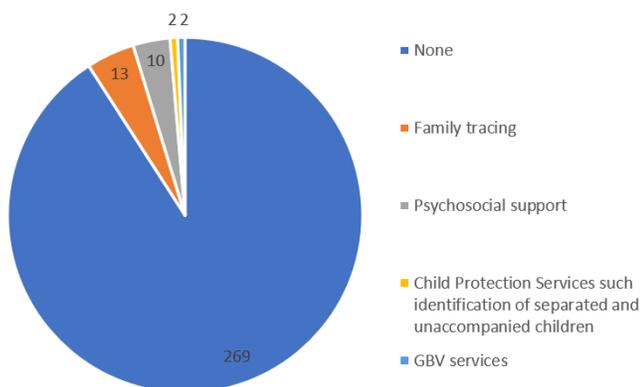


2,366
Orphaned children

2,321
Separated children

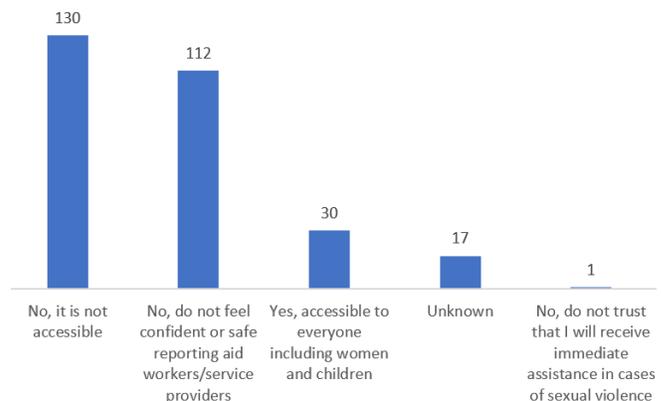
861
Unaccompanied children

Available and Accessible Protection Services



In 13 sites, family tracing services are available while in 10 sites, psychosocial support is available. Child protection services and GBV services are available in 2 sites. However, no protection services are available for 269 sites.

Accessibility of Complaint and Feedback Mechanisms in Place Per Site



In only 30 sites were complaint and feedback mechanisms for humanitarian assistance reportedly accessible to everyone including women and children. However, there is reportedly no access to these mechanisms in 130 sites.

ANNEX: SUMMARY TABLES OF DISPLACEMENT



Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) Round 6 (May 2021) - Summary Table of Displacement

Round	Region	Zone	Woreda	Cause	Before 2020			During 2020			In 2021			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites	
					HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites				
Round 6 (May 2021)	Afar	Fenti (Zone 4)	Gulina	Conflict	-	-	-	752	4,512	1	-	-	-	752	4,512	1	
	Afar	Fenti (Zone 4)	Ralo	Conflict	-	-	-	1,160	6,960	4	-	-	-	1,160	6,960	4	
	Afar	Kibati (Zone 2)	Berahile	Conflict	-	-	-	419	1,295	2	-	-	-	419	1,295	2	
	Afar	Kibati (Zone 2)	Dalul	Conflict	-	-	-	1,039	5,250	2	-	-	-	1,039	5,250	2	
	Afar	Kibati (Zone 2)	Erebi	Conflict	-	-	-	400	2,400	1	-	-	-	400	2,400	1	
	Afar	Kibati (Zone 2)	Koneba	Conflict	-	-	-	3,106	15,530	5	-	-	-	3,106	15,530	5	
	Afar	Kibati (Zone 2)	Megale	Conflict	-	-	-	888	5,328	1	-	-	-	888	5,328	1	
	Afar	Kibati (Zone 2)	Ab Ala	Conflict	-	-	-	1,177	7,148	2	-	-	-	1,177	7,148	2	
	Afar Total					-	-	-	8,941	48,423	18	-	-	-	8,941	48,423	18
	Amhara	Central Gonder	Lay Armacheho	Conflict	-	-	-	-	-	-	109	192	1	-	109	192	1
	Amhara	Central Gonder	Gonder City Administration	Conflict	-	-	-	1,270	1,930	1	-	-	-	1,270	1,930	1	
	Amhara	Central Gonder	West Belesa	Conflict	-	-	-	80	239	1	-	-	-	80	239	1	
	Amhara	Central Gonder	Wogera	Conflict	-	-	-	177	651	2	-	-	-	177	651	2	
	Amhara	North Gonder	Addi Arekay	Conflict	-	-	-	3,098	4,692	9	-	-	-	3,098	4,692	9	
	Amhara	North Gonder	Debank	Conflict	-	-	-	1,158	2,070	5	-	-	-	1,158	2,070	5	
	Amhara	North Gonder	Dabat	Conflict	-	-	-	1,089	3,387	5	-	-	-	1,089	3,387	5	
	Amhara	North Gonder	Debank City Administration	Conflict	-	-	-	1,842	3,500	1	148	468	1	1,990	3,968	2	
	Amhara	North Gonder	Dabat City Administration	Conflict	-	-	-	555	1,737	4	-	-	-	555	1,737	4	
	Amhara	Wag Himra	Dabana	Conflict	-	-	-	128	312	3	-	-	-	128	312	3	
	Amhara	Wag Himra	Gat Gilla	Conflict	-	-	-	63	123	1	-	-	-	63	123	1	
Amhara	Wag Himra	Sahla	Conflict	215	551	1	93	244	1	-	-	-	215	551	1		
Amhara	Wag Himra	Sakda	Conflict	-	-	-	143	351	2	-	-	-	143	351	2		
Amhara	Wag Himra	Ziquala	Conflict	-	-	-	125	347	1	-	-	-	125	347	1		
Amhara	Wag Himra	Sekoda City Administration	Conflict	-	-	-	70	250	1	-	-	-	70	250	1		
Amhara	Wag Himra	Tsajbille	Conflict	-	-	-	71	283	1	-	-	-	71	283	1		
Amhara	West Gonder	Midre Genet	Conflict	-	-	-	310	747	2	-	-	-	310	747	2		
Amhara Total					215	551	1	10,271	20,863	40	257	650	2	10,743	22,064	43	
Tigray	Central	Abiyadi	Conflict	-	-	-	4,497	16,582	4	6,406	20,510	7	10,903	37,092	11		
Tigray	Central	Adwa	Conflict	-	-	-	39,083	209,067	9	2,597	12,793	1	41,680	221,860	10		
Tigray	Central	Lacey Maychew	Conflict	-	-	-	24,791	130,002	13	-	-	-	24,791	130,002	13		
Tigray	Central	Tahay Maychew	Conflict	1,606	2,487	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,606	2,487	2		
Tigray	Central	Tahay Maychew	Conflict	2,119	9,638	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,119	9,638	1		
Tigray	Eastern	Adigrat Town	Conflict	-	-	-	17,167	86,436	12	-	-	-	17,167	86,436	12		
Tigray	Eastern	Wukro Town	Conflict	-	-	-	3,272	5,648	3	471	1,372	4	3,743	7,020	7		
Tigray	Eastern	Fireweyni Town	Conflict	-	-	-	1,656	8,280	5	22	84	1	1,678	8,364	6		
Tigray	Eastern	Tisrae Wenbera	Conflict	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,341	5,510	4	1,341	5,510	4		
Tigray	Eastern	Edaga Horus Town	Conflict	-	-	-	1,580	6,254	4	104	484	4	1,684	6,738	8		
Tigray	Mekelle	Adi Bahri Sub City	Conflict	-	-	-	8,559	37,896	6	-	-	-	8,559	37,896	6		
Tigray	Mekelle	Ayder Sub City	Conflict	-	-	-	5,951	15,579	5	1,388	6,105	3	7,339	21,684	8		
Tigray	Mekelle	Hadnet Sub City	Conflict	-	-	-	12,064	49,255	7	2,450	10,130	2	14,514	59,385	9		
Tigray	Mekelle	Hawelti Sub City	Conflict	-	-	-	13,436	59,958	7	2,083	8,451	4	15,519	68,389	11		
Tigray	Mekelle	Kedamay Weyane Sub City	Conflict	-	-	-	5,183	18,195	5	475	2,941	2	5,658	20,736	7		
Tigray	Mekelle	Quiba Subcity	Conflict	-	-	-	1,204	2,519	3	354	695	2	1,558	3,214	5		
Tigray	Mekelle	Semen Sub City	Conflict	-	-	-	12,493	53,581	6	1,267	6,760	4	13,760	60,341	10		
Tigray	North Western	Tahay Koraro	Conflict	-	-	-	4,957	29,814	23	860	5,170	3	5,817	34,984	26		
Tigray	North Western	Adi Dairo	Conflict	4,817	24,760	1	-	-	-	2,200	13,200	1	7,017	37,960	2		
Tigray	North Western	Endabeguna	Conflict	-	-	-	4,000	21,723	2	2,577	14,064	1	6,577	35,787	3		
Tigray	North Western	Laeby Koraro	Conflict	3,981	17,585	1	670	3,350	1	-	-	-	4,651	20,935	2		
Tigray	North Western	Seyemti Adiyabo	Conflict	1,433	8,170	1	-	-	-	1,106	8,549	1	2,539	16,719	2		
Tigray	North Western	Shere	Conflict	-	-	-	23,976	133,993	3	23,966	120,109	8	47,942	254,102	11		
Tigray	North Western	Shire	Conflict	-	-	-	98,941	482,673	8	39,600	190,568	7	138,541	673,241	15		
Tigray	North Western	Maeke Adiyabo	Conflict	-	-	-	1,891	5,031	1	-	-	-	1,891	5,031	1		
Tigray	South East	Adigudom	Conflict	-	-	-	1,726	5,074	4	-	-	-	1,726	5,074	4		
Tigray	South East	Hagereselam	Conflict	-	-	-	278	621	5	45	170	1	323	791	6		
Tigray	South East	Himilo	Conflict	1,010	2,134	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,010	2,134	3		
Tigray	Southern	Endamehoni	Conflict	857	1,985	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	857	1,985	6		
Tigray	Southern	Maychew	Conflict	-	-	-	1,721	5,111	4	-	-	-	1,721	5,111	4		
Tigray	Southern	Raye Azebo	Conflict	300	910	2	1,298	3,211	8	-	-	-	1,598	4,121	10		
Tigray	Southern	Imba Ajje	Conflict	516	1,007	1	314	1,033	1	-	-	-	830	2,036	2		
Tigray	Southern	Mesom Town	Conflict	390	1,367	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	390	1,367	1		
Tigray Total					17,029	70,043	20	290,708	1,386,816	149	89,312	427,865	60	397,049	1,884,124	239	
Grand Total					17,244	70,594	21	309,920	1,486,102	207	89,569	427,915	62	416,733	1,954,611	250	

Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) Round 6 (May 2021) - National Summary Table of Displacement: Inaccessible Sites in Round 6 That Were Covered in Round 2, Round 4 and Round 5

Round	Region	Zone	Woreda	Cause	Before 2020			During 2020			In 2021			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
					HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Round 2 (December 2020/ January 2021)	Tigray	South East	Enderta	Conflict	500	2,500	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	2,500	1
	Tigray	Southern	Raye Alamata	Conflict	-	-	-	1,200	7,500	1	-	-	-	1,200	7,500	1
	Tigray	Southern	Raye Azebo	Conflict	-	-	-	1,000	5,000	1	-	-	-	1,000	5,000	1

