

### **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Nigeria**

# **EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ET**

The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and to collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the Mobility Tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilises direct observation and a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

# ETT Report:No. 219 | 12 - 18 April 2021

**MOVEMENTS Arrivals:** 1,562 individuals **Departures:** 

847 individuals

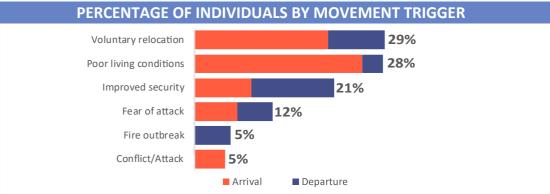
Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition

**MUAC** category of screened children Yellow: 14 Red: 10

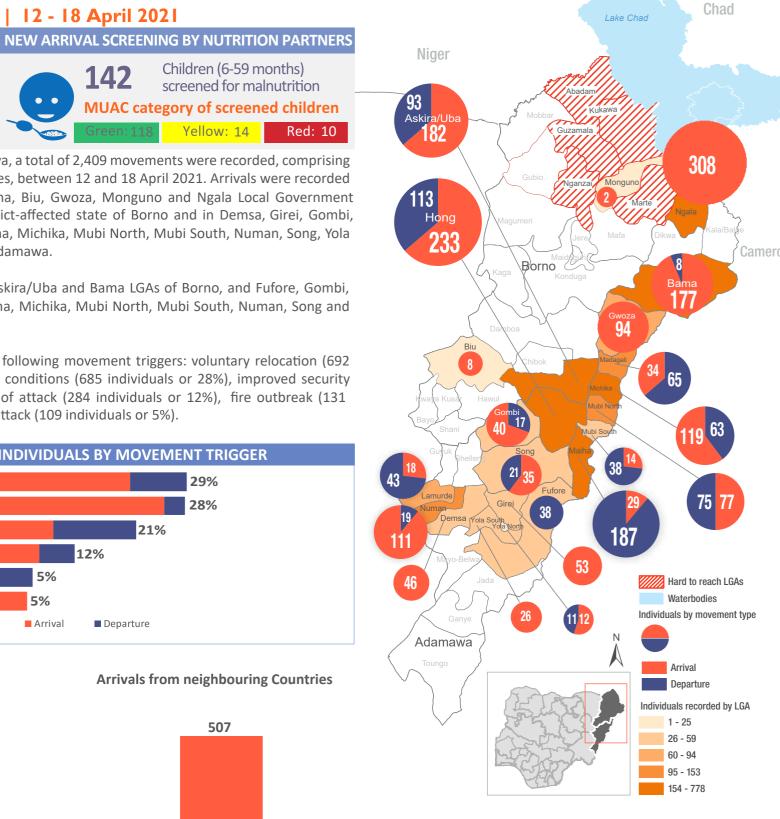
In the states Borno and Adamawa, a total of 2,409 movements were recorded, comprising 1,562 arrivals and 847 departures, between 12 and 18 April 2021. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Gwoza, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected state of Borno and in Demsa, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa.

Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba and Bama LGAs of Borno, and Fufore, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song and Yola North LGAs of Adamawa.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (692 individuals or 29%), poor living conditions (685 individuals or 28%), improved security (508 individuals or 21%), fear of attack (284 individuals or 12%), fire outbreak (131 individuals or 5%) and conflict/attack (109 individuals or 5%).







\* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

#### **SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS**

Hong: 233 arrivals and 113 departures were recorded in Hong LGA of Adamawa State. The arrivals included 197 individuals from Hong LGA and 36 individuals from Maiha LGA in Adamawa State. All individuals who departed had Hong ward in Hong LGA of Adamawa State as their destination. Thirty-three per cent of the movements recorded were triggered by fear of attacks, 31 per cent of the movements were voluntary relocation, 26 per cent of the movements were caused by conflicts/attacks and 10 per cent of individuals relocated due to poor living conditions.

**CAMEROON** 

Ngala: 308 arrivals were recorded in Ngala LGA of Borno State. All arrivals were from Marwa region in Cameroon. All the movements recorded were due to poor living conditions.

Askira/Uba: 182 arrivals and 93 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 90 individuals from Chibok LGA in Borno State and 28 individuals from Damboa LGA in Borno State, 30 individuals from Michika LGA in Adamawa State, 19 individuals from Mubi South LGA in Adamawa State and 15 individuals from Girei LGA in Adamawa State. All individuals who departed had Dille/Huyum ward and Chul/Rumirgo ward in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State as their destination. Seventy-seven per cent of individuals relocated as a result of the improved security situation in areas of origin and 23 per cent of the movements recorded were due to poor living conditions.

Maiha: 29 arrivals and 187 departures were recorded in Maiha LGA of Adamawa State. All arrivals were from Sorau 'A' ward in Maiha LGA of Adamawa State. The departures included 131 individuals to Maiha LGA in Adamawa State, 34 individuals to Hong LGA in Adamawa State and 22 individuals to Song LGA in Adamawa State. Sixty-one per cent of individuals relocated due to a fire outbreak in areas of origin, 16 per cent of individuals relocated as a result of the improved security situation in areas of origin, 13 per cent of individuals relocated voluntarily and 10 per cent of individuals relocated due to poor living conditions.

IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners present on the ground.

#### **NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)**

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 142 children of 6-59 months. Of the 142 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 10 children were recorded in the red category, 14 children in the yellow category and 118 children in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the 3 LGAs assessed.

The results also included 93 children who arrived from neighbouring countries (20 in Bama, 13 in Gwoza and 60 in Ngala). Of all the 93 children measured, 9 were recorded in the red category, 76 in the green category and the remaining 8 in the yellow category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

LGA	MUAC Categories									
	Green (>12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		Total			
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible				
Bama	29	3	1	0	2	0	35			
Gwoza	20	6	0	1	0	0	27			
Ngala	60	0	11	1	8	0	80			
Total	109	9	12	2	10	0	142			

Moderate Acute Severe Acute Malnutrition Nourished Malnutrition (MAM) (SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 21 persons are listed below

Tracking location			Movement location			ADDIV ( )	DEDARTURE	GRAND
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE	LGA	WARD	AKKIVAL	DEPARTURE	TOTAL
ADAMAWA	DEMSA	DEMSA	ADAMAWA	GUYUK	CHIKILA	28	-	28
	GIREI	WURO DOLE	ADAMAWA	YOLA NORTH	LUGGERE	34	-	34
	GOMBI	GOMBINORTH	ADAMAWA	MUBI NORTH	MIJILU	27	-	27
	HONG	GARAHA	ADAMAWA	HONG	HONG	-	113	113
					SHANGUI	84	-	84
					GAYA	89	-	89
		HONG			BANGSHIKA	24	-	24
		UBA		MAIHA	MAYONGULI	36	-	36
	LAMURDE	WADUKU	ADAMAWA	GUYUK	DUMNA	-	28	28
	MADAGALI	GULAK	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	GULAK	34	-	34
		K/WURO NGAYANDI	ADAIVIAVVA	MUBI NORTH	KOLERE	-	33	33
	MAIHA	MANJEKIN		SONG	SONG WAJE	-	22	22
		MAYONGULI	ADAMAWA	HONG	UBA	-	34	34
		SORAU 'A'		MAIHA	SORAU 'A'	29	131	160
	MICHIKA	BAZZA MARGHE	BORNO	GWOZA	PULKA/BOKKO	-	51	51
		MADZI	BURNU		GWOZA WAKANE/BULABULIN	-	68	68
		SUKUMU/TILLIJO	ADAMAWA	YOLA NORTH	NASSARAWO	37	-	37
		TUMBARA/NGABILI	ADAIVIAVVA	MAIHA	TAMBAJAM	26	-	26
	MUBI NORTH	MIJILU		GOMBI	GOMBINORTH	-	27	27
		\/F1\\\\	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	GULAK	34	-	34
		YELWA		MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	27	-	27
	MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	ADAMAWA	MAIHA	BELEL	-	21	21
	NUMAN	IMBURU	ADAMAWA	LAMURDE	LAFIYA	22	-	22
	NUIVIAN	IIVIBURU		GUYUK	DUMNA	89	-	89
	SONG	SONG WAJE	ADAMAWA		MANJEKIN	22	-	22
	SONG	ZUMO	ADAIVIAVVA	SONG	SONG GARI	-	21	21
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	ASKIRA EAST	BORNO	DAMBOA	GUMSIRI/MISAKURBUDU	28	-	28
		LASSA	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	TUMBARA/NGABILI	30	-	30
		LASSA	BORNO	ASKIRA UBA	DILLE/HUYUM	-	88	88
		ZADAWA/HAUSARI	BONNO	CHIBOK	MBALALA	90	-	90
	BAMA	BUDUWA/BULA CHIRABE	CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	129	-	129
	CNAIOZA	GWOZA TOWN GADAMAYO	BORNO	GWOZA	BITA/IZGHE	25	-	25
	GWOZA	PULKA/BOKKO	CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	63	-	63
	NGALA	NGALA WARD	CAMEROON	MARWA	FOTOKOL	308	-	308

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

When quoting, paraphrasing or in anyway using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration [month, year], Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

### \* MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

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